Carolina Watchman.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 30, 1886.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

For Congress—7th District,
JOHN S. HENDERSON, of Rowan.

For Judge—8th District,
W. J. MONTGOMERY, of Cabarrus.

Solicitor—8th District,
B. F. LONG, of Iredell.

For Justices of the Supreme Court.
For Chief Justice—WM. N. H. SMITH.
For Associate Justices,
A. S. MERRIMON—THOS. S. ASHE.

ROWAN'S TICKET.

For State Senator,
HON. F. E. SHOBER.

For the Legislature,
LEE S. OVERMAN.

For Sheriff,
C. C. KRIDER.

For Register of Deeds,
H. N. WOODSON.

For Superior Court Clerk,
JOHN M. HORAH.

For County Treasurer,
J. S. McCUBBINS, Jr.

For Coroner,
D. A. ATWELL.

For County Surveyor,
B. C. AREY.

Atlantic and Northwestern Railroad.

The Atlantic and Northwestern railroad scheme is likely to be presented to our people at an early time for their adoption or rejection, as the case may be. The surveyors have already passed Salisbury and are now at or near Mocksville. They are enthusiastic as to the country they have traveled through. We have to look at the question from every side and see if there is anything in it for the people of Rowan. In the first place, what do they propose to do? They propose to build a grand trunk line from the Atlantic seaboard, at Smithville (where they have a splendid land-locked harbor with 20 feet of water in it,) to Bristol, Tenn., where they will connect with the great lines already operating in the northwest, west and southwest; where they will strike the immense deposits of coal and iron which can be taken to the seaboard on a down grade line 200 miles shorter than any other; to open up new territory in North Carolina and furnish a competing freight line which will relieve the exorbitant rates now charged. They propose to do much more, but this is enough for our present purpose. So far, so good. Now how do they propose to do this? They claim to have the money to build the road, and they propose to do so. They pay all their expenses and are now having a very expensive survey of the route made. Do they ask for help from the counties through which they go? They do, on conditions. In the first place they want to be identified with the people and State, and to secure a proper interest of the people they ask that certain county and town subscriptions be made to the road, which acts in a double capacity in making the interests of the people and the road common. On what terms do they want these subscriptions? The easiest in the world. They say we propose to give you the road first, then take the subscriptions. We will build, for instance, here in Rowan, to Salisbury, and then ask for half of the county subscription; and when we cross the western boundary we will ask for the balance. That is fair enough. When do they propose to begin work? At once—by the first of November. They begin with a thousand hands at Smithville, and in case they are to come by Salisbury, they will put on additional force to work in the rolling country near here.

What will Rowan do? A petition numerously signed was presented to the County Commissioners asking for an immediate call to vote on this question. But for several good reasons, that petition was not granted. It will come before that body soon, when some final action will be taken. The county subscription to the scheme will, of course, be made with limitations and conditions, and in such a manner as will prove no barrier to other schemes in case this fails. We will say something more on this subject later on.

Henderson and Long Campaign.

Hon. John S. Henderson is making fine headway with his congressional canvass in this district. He has been speaking to fairly good audiences since he opened. He had a good crowd at Silver Hill in Davidson county and also at Farmer's in Randolph county. At this point he had a first rate crowd, including a number of ladies, one of whom presented him with a beautiful boquet. At Hunsucker's in Montgomery county, he had a good audience. The people were expecting Allen Jordan to reply to him, but that individual did not put in an appearance. At Enterprise Factory, in Randolph, he was met by a large and enthusiastic crowd who listened with marked attention. At Gray's Chapel he was greeted with a good crowd of people. At Asheboro, on the 21st inst., hundreds of people were present. Mr. Benj. F. Long followed Mr. Henderson, and was well received by the large gathering. In summing up so far in the campaign it may be said that Davidson is in good condition politically. A good county Legislative ticket has been nominated and there is every probability that the county will go Democratic this year. Montgomery seems to be allright but as yet no definitedetermination of the probable result can be stated, though Democracy is gaining there very rapidly. Randolph is in excellent condition. A splendid ticket has been nominated there and the impression is that the Democratic majority will be larger this year than usual. Mr. Long, candidate for Solicitor, is making a fine effort, is received well everywhere, and is making a fine impression in the district. He will make a popular and able solicitor. The press in the district have been very kind to both these gentlemen. The Asheboro *Courier* says:

Hon. John S. Henderson and Benj. F. Long, Esq., were on hand Tuesday and made a fine impression upon our people. It was Mr. Long's first visit here. They spoke Tuesday evening. Mr. Henderson, after a graceful introduction by Dr. J. K. Stockard, spoke for 1½ hours upon national affairs. We are sorry we could not hear him. His defense of the Cleveland administration is said to have been convincing and complete.

