Carolina Watchman.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 4, 1884.

National Democratic Ticket,

FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,
OF INDIANA.

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE:
W. H. KITCHIN.
JOHN N. STAPLES.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ALFRED M. SCALES,
OF GUILFORD.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
CHARLES M. STEDMAN,
OF NEW HANOVER.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS,
OF ORANGE.

FOR TREASURER,
DONALD W. BAIN,
OF WAKE.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
THEODORE F. DAVIDSON,
OF BUNCOMBE.

FOR AUDITOR,
WILLIAM P. ROBERTS,
OF GATES.

FOR SUP'T OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
S. M. FINGER,
OF CATAWBA.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE SUPREME COURT,
AUGUSTUS S. MERRIMON,
OF WAKE.

FOR ELECTOR, 7TH DISTRICT:
R. C. PURYEAR,
of Yadkin.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION!

The delegates of Rowan County to the 7th Democratic Congressional District Convention held on 7th Aug. are hereby notified that, in consequence of the declination of Kerr Craige, Esq., the nominee of said Convention, the Democratic Congressional Executive Committee have called another Convention, consisting of the old delegates appointed heretofore to the Convention on the 7th of Aug. to meet in SALISBURY on the 9TH of SEPTEMBER 1884, to nominate another candidate. L. H. CLEMENT, of the 7th Dem. Cong. District Committee.

SENATOR VANCE will speak at Winston next Saturday, the 6th instant.

The prohibitionists of Michigan are in motion and will probably make a State Ticket and support St. John.

BIG TIME TO-DAY.—At Shelby, where there is a barbecue given and Senators Vance, Wade Hampton, Captain Kitchen, O. Coke and Col. W. H. H. Cowles are expected.

The anti-monopolists and Greenbackers of Illinois have agreed on a fusion ticket with the Butlerites and will come before the people of that section as "the people's party."

The election in Vermont on the 2d, shows a large falling off of the republican vote, (2,660), the democrats showing a loss of 852. The republican representatives is greater in number than in 1880.

The Connecticut Democracy have renominated Thos. M. Waller for Governor of the State.

The New Hampshire Republicans in convention endorse Blaine and Logan, and nominate a State ticket.

It is worthy of remark that the democrats of almost every place visited by Gen. Scales turn out by hundreds to escort the General to his quarters. He had a mounted escort of 300 at Shelby, on Monday. No honors were paid to Mr. York, though both arrived there on the same train.

The Massachusetts Democracy were in Convention in Worcester, on the 3d inst., for the purpose of nominating a State ticket. Wm. C. Endicott, of Salem, was nominated for Governor. There was considerable enthusiasm in the Convention. Every mention of Cleveland was cheered.

The republican convention of this State has nominated Geo. D. Robinson, for Governor.

The people of this country have taken it into their heads to turn out of office the rascals who have been plundering the public treasury by all sorts of jobbery, and riding rough shod over them by their revenue officers, and you may not be surprised to hear them cry out ruin, ruin. The only ruin threatened is turning out dishonest radicals and putting in men in whom the people have faith and confidence.

Correspondents tell us that the discussion at Concord, last Friday, passed off quietly, and that York behaved himself very well. He certainly had room to improve and it is pleasant to record good of him.

By the way, it is reported that a council was held here of the magnates of the party last Thursday night at a late hour, in which the candidate's methods were discussed. Whether or not the candidate's improvement in manners at Concord was the result of the meeting alluded to is not positively known; it is to be hoped it was.

The cholera in Italy and France is slowly dying out. From present indications it will soon have finished its course.

"Bourbon Methods in North Carolina."

"Armed Democrats Threaten the Republican Candidate for Governor—Not frightened by Their Threats."

