

PERSONS writing for information on matters advertised in this paper will please say "advertised in the Watchman."

Subscription Rates

The subscription rates of the Carolina Watchman are as follows: 1 year, paid in advance, \$1.50; 6 months, do., .90; 3 months, do., .50; 1 month, do., .15; payment delayed 3 mo's \$2.00; " " " " 12 mo's \$2.50.

Renew your subscription to the WATCHMAN for 1886.

A merry Christmas and a happy New Year to our readers.

Congressman Henderson is at home for the holidays.

All the schools have a rest until the first of January.

Christmas tree at the Lutheran church this evening at 6 o'clock p. m.

Mr. J. J. Bell is the oldest man in Salisbury, he being in his eighty-first year.

Many an old gobbler's supply of oxygen has been cut off "intirely" this week.

Mr. Will Gales has gotten into his new store room in the old Mansion extension.

Funny Morgan's 4 minstrels paraded the streets yesterday and rehearsed last night in the hall.

The remaining goods in Jones, McCubbins & Co's store are being sold at auction.

J. P. Wiseman, Esq., has sold out his property and will move into town to live.

"Legal Row" looks as if the lawyers had forsaken business till after the holidays.

Capt. A. S. Lewter has moved into his new residence on corner Church and Fisher Str's.

Sales in leaf tobacco have been large in the various warehouses here during the past week.

A real good troupe could put in a few nights pleasantly and profitably here during the holidays.

Mr. Jno. G. Heilig will occupy the dwelling on corner Innis and Lee streets, recently vacated by Mr. Blair.

Rev. Wm. Stoudenmire will deliver a Christmas address at Christiana Lutheran church at 1 o'clock Christmas day.

The Salisbury Examiner has resumed publication, and it is as spicy reading as the most fastidious could wish.

Hankin's Bro's & Co. have decorated the exterior of their warehouse with a large sign—Iron Clad Warehouse.

A Christmas tree, or some kind of festivity, will be given each of the Sunday schools in Salisbury this week.

The small boy will be allowed to pop his Christmas fire cracker, with restrictions. See posters for particulars.

Joe Ballard says the finest dogs he ever raised were the result of a cross between the "Chessex and the Essex."

The mountain wagons continue to come loaded with apples, chestnuts, &c. The streets are full of them.

Mr. James B. Lanier butchered fifty-two hogs last week and disposed of them all the same day—to citizens in town.

Live birds, caught in traps and nets, are offered for sale on the streets every day at sixty to seventy-five cents per dozen.

The heaviest fog seen for months around this morning. A man could scarcely be seen across the street. Thermometer about 60.

The pavement under the Mansion House porch is being repaired and in good time, for it was a dangerous place for pedestrians.

Rev. Mr. Stoudenmire has about completed the circuit of the Lutheran churches in this county, in the interest of his church here.

The balls given by the Pleasure Club are attended by a refinement among the participants never before surpassed in this community.

It is noticeable that the membership of the various Sunday schools here invariably increases just previous to the Christmas tree season.

Lowering the floors in the building adjoining the Express office, has improved the appearance of things in that neighborhood wonderfully.

Mr. M. M. Jones has received an appointment as clerk in the revenue office at Newton, and will go up Monday to assume the duties of the position.

There are several parties after the new McFee residence on Innis street. No trouble to find renters. Houses—and lots of them—are needed here now.

Christmas service and sermon at St. John's Ev. Lutheran church on Friday, Christmas day, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Holy communion will be administered on Sunday at 11 o'clock.

We have had October or early spring weather this week—perfectly delightful for all outdoor operations. Fine time for turning land and preparing for the next crop.

Speaking of this climate, it is a fact worthy of mention that there are yet some roses in bloom in Salisbury. They will adorn the Christmas table. The fall has been mild and pleasant.

Salisbury's town tax collector's name is Shaver. He doubtless shaves his tax-bills.—Lenoir Topic.

The man who escapes paying taxes here has a close shave.

