

Carolina Watchman.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 22, 1887.

The New York Star makes the announcement that John Sherman, Jas. G. Blaine and about one hundred wealthy followers of their school of politics have combined together to subscribe \$100,000 for the circulation of protectionist literature during the coming campaign. It is proposed to increase the number of leaflets to the thousand, which will give the total sum of \$100,000 to be used for monopoly politics.

And this is the way in which the millionaires and wealthy manufacturers of the northern and eastern States propose to reward southern and western consumers of their heavily protected goods for their many years of patient submission to a system of federal taxation which was pressing them down to the earth. It is not in the nature of man to say in respect to money—'strop!—we have enough. Those protectionists who have grown fat and flourishing at the expense of the consumers of their goods have no conscience of the wrong by which they heap up wealth. On the contrary it is regarded by them more in the light of a divine right, and coolly set themselves to work with sanctimonious zeal to devise ways and means to perpetuate the robbery. They will raise vast sums of money for the purpose of covering the country with protection literature, and man the stumps with men to persuade the innocently oppressed that protection is right; and that it should be handed down from generation to generation.

There is said to be a point where forbearance ceases to be a virtue; but if we are to judge the people who have so long and so patiently submitted to this great oppression by their acts, they have not only not reached that point but may never reach it as a political issue while it is within their power to accomplish redress in the mode provided by the constitution and laws of the country. By-and-by in the distant future, they may discover through their poverty, suffering and degradation the cause of their wretchedness and may then attempt a vigorous effort for its removal. It may then be a very costly effort, even involving the risk of a heavier and more relentless bondage.

Delays are dangerous; now is the time for action. Let the oppressed people demand of their representatives in both State and Federal assemblies their unremitting efforts to re-arrange our tariff system on the basis of justice to the toiling millions of poor people and not in the interest alone of the comparatively few manufacturers, whose greed knows no limit.

Sumner Cox on Tariff Reform.

In response to a question as to what will be done with the tariff at the coming session of Congress Mr. Cox said he had not been consulted on the subject, nor had he conferred with other Democrats. He said the President was anxious about the matter from a protectionist he had with him some time ago. He added that it is plainly necessary for the Democrats to do something. "I am not a protectionist," he said, "and I resume nobody except honest knows what I will do." Mr. Cox said he would be willing to compromise with the protectionist element of the party for the sake of procuring harmonious action. He would be willing to remove the tax on tobacco, because that would benefit the producers, but he could not consent to the repeal of the tax on whisky. There were too many necessities taxed to think of taking the tax from whisky. While he had no means of knowing just what the protectionist element would do, he presumed from what he had heard and read that it would insist upon the repeal of the entire internal tax.

"Not only party policy, but public policy, the public good," Mr. Cox remarked, "demands that prompt action shall be taken by Congress in the way of tax reduction." Could he have his way, he said, the burden would be removed from the necessities of life.

"What do you know about the story that Mr. Carlisle's friends are considering the advisability of his remaining on the floor this Congress?" "There is no truth in it. I saw the Speaker yesterday, and I know he will be a candidate again and be elected."

Mr. Cox says nothing calculated to inspire hope of tax reform by the next Congress for the reason that he knows nothing except that the President is "anxious about the matter." And no doubt much depends on the manner in which the President shall bring the subject before the next Congress. He can at least acquit himself of the stupendous robbery of the people in this matter, and it is believed that he will do it to the full.

At a conference of Irish landlords, on the 15th inst., resolutions were adopted by a unanimous vote denying that at the present rents prevailing in Ireland are excessive, or that general and reasonable abatements have been refused during times of distress. Rents have not been raised in 40 years, while in Scotland, England and Wales rents were increased between 24 and 40 per cent. And they do not, as alleged, neglect their duties towards either the property or the community. The resolutions further declare that we deplore the alienation now existing in Ireland between landlords and tenants, and we desire to restore amity. Recent evictions were forced on us through political motives. In conclusion the resolutions say: "We demand that the government speedily and finally settle land legislation in Ireland on just terms to all parties concerned, including compensation to landlords for loss of exclusive ownership and reduction of the public charges on land."

Sugar From Sorghum.

