LOCAL.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER, 1, 1883.

Subscription Rates:

The subscription rates of the *Carolina Watchman* are as follows:

1 year, paid in advance, $1.50
" paym't delayed 3 mo's 2.00
" paym't del'ed 12 mo's 2.50

The Commissioners will elect School Committeemen next Tuesday, the 6th instant.

TOP OF THE MARKET.—The best prices for cotton we have heard of this year was paid in this town on Tuesday—10 and 12½, and one bale as high as 15 cents.

DON'T HURRY—when out shooting birds. A young man of this place was shot in the face while out gunning a few days ago, but was not badly hurt.

☞ A Pocket book and Bunch of Keys left on the Post Office desk a month or so ago can be obtained by the owner describing the property and paying for this notice.

George Shuman, one of the best carpenters in this place, aged about 30 years, with a drinking habit, fell in the floor of his house last night and died. It is supposed he had mingled too much morphine in his drink.

STOCK FARM.—Mr. J. M. Harrison at Mill Bridge, Rowan county, is moving on steadily with his stock farm. He is constantly introducing new and improved breeds of tested value, and is nearly always ready to supply orders for improved cows and hogs.

REMOVAL.—The Hardware store of Blackmer & Taylar has been removed to the west corner of Main and Inniss Str's—the Ross corner, as it is generally known. The proprietorship has also changed, Luke Blackmer being the purchaser and present owner. The stock is heavy, and the removal has occupied nearly a week's time.

STOCK EXHIBITION.—The farmers of Catawba county will hold a stock show at Newton, on the 6th of November. No prizes are offered. It is a movement on the part of that progressive county to stimulate the raising of improved stock. Catawba usually does well what she undertakes to do. We have no doubt her stock show will be worth seeing, and Rowan farmers who can spare the time should go and see it.

MRS. LYDIA MONTGOMERY, of Charleston, S. C., on a visit here for some weeks, died at the residence of Mr. Sam'l. H. Wiley, yesterday evening about 4 o'clock. Aged about 72 years. Her husband died here some years ago, and this highly esteemed christian lady has often expressed the desire that death might find her in Salisbury. Her illness was of short duration.

Mr. T. J. Sumner has just returned from Boston. He speaks of the North Carolina exhibit as very fine indeed. Saw our North Carolina men there giving information to numerous New England visitors who wanted to see what North Carolina had. One old gentleman, in particular, who said he had been interested in gold mines—had held stock in them—but had never seen any gold ore and wanted to see some. He was accommodated with a sight of almost every variety of gold ore known, and went away better prepared, perhaps, to deal in that kind of stock than when he came. Many who inspect the ores, minerals and building stones in the North Carolina Department are both surprised and delighted.

SUMMER LINGERS.—We are having beautiful, mild summer weather since the heavy rains of last Sunday. Here it is, November 1st, and no frost yet. The fall has thus far been remarkably favorable to the farmers for wheat sowing, cotton picking and for the maturing of late corn and potatoes. Gardens are yet green and gramished with the bright colors of flowers. The health of the people in both town and country is good, so that we have more than usual to be thankful for. Notwithstanding we have had no frost "leaves have their time to fall" and they are falling. The woods are all aglow with bright colors, green, lemon, orange, red, and rust brown. A ride into the county is indeed a rich treat.

LUTHER ANNIVERSARY.

The Luther Memorial Services, under the direction of the Evangelical Lutheran Synod of North Carolina will be held in the Presbyterian church, Concord, November 10th, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. The following is the

PROGRAMME:

Music.—Prayer.—Remarks by Chairman of Committee.

Music.—Address by J. Rumple, D. D. Subject—"The Cardinal Articles of the True Church."

Music.—Adress by Rev. Prof. G. F. Schaeffer. Subject—"Luther, the Emancipator of Thought."

Music.—Address by M. L. Wood, D. D. Subject—"The Influence of the Reformation on Education."

Music.—Address by Gen. R. Barringer. Subject—"Some Interesting History."

Music.—Address by Rev. F. W. E. Peschau. Subject—"Luther as a Man and Reformer."