Those of Salisbury's merchants who deal in Christmas goods say that it is only necessary to buy a large stock and display them, to sell them. They express themselves as satisfied with the trade to date.

Rev. Mr. Smith moved his family here last week, and is domiciled in the Methodist parsonage. He was given a cordial reception by his congregation and is now regularly installed pastor to that congregation for the ensuing year.

The many friends of Mr. J. Douglas Brown will be pleased to learn that he is convalescing from a rather severe sickness, which has kept him confined for more than two weeks.

Mr. Horton, formerly of this county, who moved to Texas six years ago, returned last night, with his whole family, a wife and nine children. There was no good fortune for them in Texas, and so they have come back to the land of fruitful seasons and good weather.

The charming, bright and warm weather of last Tuesday enticed one of our town dudes out with his spring walking cane. He has taken a severe cold. Too much pains cannot be taken in the care of dudes.

Messrs. Thompson Bros., manufacturers of agricultural implements, at Lexington and Tyro, are thinking of removing their factory to Salisbury. They are enterprising and it is hoped they will conclude to come.

We have seen a Christmas card made by Miss Josephine Burke, of this city, which is very beautiful in design and execution. This lady also excels in a variety of fine needle work.

Alexander Tate, a quarryman of forty years experience, whose observation has extended over many States and in Europe says the finest granite he has ever seen in America was quarried from Dunn's mountain, four miles from Salisbury.

Prof. J. F. Moser, formerly a teacher here, but now of Conover, was here last Friday. He is a teacher of first-rate ability, and is doing a good work in the Lutheran college at Conover. He is one of the few teachers who have opposed the Blair Bill from its first introduction.

A suspension of the Salisbury tobacco market has been made from Thursday the 24th of December, to Saturday the 2nd of January 1886. All of the Warehousees agree to this, and farmers are requested not to bring leaf before the day mentioned.

Mess. Hardwick & Welles, of Marshall, N. C., who own the patent tobacco heat regulator, which has been doing such wonderful things in the mountains for the tobacco grower, will have an agent here soon, and the farmers of Rowan will consult their best interests by investigating this economical and helpful contrivance.

Two children of Mr. A. Grubb, of the northern part of this county, were terribly burned last Monday, by some kind of a kerosene accident. One or both may die from the effects. The particulars have not been given the reporter.

Big hogs are in order at this season of the year. Leonard Krider slaughtered two last week which netted him 1,122 lbs of pork—one of them 548 and the other 574. J. C. Miller killed several drawing above 300 lbs each, at 12 months old.

The Committees of the Colored Normal and Graded Schools recently met in joint session to investigate certain charges against the Principal of these schools. After a patient hearing the joint committee unanimously decided that the charges were not sustained.

A gentleman from one of the extreme eastern States, stopping here for a few days, remarked to one of our citizens that the people in this section should be the happiest in this country because of the fine climate and the adaptation of the soil to the culture of everything that is grown anywhere. Still the grumblers are not all dead.

When the Yadkin river is made navigable from its source to the sea, Salisbury will take advantage of the same and dig a canal from some point up the river, by way of Salisbury, and emptying into the river just below Sower's ferry. Bigger schemes than this have been put on paper, and still larger ones perfected.

PAID IN FULL.—Mr. J. Allen Brown, who does nearly all the insurance business of Salisbury, had the risk on the buildings belonging Mr. J. Sam'l McCubbins, Jr., burned last week, amounting to \$1,200 in the "Home" of N. Y. He telegraphed the Company immediately after the fire, and at once an adjuster was sent and the loss was settled in full. Promptness is Mr. Brown's fort, and this is no isolated instance of it.

Our farmer readers will find on the fourth page of this paper a very interesting and instructive article from Prof. Dabney, director of the Agricultural Experiment Station, Raleigh, N. C. It is the special duty of this Department to supply to the farming people of the State information on all the subjects that relate to agriculture, and the publications made by it from time to time, will always be of interest or profit to that part of our people. None should omit to read the reports.

