Carolina Watchman.

THURSDAY, DEC. 1, 1887.

Sunday desecration in this country is an awful sin, for which national punishment is as sure to come as there is truth in God's Word.

The last day of November. What of it? Why, the tax collectors say that if your taxes are not paid by Dec. 1st, that they will proceed to collect by distress. This means that you will have to pay more if you do not attend to the matter to-day. Many have vivid recollection of how burdensome were "costs" last year. Avoid that burden this year by paying your taxes to-day, if you have not already paid them.

Jonathan Bell, of Stanly, as reported in the Montgomery *Vidette*, must go considerably beyond fifty years to note the time when the steam engine and the cotton gin were unknown to the people of Montgomery county. The late Hon. Chas. Fisher of this place, put up a steam engine at Flaggtown, in Montgomery, for gold mining purposes in 1824 or -'25; and the late Green Harris, near the Coggins mine, run a cotton gin on custom work a little earlier than that.

The cotton packing was done by hand: The sack was suspended through a hole in the floor and a man would get into it and pack with his feet and a heavy stick for a packer.

Chas. Albert Kebler, an attorney of Cincinnati, doing a large business and having the management of large estates and trust funds, committed suicide a few days ago. It turns out that he had been living beyond his means, and in order to keep up appearances used trust funds in his hands and even resorted to forgery. When his crimes and misdeeds were about to be discovered, he committed suicide. It seems to have been a case not very unlike to one in Lexington, sometime ago, with this difference—Heitman ran away, and probably lives to do better another day.

Recent scientific knowledge and facts put the veto on lightning rods as ordinarily applied to houses in this country. Prof. Tyndall, in a late letter to the London *Times* shows that unless the rods are connected with a large surface of copper deep down in the earth, they are more apt to invite electricity to the destruction of the building than to protect it from lightning. Other scientific men have written to the same purport; and in view of these facts it is well enough to give the lightning rod man little work to do.

A new idea has been practically demonstrated at the Suez canal in respect to breaking up rock under water without drilling holes and blasting. Long chissel shaped cutters weighing four tons are mounted on a large dredger, and these are set to work by machinery which lift them and let them fall on the rock to be removed. They break it up, and the broken rock is dredged, at a cost of about 4 s. per cubic yard; whereas, the old process of blasting cost 20 s. per cubic yard.

A syndicate of wealthy manufacturers has been formed to establish a newspaper in New York under the title of the daily *Press*, for the purpose of advocating a protective tariff. The business of this paper will be like that of the robber who endeavors to persuade a victimized individual that he is doing him a noble service in taking his money, watch and jewels. Remember the name—the *Press*—so that when you see it you may know its mission.

A hotel in Milwaukee, Wis., was wrecked on the morning of the 28th ult, by the explosion of a steam boiler. A number of girls, women and men were caught under the falling bricks and timbers—some of them fatally injured, and others in different degrees from slight to serious. The cook was taken out dead.

Herr Most has been convicted again in New York for making incendiary speeches, calculated to cause a riot. Most was convicted once before and served a term for the same thing and will probably be sentenced to the full extent of the law this time as a warning to other Anarchists.

The prohibition contest in Atlanta on the 26th ult, resulted in the defeat of prohibition by a majority of 1,122. Two years ago the city voted in favor of prohibition by a majority of 228. The defeated prohibitionists talk of contesting the late election.

A ship load of 4,004 bales cotton cleared at Wilmington, Nov. 25, for Liverpool.

Cotton is bringing one cent higher price in Wilmington than it did this time last year.

When a tramp fetches up in Wilmington he is carried by the police to the Mayor's Court, and if he cannot give a good account of himself, he is marched out to the city limits and told to tramp.

The Court of Appeals has set aside the verdict of the lower court in the Jacob Sharpe case. This gives him another trial and he will probably be released on bail.

The legislature of Illinois has passed a law making the intermarriage of cousins a penal offence.

VOICES FROM THE PULPIT.

Lutheran Ministers Preach in Other Churches.

