

Allen G. Thurman, Ohio's Great Ex-Senator.

Takes a Hand in the Ohio Election Campaign, and Talks Like a Patriot—He Defends the South, and Hurls Sherman's Base Insinuations back into his Teeth.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 6.—Ex-Senator Allen G. Thurman made a speech here tonight, and gave a great portion of his time in reply to recent speeches of Senator Sherman. Judge Thurman, at the beginning of his speech, said the Mount Gilead speech of Senator Sherman made at the opening of the campaign, was an indictment of the South and a revival of the charges of crime and outrages made in years gone by. He quoted the words of President Garfield in opposition to a revival of sectional hatred. The last Presidential campaign was opened by Republican candidates on the tariff as the chief issue, but before the campaign closed this was decapitated and the "bloody shirt" raised as the banner of certain Republican victory, but when the votes were counted the banner was found to be trailing in the dust. Particular stress was laid upon the sentiments of Gen. Grant, that the passions of the war were at an end, and amazement was expressed that a man speaking over his tomb should be so audacious as to say there is no reconciliation, that rebellion is not at an end; that the only effective way to suppress it is to again send the "Boys in Blue" to the South. Quoting from Senator Sherman's speech the speaker said: Now, it is impossible, as it seems to me, to misunderstand these utterances. They are either vain and empty declarations, or disgusting bravado, such as no man of the ability of Senator Sherman or one occupying his high station could indulge in without disgrace; or they are his real sentiments, and mean, when thoroughly analyzed, that if the Republican party cannot obtain power in any other way, it shall obtain and hold it by the sword. I know that such an idea, if you do not reflect upon it, is calculated to excite your derision. But stop and reflect. If the great State of Ohio can be carried by such appeal to passion and prejudice as Sherman is making; if his weapons shall be sufficient to thrust from office the man whom two years ago, you elected; if they shall here the way to the fifth term in the Senate for their author,—they will become the creed of the Republican party in '88, and the doctrine of hate will be strongly if not permanently established in the land.

Judge Thurman said the issue raised by Sherman is a dangerous one to the business and prosperity of the American people, and the effort to blow into a flame the dying embers of civil strife should be frowned down by all loyal people. The speaker next proceeded to answer the arguments of Sherman concerning the grievous condition of the colored race in the South, claiming that they were now in the enjoyment of greater prosperity and greater civil rights than were ever enjoyed on this globe by an equal number of their race. He dated the prosperity of that section from 1875, when the Democrats came into control, and radical rule and carpet bag governments were closed. At the end of ten years it can be safely affirmed that there is not an industry in the South but which is more prosperous than it ever was in that region before, until now they have, in many lines of manufacture, become the rivals of mills of the Eastern States.

The speaker sketched briefly many enterprises in the development of the South, the free schools for the colored youth, the contentment which exists among the colored people, and the fact that they have not migrated to any of the old free States. All this, it was argued, proves that they were not discontented nor murdered nor deprived of their rights, as depicted by Senator Sherman and other Republican orators. The colored man seemed to prefer living with the white men of the South, even though they be Democrats, to dwelling in the tents of radicals, even though they be saints. It was argued that all these things could not be so if the negroes south were in a state of wretchedness; which has been so often asserted.

Judge Thurman quoted at length from the tenth census of 1880, statistics in proof of the assertion which he had made, the principal point being that the colored people are in a majority in but two of the southern States, South Carolina and Mississippi, and he confined his argument to the census of these two States. The object of these figures is to show the depression in all values in periods covered by Republican rule and the advance of all material interests made under Democratic government. After disposing of a wilderness of figures in regard to the condition of South Carolina, the speaker summed up by saying: In short, everything

A Great Political Gathering.