Construed it Literally. Mayor Neave has had several communications from furniture and mattress manufacturers, asking to be allowed to bid for the furnishing of the house for the "entertainment of travelers." The description of the new calaboose, which appeared in the WATCHMAN a few weeks ago, gave rise to this correspondence. In truth, the town is going to build a comfortable lodging place for transgressors, but rest assured neither mattresses nor furniture will be needed for the purpose.

See Washington letter for congressional news. A coal mine at Nanticoke, Pa., caved in on the 21st entombing 23 men and boys. The last Winston Sentinel spreads itself over twelve pages, and tells all about the twin city.

Debate.

The question, "Which is the more destructive to man, war or strong drink," was ably discussed at China Grove last week. The debaters on the affirmative were, Chambers Owen, J. D. L. Kluttz, J. M. Denton, Lewis Casper, and Jas. H. McKenzie; negative, Prof. A. W. Owen, G. H. Page, Dr. I. M. Taylor and R. B. Patterson. As usual, the old war horse, A. W. Owen, was on the victorious side. The Debating Society was regularly organized with I. F. Patterson, president; G. H. Page, vice president; R. B. Patterson, secy.; Dr. I. M. Taylor, A. W. Owen and J. Ingram, committee on queries.

Roads Improved. The "bad" places in the public road, three miles from Salisbury on the Gold Hill road—Hartman's meadow and the rest—and some other places on the Mt. Pleasant road, have been most carefully and permanently repaired, by cutting the necessary ditches. A gentleman who travels these roads says that the overseer and people along them are to be praised for the labor and care taken to put the road in good condition. The WATCHMAN is glad to chronicle this improvement. Were the same kind of work done on the other roads, recently complained of, it would be generally appreciated.

Christmas Eve. The following programme will be rendered this evening at the Methodist church, as collaterals to the Christmas tree exercises given to the Sunday school children. Prof. W. H. Neave is musical director, and that is sufficient assurance of a really fine musical performance. Grand Fantasi.—"La dernière rose de Telle"—by Deransart. for Trombone and great organ. Handel. Christmas Hymn.—"Hark! the Herald."—Choir and Cabinet Organ. Mcintosh. Choir and Cabinet Organ. Morecan of Cavatinas.—by Balfy, Bellini and Verdi. Trombone and great organ. Tenney. Christmas Carol.—Choir and Cabinet Organ. Grand Concertino.—Fred Davis. Trombone and Great Organ. Chorus—"Christmas Pells"—Mcintosh. Choir and Cabinet Organ, with Chimes played by Miss Hattie Crawford. Vocal Solo, "Noel"—Christmas Song.—Gounod. with Great Organ—and Trombone Obligato. Grand Fantasi.—"The Vision"—E. Brooks. Trombone and Great Organ. Hymn—"Antioch,—"Joy to the World"—Handel. to be sung by all with both organs. Doxology, "Old Hundred"—Luther. Christmas Eve—Grand March.—W. H. Neave. Trombone and Great Organ.

A Soldier's Pledge. In April 1865, shortly after the immortal Lee had surrendered at Appomattox, a worn out soldier, clad in rags, came to the door of the late Charles N. Price, begging for clothing. Mrs. Price had gathered a few suits of clothing from burning piles which were being destroyed by Stoneman's raiders, in the streets of Salisbury, only a few days before this appeal from the forlorn soldier, who was making his way homeward. She at once gave him a suit. He took them saying he had no money; but insisted on leaving a pin which he had worn through the war, promising to redeem it as soon as he reached home. He said he lived in Texas, and seemed very grateful for the clothing.

The pin has been recognized as a "Chi Phi" badge, by a member of that society. On the back of the handsome pin is neatly engraved the name, T. L. Bulow.

The pin is now in the possession of Mr. Robt. W. Price of this place, who is anxious that the owner, or his family should have it. The pin is a gold, set with garnets, and is a valuable one.

The Cotton Mill Scheme.