Music.—German address by P. R. Barringer, M. D. Exhibition of old books, records, &c.

Music.—Benediction.

Come one, come all, and let there be a general participation in this service.

L. A. BIKLE, Ch'm.

MINING.

T. K. BRUNER, MANAGER.

GOLD HILL.—The following is the result of the assay made by Prof. Thomas Price, of San Francisco, in his report on this property:

Ore from bottom of Randolph shaft, averages $57. Six hundred foot level, $458. Reservoir, $290. Bernhardt shaft, $219. Old Field, $20.

Prof. Price is one of the most reliable experts and assayists in California. This favorable report on the mine has been made and sent to London to the directors; which no doubt will shortly be published in full. A report of this kind, coming from a Californian, about North Carolina mines must and will have a salutary effect and will probably be the best thing that could have happened for North Carolina.

DUTCH CREEK.—The proprietors here are still sinking, and taking out ore daily; some of which shows much free gold as large as pin heads.

At an annual meeting of the stockholders of the Dutch Creek Mining Company, held some few days since, J. J. Newman was elected President, Treasurer and General Manager; and Thos. K. Bruner, Secretary. The Board of Directors elected are as follows: J. J. Newman, president, M. L. Holmes, Kerr Craige, T. K. Bruner, and W. N. Newman.

LENTZ MILL.—A rich find has been made by prospecting on this property by Col. Davidson and Hon. B. Wilson. The ore is said to be worth several hundred dollars per ton.

There are said to be two or three hundred New Englanders already in the eastern part of the State reconoitering the country with the view of making investments. Besides these a large party of excursionists from Boston will be on in a few days. This is one of the direct results of our Boston exhibit.

M & M Institute, N. C. Dep't.

BOSTON, Oct. 27, 1883.

This brings us to the last week of the fair. The attendance increases as the end approaches. To-day there is not less than sixteen thousand people in the building. During such a rush the force is kept exceeding busy in furnishing the people with our State publications. Many thousands have been scattered throughout New England. We are giving maps of our State, three or four editions of the Monthly Bulletin, which contains valuable scientific and general information, furnished through the Agricultural Department. This information is thoroughly reliable and is presented in the most readable style. Dr. Dadney furnishes the scientific part of this information. In addition to these publications, the Handbook of N. C., is placed where it will do the most good, and to people who are directly interested in the subjects, copies of Hales' "Woods and Timbers," and the "Coal and Iron counties of North Carolina" are presented.

The probable result of the work done here will be, first: a large addition to the wealth of the State in capital invested in mines, forests and agricultural lands. Second: in a very considerable accession to the population of the State by the immigration of men with some capital, who propose to make that and their acquired skill in various industries pay them a larger interest than they can possibly get in New England. Finally; in the obliteration of all misunderstandings and the promotion of a thoroughly good feeling between our people and these New Englanders which will result in close reciprocal relations in the future and thus add greatly to the mutual prosperity of the sections.

If these results are consummated, and there is no room for doubts on this score, then the Department of Agriculture will have accomplished for North Carolina, and for the South, what only years of tedious and unsatisfactory dealing, mingled with sore misunderstandings could have brought about. That "bugaboo," the bloody chasm, is found to a pigmy trench which Comr. McGehee has completely filled with 30 car loads of the products of the Old North State. Those who have been engaged in the work feel very much encouraged, and all the people from our State who have been here and saw for themselves are encouraged. The new, or industrial era, which has waked our people and set them to the great work of developing our resources, (and they are untold as yet,) has spread its influence until all New England is aglow and every day people are going to the land of congenial climate and long crop growing seasons. Immigration agencies are being established in Boston, New York and York, Penn. These offices are sending settlers, and so the work begun will go on, and must prove conducive to the material advancement of our agricultural and mining, and to the wealth of our people. In mining, agriculture and sheep raising, a number of gentlemen have interested themselves—they represent about $500,000 of capital. This shows something of the immediate results. The Atkinson Colonial Associaciation, recently formed, and which held its meeting here on last Wednesday, has 73 members, heads of families, who have organized for the purpose of going to North Carolina to settle. These are men of some means—the reported standing of each is from 3 to 12 thousand dollars.