Mr. Long spoke for an hour and we have heard high compliments of his effort.

From the Davie *Times* we take the following:

Hon. John S. Henderson has published a set of appointments in which he gives Davie four. His many friends will be glad to welcome him after his faithful service to constituents and party. It is our pleasure to state that we watched his course through the first session of the forty-ninth Congress, and it was entirely commendable. He did not waste time in delivering windy speeches, but when he arose to address the House, it was to the point and brief. His work was done in the committee room without much ado; always at his post watchful of, and persistant in behalf of his constituency.

The *Western Carolinian*, one of the oldest and best temperance papers in the State, in publishing the call of the Third party committee for a convention to meet and nominate a man to oppose Mr. Henderson in this district, very properly says:

We have heard no objection to the temperance habits or record of Mr. Henderson, and we know no reason why we should not support him. We had intended to attend the convention for the purpose of opposing a nomination, but the above call excludes us, and we should probably not be allowed a hearing.

In our humble opinion the movement is unwise under present circumstances. So long as the Democratic party nominates as worthy men as John Henderson it will very likely hold its Prohibition voters, and any unjustifiable or factious opposition on our part, is sure to injure our cause.

We regret the necessity of differing with our friends but, as sentinel on guard, we feel bound to call a halt.

Spend Your Money at Home.

Elizabeth City Falcon.

This is the season of the year when New York firms flood this section of the country with handsomely illustrated catalogues and printed directions for "shipping by mail." And we are sorry to know that our people are sometimes so unmindful of self interest as to be duped by these highly colored pictures and send away money that should be invested in home enterprises and home industries. Our merchants carry stocks from which a Queen's toilet may be selected. We have clothiers whose suits would satisfy the most fashionable dude. We have milliners whose taste and stock compare favorably with much larger cities. All of which may be had—at prices that compare with the above named New York and Philadelphia firms. The place to spend your money is where you make it. Ladies, your husbands, your brothers and your sons make their living at home, and it is your duty as public spirited citizens, to patronize those who give them employment.

This is true. Every citizen should take it to heart and remember that it is the aggregation of little things which make the total business of a place great or small. Factories and Mills will not help a place if the people do not unite to help also. They must help by keeping everything at home. But does not the merchant often set the example in sending away? Do they not send away for many things they could buy or have made at home? Do they not send their job printing—letter, note and bill heads, hand bills, and other work—away, while it could be done at home? In this they set the example for the ladies and others to send away also. The rule works both ways, unfortunately, and can and does much harm. Do not, then, forget that the prosperity of a town depends on keeping trade at home.

And With Good Reason.

A North Carolina paper does not approve of Mr. Cleveland's policy of preventing Democrats in office from helping to maintain Democratic ascendency and relying entirely upon those outside Democrats, who hold no office, to all the work. There is sense in this opposition and it will meet the approbation of many good Democrats.—*Danville Register, Dem.*

This is a very reasonable objection to the civil service humbug. Mr. Cleveland thinks it his duty to administer the civil service law as it stands, and very properly leaves circumstanees to take care of themselves but he does not seem to look at the consequences, or if he does, he cares little for them. The Democrats holding office in the South are very generally the leaders of the party. They are in official positions, as a rule, because of their faithful and untiring service to the party. Under the President's construction of civil service, the moment a man attains office he must cease to be a politician; must cease to work for his party and must become neutral. Under this same civil service humbug, he is to remain in office indefinitely on good behavior. So that as soon as the offices are filled the rest of the party may consider themselves as out of the race for U. S. official position, but are expected to keep up the party, and fight its battles, all for *pure* glory! The pure glory in many instances means a change in the personel of certain offices, and this is the stimulant to the *activity* of most all politicians. Away with civil service! It is an abomination and a fraud! If nothing else does, this one issue is enough to stimulate Democrats to come out and vote for those who oppose civil service. Vance is with the people on this point.