On last Monday evening, a meeting of citizens was held in the Mayor's office, to further consider the most advisable means for securing the desired cotton mill. The owners of the machinery who live in Albany, New York, has sent Mr. Smith, a practical mill man here to represent them meeting, after hearing Mr. Smith, adjourned to meet again on Wednesday evening. In the interim the soliciting committee was to secure subscriptions to the stock.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT'S MEETING. The scheme was talked over again, and it was determined that it was not advisable to accept the Arnold machinery on the short time given—ten days—and while part of the terms indicated could be met promptly, yet the proposition could not be accepted as a whole.

Considerable stock has been subscribed, but the committee have only gone over the smaller part of the territory to be canvassed, and until they finish their work of soliciting, no further action will be necessary.

By this delay and tardiness to take hold, the people of Rowan have let a splendid opportunity pass. How long they will continue in this indifferent mood, is the question. One sees opportunities come and go, unheeded and unimproved.

Speaking of the profit of the mill, Mr. Smith said that if he owned the machinery, he would gladly put it up and pay the stockholders twelve per centum and gladly give the remainder of the profit for his share. Coming from this practical source, it is well worth the attention of those who have money to invest.

See Washington letter for congressional news.

A coal mine at Nanticoke, Pa., caved in on the 21st entombing 23 men and boys.

The last Winston Sentinel spreads itself over twelve pages, and tells all about the twin city.

MINING DEPARTMENT.

T. K. BRUNNE, EDITOR.

Some northern gentlemen have been exploring the mining fields of Randolph county, and have been spending some time at the Sawyer mine, with a view of buying.

The ore at the Hoover Hill mines is improving. It now averages ten dollars to the ton. This will increase the output about one third over former returns.

Johnson Mine.

Dr. J. M. Tomlinson, and D. M. Petty, two enterprising residents of Bush Hill, have opened the Johnson mine to the depth of 70 feet. They have a bold ledge of quartz worth about ten or twelve dollars to the ton. This property is near Bush Hill, in Randolph county.

North State Mine.

Work is progressing at the North State. The main shaft has reached a depth of 400 feet. They will continue the sinking.

The North State Company have twenty five hands at work, prospecting the Uwharrie mine, in Randolph county, and they have a very encouraging outlook. It is reported that they have bought this property, but the price and particulars are not yet known.

New Discovery in Rowan.

Mr. George W. Kerns has discovered a vein of ferruginous quartz, carrying some sulphurets, and which is auriferous. The vein is about one foot to one half feet wide, and has been cut four feet from the surface.

The vein is on the land of Mr. Al. Heilig, five miles from Salisbury, on the New Concord road. The land is leased to Mr. Kerns. Specimens of the ore may be seen at the Watchman office.

The Marion Bullion Co.

The Marion Bullion Company is organized with a capital stock of half a million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares. Hon. Thos. J. Edge, of Pennsylvania, is President; Col. H. C. Demming, also of that State, is Secretary and general manager; (and he owns two thirds of the stock); Thomas H. Rice is foreman at the mines.

The property, consisting of fifteen hundred acres, lies next to the Vein Mountain mine, in Brocket township, McDowell county. The deposits are placer and are being worked by hydraulic process. There are over twenty miles of ditches and the hydraulic capacity is over one thousand miners' inches per day of ten hours, or over 6,000,000 gallons of water for the same period of time. They have taken away six lots of gold, the result of their work, but do not care to make public the returns. With care and economy they expect to make the property pay handsomely.

This company is operating mines in Maryland and Arizona—not new lands by any means. In addition to their work in the placer deposits of their property, they are mining for mica, iron, corundum and feldspar. A tunnel of 300 feet has been driven into the side of a mountain in search of mica. They are finding good marketable corundum and have a feldspar suitable for the manufacture of porcelain ware, and also hard enough to be used as an abrasive. They are searching for iron ore—magnetic—of high grade, and if they are successful in finding just what they want, a large force of a thousand or more hands will be employed in the work of reducing it.