We see it is again announced that sugar from sorghum cane has been made in Kansas, and that we are soon to have plenty of sugar, &c. But this is hardly news. Little boxes of sugar from sorghum, sent from Kansas several years ago, were placed on the desks of members of Congress, and it was announced with quite a flourish of trumpets, that the conversion of sorghum juice into sugar was a perfect success. We hope the thing is now a success beyond doubt. We certainly believe it possible and wonder it has not been fully demonstrated long ago.

The Centennial Anniversary of the signing of the Constitution of the United States—that wonderful instrument of patriotic inspiration, destined to stand for all time as the masterpiece of the world's wisdom and state-craft, and as the rock upon which rests the greatest of Republics—has just been celebrated in Philadelphia. The exercises extended through several days, consisting of parades and receptions and exercises of various kinds. The governors of the original thirteen States with their staffs, were in attendance, as was the President, his wife and cabinet officers. The celebration was second only in magnitude and importance to that other centennial of America's progress and triumph, celebrated with so much enthusiasm eleven years ago in the same city of Brotherly Love.

BARON HOPE, a distinguished editor of Virginia, died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Norfolk, Sept. 15. He was a man of fine literary abilities, being the author of some of the best poetic and prose productions of his time. He was the founder of the Norfolk Landmark, and its editor at the time of his death.

A New York assemblyman has used seven hundred silver dollars to pave the floor of his liquor saloon. Just think of the good that seven hundred dollars would have done if applied to a good purpose.

LIFT THE BURDEN.

The Paramount Duty of the Democratic Party.

THE GREAT PROBLEM OF TAX REDUCTION VIEWED FROM DIFFERENT STANDPOINTS.

Letters from Hon. Beriah Wilkins of Ohio, and Representative Collins of Massachusetts.

From the St. Louis Republican.

To indicate the exact attitude of the Ohio Democracy, Hon. Beriah Wilkins of that State was asked to write a statement of his views, with special reference to the wool question. Mr. Wilkins represents the Fifteenth Ohio district, which is the greatest wool-growing district in the United States. He writes:

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Dear Sir: Replying to the queries contained in your letter of late date, I beg to say: I believe Democrats will unite in passing a revenue reduction bill early in the Fifth Congress. Differences will be harmonized and mutual concessions made without the sacrifice of principle on the part of anyone. It is probable the tax on wool and certain kinds of distilled spirits will be abolished. The tariff schedule revised with a possible reduction of the sugar duty, and with lumber, salt, hemp, etc., on the free list and a just revision of the wool and woolen schedule, will afford all the relief desired.

Coming, as I do, from the greatest wool-growing district in the United States, voting twice against the Morrison bills, I am now and always have been willing to make the necessary concessions on the wool schedule, to the end that the revenue may be reduced and overtaxation avoided.

I do not believe in the "caucus" that seeks to bind members of congress on questions of this character, and I doubt if anything can be accomplished by one. Let us have less selfishness and more patriotism. Respectfully yours, BERIAH WILKINS.

CHAS. W. KNAPP, Esq., Missouri Republican.

Hon. Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, was asked for an expression of his views as the representative of the New England Democracy. He is now in Europe, but before leaving sent the following brief but forcible statement to the Republican correspondent:

I see no reason why a compromise measure cannot be agreed upon before the meeting of congress and unanimously passed in caucus. Such a measure would necessarily strike at the internal revenue as well as the customs duties. The leaders of the majority and minority of the party in the house owe a duty to the party to come together and formulate a plan. If the next house does not meet this question early and meet it squarely and wisely the country will have a right to revolt. PATRICK A. COLLINS.

Monopoly's Madness.—Excitement in Nashville, Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 19.—The city is in a ferment over the presence of a large number of detectives suddenly centered here, mainly from outside the State, and supported by and in the interest of the Louisville and Nashville R. R. The people of the county vote next Thursday on a proposition to subscribe \$500,000 to the Tennessee Midland Railroad, which is to run from Memphis through Nashville to Bristol, where it connects with the Virginia Midland, thus giving a competing line east. The Louisville and Nashville has been fighting the proposition, and it is rumored that these detectives are here to dog employees on election day, and that they vote with their employers. They are quartered at various hotels and boarding houses. There is intense feeling, particularly among the imported detectives are two who are named Laird and Collier, who were indicted for the murder of half a dozen people during the riots at East St. Louis, attending the great South-western strike.