Our Adopted Citizens.

Our adopted citizens, (we use that term in a double sense, for it was a mutual adoption by them and by us,) began at the right end of their enterprise by submitting their plan for a convention to the State press association and securing its endorsement and co-operation, before they developed it to the public. They then informed their brethren in this State what they wished to do and obtained their hearty concurrence. They also made commissioner Patrick their agent of communication with each other, with the Northern and State press, and with that large number of inquirers throughout the land who have within a few years expressed a desire to learn something about North Carolina. Recently Commissioners Patrick's clerks have mailed to many thousand persons and firms in the North and West a circular letter of greeting signed by several hundred adopted citizens, who have given both their present residences and their Northern homes. These signers are natives of twenty-two states and two territories; a few are from Great Britain and Canada, and one from the Argentine Republic. The circular is addressed "To Inquirers concerning North Carolina," and extends all such a cordial invitation to attend the meeting at Raleigh, and hear from the signers of "the superior advantages this State offers to industrious and thrifty settlers." They are also requested to apply to Mr. Patrick for orders for low rate tickets, which the principal trunk lines have promised to sell to all comers having such orders.

While these preparations have been made to induce many to attend the convention, others have been in progress for some time in various parts of the State, looking towards a large exhibition of its products and resources. This department of agriculture will make a fine display; owners of herds, planters and farmers, manufacturers, lumbermen, miners and quarrymen, are getting ready their exhibits. The prospects are that this will be in all respects the best fair the State Agricultural Association has ever held. All these preparations are creditable and will many fold repay those who are making them. Among these coming "Inquirers Concerning North Carolina" will be a large delegation of editors and correspondents, whose reports will be eagrlye read by those other thousands of "inquirers" who could not attend the convention.

We have seen great and permanent benefits come to this State from the Exhibitions made in Atlanta, Boston and New Orleans. This convention, held simultaneously with the fair, will add much to the influences set in motion at those expositions, of which, in fact this is a legitimate result. There are certain things that may be done to increase the interest of our visitors, and to lead them to decisive conclusions while in our midst. Suppose for instance that all the mines in operation in this gold belt were to send displays, every one duly labeled, the whole to be so arranged as to show the ores in geographical order. What an excellent impression a display like that would make upon the editorial fraternity. Suppose furthermore that a large number of them should come from Raleigh to Salisbury and be carried through the entire district, the mine owners joining together as their guides and entertainers. Would not the publicity given to this gold belt more than recompense all concerned? In short—will it not be wise and profitable for those interested in gold mining in all this region to act in concert both in exhibiting at the fair and then in inducing many to visit the mines?

Rowan and her Democracy.

IS THIS AN OFF YEAR.

Two years ago the people of these United States went to the polls and James G. Blaine of the State of Maine went to the wall. Then the people as a nation rested from their labors. This restful interval will continue, as to the nation, for two years to come; but are the people of Rowan entitled to a rest? We think not, for it is easy to attest and equally easy to demonstrate that the election of November, prox. touches our people more nearly and is of more vital importance to them than the one of two years ago.

We *can* live under a republican general government if we are put to it; this we have found upon trial.

We *can not* live under a republican home government; and this we have found upon trial,

To the latter, testify the bitter years during which government by them meant little more than the wreck of affairs.

Bitter years of which an impeached and disfranchised Governor, an exhausted and debauched judiciary, a depleted and rifled treasury, millions upon millions of fraudulent, dishonest and now dishonored bonds were issued to burden the people, legislative halls filled with a streaming press of negroes, public institutions with closed doors, school houses deserted, desolate and decaying, counties struggling under the incubus of disproportionate debts, the Kirk War, the eighty cents on the hundred tax of 1869, the $1,117,160.44 squandered and stolen, the Littlefield-Swepson steal and the thousand and one spectre shapes of dishonesty, debauchery, ignorance, incompetence, and disgrace, crowded into them, are unforgotten testimonials. Years which are a blot of dishonor and a horrible nightmare before our eyes.

Yes, we have tried this drossy amalgam of negroes and Mott and Keough "whites" (save the mark) and found that all that was not scorea was ashes.

We drank to the lees their acrid cup, which was little more than a solution of negrogen stupidity and apostate rascality and our teeth are still on edge.

