

Carolina Watchman.

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1888.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT: GROVER CLEVELAND, Of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT: ALLEN G. THURMAN, Of Ohio.

FOR CONGRESS 7TH DISTRICT: JOHN S. HENDERSON, of Rowan.

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR: DANIEL G. FOWLE, of Wake.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR: THOMAS M. HOLT, of Alamance.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE: WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS, Of Wake County.

FOR STATE TREASURER: DONALD W. BAIN, of Wake.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL: THEO. F. DAVIDSON, of Beaufort.

FOR AUDITOR: GEO. W. SANDERLAIN, of Wayne.

FOR SPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION: S. M. FINGER, of Catawba.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF SUPR. COURT: JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin County.

JAMES E. SHEPHERD, of Beaufort County.

ALPHONSO C. AVERY, of Burke County.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS AT LARGE: ALFRED M. WADDELL, of New Hanover County.

FREDERICK N. STRUDWICK, of Orange County.

The Situation in New Jersey, North Carolina and West Virginia.

Washington Cor. Baltimore Sun.

Senator Vance has returned to Washington from Newark, N. J., where he addressed a meeting of many manufacturers and operatives last Friday evening on the farm question.

He states that a very large crowd gathered to hear him, and judging from their enthusiastic applause they were in sympathy with him on the subject. He afterwards discussed the political situation with many of the leading Jersey manufacturers, and while they may not all have been Democrats, they assured him that Cleveland and Thurman, with tariff reform as the issue, would carry the State in spite of Republican claims to the contrary.

NO FEAR FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

In reply to the claim made by certain enthusiastic Republicans that there is a probability of Harrison and Morton carrying the Old North State on the internal revenue issue, Senator Vance says that he has no fears on that score. He predicts that at the proper time an amendment will be made to the Mills bill providing for the abolition of the tobacco tax and a substantial reduction in the tax on fruit brandy.

It is necessary to maintain a small tax on the latter article to allow the internal revenue officers to have supervision over it to prevent fraud. If the tax was wholly removed a few persons might be tempted to distill whiskey and sell it fruit brandy. The honest farmers of North Carolina have their little stills, hundreds of them with a capacity of less than ten gallons, which they use to work up their superfluous fruit into brandy rather than have it rot on their hands. Just as people in other sections put up preserves. Much of this fruit brandy is manufactured for the individual consumption of the farmers making it.

If such an amendment is not inserted in the bill before it leaves the House, it will certainly be introduced and probably adopted when the measure reaches the Senate.

Senator Ramson concurs in the opinion expressed by his colleague that there is but little danger of North Carolina going Republican at the next election. He says that State is safely Democratic, but it will not do for the party to become over-confident and quietly fold their hands and await the result. Hard work and plenty of it will be required in North Carolina, Virginia and West Virginia and all along the line.

WEST VIRGINIA SAFELY DEMOCRATIC.

Senator Kenna says in this connection that West Virginia is safely Democratic, and a full vote will be called out. He says further that he believes California will be carried by Cleveland and Thurman if the campaign is judiciously managed, as he is confident it will be.

Congress.

WASHINGTON, July 16th.—Senate.—The House bill authorizing the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company to lay tracks in the District of Columbia was reported and placed on the calendar. Two vetoes of pension bills were presented, read and referred to the committee on pensions.

In one case the President declares himself entirely satisfied that the case had been properly determined by the pension bureau. In the other case no application had been made to the pension bureau, which was accounted for by the fact the husband of the proposed pensioner who had himself been drawing a pension for a wound had been killed by a pistol ball in a personal encounter.

HOUSE.

The call of States for the introduction of bills having been dispensed with the House went into committee of the whole (Mr. Springer in the chair) on the tariff bill, the woolen schedule being pending.

On motion of Mr. Mills an amendment was adopted fixing October 1, 1888, as the date upon which the repeal of the taxes on manufactured chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco and snuff shall go into effect.

Mr. Wise, of Virginia, moved to include in the repeal the taxes on cigars, cheroots and cigarettes. If the Mills bill were passed, he said, the reduction of the surplus would not be as large as some gentlemen supposed. In no other way could there be so sure a reduction of the surplus as by the repeal of the tobacco tax. By lowering the tariff it might be that the revenue would be increased, and he believed that in many instances it would be. (Applause on the Republican side.)

