

Carolina Watchman.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1888.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

GROVER CLEVELAND,
Of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

ALLEN G. THURMAN,
Of Ohio.

FOR CONGRESS 7TH DISTRICT:

JOHN S. HENDERSON,
of Rowan.

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

DANIEL G. FOWLE, of Wake.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:

THOMAS M. HOLT, of Alamance.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:

WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS,
Of Wake County.

FOR STATE TREASURER:

DONALD W. BAIN, of Wake.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:

THEO. F. DAVIDSON, of Buncombe.

FOR AUDITOR:

GEO. W. SANDERLAIN, of Wayne.

FOR Supt. of Public Instruction:

S. M. FINGER, of Catawba.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF SUPR. COURT:

JOSEPH J. DAVIS,

of Franklin County.

JAMES E. SHEPHERD,

of Beaufort County.

ALPHONSO C. AVERY,

of Burke County.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS AT LARGE:

ALFRED M. WADDELL,

of New Hanover County.

FREDERICK N. STRUDWICK,

of Orange County.

A Horrible Wreck

occurred on the Erie Railroad, near Shohola, N. Y., Monday morning last, caused by a washout. An east bound freight was wrecked and the cars smashed. The engineer, M. Fritz, and the fireman, O'Hogan, sustained injuries in the head, and the conductor, Fred Long, in the back. The west bound express train came along about the same time and was thrown down an embankment. Efforts were made to flag the train but proved unsuccessful. The cars caught fire and were totally burned. The fireman of the express, Alex Newman, was caught between the burning cars, and shot himself. The baggage, mail and express cars were burned completely up.

So far two men are known to have been killed and twenty-one wounded—eight fatally. A number of race horses belonging to Lilly Langtry and Fred Gebhardt were burned to death. The valuation placed upon them was \$100,000.

Out Eleven Days.

The Franklin (N. C.) Press recites the particulars of a rather remarkable case, to wit: Matilda Briggs strayed away from her home and was out in the woods for eleven days. From 100 to 150 persons were out searching for her every day, but she was at last found by a woman who went to drive hogs out of a field. She will recover, though she made a narrow escape.

The Wilmington Messenger relates that the business men North propose to vote for themselves by voting for Harrison. It is explained by showing that Harrison's tariff views being in favor of protection to manufacturers, it follows that in voting for Harrison these men will vote for themselves. Exactly so. And now let our farmers and mechanics of the South who pay the protective tariff, take into consideration that it is not always immoderate to vote for one's self; but that by the same rule a vote for the Democratic party is a vote in favor of themselves. It is a vote for the improvement of their own condition and for the welfare of their neighbors.

There was a volcanic eruption in Japan a few days ago, by which a number of villages were destroyed and a large number of lives lost. In one case a mountain was heaved up on the side of a village. The villages destroyed were covered with stones and ashes. The inhabitants of only one succeeded in making their escape without more or less loss.

The yellow fever at Jacksonville, Fla., does not appear to be very fatal. According to last reports, there were 21 cases in all, up to Monday last. Of these, 17 were under treatment. There had been three deaths.

Dockery and Devereux.

Col. O. H. Dockery and T. P. Devereux, according to appointment held forth on Saturday to a large number of negroes, and a few whites, who from curiosity stood around to hear what this great exponent of Radicalism had to say. We did not attend the speaking, so can give no report. We hear that he boasted that he would carry the State by 20,000. "Brag is a good dog," and it is easy to brag. But while this, like many other things he said, may fool the colored people, it will have no effect upon the intelligent public. Dockery is anxious to arouse the old Whig spirit, and asks those who in former days supported Clay, Ha rison, &c. How can you go back on Harrison? Why not ask, How can they go back on my son Oliver, when they supported with so much zeal his good old father. Need we answer, Has the son followed in the steps of the father? Would the father have arrayed himself against a white man's government in favor of negro rule? We think not. Col. Dockery is not a pattern of his father nor are the days or the issues of the day the same as in the days of the past. Col. Dockery is an Alliance man and protectionist, which are inconsistent. He evidently joined to reap all the benefits, political and otherwise. In his discussion of the Tariff he failed to say one word in regard to the Jute Trust, which will cause the farmer to pay about 43 cents per yard more for bagging than they ought. He did not tell them that this was the result of the tariff—but labored to prove that the protective tariff enabled the manufacturers to pay higher wages, so it does—but do the manufacturers pay it, not as he knows or any one else, the wage earners and the stationers say the contrary. Col. Dockery ought to have told them the truth, that the protective tariff is the rich man's friend and the poor man's enemy.