Aside from this, an excursion has been arranged which will take into our State a car load of New England farmers, who are going down to spy out the land with the view of settling. More might be said, but this is enough to show what has been done, and what the people may expect as the result of the outlay made by the State.

To-day week, the Exposition will be closed. Some two weeks will be required to repack and prepare our exhibit for the trip back. T. K. B.

Texas Letter.

BLACKLAND, Rockwall Co., Texas.

We have here about 250 dwellings, 2 stores, 3 steam cotton gins, 1 grist mill, &c. We have six mails per week. There are about 50 families from North Carolina, and all getting along very well. The cotton crop is turning out better than was at first expected, yielding from a half to three-quarters of a bale to the acre. Corn, an average crop. A heavy rain yesterday did serious damage to mills and gins on water courses, Messrs. Boyson & Hartman losing most heavily. Mr. Thomas Jones, son of Dr. I. W. Jones, of Rowan, has removed to Elpasso, this State. He is a promising young man and highly esteemed here. Jacob Shuping, another Rowan man, has come down from Missouri. He is 84 years old, but stout and hearty, and makes a good day's work cotton picking. We have here a young lady from North Carolina who averages 250 pounds per day, picking cotton. Have you one in the "Old North State" that can beat it?

Cotton is selling at from 9½ to 10 and one-fifth cts; corn, 40 to 50; wheat, 90 to $1; oats 35 to 40; bacon 7 to 9; horses, $125 to $150; stock cattle, $18 to $25; milch cows, $35 to $50; sheep, $2.50 to $3; hogs, 6 cts. gross.

There has been a good deal of sickness in this section for the last year, mostly malarial and typhoid fever, the latter being very fatal. K.

A Terrific Explosion.

A Mass of Dynamite Explodes, Blows Five Men in Fragments and Shatters Houses for Miles Around.

PITTSBURG, PA., Oct. 29.—Yesterday morning at Brooks' tunnel on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad eighty five miles from this city, twelve hundred pounds of dynamite exploded, killing five men, the crew of a freight train side tracked a short distance from the scene. The men were walking along the track near where the dynamite was stored.

The railroad company has been strengthening and widening the tunnel and some distance outside a magazine had been erected, in which was stored 1200 pounds of dynamite, to be used for blasting. A freight train had just passed through the tunnel and was side tracked to allow a passenger train to pass. Four of the crew of the freight train walked to the vicinity of the magazine, and were engaged in conversation with the watchman when the people living in the vicinity were startled by a terrific concussion. Houses for 15 miles around were shaken to their foundations, and windows for a distance of 7 miles were shattered. The horror stricken people ran from their houses and it was found that dynamite had exploded. Every thing near by gave evidence of the terrible force of the explosion. Trees were uprooted, huge rocks torn asunder and telegraph poles for a half mile were prostrated. Nothing remained of the magazine, and the men who stood near it just before the explosion were missing. Portions of the bodies, including legs, arms, hands and heads have been picked up half a mile distant, but so disfigured as to be unrecognizable. The names of only three of the victims are known, George Reynolds, engineer, Tise, a brakesman and Hammond a switchman.

The cause of the explosion is enveloped in mystery, and as the five men who might have thrown some light on the accident are dead, it is probable that the cause will never be known. Not far from the scene a gun was found, and it is supposed that one of the victims discharged it, the concussion causing the dynamite to explode. An inquest was held to day by the coroner and a verdict of accidental death was rendered. Great excitement prevails and hundreds of people have gone to the scene of the disaster.

A Mill for Making Patent Flour.