Jefferson had denounced the internal revenue system but the American citizen of today saw the collector armed with revolver, carbine, rifle and shotgun. The question presented was whether the government would secure its necessary revenue. He wanted it distinctly understood that he was in favor of deriving the revenue for the government by taxation on foreign products imported.

Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota, in opposing the motion, sent to the clerk's desk and had read an article written by Prof. R. M. Smith, of Columbia College, in which he declares that it would be a serious financial mistake for the government to give up the revenue derived from internal taxation.

Mr. Johnston, of North Carolina, moved to amend Mr. Wise's motion by providing for the repeal of all internal taxes on spirits distilled from grain of any kind. He did not want, he said, free brandy or free whisky, but he wanted to see his people free from the oppression of the almost military law.

Mr. McMillin said that this year the internal system would yield about \$123,000,000. The entire surplus did not amount to more than \$70,000,000 per annum. So that if the government embarked on a total repeal of the internal revenue system it would be faced on the threshold with a deficiency of \$50,000,000 per annum. Hence the question was presented whether Congress would abolish the internal revenue system or reduce the duty on clothing.

He spoke his voice and the voice of his side of the House when he said that in the contest between whisky and clothing he was on the clothing side.

Mr. Johnson's motion was lost, 27 to 15. The vote was announced. Mr. Johnston inquired in an astonished tone of voice, which caused much laughter, "what has become of the Republican party? I thought it was going to vote with me?"

Mr. Yost of Virginia, offered an amendment similar in effect to that offered by Mr. Wise, and he said that if Virginia stood as solidly against all assaults of the Mills bill as it did in regard to the tobacco feature of it, it would be a great benefit to that State. Tobacco was as much a product of the soil as corn or grain, and why there should be a restriction on the sale of an agricultural product was something beyond his understanding. Mr. Yost's amendment was defeated—64 to 85.

Mr. Sowden, of Pennsylvania, offered an amendment abolishing the tax on spirits distilled from apples, peaches and other fruit.

Pending a vote, the committee rose. The Speaker announced the select committee to investigate the importation of contract labor as Messrs. Ford, Oates, Spinola, Guenther and Morrow.

The Queen of Sweden is undergoing peculiar treatment to restore her nerves to a normal condition. Her doctors have ordered her to rise early, make her own bed and dress, and sweep the room. She was to take a walk in the garden before breakfast, work among the flowers afterwards and lead an active outdoor existence all day long. Already the Queen has been benefited by this "curious" treatment, the chambermaid treatment as it is called. The same mode of life might benefit many a woman in this country who has lost her grip on her nerve.

Naughty editors! to talk after that fashion to delicate women! And yet there may be truth in it. Let the weakly ones try it. Put on thick soled shoes, go into the garden and with a light but sharp hoe and cut up grass and weeds before breakfast! It is fascinating, and fills the lungs with good fresh air. It costs nothing but a little resolution, whereas a horseback ride is both dangerous and expensive.

Wm. T. Walker, prohibition candidate for Governor, made a speech at Concord, Monday night, and was replied to by W. M. Robbins, who is a local optionist. Maj. Robbins never fails to interest an audience whatever the subject.

Washington Letter.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, July 16, 1888. Commissioner Colman, of the Agricultural department, has received an early and complete vindication from the charge made by General Greeley, Chief signal officer, to the Senate committee on Agriculture, to the effect that Mr. Colman was working in an underhanded manner to get the weather bureau transferred to his department. Gen. Greeley has written a manly letter to Senator Palmer in which he apologizes for having made the charge, having learned since that the information upon which he had based it was erroneous; he also asks Senator Palmer to assure the committee of his regret that he should unintentionally have placed a high official in a very wrong light. To those who know Mr. Colman, no vindication of anything he has done since he became Commissioner of Agriculture is necessary. It is for those who are not fortunate enough to know the man in all his rugged straightforwardness and honesty, that this is written.

No subsidies for pet steamship lines this year. The House again crushed the amendment to the bill appropriating \$900,000 to increase the mail facilities between this country and South America. The decisive vote—141 to 57—by which the House for the second time, rejected this amendment, will probably cause the Senate to see the wisdom of withdrawing it.

Col. Lamont has gone to New York to visit his family. He will return this week. The House is now considering the wool clause of the tariff bill, and unless there is some unexpected delay in disposing of it, the bill will be passed this week.