[*By Telegraph to the New York Tribune.*]

GREENSBORO, N. C., Aug. 29.—A disturbance took place during the discussion at Salisbury yesterday between Gen. Scales (Dem.) and Dr. York (Rep.), candidates for Governor. General Scales was met by about 150 horsemen, who acted as an escort and remained mounted, riding amid the crowd. It soon became evident that trouble was brewing. General Scales made the opening speech uninterrupted. Dr. York replied in an able manner. During his speech a fight occurred in a street near by, causing much excitement. In his rejoinder Gen. Scales made an appeal to the prejudices of the people, and boasted of wounds received in the Confederate cause. Dr. York retorted that he had heard some one say that probably the wounds were received in the back of the leg. This caused wild excitement, during which Gen. Scales said that if Dr. York did not give his authority he was a liar and coward. Several Democrats crowded upon the stand, exhibiting pistols and shouting: "Down with him." For sometime the excitement was intense. Banners with Cleveland's picture were shaken around Dr. York and near his face. All his efforts to proceed were made useless by yells. Dr. York exhibited great coolness, and denounced the proceeding as premeditated and his disturbers as assassins at heart, but too cowardly to kill him. There was no bloodshed.

The writer of the above paragraph starts out with a false statement, to wit: "Armed Democrats threaten the Republican candidate." There was nothing of the kind done here—nothing that bore the semblance of such conduct. It is totally false. The only weapon seen on that day was in the breast pocket of a Republican, who was pointed out to a Republican Mayor, who failed to have him arrested. "Gen. Scales was met by about 150 horsemen," &c. He was met by 387 by actual count, not including non-voters and those in buggies and carriages. "And remained mounted, riding amid the crowd." This is false. "It soon became evident that trouble was brewing." This is false. There was never a better humored crowd drawn together. "A fight occurred in the street near by which caused much excitement." A fight did occur, but to say it caused much excitement is untrue. "Several Democrats crowded upon the stand, exhibiting pistols." False in toto. "Shouting, down with him." False again—no such words were uttered. "For sometime the excitement was intense." Yes, for sometime less than a minute, perhaps. "Banners with Cleveland's picture were shaken around Dr. York and near his face." There were a good many such banners and pictures on the ground and at the stand and it may be they were offensive to Dr. York, but they were neither brought there nor used for that purpose. "All his efforts to proceed were made useless by yells." Yes, so long as he continued his abusive language the indignant people resented it with a clamor. Nobody wanted York's blood or anything about him, but it is very likely that his signal defeat in the discussion wrung from him the false words "premeditated" and "assassins at heart but too cowardly to kill him." Nobody wanted to kill him. A bragadocio himself—a mouthy, unprincipled demagogue, he had the reception he deserved—that and nothing more.

The following from the Raleigh *News-Observer* shows into what channels the Republicans are attempting to drift the campaign:

"The imputation made by Dr. York on Gen. Scales at Salisbury was as ridiculous as it was improper. Gen. Scales went in the war at the beginning with a musket on his shoulder; was elected lieutenant and went up step by step to a brigadier generalcy. No man during those four years of trial established a finer reputation for personal bravery than Gen. Scales. He was cut down at Gettysburg in the very jaws of death. How shameful then for "a surgeon of the Home Guards" to impute cowardice in battle to such a soldier! How ridiculous. It was too low a charge coming from that source to merit even the attention that Gen. Scales gave to it. The whole State would laugh at it, and Dr. York only augments the low opinion that is entertained of him by making such an imputation, and the people will repudiate Dr. York as he deserves to be repudiated. Why should Dr. York have brought forward a charge never before uttered by any man? There could be only one purpose in view—to bring about a collision. It was well calculated to arouse a gallant man like Gen. Scales, to stand up in his presence and, before hundreds of his old soldiers, impute cowardice to him.

The natural feeling of a man under such provocation would be to answer with a blow. We know that Gen. Scales had that feeling. We know how it was restrained. We know that he exercised self-command. But the charge was too foolish to be treated even as seriously as the General did treat it. Dr. York's policy being to provoke a collision we hope that Gen. Scales will be somewhat on his guard and not suffer himself to be drawn into a difficulty that will only play into the hands of Blaine."

POLITICAL SCENE AT SALISBURY.