No fear of our joining their party, for when we are prepared to do that we will rent pews in the African churches, take desks for our children in their schools and thus make a square, honest, consistent confession all round.

There is only a fear that we will stay away from the polls in appreciable numbers, thus jeopardizing, through carelessness, the result of a vital election, because we think it an off year.

But is it an off year. We will look it over carefully and see.

What branch of the government lies nearest to the people? How many of our people have come directly in contact and been affected by an executive act proceeding from either our President or Governor? Hardly a dozen. Who is there among us able to bring one single enactment of Congress or the Legislature home to himself. Very few.

But, who is there that the judiciary does not touch and who is not therefore concerned that our judges be men of purity, conscience and learning in the laws? men to whom you can safely trust your homes, your liberty, your fair names, and your lives? Democrats of Rowan, the people of our State are called upon to select for themselves nine judges this Fall. Will the democrats do this, as is their right, due, and *duty*, or will they waive their privileges and permit others who are irresponsible prejudiced and ignorant to do it for them. Chosen by some one they will be, and we all must abide the choice, however it falls; and if we place or suffer a radical judge in a position where if he chooses—and such judges have in times past chosen to do this very thing—he may draw a party line against our property and our reputations, we must submit with what grace we can.

We must say whether we will have our Supreme Court Bench constituted as now, of three grand old men whose names are synonyms for probity and learning, or such an other exhaustible affair as they gave us before.

It is left to you to say whether you will have a continuance of purity, capacity and fidelity among the judges who come among you four times a year or whether you will try an assortment of their men with a Greasy Sam Watts or two among them. Choose! The writer of these lines is able to stand it if you are, for his interests are identical with your own. He is a candidate for self respect alone and for no office or shadow of an office under the sun—and never will be.

Then, too, your County officers, your Representative, your Senator and your Congressman, should come in for a share of your notice. If you fail to notice them on election day, after that day those elected will suffer you to pass unnoticed in turn, for they will not be of your color—in politics at least. They will be brunettes with political proclivities varying all the way from brindle spotted to solid ebony and warranted fast colors.

In fine, Democrats, this *is not* an off year. For, if you should allow the election to go by default you will find, too late, that you have done greater damage to yourselves, than you could possibly have done two years ago. Are you willing for this sweeping disastrous change? Are you quite prepared for it? Could you stand it if it were to come? If so, decline to take notice of the coming election and pull corn all day long. Such an apathetic course as that will insure the parties defeat and then we will tough it out together.

Apathy and lethargy in our own ranks are the only means of achieving a victory, to which the Republicans can look. Are you going to allow them to win by such means. Hardly!

By "You," of Rowan, I mean those who own her soil, support her government, maintain her schools, disburse her moneys, hold the reins of government, are responsible for credit and honor, who control all she has and is, and who are therefore Rowan:

EX COMMITTEE.

From the New York Observer.

The Voice of God.

Not long since, we saw, in a secular journal, which loses no opportunity to insult or sneer at its religious contemporaries, an article referring to the remarks of the religious press upon the recent earthquake at Charleston. With an arrogance which seems absurd when the scant knowledge of this secular sheet upon religious subjects is considered, the newspaper proceeds to approve those religious papers which had spoken of the earthquake as something with which science only was concerned, and to jest profanely at the pious reflections of such of the religious press as had presumed to view the earthquake from a religious standpoint. This is the attitude of psuedo-science at the present day. It deals in words and names, which are meaningless and empty, and pours contempt upon those who take a humble and reverent attitude in view of wonders which are inexplicable and awful.

When the earth trembled in Charleston, there were some that mocked, but when the shock was repeated, and the buildings tottered and fell, their mockery was changed into fear, and the proud and self-sufficient scientist ran for the open square as fast as the ignorant negro, and felt even more keenly that unless God helped them the city was doomed. It is an old and very common experience, that the first persons to turn pale in shipwreck and to call upon God, are those who have boasted of their self-reliance and independence of God in fair weather; and there is no surer evidence of ignorance and cowardice, than an irreverent and flippant treatment of those movements in the material world by which God manifests himself to the creatures whom he has made. The proper attitude of every man, be he learned or ignorant, saint or sinner, in view of an earthquake, is that of humility. "Be still, and know that I am God: I will be exalted among the heathen, I will be exalted in the earth."