New York Sun. An old phonograph which had been lying in a Chicago basement for five years or more was dusted off the other evening and placed on a table in the midst of a select gathering of politicians. No sooner did the crank begin to turn than a voice from the phonograph shouted:

"I have robbed the people, plundered the Treasury, and sought by every possible means to overthrow our system of government!" The politicians looked at one another in a sad, sad way, and the crank ground out:

"I deceived the people in every promise for the last fifty years, and betrayed every trust reposed in it! Honest government! Can convicted thieves be trusted with the keys of the Treasury?" Tears started to the eyes of every man in the room, and several heads were bowed as the machine spluttered away: "precipitated a bloody war—blood and treasure—party of assassins—hung for treasons—solid South—land of traitors—saved this glorious republic!"

The American Craze in London.

Charleston News & Courier.

I was surprised to find everywhere in London the American craze so prevalent. The Yankee is much respected in England than he may imagine, and by "Yankee" the Englishman means all citizens of the United States, for he knows no antiquated distinction between the North and South. The Englishman shaved himself at home until the craze for the American barber shop struck London, but now no Londoner is fashionable unless he patronizes the American barbers. Yet even now such a tonorial palace as may be seen in New York would astonish all London. The barbers' chairs here are little, cramped things, in which it is impossible to stretch out at one's ease.

American bars, too, are fashionable, alas!—and mixed American drinks take the place of the Englishman's 'alf-and-'alf among the fashionables. American ice cream, American confectionery, American restaurants, American trunks and satchels, American watches, clocks, cutlery and sewing machines are sold in great quantities all over London. In fact, there is scarcely an article of distinctly American manufacture that is not sold extensively in London—not even excepting the American himself—and many a Yankee thinks he is striking an English bargain when he pays five or six shillings for what he could have bought at home for a dollar.

He Was Just Too Awful.

"Your bean seems very bashful," said a Dayton avenue mamma to her daughter. "Bashful!" echoed the daughter; "bashful's no name for it." "Why don't you encourage him a little more? Some men have to be taught how to do their courting. He's a good catch."

"Encourage him!" said the daughter; "he cannot take the most palatable hint. Why, only last night, when I sat all alone on the sofa and he perched up in a chair as far away as he could get, I asked him if he didn't think it strange that a man's arm and a woman's waist seemed always to be the same length; and what do you think he did?"

"Why, just what any sensible man would have done—tried it."

"He asked me if I could find a piece of string so we could measure and see if it was so. Ain't he horrid?" —St Paul Herald.

The Croatan Indians.

On the 20th inst., Fayetteville will be visited by a party of excursionists from Robeson, consisting of a large number of Croatan Indians, under the superintendence of Prof. Hamilton McMillian. They say they are coming to enjoy a day in Fayetteville, bring their families and buy some goods. It is to be strictly an excursion of "Lal the poor Indian," without any admixture of the Caucasian or African element. We will welcome them cordially and give them the best we have in all our shops.

C. S. Adams, the cashier of a Boston savings bank, stole \$228,000 and then killed himself.

A Boy Should have a Trade.

What about the boy who does not take up with a trade or profession? Look around you, the question is speedily answered. He must cast his hook into any sort of pond, and take such fish as may be easily caught. He is a sort of a tramp. He may work in a brickyard to-day, and in the harvest field to-morrow. He does the drudgery, and gets the pay of the drudge. His wages are so small that he finds it impossible to lay up a dollar, and a fortnight of illness will see him dead broke.

The other evening I saw a man dragging himself wearily along, and carrying a pick on his shoulder, "Tired, John?" "More so than any horse in Detroit." "What do you work at?" "I'm a digger. Sometimes I work for gas companies, but oftener for plumbers." "Get good wages?" "So good that my family never has enough to eat, let alone buying decent clothes. If it wasn't for the wife and children, I'd wish for that street car to run over me." Why didn't you learn a trade?" "Because nobody had interest enough to argue and reason with me. I might have had a good trade and good wages, but here I am, working harder for \$8 or \$9 a week than many a man does to earn \$18."