The new structure at the Air Line depot, opposite the west front of Wilkes' iron works, to be used by Phelps Brothers as a flouring mill, is now almost complete and ready for the machinery. The building is only two stories high and is not what might be called an imposing structure, yet the machinery within it will have a capacity of making fifty barrels per day of the finest brand of patent flour. Phelps Brothers will equip their mill with the smallest machinery that can be used in the making of patent flour, and the equipment of the mill will cost $7,500. They will make the brand of patent flour, using the steel rollers and all other improved machinery. This is an enterprise the like of which has long been needed in this section of the country, and that it will be a successful one, we have not the slightest doubts.—*Charlotte Observer.*

Plenty of Wild Land in the East.

No doubt many of our readers residing in the Western States think that all the arable land in the East, and especially near our larger cities, was long since cleared of its forests and broken up with the plow. But the truth is there are hundreds and thousands of acres all along our seaboard awaiting the axman and plowman. There is nearly half a million of acres on Long Island alone in the primitive state except perhaps that a portion of the best trees have been cut and put to practical use, but the land itself has never been disturbed by agricultural implements. What is true of Long Island is also true of New Jersey and while both are so near the greatest city on this continent that the sound of its church bells may almost be heard in the depths of their great forests, young and old men go West in search of new lands that they might find near home, at prices not much if any above what is asked for wild prairie within railroad limits.—*N. Y. Sun.*

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN WORKMEN.—The Leeds *Mercury* submits that the 25,000 or 30,000 workingmen there own, in one shape or another, $5,000,000, and that this is the best showing of any town in England. The Pittsburg *Chronicle* retorts: "If it is, then we pity English mechanics. There are about forty thousand workingmen in Allegheny county, exclusive of the mining operatives. The savings banks of Pittsburg and Allegheny alone shows deposits made by our workingmen dwarfing the savings of the artisans of Leeds. The forty thousand workingmen of Allegheny county are able to show capital in one form or another amounting to $40,000,000.

The Russian Government Getting Alarmed.

BERLIN, October 29.—It is stated in some official circles here that the Government is greatly incensed at the action of the Russian authorities in massing such large numbers of Cossacks on the frontier and that the cabinet is seriously considering the advisability of at once preparing and forwarding a note to the Russian Government demanding an explanation of this sudden movement of troops. The Schlesisahe Zeitung says that Germany will not be satisfied with mere assurances of Pacific intentions on the parts of the Czar and M. DeGrer's prime minister of Russia. There is no evidence of pacific intentions beyond the bare declaration that Russia is peaceably disposed and the massing of Cossack troops on the German frontier and certain proceedings of a warlike nature in Poland are strangely at variance with such representations.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 29.—South Carolina Railway Company who are insurers of the cotton which burned in their yards to-day state that the amount destroyed is 2,000 bales involving a loss of about $100,000 which is fully covered by insurance. Insurance is distributed in all agencies save one in this city—amounts ranging from $6,000, to 5,000.

In Chicago the people in favor of closing saloons on the Sabbath brought suits against saloonists to compel them to observe the law which directed them to close. A compromise has been effected by which the saloon men agree hereafter to close, if the present suits are abandoned. It is thought by Chicago journals that good faith is felt on both sides.

COURT CALENDAR

For Fall Term of 1883,

OF ROWAN SUPERIOR COURT,

Before His Honor, W. M. Shipp, Judge, commencing Monday, the 26th day of November, 1883.

STATE DOCKET.

MONDAY, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, 26th, 27th and 28th of November, 1883.

CIVIL DOCKET.

THURSDAY, Nov. 29TH.

No. 4 A. H. Boyden vs Geo. Achenbach.
8 Tobias Kesler vs J W Mauney, adm'r of Isaac Linker.
10 C B Hochkiss vs Ann McNeely and others.
17 John F Park vs Elizabeth Park.

FRIDAY, Nov. 30th.

25 J N B Johnson and wife vs Tobias Kestler, A Parker, et al.
26 J A Christy vs W M Neill and others.
27 R R Crawford vs The Geiser Mn'g Co
30 Moses A Fultz vs W N C R R Co.
32 Mary F Williams vs Luke Blackmer.

SATURDAY, Dec. 1st.