Senator English made a strong speech in favor of the ratification of the fisheries treaty. Friday Senator George did likewise. A delegation of the Patrons of Industry of Pennsylvania called on Mr. Cleveland Friday, to invite him to attend their exhibition and picnic on August 24. The President said that his duties are now such as to require his strictest attention, but when Congress adjourns, he would have more time.

The next trust to be investigated by the House committee on manufactures will be whiskey. "Granny" Blair, who is one of the most blatant demagogues who ever occupied a seat in the United States Senate, received a dressing down on Thursday last at the hands of Senator Butler of South Carolina, which he is not likely to forget for some time to come. The subject under discussion was the presidential vetoes of private pension bills. Blair said that taken as a whole, the vetoes were outrageous and the rights of American citizens. Mr. Butler replied that the greatest blessing that could overtake the Senate and the country would be for the Senator from New Hampshire to be less faithful to the line of duty which he had marked out for himself. There has been no incumbent's duty, in his opinion, on the sensible, respectable, orderly discharge of the duties of the Senate, it had been in the person of the Senator from New Hampshire, and in the measures which he had introduced. Mr. Butler also truthfully stated that Blair was like a demagogue, trying to appeal to the emotions of the country. Referring to a remark of Mr. Blair, that the language of some of the message was ungentlemanly, Mr. Butler said: "God save the mark! What a terrible calamity it would be to this country if the standard of gentlemen had to be established by the Senator from New Hampshire. It would undermine and destroy every rule on which the subject recognized among civilized people."

Mr. O'Neill, of Missouri, who is chairman of the House committee on Labor, says that the most important bill in the House is that prohibiting the carrying of convict-made goods from one State to another. It is expected that a signing session of the House will be held for the passage of this and other labor bills.

The House has passed a bill, providing for the taking of the eleventh and subsequent censuses.

Judge Lynch disposed of Humphries, a mulatto of about 19 years, at Asheville, July 10, between 2 and 4 a. m. Humphries had brutally assaulted a 13 year old girl of respectable character, whom he came up with while passing from the city through a piece of woods to her home in the suburbs. He left her in a critical condition—was soon after arrested, identified, and jailed! But his case was summarily disposed of, notwithstanding the stout resistance of the jailer, who fired into the mob—was himself fired at and overpowered, and his prisoner carried off and hung.

Through the grossest negligence of an operator at Asheville Junction two freight cars collided on the W. N. C. R. R. on Sunday morning, killing a brakeman, injuring both engineers and both conductors, and making a wreck of fourteen cars and two locomotives. The operator who made this fatal blunder was a man of experience, having been at one time chief train dispatcher of the Richmond & Danville road.

It is not likely that we shall have any sectarianism in this Presidential campaign as in the last. As Mr. Cleveland is the son of a Presbyterian minister, and Mr. Harrison is a Presbyterian elder, there will be no occasion to choose between them on religious grounds.

Fifteen thousand miles of railroad were laid last year in this country, and from present indications, says the "Railway Age," it will not be less this year.

The auditorium of the Republican Convention in Chicago was decorated with the portraits of all the Republican Presidents. When Fred Douglass made his eloquent appeal in behalf of the "Bloody Shirt," the Presidents all winked audibly at one another. They recognized the chestnut.

Cats are the poets of the lower animals. They alone cultivate the mews. —Pittsburg Courier.

Franklin Primary—False Reports.

Mr. Editor.—It is strange to hear the false reports that often get afloat during a heated contest in elections, especially for the office of Sheriff. Already it is noised abroad, that there was unfairness in the proceedings of the Franklin primary.

The facts are these,—soon after the organization was effected, and after the chairman had announced the convention's readiness to proceed to business, Mr. W. T. Gheen moved that the convention "hold on" for half an hour, as he was satisfied that "many more persons were coming." It was argued however, that the hour appointed by the chairman of the county Executive committee o'clock, and as it was then, just the hour, 2:15 P. M. that the convention had no authority to suspend, ("hold on.") But in order to give full satisfaction, a vote was taken and the motion was lost by a very large majority, whereupon, the convention, without excitement, and with the utmost firmness, proceeded to make its nominations.

The above are the exact facts in the case, all rumors to the contrary notwithstanding, and each candidate nominated by this convention, received a large majority of the votes, cast. July 16 1888.

VERITAS.