And now, my boy, if men tell you that the trades are crowded, and that so many carpenters, blacksmiths, and painters, and shoemakers, and other trades keep wages down, pay no attention to such talk. Compare the wages of common and skilled workmen. Take the trade which you seem fitted for. Begin with a determination to learn it thoroughly, and to become the best workman in the shop. Don't be satisfied to skin along from one week to another without being discharged, but make your services valuable by being such a thorough workman that your employer cannot afford to let you go.

Establis on Ocean Steamers.

Few persons are aware of the extensive nature of the victualing on board the great ocean steamers. Such a vessel is provisioned as follows for the passengers and crew: 3,500 lbs. of butter, 3,000 hams, 1,000 lbs. of biscuits, exclusive of those supplied for the crew, 3,000 lbs. of grapes, almonds, figs, and other dessert fruits; 1,500 lbs. of jams and jellies; tinned meats, 6,000 lbs.; dried beans, 3,000 lbs.; rice, 3,000 lbs.; onion, 5,000 lbs.; potatoes, 40 tons; flour, 300 barrels; and egg, 1,200 dozen. Fresh vegetables, dead meat and live bullocks, sheep, pigs, geese, turkeys, ducks, fowls, fish, and casual game are generally supplied at each port, so that it is difficult to estimate them. Probably two dozen bullocks and 60 sheep would be a fair average for the whole voyage, and the rest may be inferred in proportion. During the summer months when traveling is heavy, 25 fowls are often used in soup for a single voyage.

Feeling Hurried.

Probably nothing tires one so much as feeling hurried. Then, in the early morning, the day's affairs press on one's attention beforehand, and there comes the wonder how in the world everything is to be accomplished—when any interruption is received impatiently, and the clock is watched in distress as its moments flit past—the mind tires the body. We are wrong to drive ourselves with whip and spur in this way. Each of us is promised strength for the day, and we must not wear ourselves out. If only we can keep cool and calm, we shall be less wearied when we have reached the eventide. The children may be fractious, the servants trying, the friend we love may fail us; but if we can preserve our tranquility of soul and demeanor, we shall get through everything creditably.

An Upright Judge.

"I'll allow no man to call me a liar and go unpunished," said a Judge to a lawyer who had just committed that offense. "You are fined ten dollars, sir." "It's the truth, though," replied the lawyer as he paid the money. "I don't care if it is the truth," retorted the Judge. "A court of law is no place to tell the truth."

Sherman's Threat.

John Sherman says that so far from changing his position in the matter of the bloody-shirt that he means to keep shaking it as long as there is an unrepented rebel in the South, or words to that effect. The man who was conspicuous in raping Louisiana and in installing a creature who has never elected President, and who has made a million and a half dollars in thirty years upon a salary of from \$5,000 to \$8,000 annually is too degraded a wretch to worry the South. Morning Star.

When In The Wrong Channel.

The bile wreaks grievous injury. Head-ache, constipation, pain in the liver and stomach, jaundice, nausea, emesis. A few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will reform these evils and prevent further injury. It is a pleasant aperient, its action upon the bowels being unaccompanied by griping. The liver is both regulated and stimulated by it, and as it is very impolitic to disregard disorder of that organ, which through neglect may culminate in dangerous congestion and hepatic abscess, the Bitters should be resorted to at an early stage. Failure to do this renders a contest with the malady more protracted. Fever and ague, rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles, are remedied by this fine medicine, and the increasing infirmities of age mitigated by it. It may be also used in constancy with advantage, as it hastens the restoration of vigor.

Angle worms, fish, etc., are often caught up in the clouds by revolving storms, and dropped again many miles from the place where they were taken up. Small fish have often been found in puddles of water in viilage streets, to the astonishment of people who were unacquainted with the phenomenon.

UNITY HIGH.

An English and Classical School for boys and girls, located at Woodleaf, 11 miles west of Salisbury. Students prepared for business or college. Desirable board at reasonable rates. Students desiring to study music will be under the instruction of an experienced teacher, Mrs. R. W. Boyd. Term opens the 28th of September, 1885, and continues nine months. Address G. B. WETMORE, Jr., Principal, Woodleaf, N. C.