The American this morning says editorially: "The city of Nashville has never before had such an insult offered as that of bringing in on the eve of election of a gang of desperadoes known in all parts of the United States as Pinkerton's detectives. These men were brought here by the Louisville and Nashville management to be used in the election, which it has undertaken to defeat. We can say one thing to this gang of spies: If they are here on any business connected with our Thursday election, they had better do one of two things—either a disclaimer and retract, or increase their force and go into camp."

NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS AND STORE KEEPERS.

I guarantee Shriner's India Vermifuge to destroy and expel worms from the human body, where they exist, if used according to directions. You are authorized to sell it upon the above conditions. David E. Foutz, Proprietor, Baltimore, Md.

North Carolina.

"The State of North Carolina is capable of supplying all the wants of her own people as well as those of all immigrants who may choose to settle among them. The State is rich in everything and an extensive part of her territory is yet undeveloped. North Carolina contains a great variety of soil, adapted to the profitable cultivation of everything, from cotton down to peas. Her mineral wealth is unbounded and of more varied richness than that of any other State. It includes all the minerals used in the manufacturing arts, as well as precious stones of every kind. The price per acre for timbered lands in the State ranges from five to fifteen dollars."—Chattanooga Tradesman.

Chronic Coughs and Colds.

And all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion, as it contains the healing virtues of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in their fullest form. Is a beautiful, creamy Emulsion palatable as milk, easily digested, and can be taken by the most delicate. Please read: "I consider Scott's Emulsion the remedy par excellence in Tuberculous and Strumous Affections, to say nothing of ordinary colds and throat troubles."—W. R. S. CONNELL, M. D., Manchester, O. "I am using your Emulsion (cod liver oil) with Hypophosphites for an affection of my throat, and the improvements were beyond my expectation."—D. TAYLOR, M. D., Coosawatie, Ga.

The prospect of hanging the Anarchists in Chicago gives universal satisfaction except to the fellows to be hanged.—Wilmington Star.

Sprinkling salt on the tops and at the bottoms of garden walls is said to keep snails from climbing up and down.

A Prominent Merchant in Trouble.

Old moneybags moans in his office all day. As snappish and cross as a bear; The clerk's know enough to keep out of his way. Least the merchant should grumble and swear. Even Tabby, the cat is in fear of a cuff, Or a kick, if she ventures too near; They all know the master is apt to be rough, And his freaks unexpected and queer. What makes the old fellow so surly and grim, And behave so confoundedly mean? There's certainly something the matter with him— Is it stomach, or liver, or spleen? We've guessed it—his liver is sluggish and bad. His blood is disordered and foul, It's enough to make any one hopelessly mad, And greet his best friend with a growl. The world-wide remedy, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, will correct a disordered liver and purify the blood, tone your system and build up your flesh and strength.

Which we now occupy, and have full of the most desirable goods to be found in town. The key to all this is we select in person our goods from Manufacturers and Importers, and with the

Two Large Store Rooms,

SOLID CASH

To pay for them, which is as sure to get GOOD GOODS at the LOWEST PRICES as the North Star is fixed, and being bought right, we can and do sell as Cheap for Cash or Barter as any house in town. We have now in stock the largest and best assortment of SHOES ever offered. Good Children's Winter Shoes at 50 cts. and up; we keep

JOHN MONDELL'S

Unexcelled Children SHOES, in all sizes, Ladies Solid Leather at 75 cts. and up, to the finest Kid. We have the best COMMON SENSE SHOES in town.

Mens' Shoes and Boots.

We just ask you to see them and we know you will buy, they are so cheap and good.

NEW STOCK OF

Rubber Shoes,

Enough for everybody. Cheaper than ever. Also Rubber Coats and Gossinners. We are receiving new

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

And lots of other things daily. We are Agents for Conant's Epsom Cotton, and to the trade we can sell you at New York prices and save you your freights in cabinets or boxes.