Tom Devereux held forth first, and from all reports his speech was no great shakes, and we are sure the two together, with all their bluster and demagoguism will not change one vote. Dockery is well known here, he has appeared before the public on several occasions asking for votes, but to no effect. We only wished on Saturday that Col. Waddell could have been here to tear off what little skin he left on him the last time he appeared before the people of Fayetteville.—Fayetteville Observer.

The Charlotte Democrat is not a noisy political paper. It is always guarded in what it says, and always speaks the honest truth, calmly, earnestly, and respectfully. Hear it:

It is very silly to hear sensible business men, or sensible men of any sort, say they are tired of politics, that they do not intend again to take an active part in elections, and that they don't care who is elected. Don't they know that their business prosperity, the common welfare of their families, and the interests of the State generally, depend upon having good government and good officers? Suppose they do not like a man in elections, and they don't care who they should refuse to vote for him? With the experience they once had of Republican rule in this State, are they willing to try it again? Are they willing to jeopardize the success of the Democratic candidates by throwing their votes away on some visionary scheme or some impracticable candidate, or by neglecting to vote? If white-radical negro rulers should again get possession of the State government, the people who now confess not to take much interest in elections would be the first to exhibit lamentations and fear. A vote for the third-prohibition party is equal to a vote for Col. Dockery and his negro party. A vote for the prohibition party is a vote against the Democratic party, and against good government. People who give such votes deserve to be ruled by negro government, and they will find that they have injured themselves, their children and their neighbors to an irreparable extent. Let sensible white men act like sensible men.

"People generally have as much interest in the welfare of the State and in having good government, as have newspaper editors and what are called politicians; and they should not expect a few to do all the work for the party. We can stand a bad government about as well as any one, but it is our duty to warn the public against the risk of having one."

The State Bank.

Immediately on the reading of the statements of White and Cross in court, District Attorney Busbee applied for and obtained copies and carried them to Washington and laid them before the Comptroller of the Currency, who sent an expert to examine the books of the bank and ascertain how far some of the allegations made in those statements were sustained by the facts. This expert has been at work quietly for some days. He has no purpose to make known here the results of his investigation, but the facts as he finds them will be reported to the authorities at Washington. This report, when made, will throw light on the subject of the management of the State Bank and will be full of interest to all who wish to know the facts.—News and Observer.

Killed by Lightning.

A Miss Almond, of Stanly county, while standing in the door during the thunder storm of last Thursday evening, was killed by lightning. We learn that on the same evening the house of Mr. Allen Hill, near Cottonville, Stanly county, was struck by lightning. A clock was knocked from the mantle through an open door, to the back part of another room, and torn to pieces. A dog, which was lying under the house, was killed, but fortunately no member of the family was injured.

The Democrats of Guilford are talking about bringing out the old war horse, Hon. D. F. Caldwell, for the Senate.

Washington Letter.

(From our regular correspondent)

WASHINGTON, August 13, 1888.

The President, Mrs. Cleveland, and all the members of the Cabinet in the City, together with most of the men of prominence at the Capitol, attended the funeral services over the remains of General Sheridan Saturday morning. Cardinal Gibbons presided over the impressive ceremonies. The dead General was buried at Arlington cemetery amidst thousands of his former comrades. As a tribute of respect to his memory, Congress adjourned over from Friday night to-day, and all the Government departments were closed on Saturday.

Now that Mr. Blaine has arrived, it is to be hoped that the republicans of the Senate will hurry up with their tariff bill. The Democratic Senators will not flinch to prevent the republicans from defeating the fisheries treaty. If the republicans are willing to go to the country as having rejected a just settlement of this question, it is their own lookout.