Col. Demming and Dr. C. A. Green, (expert in geology and mineralogy) were here last Thursday, on their way to the property. The work these gentlemen have in hand and in contemplation is of more than ordinary interest, since it is but another pointer to the great development now going on in the State.

Gold Mines Sold.

The Summit Hill gold mine, located just beyond the fair grounds in this city, has been sold, and we understand, to a party of Boston men, who expect to equip the mine with a full complement of machinery and operate it upon a large scale. The mine was owned by Messrs. Samuel Smith and James D. Palmer, and has been worked in former years with profit. It is located immediately by the roadside, within a mile of Independence square. The price paid by the Boston parties for the property has not been learned.—Charlotte Observer.

For the Watchman.

Macadam Road. I notice that the County intends to Macadamize a small portion of the public road near the city. I presume as an experiment. As such I would respectfully recommend to their workshops that instead of Macadamizing the whole width of the road, that only eight feet in the center be so treated, protected by granite curbing on the edges or sides, so as to prevent wagons in turning off from sinking the smaller stones in the mud. I would also suggest this plan to the city.

That eight feet is amply sufficient you, Mr. Editor, can testify from your experience in plank roads, apart from the saving of a vast amount of unnecessary expense. Economy.

For the Watchman.

No Vacancy. SALISBURY, N. C., Dec. 22, 1885. Mr. Editor: The action of the County Commissioners, in reconsidering the resignation of Mr. Sumner, in my opinion, was both regular and legal, as the following facts attest: At the regular November meeting Mr. Sumner tendered his resignation. The Commissioners accept-

ed it to take effect at a subsequent time, for the following good and sufficient reasons, to wit: they did not wish to create a vacancy until the Justices of the peace could be called together; and they desired to have the services of a chairman to transact any business that might be required in the mean time.

This action, it was thought, was both proper and wise. The first Monday in December they met as usual, Mr. Sumner being Chairman. After the reading of the last meeting were read, a motion was made by Dr. Coleman to reconsider their action in regard to Mr. Sumner's resignation, and Mr. Kluttz submitted the motion to a vote. It passed unanimously.

"These are the facts," claim there never has been any vacancy whatever, and the purpose of the Commissioners in not accepting the resignation unconditionally, was to guard against a vacancy. Now, before the hour for the meeting of the Justices of the Peace arrives, they decide to reconsider their previous action. They did so, as they thought they had a perfect right to do, there being no vacancy at the time, the regularly elected chairman actually occupying the chair when the motion was made. I therefore can see no occasion for alarm in the action of the Commissioners as establishing an improper precedent, or from the want of regularity or legality. Their action was both wise and conservative.

Feeding Land.

Fertilize land by feeding stock! How can that be done? It is said that thousands of farmers in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, and other northern and western States, are just now learning that the easiest possible way to restore the falling fertility of their lands is to feed stock—the richer the food given them the better. All they sell the stock as beef cattle, or the butter from them, at prices which cover the cost of feed, and have tons of excellent manure for their lands left as a clear profit. Thus they say, feeding their stock feeds their lands.

This was the plan of our grandfathers. The northern farmers are going back to the practice of ancient times, under which, however, farmers in old times got rich. Many southern farmers still stand by guano at \$45 a ton, because they believe there is money in it—and there is, to those who so sell it. Some few years ago we heard that their granddaddies never used a pound of commercial fertilizers and yet raised large families of bouncing girls and robust boys and made money by farming, have a notion that they will try to do so too—next year, or the year after next, if not sooner. It is about as hard to quit guano as it is to quit chewing tobacco. A fellow can fight the seven years' itch with his finger nails and mercurial ointment with some degree of satisfaction; but when it comes to fighting guano with house-made manure the battle becomes doubtful. TURKISH TOPS.

ODDS AND ENDS PICKED UP.

Some of the Southern cotton mills are reported as making money "hand over fist." At several points capacity is being increased and new buildings for shop room and for the use of employees are being erected.