THE CITY PASTORS HAVE A DAY OF REST—DR. HORN AT THE LUTHERAN CHURCH—THE SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATION—A GERMAN SERVICE—THE SERVICES ELSEWHERE.

The pulpits of the city churches were occupied yesterday by the visiting ministry of the Lutheran church. The United Synod is a representative body of the Lutheran Church in the South. It is composed of the ablest theologians and preachers in the church representing between 30,000 and 35,000 communicants. Nearly all the congregations were large.

At the Lutheran church the Rev. Dr. Horn, of Charleston, President of the Synod, preached in the morning an eloquent sermon on the "Touch of God," taking for his text: "And Saul also went home to Gibeat; and there went with him a band of men whose hearts God had touched." I. Sam., x, 26.

"The touch of God is a generous impulse of admiration, sympathy, loyalty," said the preacher. This influence manifested itself in many ways, he said. The feeling inspired by the presence of a pure woman amidst indecent men, the woman's weeping over the Lord's feet, the thief's prayer on the cross, were all outward manifestations of the visitation of God in the hearts of man. The tendency which this influence has to unite men in the worship of God was shown by the fact that the Scripture referred to the gathering that attended Saul as a band of men, not a disorderly, uncontrollable crowd. "The touch of God brings us into the fellowship of the church. The goodness of God in giving us the sacraments, simple as they are, associate us and incorporate us with one another and give us one relative position in the church. We become not scattered followers, nor a horde, but an army. Recognizing that it is impossible to follow Christ each absolutely apart from and independent of every one else, we join hand in hand and follow him. Christ bore derision and his followers must take up the cross and bear it after him, as a test of their loyalty to him. Only in following closely in his footsteps and obeying his teachings could Christians prove their fidelity to Christ and manifest their appreciation of his great blessing."

Rev. Prof. F. W. E. Peschau, of Wilmington, N. C., conducted a German service last night.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The exercises at the Lutheran church in the afternoon were of an unusually interesting character. They were conducted by the members of the Sunday school, under the direction of the Superintendent, W. S. King. The Rev. Dr. Bowman, pastor of the church, and many visiting clergymen took part in the exercises. All appeared deeply interested, and expressed their surprise and pleasure at the excellent showing made by the school. At 3 o'clock, the hour appointed for the opening of the exercises, the members of the Sunday school and their teachers met in the large assembly room on the ground floor of the church building, and after a few preliminary arrangements had been perfected, ascended the stairway and marched into the church, the infant classes leading and displaying a number of banners on which were appropriate mottoes. So great was the attendance that many were obliged to take seats on the platform and in the aisles and a number remained standing in the rear of the church, as they were unable to procure seats.

The devotional service was opened by the Rev. Mr. Smith, of Virginia, who offered prayer. When the Superintendent had read a lesson and a hymn had been sung by the children the pastor introduced Dr. Julius D. Dreher, the first speaker.

DR. DREHER'S ADDRESS.

In doing so Dr. Bowman took occasion to impress upon the minds of the children the importance of the occasion and the necessity of close attention to the distinguished gentlemen who had kindly consented to address them. It was seldom, the speaker said, that the children are so fortunate as to be addressed by strangers who had had such extensive experience in Sunday school work as the eminent men who were about to address them. Dr. Dreher said he did not consider himself a stranger in Savannah, nor to Savannah people. He had known the worthy pastor who had just introduced him, ever since the war, when they had been together some time, and when the speaker said he had learned to love and respect him, as the children of the Sunday school undoubtedly did. "I hope," he said, "you will look upon me as a friend. I am glad to see such a large Sunday school, so many pleasant, intelligent faces, and hear your beautiful songs. I have heard how the young men and women of this congregation and Sunday school worked to build and embellish this beautiful church, and feel proud to be given an opportunity to speak to you." The speaker then assuming a familiar tone addressed the children in a friendly manner, and soon captivated them. Before he had been speaking long he and the children were engaged in an animated conversation, and it was evident when the speaker ceased that the children were anxious that he proceed. The lesson he sought to impress on their mind was that everything and everybody are placed in this world to accomplish something. It is the duty of every child to learn how to accomplish the object of his creation, and the proper place to receive the necessary lessons is in the Sunday school and church. The speaker was glad, he said, to see so many bright children in the right course, and he encouraged them to continue in the path they were following, assuring them of their final reward.