The Fig.

Editor Watchman.—As there is so much talk about the dear little pig in town, I think some one ought to reply to Mr. Cleanliness on the pig.

Mr. Cleanliness must be of a recently imported stock, or else he never nuzzled around the butk lots as much as he would not have thought that the dear little pig was the only source of filth in town, and as for the cost of raising the dear little pig, I wonder if he has ever tried to raise one. Mr. Cleanliness ought to know that a poor family can raise one or two pigs with very little more cost than the waste of the kitchen slops which would be entirely wasted if not for the benefit derived from the pork they would make out of the dear little pigs, and as to his reference as to cost of raising a pig here in town, (no doubt you are right) but Mr. Cleanliness certainly ought to have known that Mr. Parker is no better calculated to figure it out to heart's content than he would be himself, and as to this being a sickly time of the year, we all admit that as to pig pens that are properly cleaned and lined two or three times a week being the cause of sickness, what would be the result if all the slops and filth was allowed to be thrown out in back yards and lots; and strange to say there has been pigs raised and kept Salisbury we might say for the last forty years and no one was smart enough to find out that the pus of the dear little pigs was the direct cause of death.

Mr. Cleanliness figured the matter out to his own satisfaction. As to the majority of the people being in favor of the dear little pig going, we think he is sadly mistaken.

A LOVER OF PORK.

Announcements.

We are authorized to announce C. C. Krider as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Rowan county, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce J. Saml. McCubbin as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Rowan county, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce H. N. Woodson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds of Rowan county, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce B. C. Arey for re-election to the office of Surveyor of Rowan county, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

SALISBURY MARKET.

JUNE 14.

Cotton market corrected weekly by BOYDEN & QUINN.

Cotton, good middling, 9 1/2  
" middling, 9 1/4  
Market dull.

Country produce market corrected by D. R. JULIAN & CO.

Corn, \$1.00  
Flour, country family, \$2.25 @ \$2.30  
Wheat, \$1.00  
Country bacon, 10  
Butter, 15 @ 20  
Eggs, 10 @ 12 1/2  
Irish potatoes, good, 7 1/2  
Do. do. do. seed, 7 1/2  
Sweet potatoes, 5  
Peas, 50  
Lard, country, 10

Administratrix Notice.

Having administered upon the estate of my late husband, Mr. Robert A. Knox, dec'd., this is to notify those having claims against his estate to present them to me for payment on or before the 10th day of July, 1889, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. And those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

HARRIET E. KNOX,  
July 19, 1888.—ct. Administratrix.

THE RIGHT PLACE FOR

Good Bargains

IS AT

KLUTTZ & RENDLEMAN'S,

WHERE YOU FIND THE Largest and Best Selected Stock of Goods IN SALISBURY.

And they are going off at prices that defy competition. Be sure to call and see us. WE are headquarter for the BEST GOODS at the LEAST money.

New supply of India Linens at 7, 8, 10, 12 1/2 and 15 cents.

Cross-barred Nansooks at all prices. Big assortment of DRESS GOODS

Of all kinds at prices ranging from 8 cts. to \$1 per yard. Shirts, Collars, Cravats, undershirts—now 12 for all. Big stock of CLOTHING and HATS! Good Cloth SHOES (Misses') 12 to 2. at 50 cts. New supply of ZEPHYRUS SHOES. Big job in Low Cut Men's shoes. We are agents for COATS' SPOOL COTTON, and Butterick's Metropolitan FASHION PATTERNS. We still keep the best FLOUR in Salisbury. Big assortment of all kinds pure and first class Eatables. Coffee from 15 cts. up. Sugar, 24 and up to the best. Pure apple cider VINEGAR, 4 years old, 30 cents. We cordially solicit a call from you. Yours most obediently, KLUTTZ & RENDLEMAN.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, stum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall St., N. Y.

For sale by Bingham & Co., Young & Bostain, and N. P. Murphy.

with a whole-restraint, offers the best PHYSICAL and the best MENTAL culture, a compulsory CURRICULUM with ENFORCED STUDY a reasonable but strict DISCIPLINE, and a location entirely free from MALARIA. No time or money spent attending AGRICULTURAL FAIRS.

For catalogue address: Maj. R. BINGHAM, Bingham school, Orange Co., N. C.

A GOOD HOME.