Gen. Scale's rejoinder to York's speech last Thursday, created great enthusiasm, and a crowd of his friends rushed upon the stand and before he was aware of their intent, lifted him over the railing and carried him on their shoulders. The editor of the Raleigh News and Observer who was present, then proceeds to report, as follows:

The Doctor had been a quiet spectator of what had taken place. We sat within two feet of him, on the stage, and when Scales was making his closing speech, which was one of the most effective we ever heard—in its effect on the crowd for the speaker, Dr. York was getting himself worked up. He had the appearance of a man determined to do some thing unusual. His face was perceptibly flushed; his features enlarged, but yet he seemed very self-possessed.

Beginning quietly, he said we have all seen such things before; I have seen it before on this canvass. I saw it before with Maj. Robbins. What has been this speech; what does it amount to? Nothing. Blaine is no prohibitionist, I support him, he being an anti-prohibitionists and in favor of the laboring man. He says that York is a man without political principles; and that the Dr. told an anecdote to illustrate that the Democratic principles were hard to find out, which received cheers and laughter. He referred to Pool as having stolen the Peabody fund and would have stolen the capitol if he could. He referred to "the drop of Union blood," and said that Dr. Hackett may have given some such certificate, but who was Dr. Hackett? He was one of the fifty-two Scales secessionists in Wilkes, a man who was in bad repute and who would give any certificate that would be of advantage to the Democratic party.

[Dr. Hackett is a good, true and honorable gentleman; no one deserves to stand higher than he does.—Ed. N. & O.]

Gen. Scales had said he was wounded. Oh yes, he understood he was wounded the in the back of leg!

This caused some laughter, but on the part of other much indignation. At once a thrill seemed to pass through the people.

General Scales sat immediately behind Dr. York and speaking to him not very loudly said: You understood that, you miserable liar?"

Dr. York turned to General Scales and making a gesture said, "Sit down, General Scales; keep your seat"—(or words of that import.)

General Scales, however, arose and standing by the side of Dr. York—the crowd now greatly excited—said, after a gesture to the crowd to be quiet. "Dr. York lied in his throat when he said I had a wound behind me."

The excitement increased at this, there being great shouts of "Hurrah for Scales."

Dr. York said he had heard it.

General Scales, still standing by Dr. York, said: "Dr. York has said that he heard a man say it. Now if Dr. York is not a coward, a liar and a scoundrel, he will tell who that man is." The uproar greatly increased.

Dr. York said: "You can't bully me."

There was then some minutes of tremendous excitement. [A man stood before the stand with his hand on his pistol half drawn, showing the butt, and attention was directed to him, which increased the furor in the neighborhood of the stand. This man was the Republican nominated for the senate by the Republicans of Rowan a few days ago—Jones by name, perhaps; a man who frequently gets into fights but who once found himself in a ridiculous situation. It was in the court house at Salisbury, Robbins was speaking and Jones getting mad drew his pistol and leveled it at Robbins. The crowd was about to jump him when Robbins told them to stop. "Let him alone; shoot," said Robbins; "here, shoot;" and Jones found himself, with his pistol pointing at Robbins, and nobody to hold him! After a moment or two he put his pistol up, a quieter and very foolish man.]

But to return: It was some time before order was restored; and even then when some one interjected a remark, Dr. York would bandy words with the audience and call them a mob, and said that he knew the mob proposed to take him off the stump; that they could not take him off the stump, and otherwise appeared to seek to influence the people and to put them in the mood to do what he seemed to wish them to try. He said it was the policy of the Democrats to carry the State by storm, by violence as at Danville, where they shot down innocent men, and at Copiah, in Mississippi. That Blaine would be elected and he would right matters. "Don't undertake to shoot me off this stump." "I will say this; this very crowd would if they dared do it; would shoot York right off the stump." Such things as this he repeated, with some intermissions. He however said "Gen. Scales wants me to say who told me he was shot in the back of the leg. I don't know. I heard some other boys talking it. I don't remember. That what Dr. Hackett had written about him was as false as hell. And then he said to Gen. Scales that the General had mentioned him in connection with the penitentiary and that was the occasion of his personality. (Gen. Scales' remark is above stated.—Ed. N. & O.) That if Gen. Scales would treat him gentlemanly he would treat Gen. Scales gentlemanly. He continued however jeering the crowd until his time being up, he begged them to vote for whoever thought was the best man—and the scene closed.