A SERMON TO CHILDREN.

Rev. Charles B. King, the next speaker, said that he was a preacher by profession and would preach them a sermon, but it would be a simple one, and from a text which had been brought to his mind by the exercise they were holding. It was: "What think ye of Christ?" The speaker dwelt on the fact that Christ was Creator of all mankind, that from Him we receive all the graces and blessings that fall to our lot, and that to Him we must look for salvation. "Christ is our captain, our helper, our rest, our intercessor, our saviour and our teacher. Each letter in his name is significant of one of the relations he bears us."

G. B. Cromer, Mayor of Newberry, S. C., and an eminent lawyer, was the last speaker. His text was, "Render unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, and to God the things that are God's." He was glad to see that the children of Savannah are learning to follow this teaching, and give due honor and respect to God. The proper place to learn the truths of Christianity was, he said, in the Sunday school, and it filled him with pleasure to see that this fact was recognized in Savannah. "Christ loved little children, and said 'Of such is the kingdom of heaven.'" The speaker referred to the mercy of God. In after years, if they should wander from the paths of virtue and become wicked, God would not cast them aside, but endeavor to reclaim them, and should they listen to the voice of their Saviour and repent, they might return and be forgiven.

The exercises throughout were of a most interesting character, and were thoroughly enjoyed by all who were present. The children took a lively interest in the affair, and the pleasure exhibited on their bright faces showed that Dr. Bowman truly expressed their feelings when he returned their thanks to the distinguished visitors who had so kindly assisted them.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH.

The pulpit of Trinity Methodist Episcopal church was occupied by the Rev. L. G. M. Miller, of the Southwest Virginia Synod, yesterday morning. The preacher took for his text Acts viii., 32-35. He treated the subject in a masterly style and drew many instructive lessons from his text.

At night Rev. Dr. Smith preached to a large congregation.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

"Be ye therefore perfect even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect," was the text chosen by the Rev. Dr. Holland, President of Newberry (S. C.) College, for his sermon at the First Presbyterian church last evening. "Jesus Christ knew all things," began the speaker. "Not only what was in the world," he added, "but also in human nature. He knew not only man as he was or is, but as he might have been." Referring to his earthly career the doctor said: "Both in his teachings and his manners he knew how to conform himself to the people among whom he dwelt and the times in which he lived, but a more profound knowledge than this was necessary, however, that he might accomplish his mission, that he might be a teacher for all wants, all capabilities and all probabilities of man in all ages and all conditions. Thus in His sermon on the mount He addressed Himself not only to the actual man, but to the possible man. The church which He established is qualified to teach all nations and all ages as long as man remains man. The Christian religion can never become obsolete—never become old. It is the same to-day as it was yesterday, and it will be the same for all coming generations.

Rev. Prof. L. A. Fox, Vice President of Roanoke College, Roanoke, Va., preached in the morning to a large congregation.

WESLEY MONUMENTAL CHURCH.

In a comprehensive exhortation at the Wesley Monumental church the Rev. C. A. Rose dwelt on the salvation of man last evening. In his remarks he said that all things which God ordained were for man's good, and "However contradictory the signs of Providence may seem they all come right in the end." Speaking of the sacrifice made for man's redemption the preacher said that when it became necessary God's only Son came down from heaven, devoutly availed himself of the flesh, equipped himself with sorrow and the just died for the unjust. "If after all that God has done for you to secure your salvation you refuse to accept His offers, all these sacrifices which He has made, all the graces with which you have been endowed, and all the advantages you have received during your life will conspire against you to make your damnation complete."

At the morning service Rev. Dr. Hawkins preached.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

The pulpit of the First Baptist church was occupied in the morning by Rev. S. T. Hallman, of Pomarie, S. C., who preached an interesting and instructive sermon from the text:

To him that overcometh will I give to eat of the tree of life, which is in the midst of the paradise of God. Rev. ii, 7.