34 A J Owens, adm'r M O'Donnell vs R & D R R Co.
38 P J Willis and others vs R A Burroughs and B A Knox.
39 C A Petrea vs I Frank Patterson.
40 Wm Hyde vs Elvira Hyde.
41 Thos. J Meroney vs M A Kliffmiller.
42 Isaiah Forney vs W N C R R Co.
43 W F Tilly vs Charles Price, adm'r.
44 Noah Peeler vs Olly Graham & others

MONDAY, Dec. 3rd.

47 Isaac Mauney vs J A Ludwick.
48 James M Haden vs James Holmes.
49 Rufus Chambers vs Geo. Achenbach.
50 Jas. Dougherty vs Geo Achenbach.
53 M L Holmes and M L Arey vs R & D R R Company.
54 L L Lunn vs Perry Shermer.
55 Nancy L Boyd vs Henry Boyd.
56 J P Gowan and wife vs Jno. Carson.

TUESDAY, Dec. 4th.

37 Jane C Yokely and others vs W F Henderson, Ex'r.
57 Ezra Kirk vs Alexander Freeman and others.
58 Martha Jones vs Robert Jones.
59 Thos. A Walton vs Matilda Walton.
60 Edwin Erwin vs R & D R R Co.
61 J C Linn vs W N C R R Co.
62 Geo McD Miller vs W N C R R Co.
63 Mary A Knox vs Thos Earnheart.
64 Henry T Jordan vs James M Monroe and others.
65 Calvin Jordan vs James M Monroe and others.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 5th.

66 Victoria Johnson vs T M Kerns.
67 John L Lyerly vs W L Allison and others.
68 H M Jones adm'r vs W N C R R Co.
69 Polly House vs Roland Kirk.
71 John A Boyden vs George Mowery.
72 Joseph K Burke vs T J Meroney.
73 W M Pinkston vs R M Suther.
74 Catharine Keistler vs P M Brown.
75 T J W Brown vs J F E Brown.
76 Frank Crawford vs Jacob A Thomason.

MOTION DOCKET.

1 J H Newsom and others *ex parte.*
2 John Hughes adm'r vs J G & D Fleming, adm'r.
3 R A Caldwell vs J V & T Symons.
5 E Mauney & Son vs Joseph Marshall.
6 Joseph Dobson vs S McD Tate.
7 E H Marsh vs T J Meroney.
9 Com's. Guilford Co. vs W B March and others.
11 J J Mott vs John A Ramsay.
12 Potter & Hoffman vs N C G A Co.
13 R A Caldwell vs W N C R R Co.
14 Richmond Pearson & J M Cloud vs A H Boyden and others.
15 T J & P P Meroney vs M L Bean.
16 Columbia V Boyden vs N A Boyden and others.
18 J N B Johnson and wife vs Tobias Kestler.
19 L V Brown vs Wm Brown.
20 I W Jones vs Henry McCoy.
21 Margaret Keifnich vs Tobias Kesler.
22 M L Holmes vs R A Caldwell and others.
23 W J Best vs W P Clyde and others.
24 State *ex rel* Patterson vs J W Wadsworth.
28 Simeon Kluttz vs Paul Holshouser.
29 Simeon Kluttz vs Henry Peeler.
31 James M Gray vs Andrew Sumner.
33 Mich'l Goodman vs J T Goodman and others.
35 Hugh A Dobbin and others *ex parte.*
36 Thomas Niblock vs D A Fink.
45 J R McCorkle adm'r vs J L Sloan and others.
46 J R McCorkle adm'r vs J L Sloan and others.
51 Laura A Page vs Mary Clampet and others.
52 Charles Price adm'r vs Victorian Johnson and others.
70 John D Young vs R & D R R Co.

In the call of the Calendar, any case, not reached and disposed of on the appointed day, goes over to be called on the next day, and in precedence of cases set for the next day. Witnesses not allowed fees until the day appointed for the cases in which they are subpoened. Cases on the Motion Docket will be heard according to the convenience of the Court.