Up to the time when Dr. York made his imputation of cowardice in battle on Gen. Scales, it was a quiet meeting. That stirred Scales' old soldiers greatly—and although Dr. York could so easily have said that it was not his purpose to make that charge, he rather stuck to it by saying that others had told him.

Subsequently he apparently sought to provoke the friends of Gen Scales to do some act of violence. There was only one pistol spoken of on the ground, and that was in the possession of Dr. York's friend. There was nothing said about shooting, and yet Dr. York charged the audience, whom he called a mob, with wishing to shoot him off the stand; said they would, if they dared, which was in itself a dare and a challenge.

The Statesville *American*, J. J. Mott's paper, says:

There are four negro newspapers in the State against York. This is all right, let them go for whom they please. The *American* stated at the outset of the present management that the Bourbons before the coalition did not carry the State without the help of the negro vote. They have always voted a large number of them West of Raleigh at least. All we ask is that they be allowed to vote as they please, and that the votes of those who do go for York be counted fair.

The only interference with free voting we have ever known here was republican negroes trying to scare off those of their color who wanted to vote the Democratic ticket. The counting will be fair. It has rarely been otherwise in North Carolina.

The newspapers are still talking about the canabalism of the Greely party. Let the next arctic expedition be composed exclusively of those horrified editors who love so well to talk of Greely and his party.

France, it seems, is not very bloodthirsty towards China. She will stand in the attitude of preparedness for war, and go on working certain Chinese mines until the government is ready to pay the indemnity demanded of her.

CHOLERA.—This desease has made its appearance in Spain—carried thither by a family from France. There was also a sudden and remarkable increase of cases in Naples on Sunday, causing much alarm. A total of 42 cases were reported. At Geneva it is believed the danger is over. Cholera is still prevalent in a large number of Italian towns.

The Republicans have two candidates for Congress in the 4th district of Virginia: James D. Brady, internal revenue collector for the 2d district, and Joseph P Evans, colored. It seems that the colored man and brother is striking for his share of the honors and the spoils.

Egypt is reported as announcing herself bankrupt.

POWERFUL ARRAIGNMENT.—We publish in this issue a remakable document sent out by the Independent Republicans of Boston, setting forth the reasons why they cannot vote for Blaine and why they have determined to support Mr. Cleveland. It is a brief recital of many of the disgraceful acts which have shocked and offended the honest members of the party in all parts of the country. The reader who wishes to be well informed should read this recital carefully, sent forth as it is by members of the Republican party alarmed for the safety of our free institutions.

"An Ovation"—a "field day"—a "grand demonstration"—any and all of these terms together will hardly convey to the distant reader the honors paid to Gen. SCALES by the young and old Democrats of Rowan on Thursday last. They were here by the thousands. It was like an old time general muster—a joyous day—and friends who rarely meet grasped each other's hands with a vigorous, satisfactory grip, accompanied with congratulatory words. There is a revival abroad in Rowan. She is wide awake, and though we hate the word, we must say her Democracy is *booming*! That means she is up and roaring, and is bent on making drift wood of Radicals and "liberals" (if there be any) in November. But we shall not attempt to report the proceedings of last Thursday. It has already been done in a very satifactory manner by one of our young townsmen, Mr. J. W. Rumple, which report we present on the 4th page of this paper. Read it and refresh the mind of the grand occasion it describes.

Martin Weinberger, a Jew, was hanged for murder at Pittsburg, Pa., Tuesday morning. It is said he is the second Jew ever hanged in the United States.

WE DESIRE TO CALL THE THOUGHTFUL ATTENTION OF FARMERS

TO THE SUPERIOR MERITS OF

ORCHILLA GUANO

AS A FERTILIZER FOR WHEAT AND GRASS.

The advantages resulting from its use are not only an increased yield, but the permanent improvement of the soil from the abundant growth of grass which is sure to follow.