Mr. Hallman preached for some time, but his hearers were attentive and very much interested.

The evening sermon was preached by Prof. James Mills, President of the female college at Staunton, Va. His text was from St. Mark, vii., 54: "And when He had called the people unto Him, with his disciples also, He said: 'Whosever will come after me, let him deny himself and take up his cross, and follow me.'"

The congregations at both services were large, and they manifested deep interest in the discourses.

AT THE ANDERSON STREET CHURCH.

At the Anderson Street Presbyterian church, Rev. R. Q. Way, pastor, Rev. Dr. Socrates Henkel, Vice President of the synod, preached to a large congregation. Dr. Henkel is one of the oldest divines in the Southern Lutheran church, and he is a strong speaker. He made one of the best translations of the Augsburg Confession from the German into the English language. He was the principal editor of the Book of Concord in the English language, which embodies all the confessional books of the Lutheran church. This work was published in 1850 and in 1852, in the town of New Market, Va., by the Henkel family, indorsed by the Tennessee Synod, and has had a wide influence upon the English speaking Lutherans of this country.

AT OTHER CHURCHES.

Rev. E. A. Wingard, of the South Carolina Synod, preached at the New Houston Street Methodist church in the morning in place of the pastor, Rev. J. P. Wardlaw.

The pulpits of Jerusalem church, at Ebenezer, and Bethel church, at Effingham, were occupied by Rev. Dr. Smucker, Representative from the General Council, and Rev. Dr. Brown, of Tennessee.

THE YOUNG MEN'S MEETING.

Rev. J. E. Bushnell, of the Virginia Synod, and pastor of St. Mark's Church at Roanoke, Va., addressed a young men's meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association's rooms yesterday afternoon. Rev. Mr. Bushnell is one of the most active members of the Synod, and is an able and interesting speaker.—*Savannah Morning News.*

At a meeting of the pastors of the various Protestant denominations in Chicago yesterday, the subject of Sabbath desecration was discussed. Rev. C. E. Mandeville read five papers on the subject, and moved that they be presented to the Washington Conference, with the understanding that the conference appoint a committee to lay the subject before Congress. They condemn Sunday newspapers, the running of railroad trains, and all forms of labor on Sunday.

John Peters, a giant, seven feet four inches in height, died in Chicago Sunday, of typhoid fever, aged 21 years. He came to America about a year ago, and had been on exhibition in a museum in Chicago.

THE LUTHERANS.

The Lutheran Synod Still in Session in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 23.—The Lutheran Synod continued its sessions today. Resolutions of thanks were adopted in return for their trip to Tybee and the great deep yesterday.

The first business that came up was the consideration of the report of the board of missions, which was not concluded yesterday. There was considerable discussion over a resolution, which was finally adopted, authorizing the board to take steps to start a mission in the empire of Japan, if the board considers it advisable. The next item in the report was a recommendation that $2,000 be raised annually for foreign mission work.

Rev. J. E. Bushnell, of Roanoke, Va., amended the resolution appropriating $2,000, so that it authorized the board to assess the membership of the church 25 cents per capita for foreign mission work.

Hon. D. B. Strouse favored the amendment, but suggested that the per capita be made one dollar, which would give over $30,000.

Dr. Heinkel, Rev. F. W. Peschau and others participated in the discussion which followed.

On a vote the amendment was lost, and the original was carried.

The sum of $4,000 was appropriated for home missions.

The report of the committee on common service was next read by Dr. E. T. Horn, and was taken up by items. It recommended a translation of the Lutheran catecism into English, which was authorized.

Pastors were urged to familiarize themselves with the liturgical principles in the services of the church.

Rev. E. A. Wingood, chairman of the committee of theological seminary, read the report of the committee recommending a Lutheran Theological Institution. Now the students are educated at Philadelphia, Newberry and other places. It would be better, the committee thinks, for the United Synod to have one of its own.

NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS AND STORE KEEPERS.

I guarantee Shriner's Indian Vermifuge to destroy and expel worms from the human body, where they exist, if used according to directions. You are authorized to sell it upon the above conditions. David E. Foutz, Proprietor, Baltimore, Md.