Senator Morgan, in answer to a bombastic statement made by Mr. Blair, some relation to the fisheries treaty and Canadian matters, defined the position of the Democratic party on this question very clearly. He said he did not want war. He knew what war meant. He had seen enough of it, and knew that if war came between England and the United States it would mean the killing of a great many people. The Democratic party, with the backbone of Andrew Jackson, would not make any foolish quarrel, but if war came, would stand to the country right or wrong. The republicans might mean a joke, might mean some traffic, some swapping of knives, or chaffing about a contact, but the Democratic party meant business. The Senator, at the conclusion of his remarks, referred sarcastically to the bomb prof war records of some of the loud-mouthed republican Senators. He also reminded the republicans of the fact that Mr. Cleveland had defeated them every time he had ever come in contact with them, and that he would do so again this year.

The President has found it necessary to veto fourteen more unworthy pension bills. Senator Call spoke in favor of the fisheries treaty to-day. Last week Sherman and Everts spoke against it, the latter taking part of two days to make a very prosy talk to an almost empty Senate chamber, winding up by giving notice that he would speak again before the vote was taken.

Senator Call has introduced a bill to appropriate \$200,000 to pay for property destroyed in suppressing the yellow fever in Florida. It will be passed promptly, for the latest news from Florida has created a genuine scare. The Senate has, without a division, passed the bill introduced by Mr. Spooner to regulate commerce carried by telegraph. The act takes effect Nov. 1st, 1888. It places the telegraph business under the control of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

It has been authoritatively stated from the White House, that the rumors in regard to the President's asking for the resignation of Commissioner of Pensions Black, are entirely without foundation. The relations between Mr. Cleveland and General Black are perfectly harmonious.

The House committee on the merchant marine and fisheries, will to-morrow begin their investigation of the Alaska Seal fisheries, authorized by the recent resolution of the House. There is a mine of republican wickedness in this matter, and it is believed that the committee will succeed in exposing it.

Owing to the large excess over the estimates of new railroad service put on by the Post office department, the Postmaster General has been compelled to ask for a deficiency appropriation of \$250,000 for that branch of the service.

The National Convention of the American party will convene here to-morrow. About 300 delegates are expected. They will nominate candidates for President and Vice President.

All the talk about disagreements between Mr. Cleveland and the national committee is nonsense. Mr. Cleveland is entirely satisfied with the conduct of the campaign, as far as it has gone.

Owing to some objectionable features in the river and harbor bill, Mr. Cleveland declined to sign it, but the importance of the most of the appropriations was so great that he did not care to veto it, so it has been allowed to become a law without his signature.

BLAINE has at length arrived and has been received by the admirers of jingoism with the utmost enthusiasm. He is the representative of the true Republican spirit whoever may be Republican nominee. He is lauded to the skies; he is "the greatest living statesman"; he is "the uncrowned King." Poor Harrison is made to play second fiddle. Republicanism is still Blaineism with all that implies of legislation in the sole interest of corporations, of extravagance in public expenditures, of high taxation, of blow and brag and bluster so far as other countries are concerned. Republicanism's chief exemplar is the great Tattooed.—News and Observer.

The Administration has just scored another good point in Secretary Vilas' decision in the Guilford Miller case. Miller is a farmer who settled on public land, which he has cultivated for years. The Northern Pacific railroad claimed Miller's land as lying in their territory. But upon investigation it is found by the Secretary of the Interior that they have no claim to this territory. The decision in Miller's case saves to more than two thousand other settlers the farms which this rapacious corporation had coveted and would have seized. Hurrah for an Administration that guards the rights of the people in the public lands.—Richmond State, Dem.

The Savannah News, as other papers out of the State, is praising Senator Vance's recent speech on the Fisheries treaty. It begins an editorial by saying:

"Senator Vance pointed out very clearly on Monday the reason why the Republicans oppose the ratification of the fisheries treaty to-day. He has the faculty of telling interesting stories, which strengthen the points he wishes to make when discussing a subject, and it will hardly be denied that the stories with which his Monday's speech was enriched served admirably the purpose he had in view."

He angled to some purpose that day.

Hon. S. S. Cox, of New York, was at Morehead city, Aug. 10.