"ORCHILLA" is no new thing. For eighteen years it has been undergoing trial.—and well has it stood the test. At first, its progress to favor was naturally slow; but merit will, sooner or later, have its reward, and now its sales every year are largely increased over those of the preceding year, and the friends of its early days are its best friends now.

It has been used extensively in Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia, and from its abundant success everywhere, we are justified in recommending it to you as being well adapted to your soil. No fertilizer for your use has had such unvarying success and continued popularity. Some of the largest and best farmers in these three States use it almost exclusively.

It is Successful, because it is Nature's own provision for her exhausted fields.

It is Low Priced, because we have none of the expense of manufacturers, and, without regard to its high agricultural value, we base its price solely upon its actual cost to import.

We refer you below to some of the farmers who have used it, and ask you to enquire of them as to its merits.

ORCHILLA FOR WHEAT.

It is a remarkable fact that the complete analysis of Orchilla Guano shows *almost identical results* with the analysis of the ashes of *a bundle of wheat in the straw.* This doubtless furnishes the reason why Orchilla is a good wheat producer; *it contains all the elements of wheat growth within itself.*

JOHN H. NUNNALLY, Esq., of Ruffin, N. C., June 23d, 1884, says:—"Those who used Orchilla last fall speak in most flattering terms of its results, in which I concur, as my future purchases will demonstrate. I can see where I used Orchilla this spring a very perceptible difference. It is too early in the season to report results."

R. B. DOBSON, Esq., of Clio, Iredell Co., N. C., July 15, 1884, says:—"I have used the Orchilla Guano for three years on light sandy land for wheat and clover. It has given satisfaction. My neighbors who used it last fall are well pleased. We used from one to three hundred pounds to the acre. We expect to use it again."

Dr. F. CHAMBERS LAIRD, Haw River, Alamance Co., N. C., July 16, 1884, says:—"I have used Orchilla for two years, and am well pleased with the result. I expect to use it more largely this fall. I am convinced it is all you claim for it."

Maj. A. H. DREWRY, of Westover, Charles City Co., Va., probably the most extensive farmer in the State, says:—"Orchilla Guano does quite as well on my wheat as any fertilizer I ever used."

Col. PEYTON S. COLES, of Estouteville, Albemarle Co., Va., equally prominent in the community, says:—"Orchilla has made wheat for me when everything else failed to do so."

ORCHILLA FOR GRASS.

If Orchilla *has* a specialty, it is in *making grass.* THAT NEVER FAILS.

Col. RANDOLPH HARRISON, Commissioner of Agriculture of the State of Virginia, Richmond, says:—"Orchilla certainly possesses special *clover-producing* virtues, or, if that is an inaccurate word, it enables clover *to take hold,* and helps it to stand drought—a great point. I watch its effect on my crops with much interest."

☞Send for our Book of Testimonials from farmers who have used Orchilla Guano for years, and who say:—"It has made our poor lands rich."

Respectfully,

TRAVERS, SNEAD & CO.
IMPORTERS' AGENTS,
RICHMOND, VA.

FOR SALE BY

McNeely & Johnson, Salisbury, N. C.
W. F. Hall, Statesville, N. C.
Jacob Lore, Concord, N. C.

43:2m.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall st. N. Y.

Sale of Land!

On Saturday, the 27th day of September, 1884, I will sell at the Court House door in Salisbury, a tract of two hundred acres of land, situated in Providence township, five miles from Salisbury, on the Miller's Ferry road, adjoining the lands of Jesse Mahaley, Luther Lyerly and others, on which there are a number of gold veins.

The tract contains over fifty acres of timber land and is well watered.

This land belongs to Jane Brown, wife Moses Brown, for life with remainder to her children.

Terms of Sale: One third cash, and a credit of three and six months for the other two thirds, with interest at eight per cent from day of sale on the deferred payments. By order of Court.

JOHN M. HORAH,
Aug. 20th, 1884—1m C. S. C.

The first bale of Cotton at Norfolk, this season was received on the 27th from Richmond county, N. C.