Fred Douglass, in his insolent speech on Monday night to the negroes of Washington, spoke as follows of the Supreme Court of the United States:

"Oh, for a Supreme Court of the United States which shall be as true to the claims of human liberty as the Supreme Court formerly was to the claims of slavery! When that day comes, as come it will, a civil rights bill will not be declared unconstitutional and void, in utter and flagrant disregard of the intentions of the National Legislature by which it was enacted and of the rights secured by the constitution."

And yet Fred Douglass ought to know that the passage of the bill was a lawless act on the part of a set of revolutionary partizans, and that no matter what their intentions were, the question rests alone on their own power. The negroes will soon find out that such intemperate expressions will gain them no friends—but will tend to drive off from their support even the better class of Repulicans up North.

The editor of the New York *Sun* when he undertakes to give the true inwardness of the Radical programme in the day of reconstruction can probably speak by the book, for we believe it was only after that period that he abandoned the Radical party. What he says of the purposes of the Radical leaders in those times is then well worth considering, and he talks right out. In a recent issue the *Sun* undertakes to show how the violent legislation of the Radical leaders has rebounded upon them and after the manner of a boomerang hurt those who devised the outrages with the expectation of inflicting unnecessary wounds upon the Southern whites. Attention is first called to the fact that all those violent measures have come to grief. The political advantages that were expected to accrue from them have gone where the woodbine twineth.

They have failed and reacted upon the authors because none of them rested on the basis of broad and enlightened statesmanship. Sectional prejudice, personal hatred and a bigoted, narrow policy, says the *Sun*, prompted most of the legislation which disfigured the statute books during the years when extreme methods dominated in public councils. The intention of negro suffrage, remarks that paper, was to humiliate the South by negro representation in Congress, and opposition was denounced as disloyalty to the government. The result was only increased power of the South. Now Republican leaders would gladly revoke negro suffrage if they could.

The reconstruction measures were animated by the same spirit. Their main purpose, says the *Sun*, was to make the uneducated rule in the South by putting the late slaves of their former masters. To this end military power was used to supercede civil authority in times of peace. Atrocious force bills were introduced in Congress, but eventually robbery and villiany became unpopular, and the enormities committed led to the emancipation of the South from a vulgar and vicious despotism. And so also the civil rights bill which was enacted in 1875 to still further humiliate the Southern whites—that has gone by the board and ended in smoke. It seems to be a fact that all the partisan, lawless legislation of the radical leaders has proved to the detriment of the grand old party, and the Republicans of the North are in a worse box than if such extreme measures had never been enacted.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY At Auction.

I will sell to the highest bidder (if not privately sold before) on the 24th November next, on the public square of the town, all my real estate in Salisbury, to wit: My fine new brick storehouse, my brick Dwelling House and lot, comprising every necessary convenience for a family: and one vacant building lot 80x400 feet, and three other building lots 100x400 feet each. Terms made to suit the purchasers.

R. R. CRAWFORD.

Oct. 24th '83. 3:1m.

GOLD MINING PROPERTY!

Any person wishing to buy or bond Gold Mining property, will consult their interest by calling on the undersigned, 9½ miles South of Salisbury, and 4½ miles east of China Grove depot. Title guaranteed beyond a doubt.

MILO A. J. ROSEMAN.

1:toJan1

TO FARMERS!

The subscription price of the WATCHMAN is only **$1.50,** with Kendall's book, "A Tretise on the Horse," free to every subscriber.

Says the Shelby *Aurora:* In Rutherford county a teacher is employed who teaches for $10 per month. The idea of employing a teacher at $10 per month!

SALISBURY MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. M. Knox & Co.
SALISBURY, Nov. 1, 1883.

Bacon	9 to 10
Butter	25
Chickens	10 to 12
Eggs	15
Cotton	9 to 9⅝
Corn	60 to 65
Flour	2.25 to 2.35
Feathers	40 to 50
Fodder	1.00
Hay	35
Meal	75 to 80
Oats	35 to 40
Wheat	85 to 95
Wool	40

Salisbury Tobacco Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY JNO. SHEPPARD.