In Swain county, N. C., there is a church of nature's own workmanship. It is near Jarrett's. It is called the "natural rock house." It stands on the Nantahala river, facing the river and the railroad, and resembles the roof of an ancient mansion. The long, arched pillars give it a very majestic appearance. It has five rooms, the largest of which holds about 300 persons and is used for a church.

Immigration to North Carolina, as reported by the Agent of Immigration, Mr. John T. Patrick, is encouraging. He estimates the arrival of emigrants at 150 a month, mostly from the Northern States. The amount brought into the State by each is estimated at an average of \$2,500. Most of them are settling west of Greensboro.

Compulsory re-vaccination of the soldiers was established by the German Government eleven years ago, and since then not a single death from small pox has occurred in the German army.

The scientific importance of exploring the accessible regions about the South Pole is urged by Sir Erasmus Ommanly, of the British navy, who remarks that no man has ever wintered in the Antarctic zone.

It is said that underground wires, covered with chemically prepared palmetto fibre, have stood remarkable tests without failure, and for covering single or few wires that substance is probably the best and cheapest covering now known.

Watches may be sent for testing to the Kew Observatory in London, and certificate of excellence will be given, but so extreme is the accuracy required that no watch can be marked first class which varies as much as one tick in 43,000.

Experiments on the sleep fishes have been made in London by Mr. W. August Carter. He has found that the fresh water fishes observed—the roach, dace, widgeon, carp, tench, minnow and catfish—sleep periodically, like terrestrial animals. The same is true of some marine fishes, such as the wrasse, conger eel, dory, dogfish, bass, and all species of flat fish, but the gold fish, pike and angler fish do not appear to sleep at all, although they rest periodically.

At Durham, N. C., a great center of the tobacco trade, a cotton mill is just getting under way for manufacturing the cloth for the little sacks in which smoking tobacco is packed. It is now turning out over a thousand yards a day, and will soon run it up to four thousand, most of which will be used right there.

At the New Orleans Exposition is a beautiful mica pavilion filled with rubies, sapphires, amethysts, emeralds and other gems and ores from North Carolina. There are no diamonds, although the curious itacolumite, the gangue of the diamond, is there in long flexible slabs. There are also special collections of gems and ornamental stones, etc.

Dr. D. F. Wright of Clarksville, Tenn., has been studying the mica industries in North Carolina, and thinks there is a bonanza for the right men, as all the mica mines in the United States can now be bought very cheap.

Mr. Randall proposes to prevent the immediate passage of the Hoar Presidential succession bill by giving the election to the Presidential Electors. This is the idea of the Louisville Courier-Journal, but it will delay an important matter, as the Senate has already passed the Hoar bill.—Wil. Star.

The President has given very great satisfaction to the Democrats of New York by appointing the Hon. John Bigelow to be assistant United States treasurer for New York and Gen. Franz Siegel to be pension agent in that city. The Germans, irrespective of party, are delighted at the recognition of the services of their old commander.

Leatheroid—A Novel Industry.

The Leatheroid Manufacturing Company, whose mills are at Kennebunk, in York county, was organized in 1884 with a paid up capital of \$125,000, and has lately been authorized to increase to \$250,000. The demand for their peculiar product, and the numerous articles made from it, has increased so rapidly and to such an extent that the company, who now occupy four large buildings in their business, are erecting two additional factories at Kennebunk, one of which, 100x50 and three stories, will be devoted exclusively to the manufacture of leatheroid trunks and boxes. The factories are run both by steam and water, and the special tools which are largely used are mostly made in the machine shop of the company. Since the original patents issued on this material in 1877, it has been much improved and various patents have been taken out by the company for articles and processes of manufacture. The products of the mills now include sample trunks, which are made a specialty; roving cans, boxes and baskets for mill uses; insulating materials too numerous to mention.