Any one wishing to buy a good home place, is invited to call on Mrs. H. E. Johnson or Miss Victoria Johnson, North Ward, corner Fulton and Kerr streets. June 21, 1888. tf

HEALTH! HEALTH!!

A New Discovery.

Great Southern Remedy.

Having been from childhood a great sufferer, the result of protracted illness and indigestion, terminating in diseases of Liver, Kidney and Urinary Organs, and having tried many remedies known to the profession with only temporary relief, I have finally succeeded in discovering a combination of vegetable remedies, which combination has proven a remedy for diseases of all the internal organs superior to any known in a life of suffering and practice of nearly fifty years. As by it I have been restored from what seemed to be inevitable death to perfect health without taking a dose of any other medicine in nearly two years past.

For further particulars apply to your druggist, or JNO. F. FOARD, M. D., Olin, Ireddell county, N. C. July 9, 1888. 3m.

Land Sale!

ON Monday, August 20th, 1888, at the Court-house door in the town of Salisbury, at the hour of 12 m. I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash that part of the lot now occupied by A. L. Young, in the town of Salisbury, not included in his homestead heretofore laid off and assigned to him, it being the half of the said lot known as the north-west half, adjoining the lot of Mrs. J. M. McCorkle, on Linn's street in the said town. The lot to be sold includes one-half of the dwelling house on the same.

This sale is by order of the U. S. District Court, and to satisfy certain judgments in favor of M. L. Holmes and C. F. Baker, docketed in the county of Rowan.

CHAS. PRICE, Assignee in bankruptcy and Commissioner. Salisbury, N. C., July 16, 1888. 38ts.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

PREPARATORY

TO TAKING OUR

SEMI-ANNUAL INVENTORY

We Shall Reduce Prices ON ALL OUR GOODS.

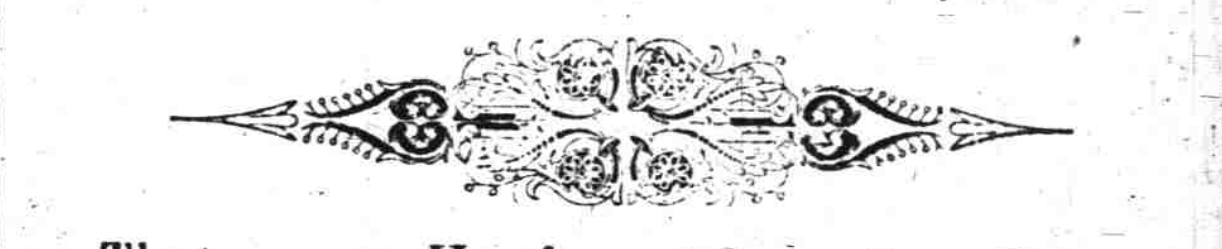
This is done in order to reduce our Stock as much as possible.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Mattings, WILL GO AT COST!

LITTMANN & LICHTENSTEIN. June 8th.

WE ARE BLOWING OUR LONG WHISTLE!

GOOD NEWS TO ALL!



That we are Headquarters on Low Prices AND GOOD GOODS. Our largely increasing sales testify!

AND FROM NOW ON

Will cut prices on some of our Leading Goods. WHEN YOU NEED

Silks, Batias, American Satines, The largest stock. Lace in town.

Brasahs, Zephyr Gingham, Embroideries. French Satines, White Goods in, in endless variety.

Wool Dress Goods, Stripes, New lot Torchon Lace. Wool Dress Goods, Check, New lot.

Cotton Wools, and Plain. Madras Lace. Calicos, Serim, all col's. Medici Lace. Gingham, Lace bed sets.

COMBS AND BRUSHES, Tooth Brushes, Face Powder,

AND THOUSANDS OF THINGS WE HAVE NOT SPACE TO MENTION. Don't Fail to See OUR POOR FOLKS POCKET-BOOK, 2 feet long or less!

The sun may become eclipsed; The moon may no longer shed its effulgent rays; The Stars may wander from their accustomed course; The earth may depart from its usual course; The tides may cease to ebb and flow; but— VANWYCK & SCHULTZ WILL "GET THERE" ALL THE SAME!

So pass the jug!—Keep on Dancing, and buy your Goods of Headquarters! A warm welcome awaits you with out-stretched hands and smiling face. VanWyck & Schultz, Leaders Latest Styles and Latest Prices.