The cotton factories in and about Petersburg, Va., have stopped work, throwing out of employment a large number of men, women and children, among whom it is feared there will be much distress. Cause: excessive production.

For Sale or Rent! A STEINWAY PIANO. Apply to
MRS. J. M. COFFIN.
46:tf.

OPENING
OF THE
GRADED SCHOOL!

The annual term of the White Graded Scool will begin on Monday, Sept. 1st. A High School department has been added, so that pupils that have completed the Graded School course can continue their studies in the High School.

F. J. MURDOCH, Sec'y S. G. S. Com.
45:1m

EVERYTHING NEW!
NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

R. C. PALMER has just opened a new and full stock of Family Groceries, Confections, Canned Goods, &c., &c., in the handsome new brick store, on Main St., one door below J. D. McNeely. It It will be to everybody's interest to call on me. Buys and sells all kinds of country produce, at highest market prices.

45:1m. R. C. PALMER

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND!

AT the Court House door in Salisbury on Monday the 6th day of October 1884, I will sell, at public sale, that valuable tract of land formerly owned by George Cauble, situated five miles south of Salisbury adjoining the Reimer Mine land, and the land of David Eller and others, containing about 185 acres. The sale to open with a bid of eleven hundred and fifty five ($1,155) dollars. Terms of sale: One half of the purchase money will be required as soon as the sale is confirmed, and a credit of six months, with interest at eight per cent from day of sale, will be allowed for the other half. By order of Court.

J. M. HORAH, Cl'k Sup.,
Court Rowan Co.
Aug. 11th, '84. 44:4t.

MILL STONES, &C.

Do you want Mill Stones, cut of good sharpe granite? Do you want Door and Window Sills of beautiful gray or white granite? Do you want Stone of any kind, either dressed or in the rough? The undersigned is prepared to furnish Stone or Stone work of as fine granite as the State affords.

Call and see me at quarries, 5½ miles south of Salisbury, or address me at Salisbury, N C., box 91.

Good Stone, good work and promptness in filling orders is my rule. Good references given on application.

JOHN D. A. FISHER.
Aug. 14, '84—1m:pd.

HAY! HAY! HAY!

500 Tons of No. 1 Valley of Virginia Timothy Hay for sale by
P. B. SUBLETT & SON,
43:6m. Staunton, Va.

Administrators' Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of Harrington C. Warner, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against his estate, to present them to me on or before the 8th day of August, 1885.

WALLACE R. WARNER,
Admr. of H. C. Warner.
Dated Aug. 4, 1884.—43:6w. pd.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of E. E. Phillips, dec'd, I will have a public sale of his personal property at his late residence on Monday, the 25th day of August, 1884, when I will sell one horse a lot of cattle, hogs, farming tools, household and kitchen furniture, some finely cut mill stones, and a fine lot of wheat and oats, with many other articles not mentioned.

TERMS of SALE—CASH.

All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the castate are notified that they must present them to me, on or before the 8th day of August, 1885, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

HENRY PEELER, Admr.,
of E. E. Phillips.
August 2d, 1884.—43:till d of s.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF

LAND.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Superior Court of Rowan county, in favor of M. A. Smith against Catherine Earnhart in my hands for collection, I will sell at public auction, at the Court house door in the town of Salisbury, on the

1st day of September, 1884,

all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Catherine Earnhart, in and for the following real property, viz: A tract of land consisting of 51 acres, more or less, situated in Gold Hill township, Rowan county, adjoining the lands of Adam Earnhart, Burwell Smith and E Mauney. Also another tract consisting of 122 acres in Morgan township, adjoining the lands of Saml Moyle, Lindsay Gordy and others.

TERMS CASH. C. C. KRIDER,
Sheriff of Rowan county.
By R. P. Roseman, D. S.
Dated Salisbury, Aug. 4th, 1884.
43:till d of s.

AGENTS WANTED!

For the Lives of "CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS" and "BLAINE AND LOGAN." As this will be the most exciting Campaign which we have experienced for many years, agents can coin money selling these books. Address at once

BULLETT & MORGAN,
Publishers,
Raleigh, N. C.
42:2m—pd.