Decomposition.

New York, Nov. 28.—The *Times'* London special reports interviews with the Combe de Paris and the Duc. D. Aumale regarding the French crisis. The Duc D. Aumale said that the republic was dying of decomposition. The hope of the Orleanists was in a dissolution of the Chambers. The present government had only three hundred thousand majority at the last election. This could be easily overcome. The Orleanists would never sneak into power. They would enter France by the front door. The Combe de Paris acquiesced in these utterances.

In General Debility, Emaciation.

Consumption, and Wasting in Children, **Scotts Emulsion** of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites is a most valuable food and medicine. It creates an appetite for food, strengthens the nervous system, and builds up the body. Please read: "I tried Scott's Emulsion on a young man whom physicians at times had given up. Since he began using the Emulsion, his Cough has ceased, gained flesh and strength, and from all appearances his life will be prolonged many years. I have been in Hospital Service for the past twenty years, and never have used any preparation with greater satisfaction."—JOHN SULLIVAN, Hospital Steward, Reform School, Morganza, Pa.

The Supreme Court of South Carolina has just decided that the money arising from the personal service of a married woman during servitude belongs to the husband, and may be reached by his creditors. The doctrine is a remnant of the old common law doctrine of the unity of husband and wife which has never been repealed by the Legislature of South Carolina.

Men live lives that are burdens and die deaths that are terrible from diseases called by a hundred names, every one of which has its origin in a diseased Liver, and every one of which may be cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.

This purely vegetable medicine is not a cure-all—it is a specific for the cure of Liver Complaints and all the ailments which that disease produce. Among these are Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache, Piles, Colic, Jaundice, common Fever and Ague. All these diseases are cured by Simmons Liver Regulator. It removes the cause which produces them and permits Nature to work her own cure. None genuine except with the Z Stamp in red, on front of Wrapper, and the Seal and Signature of J. H. Zeilin & Co. on the side.

The Photo Engraving Co., 67 Park Place, New York, is turning out the most beautiful work imaginable, unexcelled by the finest steel engravings.

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. *Grand outfit free.* Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

SALISBURY, N. C., Nov. 23, 1887.

Mr. Editor Watchman:—Please state in your paper that Edmund Crowell, the Blacksmith, who has been sick for eight weeks, is now able to commence his work again. He desires his friends to give him a call, for horse shoeing and repairing wagons and buggies, etc. He is at the same old stand near the depot.

E. CROWELL.

A special telegram to the Charlotte *Chronicle*, Nov. 29, says: There is unabated interest in Rev. Mr. Pearson's meetings at Raleigh. It may truly be said that it increases. Some very practical results of the great revival were shown yesterday at various churches. No less than twenty-five converts connected themselves with the Edenton street M. E. Church, about twice as many with the Baptist Church and several at Person street M. E. Church. A large number gave the usual notice at the First Presbyterian Church. It is not known yet how much longer Mr. Pearson will remain here. Letters are received by him daily asking his presence at other places. He has never worked in a finer field than this, and in the fortnight of his labors here fully two hundred conversions must have been made. One night last week there were fifty-two. It far exceeds any religious work ever done in this city.

New South Wales, Australia, offers $135,000 for an invention that will exterminate the rabbits.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of M. Whitehead, dec'd, are hereby notified to present the same to me on or before the first day of December 1888, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. THEO. F. KLUTTZ, Administrator of M. Whitehead, Dec'd. Dec. 1st, 1887.

P. S.—All persons indebted to said estate or the firm of M. & J. Whitehead are requested to make payment to me T. F. K.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor upon the Estate of J. M. Erwin, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me on or before the day of December, 1888, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

T. L. GILLESPIE, Executor, &c.

LEE S. OVERMAN, Attorney. Dec. 1, 1887. 6:6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator upon the estate of Wiley W. Swink, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me for payment on or before the 24th day of November, 1888, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

GEORGE T. THOMASON, Administrator.

Nov. 18th, 1887. LEE S. OVERMAN, Attorney. 5:6t.

Notice to Creditors.