Science, with all its theories and inventions, has never been able to defend mankind from a single earthquake, nor to afford the slightest help during its vibrations; but religion has enabled its adherents to say, "We will not fear, though the earth be removed, and though the mountains be carried into the midst of the sea; though the waters thereof roar and be troubled, though the mountains shake with the swelling thereof."

It is one thing to assume that a calamity is a wrathful visitation of God upon a particular place or individual, and quite another to believe that the voice of God is to be heard in the tempest and the earthquake, as well as in the murmur of the rivulet, and the zephyr breeze. He who assumes to interpret calamity as God's wrathful judgment, should remember the words of our Lord respecting the victims of a Jewish accident—, "or suppose ye that those eighteen upon whom the tower of Siloam fell were sinners above all them that dwelt at Jerusalem, because they suffered such things? I tell you nay: but, except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish." And he, on the contrary, who, looking over the material world, neither sees nor hears, nor recognizes God in all these works and wonders, should read and ponder the words of Paul from Mars' Hill to the Athenians, respecting God: "In him we live and move and have our being."

To the true student of nature, all things speak of God, from the dew drop that sparkles on the flower, to the brightest star in Orion's gleaming belt; from the hum of the tiniest insect to the fearful roll of the earthquake; and he is not to be envied who hears and sees the phenomena of this curious and wonderful world without a single thought of the Creator and Preserver of all! To him the world is a workshop without a workman; to the devout student it is a temple wherein he may daily and hourly worship a God of wisdom, power, and love.

COCAINE, IODOFORM OR MERCURIALS in any form in the treatment of catarrh or hay fever should be avoided, as they are both injurious and dangerous. Iodoform is easily detected by its offensive odor. The only reliable catarrh remedy on the market to-day is Ely's Cream Balm being, free from all poisonous drugs. It has cured thousands of acute and chronic cases, where all other remedies have failed. A particle is applied into each nostril; no pain; agreeable to use. Price 50 cents of druggists.

CLOSING OUT!

The firm of J. H. THOMPSON'S SONS, have this day dissolved copartnership by mutual consent. They have on hand a large lot of wagons, Plows, Feed Cutters &c., &., which they offer at cost for cash, in order that they may close up the business between this and the 1st day of January 1887.---All indebted to the above firm will please call at once and settle their notes and accounts; otherwise they will be put in the hands of an officer for collection. Respectfully,

J. H. THOMPSON'S SONS.

Tyro Shops, Davidson Co., Sept. 23d, 1886.
49 : 2 m.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF LAND.

In pursuance of an order of the Superior Court of Rowan, made at August term 1886, in the case of John C Foard vs R. F. Johnston, I will sell at the Court House door in Salisbury, on MONDAY the 1st DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1886, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following tract of land, situated in Rowan county and State of North Carolina, described as follows:

Known as the "Neely Mills lands" and "J. G. Flemming lands" adjoining J. G. Flemming on the North, Mrs. Carson on the East, John Carson and Jesse Powlas on the South, and J. D. Johnston and wife and Dr. D. B. Wood on the West—Containing one hundred and twenty-one acres, together with eight acres more or less known as part of Kilpatrick lands, adjoining J. S. Thompson and Hobson's Heirs and E. L. Johnston. Terms of sale—cash.

L. H. CLEMENT, Com'r.

Dated Sept. 23d, 1886. 49:tds.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS! FOR CASH,

At the Court House in Salisbury, on the 1st Monday in November, 1886.

A Valuable Farm, situated in Unity Township, Rowan County, about 9 miles from Salisbury, on the waters of Second Creek, near the Wilkesboro road, adjoining the lands of James Holt, Calvin Harrison and others, containing about 144 acres, nearly one-half of which is Second Creek bottom, heavily timbered. On the place is a good frame house, barn, well, and necessary out buildings, all new.

There are also 26 acres on Beaver Creek.

Terms cash. For information and all particulars apply to

THEO. F. KLUTTZ, Attorney,
Salisbury, N. C., or
MRS. JENNIE C. McCORKLE,
Jerusalem, Davie Co., N.C.

48:tds.
September 23d, 1886.

LIME!

AIR SLACKED,

FOR COMPOSTING and other Agricultural and DEODORIZING purposes—at the low price of

75 cts. per barrel.