YOU CAN HAVE IT.—"My dear, what would I give to have your hair?" is often said by middle-aged ladies to young ones. Madam, you may have just such hair. Parker's Hair Balsam will give it to you. It will stop your hair from falling off, restore the original color and make it long, thick, soft and glossy. You need not stand helplessly envying the girls. The Balsam is not oily, not a dye, but is an elegant dressing, and is especially recommended for its cleanliness and purity.

Notice of Land Sale!

By order of the Superior Court of Rowan county, I will sell for partition, on the premises, at public auction, on

Saturday, August 30, 1884,

the tract of land known as the "Old Raymer Place," about two miles eastward of Enochville in said county, adjoining Levi Deal, Wm. Cavin, and others, containing 213¼ acres, about half of it timbered, with good dwelling, barn, outhouses, well, fine orchard, and other improvements. Persons wishing to view the place beforehand can call on Mr. Raymer on the premises; and those desiring fuller information about it, can apply to the undersigned or to N. L. Kilpatrick at Mooresville, N. C.

Terms of Sale:—One half cash, and one half on 6 months time, with bond and good security bearing interest from date: title retained till purchase money is paid.

E. T. GOODMAN,
July 31, 1884. Commissioner.
41—till d of s

State of North Carolina,
Rowan County.
Superior Court,
Fall Term, 1884.

Orin D. Davis and Samuel H. Wiley, Bankers under the firm of Davis & Wiley,

vs.

Mrs. E. A. Williams, J. D. Williams and Wilborn and [illegible]

It appearing to the Court, that [illegible] action of the above named [illegible] one of the defendants is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman, a newspaper published in Salisbury, N. C., notifying the said J. D. Williams to appear at the Court House in Salisbury, on the 9th Monday after the 4th Monday of September, 1884, and answer the Complaint, which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County, within the first three days of said term, and that if he fail to answer the complaint during said term, the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, 28th July, 1884. J. M. HORAH, C. S. C.,
42:6w. Rowan County.

WAGONS! WAGONS!

Wagons Big, Wagons Little,
Wagons for EVERYBODY.

Stop the bleeding! Stop the outflow of our life's blood! Buy home made articles every time and keep your money here!

A car load of 1, 2 and 3 horse Piedmont wagons for sale!

These wagons are manufactured at Hickory, N. C. They are good honest work and every one of them will be sold with a written guarantee of the Company's.

As money is scarce and times hard they will be sold at prices for spot cash.

As with the buggies, some time ago, so with the wagons now. I mean to sell them at prices that will astonish—that will make those who have recently purchased, wish they had waited a little while longer. Come and see us, then you'll know how the cat jumps.

JOHN A. BOYDEN, Agt.,
Salisbury, N. C. or
Aug. 1st, 1884. JO. O. WHITE.
42:tf.

T. K. BRUNER. RICHARD EAMES, JR.

DO YOU WANT TO

SELL YOUR LANDS?

AN OPPORTUNITY

Is now offered to Land owners who may wish to dispose of

FARMS,

FORESTS,

MINING LANDS,

or WATER-POWERS.

Having been instructed to act as Agents for the North Carolina Department of Immigration, we will state to those having property of the above description for sale, that we are in position to place such property in the hands of over two hundred active Agents, who are making it a regular business to sell lands to Immigrants and others coming into North Carolina to live.

Lands placed above market value are not desired.

We have established a REAL ESTATE and MINING BUREAU in addition to the above and are in position to place to advantage mining properties of all kinds, developed and undeveloped. Large tracts of Lands in Western North Carolina, and in East Tenn., may be placed through us to advantage. We can offer inducements heretofore unknown, and land owners will consult their best interest by calling on or addressing

BRUNER & EAMES,
Real Estate, Mining &
Immigration Bureau,
Salisbury, N. C.

Maps, Assays, Reports and Estimates on short notice.

Parties contemplating going to Texas will do well to consult us, as we have farms in all parts of that State, and will gladly furnish information. 37:6m.

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you *free,* a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cts to $5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: to all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directs, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.