INTERNAL REVENUE SALE OF STILL, &c.

On Saturday, the 10th day of October, 1885, there will be sold to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Salisbury, one Sixty Gallon Still, Cap and Worm to match; seized from J. Calvin Fraley and Jacob Fraley, Morgan Township, Rowan County, N. C., and adjudged to be forfeited to the use of the United States. T. H. VANDERFORD, Deputy Collector. Sept. 21st, 1885.—3w

North Carolina, Rowan County.—In Superior Court. CIVIL ACTION FOR DIVORCE.

Joseph G. Hoffer, Plaintiff, Against Laura B. Hoffer, Defendant. To Laura B. Hoffer, Non-resident:— You are hereby notified, that the plaintiff above named has commenced a civil action against you for divorce, and has caused a summons to be issued, returnable on the eleventh Monday after the first Monday in September, 1885, before the Judge of said Court, when and where you are required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint. Dated this 8th of September, 1885. J. M. HORAH, C. S. C. CRAIG & CLEMENT, Attys. 47-6w

COME QUICK!

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS!!

J. S. McCUBBINS

has just returned from the Northern cities with the LARGEST & BEST SELECTED Stock of Goods that he has ever offered to the public; consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Sole Leather, Crockery and Queens-ware, Clothing, Provision, Wood and Willow ware, &c. Also a full line of FERTILIZERS of the very best brands, viz: BAKER'S Well Tried FOR WHEAT. MERRYMAN'S A. D. Bone " WALKER'S Ground Bone " NATURAL Guano just from Orchilla, and supposed the only Natural Guano on the market. Go and get Testimonials and if you want to save money, don't forget to call on him before buying either Goods or Fertilizers. Salisbury, Oct. 1, 1885. 25-1f

VIGOROUS HEALTH FOR MEN

PROF. HARRIS' BASTILLE. A BANGOR, ME. NERVOUS DEBILITY. Organic Weakness. PHYSICAL DECAJ. In Young Men. Free TRIAL PACKAGE. HARRIS' REMEDY CO., 178 N. 3rd St., BOSTON, MASS. We give FREE CURE.

Kerosene Oil!

BY THE BARREL AT ENNIS' Drug Store. July 9, '85 1f.

FRESH TURNIP SEED?

The Earliest and Best Turnip Seed for sale at ENNIS'.

TRUSSES

Of all kinds, at reduced prices, at ENNIS'.

Fruit Jars!

CHEAPER THAN EVER. ALSO Rubber Rings for Fruit Jars, at ENNIS'.

SCARR'S PRESERVING POWDES

For sale at ENNIS'.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST MACHINE OIL

For Threshers, Reapers, and Mowers at ENNIS'.

PRESCRIPTIONS!!

If you want your prescriptions put up cheaper than anywhere else go to ENNIS' Drug Store. '9, '85.—1f.

Ennis' Blackberry Cordial,

Dietsery, Diarrhoea, Flux, &c., for sale at ENNIS' Drug Store.

C. A. KRAUS,

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER. Particular attention paid to frescoing and interior decorative painting, in oil, wax or water-colors. Will make bids on Churches, public buildings and private residences. Work guaranteed. References if desired. Post office address, C. A. KRAUS, Salisbury, N. C. (7-23m)

HARDWARE.

WHEN YOU WANT HARDWARE AT LOW FIGURES. Call on the undersigned at NO. 2, Granite Row. D. A. ATWELL. Agent for the "Cardwell-Thresher," Salisbury, N. C., June 8th—1f.