Having qualified as Administratrix on the estate of T. C. Hyde, dec'd, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 26th day of November, 1888, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

JANE C. HYDE, Adm'x.

Nov. 23, 1887. 5:6w

Administrator's Sale of Land.

On Saturday the 17th day of December next, at the late residence of David Morgan, deceased, I will sell the plantation on which the said David Morgan lived and died, consisting of 152 acres more or less.

The terms of sale will be Cash, as soon as the sale is confirmed, which will be ten days after sale.

JACOB MORGAN, Adm'r of David Morgan.

3:4t.

RICHLY Rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made, and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, reader, can do it as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

WINTER FUEL.

Coal consumers will do well to call on me for their winter fuel. Any orders through the Post Office, or sent to my residence on Main street (opposite J. M. Horah's residence), will be promptly filled. PEYTON R. LOCKE.

2:1m:pd.

FOR RENT.

A conveniently located Cottage, nearly new. Apply to J. W. RUMPLE

2:tf.

SALISBURY MARKET.

DECEMBER 1.

Cotton market corrected weekly by BOYDEN & QUINN.

Cotton, strict good middling,	9⅞
" good middling,	9½ to 9¾
" middling,	9¼
" low middling,	8½ to 9
" staines & tinges,	

Market firm and in good demand.

Country produce market corrected by JULIAN & WATSON.

Corn, new,	35 @ 40
Flour, country family,	$2.15 @ $2.40
Wheat,	70 @ 90
Country bacon, hog round,	9@ 10
Butter,	15 @ 20
Eggs,	15
Pork, good,	8 @ 9
Irish potatoes, good,	50@
Lard, country,	9 @ 10

$1,705.66

WORTH OF CLOTHING

BOUGHT FROM A LARGE

New York House

Going Out Of Business.

Suits-----$3.99, 4.37, 4.96, 5.37, 6.37, 7.87.

Odd Vests---50, 69, 74, 89, 99.

Odd Coats---$1.50, 1.73, 1.98, 2.39, 2.99, 3.47, 4.49.

All of these GOODS are Splendid Value and were bought at 33 Cents on the Dollar, and we sell them at our usual Close Quick Bargain.

RACKET STORE.

One Cent Articles.

Pencil Pad, 5 slate pencils, black polished lead pencil, paper hair pins, box shoe blacking, card of hooks and eyes, roll tape yard of lace, 3 good pen holders, 2 button hooks, 25 envelopes, novels, one dozen buttons, neck ties, nickle crochet needles, frilarmlets per. pair, whistles, fish lines and hundreds of other stapel items.

Two Cent Articles.

Cake laundry soap, cake toilet soap, yd. hamburg edge, finger rings, 200 yard spool thread sew on machine equal to Coates or Clarks, white, black and colors all numbers gilt cuff buttons, paper pins, scarf pins, yd ribbon, toilet soap, pocket handkerchiefs, novels, dress buttots, large box blacking, briar wood pipes, cigar holder, scalloped pie plate 7 inch, ½ pt. tin cup, memoranda books, ball sewing thread brown and white pictures, rubber head pencils, paper of 25 sewing needles, set of knitting needles, yd. irish lace, yd. torchon lace, doz. nice dress buttons, 24 sheets note paper, ball knitting cotton, 2 thimbles, spool button hole twist. Values changing every day.

Three Cent Articles.

Ladies and gents pocket handkerchiefs turkey red handkerchiefs, 144 shirt buttons a cake of highly perumed soap, cake laundry soap, 25 good white envelopes, 24 sheets note paper, dressing combs, ladies gilt breast pins, pearl ear bobs, pair of scissors, shaving brush, yd. ribbon, yd. torchon lace, yd. hamburg edging, pie plate, 1 doz. nice dress buttons, ball knitting cotton toy books, ladies and misses garters with buckles, story books, laces, ribbons, scarfs, rubber fine combs, pocket and childreus round combs, horn dress combs, 1 doz pins and hundreds of other novelties.

Four Cent Articles.