Lugs, common to med.	5.00 to 6.25
Lugs, med. to good,	6.25 to 7.50
Lugs, good to fine,	7.50 to 12.25
Lugs, fine to fancy,	12.25 to 17.50
Leaf, common to med.	6.50 to 8.00
Leaf, med. to good,	8.00 to 11.50
Leaf, good to fine,	11.50 to 18.50
Wrappers, com. to med.	12.50 to 15.00
Wrappers, med. to good	15.00 to 27.50
Wrappers, good to fine,	27.50 to 40.00
Wrappers, fine,	40.00 to 65.00

Wrappers, fancy,—none offered.

The breaks for the past week have been good and prices have ruled high for all grades. All tobaccos have found ready sale at the above quotations.

Quotations are changed whenever there is any advance or decline in the markets. Our manufacturers require over one million pounds of leaf tobacco which they desire to purchase on this market and will pay the highest market prices for all manufacturing stock. Wrappers, cutters, smokers are in demand and high.

Concord Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY CANNONS & FETZER.

CONCORD, Nov. 1, 1883.

Bacon, Hog round,	10 to 12½
Butter	18 to 20
Chickens,	15 to 18
Eggs,	15 to 20
Cotton,	9½ to 10-40
Corn,	75 to 80
Flour,	2.40 to 2.50
Feathers,	40 to 50
Fodder, per 100lbs.,	1.00
Hay,	50
Meal,	80 to 85
Oats,	35 to 40
Wheat,	90 to 95
Wool,	25 to 35

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE!

On the 1st Monday of Rowan Superior Court, November 26th, 1883, I will sell at the Court House door, in Salisbury, that valuable tract of land heretofore known as

The John McCennaughey Place,

Nine miles west of Salisbury, on the Lincolnton road, and in sight of Thyatira Church, 18 miles north of Concord and within 7 miles of the West. N. C. Railroad and the same distance from the Richmond & Danville Railroad. This tract contains 340 acres; 85 acres of which is first-rate bottom in cultivation. There is on the place a good dwelling house, barn and other necessary out-buildings, is in a good neighborhood, convenient to churches, mills, &c. It is divided into four parts as follows:

The Home place, containing 137½ acres, 38 of which is bottom.

Lot No. 2 contains 92½ acres, 33 of which is bottom.

No. 3 contains 60 acres, 15 of which is bottom. All these lots have houses and wells of good water on them.

No. 4 contains 50 acres.

Persons wishing to examine the property will call on me on the premises.

Also several hundred bushels of CORN, to be delivered on the plantation.

☞ TERMS: Half cash down, balance in one and two years, with interest at the rate of eight per cent. payable semi-annually.

J. G. McCONNAUGHEY,
Mill Bridge, N. C.

[Statesville *Landmark*, Davie *Times*, Davidson *Dispatch* and Concord *Register*, requested to copy two weeks.]

Oct. 30, 1883.—3t

COTTON SEED!

GINNERS AND FARMERS WILL

Be pleased to know that I have made full arrangements to buy all the Cotton Seed that can be delivered at Salisbury, China Grove and Third Creek Stations. Will pay full market prices through the season.

Call and see me, or write at once for full particulars. Truly,

J. D. GASKILL.

50:1m

Administrator's Notice!

Those persons having claims against the estate of T. W. LOWERY, dec'd, are hereby notified to present the same to me for payment on or before the 5th day of October, 1884, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. S. H. WILEY, Adm'r.

Oct. 4th, 1883.—1m

LAND FOR SALE

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Rowan County, in the case of J. B. Hooker and others against W. L. P. Eagle and G. G. Eagle, I will sell at the Court House door in Salisbury, on Saturday, October 27th, 1883, at 11 o'clock a.m. forty acres of land, situate in Litaker Township, Rowan County, adjoining the lands of Geo. Barger, Rowan Mitchell and others.

Terms:—*Cash* as soon as sale is confirmed.

The above tract contains some good bottom land, and has on it a dwelling house, fences, barn and other out-houses, all in good repair. Those desiring to purchase land will find this a good investment. J. B. HOOKER,

Sept. 22d, '83. Commissioner.