Yadkin Mineral Springs Academy,

PALMERVILLE, (STATE) N. C. C. H. MARTIN, PRINCIPAL. Graduate of Wake Forest College, and also at the University of Virginia. Tuition, \$5 to \$15 per session of 5 months. The only school in this section that teaches the University of Va. methods—A thorough examination, through—the cheapest school in the U. S., where these world-renowned methods are taught—closed board only \$6 per month. Address, C. H. MARTIN, PRIN. 37-1f

SEND YOUR WOOL

TO THE Salisbury Woolen Mills

THIS NEW FACTORY is now in operation, and facilities for manufacturing Woolen Goods such as have never before been offered to our people, are within the reach of the entire Wool growing community. We manufacture JEANS, CASSIMERS, FLANNELS, LINSEYS, BLANKETS, YARNS, ROLLS, &c. Soliciting a liberal patronage of our people, we are respectfully, SALISBURY WOOLEN MILLS. Office at old Express Office. May 28th, 1885. 32-1f

R. T. HOPKINS

IS NOW AT THE Corner of Kerr & Lee Streets, with a full line of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES. Also keeps a First Class BOARDING HOUSE. Call and see him. 28-1f.

ORGANIZED 1859

CAPITAL & ASSETS, \$750,000. J. RHODES BROWN, President. W. M. COAKLEY, Secretary. Twenty-sixth Annual Statement. JANUARY 1, 1885. LIABILITIES. Cash Capital \$300,000.00. Undistributed Profits 1,000.00. Reserve for Re-insurance and all other liabilities 162,117.20. Net Surplus 255,923.18. \$711,999.28. SCHEDULE OF ASSETS: Cash in National Bank \$1,504.64. Cash in hands of Agents 11,962.29. United States Registered Bonds 129,900.00. State and Municipal Bonds 21,097.96. National Bank Stocks 158,000.00. Cotton Manufacturing Stocks 117,735.00. Other Local Stocks 29,770.00. Real Estate (non-numbered city property) 97,257.17. Loans, secured by first mortgages 60,412.94. Total Assets, \$741,380.32. J. ALLEN BROWN, Agt. Salisbury, N. C., March 26, 1885. 71m.

SOMETHING NEW!

That will not break by heat, for sale at ENNIS'.

DIAMOND DYES

All colors you wish at ENNIS'.

DON'T FORGET to call for Seeds of all kinds at ENNIS'.

TO THE LADIES!

Call and see the Flower Pots at ENNIS'.

CONVULSION, FITS, etc., are frequent

caused by an army of worms gnawing, gnawing, gnawing night and day eating the vitals away. Sherrin's Indian Vermifuge is a safe and cheap remedy.

THE CHARLOTTE MUSIC HOUSE, BRANCH OF LUDDEN & BATES SOUTHERN MUSIC HOUSE. TERMS THE LOWEST. ORDER FROM THIS HOUSE AND SAVE TIME, MONEY AND FREIGHT.

Chickering Pianos, Marching Pianos, Bent & Co. Pianos, Artion Pianos.

Mason & Hamlin Organs, Paedagogical Organisms, Day State Organs, On Fifteen days trial.

Band Instruments, 11 Pieces, \$120. Sheet Music, at 25 per cent. off former prices.

THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY! KLUTTZ'S TOBACCO LINIMENT. FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, SPRAINS, BRUISES, PAINS, ACHE, &c.

THEO. F. KLUTTZ & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Proprietors, SALISBURY, N. C.

SOUTH RIVER ACADEMY. South River, Rowan County, N. C. A good school located in a healthy village, 8 miles from Salisbury. Term commences September 7th, 1885, and continues nine months.

SALE OF LAND! By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Rowan County, in the case of J. S. Sifford, Guardian of Mary C. Miller, I will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Salisbury on the 5th day of October, 1885, a parcel of land adjoining the lands of Leah C. Bernhart and others—located No. 4 in the division of the lands of J. S. Miller, dec'd., containing 544 acres—more or less, one-third in cash, one-third in six months and one-third in twelve months, with bond and interest from date of sale at eight per cent. on the deferred payments. J. L. SIFFORD, Guardian. 47-1f.