44:2 R. J. HOLMES.

GERMAN CARP:----I can furnish carp large or small, in any quantity, for stocking ponds. For terms, address W. R. FRALEY, Salisbury, N. C. 37:tf.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold onlyn cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall st. N.Y

Congressional Canvass.

Mr. Henderson's Appointments.

Tyro,		Friday, Sept.	24.
Yadkinville, Yadkin co.,		Tuesday, "	28.
East Bend,	do	Wednesday, "	29.
Boonville,	do	Thursday, "	30.
Buck-Shoals,	do	Friday, Oct.	1.
County Line, Davie county,		Saturday, "	2.
Jackson Hill, Davidson co.,		Monday, "	4.
Troy, Montgomery co.,		Tuesday, "	5.
Mt. Gilead,	do	Wednesday, "	6.
Eldorado,	do	Thursday, "	7.
Gold-Hill, Rowan county,		Friday, "	8.
Morgan's,	do	Saturday, "	9.
China Grove,	do	Monday, "	11.
Mocksville, Davie county,		Tuesday, "	12.
Olin, Iredell county,		Wednesday, "	13
Sloan's Store,	do	Thursday, "	14.
Brady's X Roads, Iredell co.		Friday; "	15.
Mooresville,	do	Saturday, "	16.
Catawba, Catawba co.		Monday, "	18.
Hickory,	do	Tuesday, "	19.
Newton,	do	Wednesday, "	20.
Keeversville,	do	Thursday, "	21.
Sherrill's Store,	do	Friday, "	22.
Statesville, Iredell county,		Saturday, "	23.
Fork Church, Davie county,		Monday, "	25.
Farmington,	do	Tuesday, "	26.
Thomasville, Davidson co.,		Saturday, "	30.
Third Creek, Rowan co.,		Monday, Nov.	1.

Tax Notice AND PUBLIC SPEAKING!

The Tax payers of Rowan County are hereby requested to meet me at the following times and places and settle their taxes for the year 1886, viz:

Newsom's store,	Providence township, Tuesday Oct. 5th.
Bostian's X Roads,	Litaker township Wednesday Oct. 6th.
Miller's store,	Gold Hill township Thursday Oct. 7th.
Gold Hill,	Friday " 8th.
Morgan's	Saturday " 9th.
China Grove,	Monday " 11th.
Enochville,	Wednesday " 13th.
Coleman's store,	Atwell's township, Thursday Oct. 14th.
A. E. Sherrills,	Mt. Ulla township, Friday Oct. 15th.
Blackmers,	Steel township, Sat. Oct. 16th.
Mt. Vernon,	Scotch Irish township, Monday Oct. 18th.
Bailey's store,	Unity township, Monday night Oct. 18th.
Franklin,	Tuesday " 19th.
Locke township,	Cowan's school house, Friday Oct. 22d.
Third Creek,	Monday Nov. 1st.

The Candidates for the Legislative and the County Offices, will attend these appointments and address the people. The public are urged to attend, pay their taxes and hear the candidates.

C. C KRIDER, Sheriff.

Sept. 10th, '86. 47:3w.

Executors' Notice.

All persons having claims against Philip Owens, dec'd., are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, on or before the 16th day of September, 1887, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. Those indebted to the estate of the deceased, are requested to make early payment of the same.

B. H. OWEN,
J. A. OWEN, } Executors.

Sept. 11, 1886. 47:6t.p.

NORTH CAROLINA } IN THE SUPERIOR
ROWAN COUNTY. } COURT.
AUGTST 21st 1886.

J N Baker, J F Baker, W H Alley and wife Margaret Alley, W J Overcash and wife Mary D Overcash, Frances E Sherrill, Mary M Sherrill and Bruner A Sherrill infants under the age of twenty one years by their next friend W T. Sherrill, O V Baker and N I Baker infants under the age of twenty-one years by their guardian E T Goodman; D C Baker, N Baker and D Baker infants under the age of twenty-one years by their guardian

Jacob M Eudy Pl'ffs.
Against
Florence Collins, Def'ts.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court by affidavit that Florence Collins, the defendant above named is a non-resident of this State and cannot after due diligence be found in this State and that she is a necessary party to the above named action.