BIG LOT OF

Bagging and Ties,

At Prices that the seller of Cotton can more than double his money.

GROCERIES.

Coffee 10, 20 and 25. Sugar 10 lbs. for \$1.00. 22 oz. Bar of Good Laundry Soap for 5 cts. Just think of it! It is for sale at KLUTZ & RENDLEMAN'S.

2 Cakes of splendid Soap for 5 cts. 11-inch Plug of Good Tobacco for 5 cts. Large Tumblers 5 cts., or 6 for 25 cts. Big lot Table Ware very cheap.

Remember we BUY what you bring to town, as well as sell you your Goods for Cash at the lowest prices.

KLUTZ & RENDLEMAN.

30-ly

Having taken out letters of administration on the estate of Thomas D. Fraley, dec'd, this is to notify those having claims against his estate to present them to me for payment on or before the 23rd day of September, 1887, or this notice will be placed in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to settle without delay. Sept. 6th, 1887. T. J. SUMNER, Executor.

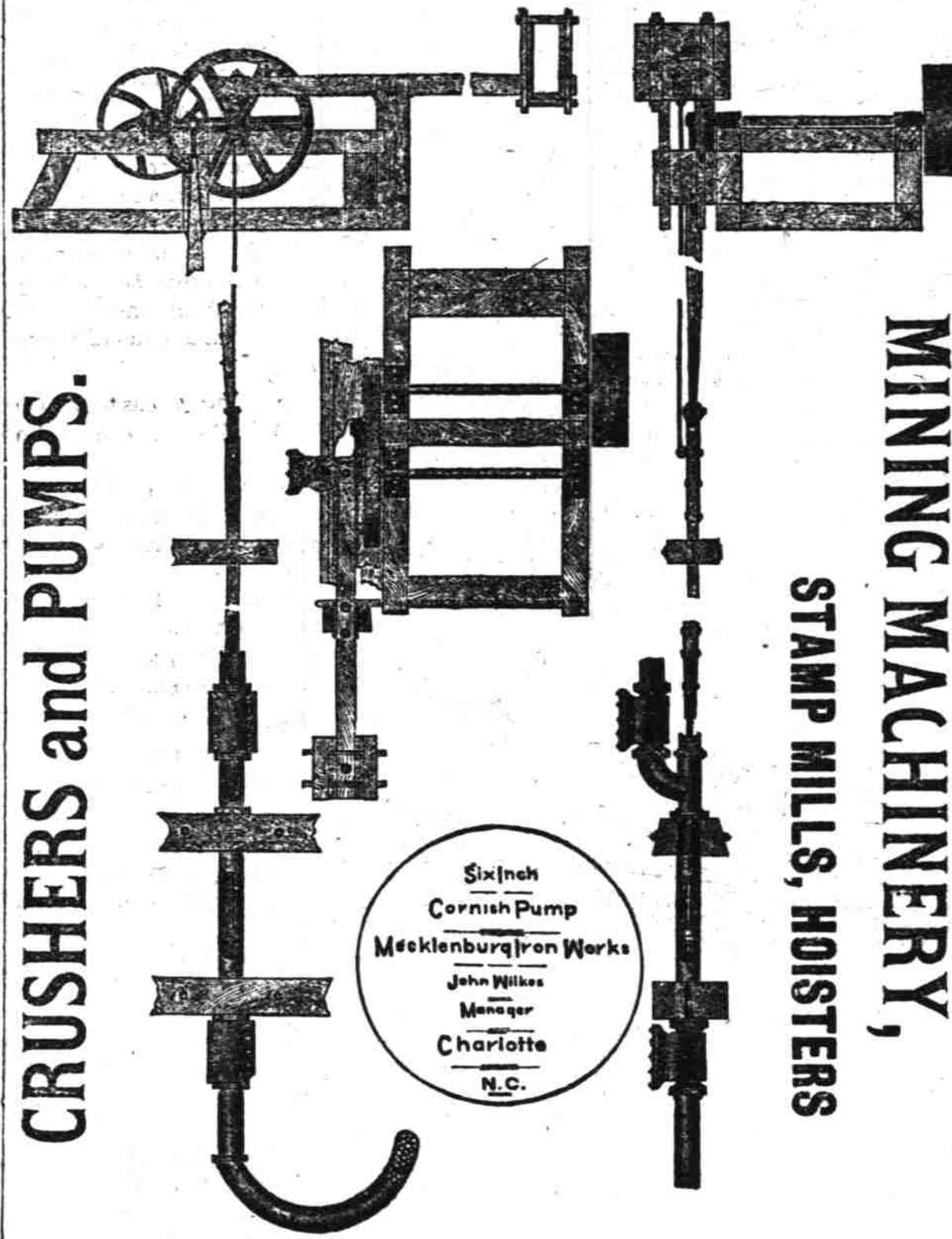
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MECKLENBURG