Pocket knifes, tooth brushes, zinc mirrors, stamped dippers, 24 sheets note paper 25 good white envelopes, toy books, shears hair pins 100 in a box, rubber dress combs, specie purses, handkerchief extracts assorted, wash bowels, 3 inch taper saw file, pt. tin cup, curry combs, rubber pocket and childrens round combs, 1 doz. large safety pins, and long lines of other big values at four cents.

Five Cent Articles.

Pad locks, 2 qt. milk pans, pack playing cards, 24 sheets 5 lb. note paper, a ball knitting cotton, hammered picnic ring rung, looks like silver, military caps, large shears, glasses, French spool cotton, 500 yards, nickle match safes, wash bowl good size, gents', ladies' and children's hosiery, 4 hook cherry hat racks, a spendid line of gents' bows, vegitable grater, enamel handle, lamp burner, 25 official envelopes, No. 6 shoe blacking, good as the French and contains as much blacking as 7 regular 5c boxes, 1 foot boxwood rules, handsome ribbons, 25 cent novels, 25 cent cuff buttons, 25 cent jewelry, socks, hose, handkerchiefs, hair brushes, nail brushes, hair oils, large bottle sewing machine oil, cologne, lily toilet, soap 3 cakes in box, snow flake floating soap large cake, large 20 oz. bar laundry soap, 3 cakes laundry soap, pound bar blue soap, applewood pipes, rubber pocket combs in cases, china head dolls, 7 pin hat racks, combination glass cutter, 1 qt. stamped dippers, blue amber canary and crystal goblets, diamond pattern drop drawer handles, 1 qt. tin cups, 1 qt. graduated measures, a No. 1. soup ladle, 2 salt cellers, sprinkler top peppers and salt, leaf patern preserve dishes, 6 inch glass and silver vases, gimlet bits, spike gimlets, celery strainers milk skimmers, glass drinking mugs, 12 sheets paper and 12 envelopes in picture box, Japan waiters, and hundreds of other big five cent bargains.

Seven Cent Articles.

Mens' ruspenders, boy's suspenders, imitation silk handerchiefs, large dairy pans, whitewash brushes, large wash bowls, white and black canvas belts, stocking supporters, 10 inch deep jelly plate, 24 sheets 6 lb. note paper, 2 bottles ink, bottle dime extract, jewelry, cuff buttons, breast pins, finger rings, 5 rubber head pencils, tooth brushes, scrap book, yard fine ribbon, 1½ qt. covered bucket, 4 cakes laundry soap, wood frame mirror, bottle dime cologne, 2 doz. shoe lacers, 7 nice pen holders, 1 pair hose, 1 pair ½ hose, 1 gross pant buttons, lace collars hamburg edge, gents' bows, 4 papers needles, 24 sheets paper and 24 envelopes in picture box, and lots of other good values.

Ten Cent Articles.

2 and 3 qt. covered bucket, 6x9 walnut frame mirror, black handle dippers, 3 large cakes toilet soap in box, bottle Florida water, jewelry, dress shields, 5 paper pins, 2 20 oz. bars laundry soap, tooth brushes, 8 rubber head pencils, autograph albums, hose and ½ hose, ribbons per yard, lace collars, gents' bows, needle book with 5 papers needles, darning needles, &c, 1 doz. cedar pencils, 3 quires note paper, large jap dust pans, 8 qt. milk pans, 4 7 inch pie plates, spring balances, large 12 inch shears, 2 foot rules, set tablespoons, bread knives, pocket knives, razor straps, memorandum books, pocket ledgers, 5 balls sewing thread, 5 spools thread, 1 quire foolscap paper, 1 quire legal cap paper, large pencil tablets, shaving boxes, 3 doz. good steel pens, 2 steel engravings, majolica cream pitcher, glass butter dish, china mug, 2 nice goblets, 2 qt. drinking cups, large dolls china heads, hemstitched ladies and gents handkerchiefs. These are only a few of our ten cent bargains.

In 12, 14, 19, 23, 29, 33, 39 cts., and up, we have a Line of Goods which cannot be enumerated, but are all way down below regular old line Prices.

RACKET C.O.D. STORE.

CORNER MAIN AND INNIS STREET.

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