It is now on motion ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman for six successive weeks notifying the said Florence the defendant above named, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, for the County of Rowan on the 9th day of October 1886 and answer the complaint filed in this action in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, and let her take notice that if she fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand this 21st day of August 1886. J. M. HORAH, Clerk
Superior Court Rowan Co.

Land For Sale.

The Undersigned offers his valuable plantation of 115 acres on Second Creek 8 miles west of Salisbury for sale. It is valuable property, and a bargain will be given if application is made early.

43:1m. H. E. NAIL.

NOTICE!

Lost on Sept. 11th, 1886, between my house and South River church, a pocket book containing one hundred and fifteen dollars in bills, for which the finder will be liberally rewarded. C. S. SMOOT, Mirmada, N. C.

FOR RENT.

A new comfortable and convenient dwelling with six rooms, lathed and plastered. Apply to

F. DAVIDSON & Co.

44:tf.

Notice of Dissolution.

The firm of P. M. Brown & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. A. Falconer withdrawing. P. M. Brown will continue the business in all its branches. Either partner will sign in liquidation.

P. M. BROWN,
W. A. FALCONER.

Salisbury, N. C. July 19, '86. 40:1m

NOTICE!

BY Order of the Superior Court of Alexander County, I will resell on the premises, on Monday, the 4th day of October, a certain tract of land in Rowan county, lying on the waters of Third Creek, adjoining the lands of James Cowan, Henry Burke, and others, belonging to the estate of Edmond Burke, deceased, containing 20 acres by estimation. Terms, six months credit, with bond and approved security. Title not given until purchase money is paid.

H. J. BURKE, admr.

Aug. 31, 1886. 43:4t

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Gives Relief at once and Cures

COLD in the Head, CATARRH HAY FEVER.

Not a Liquid, Snuff or Powder. Free from Injurious Drugs and Offensive odors.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

A particle of the Balm is applied into each nostril is agreeable to use and is quickly absorbed, effectually cleansing the nasal passages of catarrhal virus causing healthy secretions.

It allays pain and inflamation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications.

A thorough treatment will cure.

Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered 60 cents. Circulars sent free.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

45:tf

W. F. ELLIOTT
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,
SALISBURY, N. C.

I wish to state to the citizens of Salisbury and surrounding country, that I am located at Salisbury N. C. for the purpose of constructing buildings of all styles and finish. Am a practical builder of several years experience and guarantee satisfaction. Parties wishing to see me on building will find me at the residence of Mr. Willie Gales. Very Res'pt.

W. F. ELLIOTT,
Salisbury N. C.

45:3t.

FOR SALE.

A valuable tract of land, 193 acres, two miles from Back Creek church, Rowan county. Rich bottoms and fine uplands. A splendid farm with all improvements. A bargain for somebody. Terms reasonable. Mrs. H. N. Goodman (adjoining place), will show the lands. Apply to her, or write

JOHN D. COCHRAN,
Hodges, S. C.

48:1m.p.

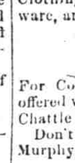
Magic Baking Powder,

Manufactured by F. Davidson & Co.
SALISBURY, N. C.

IS put up and sold in Tin cans, and it recommends itself to the public for its STRENGTH, UNIFORMITY, and rising qualities. It is also economical and wholesome. Ask your Grocer for the

Magic Baking Powder.

37:tf



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Connelly Springs HOTEL,

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HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY

LEADING PHYSICIANS

ALL OVER THE STATE.

Accommodations for

BOARD

The BEST in Western N. C.

Analysis of the water, terms, and all communications, will be promptly answered either by us at Salisbury, N. C., or at Happy Home, Burke county, N. C.

MERONEY & BRO.
Proprietors.

38:3m

CHEAPER & LARGER THAN EVER!!

J. S. McCubbins has just received the largest and most complete stock of new

SPRING AND SUMMER

goods that he has ever offered to the public: Consisting of Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Drugs, Hats, Clothing, Provisions, Crockery and Glassware, and a full line of high grade

Fertilizers

For Cotton and Tobacco, all of which is offered very cheap for Cash, Barter, or good Chattle Mortgages.

Don't fail to go and see him at No. 1, Murphy's Granite Row, Salisbury, N. C.

FOR SALE OR RENT

3 Small Houses. Apply to
J. S. McCUBBINS, Sr,

April 1st, 1886. 24:tf.