IRON WORKS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.



CRUSHERS and PUMPS.

MINING MACHINERY, STAMP MILLS, HOISTERS



Correspondence Solicited.

JOHN WILKES, MANAGER.

Klutz & Rendleman

From a modest beginning in one building down street just 14 YEARS AGO, our business has increased and developed to such an extent as to necessitate

Two Large Store Rooms,

SOLID CASH

To pay for them, which is as sure to get GOOD GOODS at the LOWEST PRICES as the North Star is fixed, and being bought right, we can and do sell as Cheap for Cash or Barter as any house in town. We have now in stock the largest and best assortment of SHOES ever offered. Good Children's Winter Shoes at 50 cts. and up; we keep

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30-ly

SPECIAL

BARGAINS

In Crockery Glass and Fancy Goods,

BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH

From a Large House sadly in need of the MIGHTY DOLLAR,

As the Prices we give below Testify.

- 24 doz. Decorated Tea Cups and Saucers, per set, 64 cts.
- 4 Thistle Decorated Chamber Sets, 10 pieces, \$3.74.
- 10 Decorated Chamber Sets, per set, \$3.49.
- 6 Lucerne Decorated Tea Sets, 44 pieces, \$3.99.
- 1 Gilt Band Tea Set, French China, \$8.97.
- 3 Blue Pine and Garnet Band and Gilt Tea Sets, \$7.89.
- 12 French China Milk Sets, decorated, 3 pieces, 99c.
- 12 Assorted Patern Milk Sets, 3 pieces, 63c.
- 6 doz. Robinson Crusoe Plates, each 10c.
- 12 doz. A. B. C. Plates, each 5c.
- 12 doz. Blue Willow Plates, per set, 50c.
- 6 doz. Festoon French China Plates, per doz., \$1.84.
- 6 doz. Plain French China Plates, per doz., \$1.49.
- 4 doz. Saxon Teas, per set, \$1.49.
- 4 doz. Ovide Teas, per set, \$1.49.
- 6 doz. Easels for Cup and Saucers, each, 5c.
- 3 doz. Pieces Decorated Cups, Saucers and Plates, per set, 25c.
- 6 doz. Blue Lustre Mugs, each, 10c.
- 12 doz. Small French China Mugs, each, 5c.
- 12 doz. Marble Cream Pitchers, each, 10c.
- 50 Different Styles French China and Majolica Pitchers.
- Lot of nice Mostauche Cups, 39c.
- China Dolls, with long hair, 5c.
- China Dolls, good size, 5c.
- China Dolls, larger, 10c.
- China Dolls, extra large, 14c.
- Indestructible Dolls, big, 24c.
- Great Big China Doll, 33c.

The Above List is only a Few Items in the Lot which Embraces a

LARGE VARIETY OF HANDSOME VASES,

SOME ENTIRELY NEW STYLES,

And have not before been offered in this market. Beautiful Rose Beaded Decorations, which glisten like burnished Gold as they reflect the light.

ALL DESIRING TO SEE

A NICE LINE OF

FANCY GOODS

And VERY CHEAP are respectfully invited to call and inspect the Stock.

RACKET C. O. D. STORE.

NEW YORK OFFICE 466 and 468 Broadway.

N. B.—In the DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT opened up

a job lot of Curtain Nets, and are selling at figures lower than even we have ever bought them before. Below we give prices: 10, 14, 15, 19, 23c., per yard. One piece very handsome and worth 85c., our price 59c.

R. C. O. D. S.