Leatheroid is a new material very closely resembling rawhide in texture, but is much stiffer and holds its shape better. Its basis is pure cotton-fibre, yet impregnated with a chemical substance which makes it as tough and stiff as horn. Leatheroid roving cans, cars and boxes for factory and warehouse purposes have been introduced into the principal cotton and other factories of the United States, and are being used with universal favor from their lightness and strength. From this material the company make a sample trunk that is rapidly being adopted by commercial travelers in place of the various kinds heretofore used, as it is lighter than any cases as a substitute for hard rubber or celluloid at much less cost. It is really a remarkable substance, and being comparatively new, it will doubtless be applied to a thousand uses as yet unthought of.—Industrial Journal.

The promptness with which the bill granting a pension of \$5,000 a year to the widow of Gen. Grant has passed both houses of Congress with an entire absence of debate and a practically unanimous vote makes the act conspicuously graceful. The only negative vote came from a Republican member of the house from Wisconsin, whose reasons for casting it remained buried in his own bosom.

Whatever may be the value of Paton's treatment of hydrophobia, Dr. Fleming, the eminent English surgeon, is right in saying that prevention is better than cure. The worthless vagoabond curs should be killed after Dr. Watt's approved method, and the rest of the canine tribe carefully looked after.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of letters remaining in post office at Salisbury, N. C., for the week ending Dec. 19th, 1885.

Walter Hinson, Jennie Hackett, James D. Buans, Abram Lentz, J. W. Bruce, A. J. Mowery, Henry E. C. Brown, S. L. M. Moore, Mc Todd, R. E. Parnell, Sarah Coppeny, Wilson Rushing, Rev. R. T. Crooks, John C. Rogers, Caroline Grant, Taff Williams, Mrs. H. W. Groors, Prince Steel, Perry H. Hobbs, A. D. Shuping, G. M. Hardwick, D. C. Lingle, Jennie I. Haden, W. W. Williams, R. J. Wade, J. W. Wright, N. L. Wright.

Please say advertised when the above letters are called for.

MARRIED.

By Rev. R. L. Brown, at his residence on 17th of December, 1885, Mr. Henry M. L. Agner to Miss Laura R. Lyerly, both of Providence township.

In this county, Dec. 17, 1885, by Rev. Sam'l Rothrock, Mr. David C. Holshouser and the Sarah E. A., daughter of Mr. Allison Best.

HAPPY

New Year TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

WITKOWSKY & BARUCH, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS AND STORE KEEPERS.

I guarantee Shiner's Indian Vermifuge to destroy and expel worms from the human body, where they exist, if used according to directions. You are authorized to sell it upon the above conditions. David E. Foutz, Proprietor, Baltimore, Md.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE.

A good farm of 250 acres, well watered, plenty of forest, meadow, and good dwelling and out houses, for sale by BRUNER & McCUBBINS, Real Estate Agents, Salisbury, N. C.

J. Rowan Davis, of Blackmer, is receiving his second stock of Ladies' Dress Goods for the season.

Mr. Davis carries the largest and best stock of General Merchandise in the western part of Rowan, and the people should be proud of this store in their midst where they can buy good goods at town prices.

Salisbury Tobacco Market.

Table with columns for tobacco types and prices. Includes items like 'Lugs, common dark', 'medium red', 'leaf, common short green', etc.

SALISBURY MARKET.

Table with columns for market items and prices. Includes items like 'Corn, freely, at 40¢/bu', 'Wheat, 90¢/100', 'Beef, retail, 6¢/10', etc.

R. J. HOLMES.

New Winter Goods. I have just returned from the North, and have now received a stock of goods unequalled in beauty and unrivalled in price. It embraces a general stock of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

Call before trading—see the best before buying. NOTICE! I have accounts, notes and mortgages which are past due. These must be settled up. There is no better time than now, as there are good crops made this season throughout the country. Settle up, take a new start, with bright new goods.

FOR RENT!

A brick building, in the Holmes Block, near the Post Office. Store room 22x65, with cellar. Four good rooms and a hallway up stairs, suitable for dwelling. R. J. HOLMES, SALISBURY, N. C.