The Statesville Landmark now issues 2,000 copies. It is worthy of 2,000 more.

Don't waste energy in a vain pursuit when a rich reward is just in reach.

President Cleveland has signed the bill for a public building at Charlotte.

Jay Gould has declared himself in favor of the re-election of President Cleveland.

Four new cases of yellow fever reported at Jacksonville, Fla., and one death on the 14th.

A vote for the third party wins nothing for Prohibition, but counts one for the Republican party.

The Farmers' Alliance was in session at Raleigh, this week, with representatives from 55 counties.

First bale of new cotton was received at Savannah, Ga., July 25th—strict middling, and sold for 15 cts.

Dockery is laboring to restore republican rule in the State, and the third party is helping him to do it.

Dynamiters continue to keep up an excitement at Chicago—recently by laying bombs on railroad tracks.

The Democratic prohibitionists will vote for the Republicans when they give their votes to the third party.

Wilmington, N. C., put in force Friday night last, quarantine regulations for protection against yellow fever at Jacksonville, Fla.

Hon. A. H. Van Bokken, a prominent business man of Wilmington, N. C., after months of illness, died at his residence Monday last, aged 64.

Dockery says nothing against the third party and the third party says nothing against him. They are agreed on this point, and will walk together.

At the late election in Tennessee the State went Democratic by an increased majority. These facts do not look much like a breaking up of the solid South.

Judge Fowle, Major Finger and others, of the Democratic ticket are received enthusiastic receptions at all the places they visit. The people turn out in great numbers to hear them talk.

There are two negro women to be tried in Criminal Court of Mecklenburg, this week: one for killing her husband with a skillet, and the other for cutting the throat of her rival with a razor.

A regular battle with over 50 persons on each side, growing out of an old feud, was fought in Pike county, Ky., recently. Several killed and others wounded, and the end not yet reached.

Scott Partin, late a prisoner in Raleigh, is wandering about in the eastern part of the State insane. Meanwhile, news from Ireland comes to hand identifying him as Scott Porter, and heir to a large estate in Ireland.

Fifteen hundred lame, blind, sick, wounded, and other afflicted persons, went on pilgrimage from Ottowa, Ont., Aug. 14, to the shrine of St. Anedee Beaugre, to be healed of their maladies. And this in Protestant America!

Maj. Wm. Robbins, says the Wilmington Star, is wanted at Mt. Holly Fair, in this State, "to skin the agents of the Money Devil." Hope the Major will go down and wield his scalpel on the protective tariff subjects invited to be there.

Mr. Murrill of the Press and Carolinian offers his paper one year to any mossy backed republican who will vote the prohibition ticket. The third party was got up to catch democrats, not republicans. The republicans will do the shouting when that trap falls.

The Senate bill for a substitute of the Mills bill, makes a very little change in wool manufactures, but cuts down the tariff on rice and sugar. These are Southern products, and the Northern Republicans will never fail to damage Southerners when they can.

A Flour Trust, embracing the millers of five states, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas and Tennessee, to be called the "Central Millers' Association" is forming for the purpose of controlling the flour trade. A sugar trust has already sent up the price of sugar, and is now reaping an extortion of about two cents on every pound of sugar consumed by the people.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the adulterated low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St. N. Y.

BINGHAM SCHOOL, with a wholesome and moral restraint, offers the best PHYSICAL and the best MENTAL culture, a compulsory CURRICULUM with ENFORCED STUDY, a reasonable but strict DISCIPLINE, and a location entirely free from MALARIA. No time or money spent attending AGRICULTURAL FAIRS. For catalogue address: Maj. R. BINGHAM, Bingham School, Orange Co., N. C.

HEALTH! HEALTH!! A New Discovery. Great Southern Remedy.

Having been from childhood a great sufferer, the result of protracted chills and indigestion, terminating in diseases of Liver, Kidney and Urinary Organs, and having tried many remedies known to the profession with only temporary relief, I have finally succeeded in discovering a combination of vegetable remedies, which combination has proven a remedy for diseases of all the internal organs superior to any known in a life of suffering and practice of nearly fifty years. As by it I have been restored from what seemed to be inevitable death to perfect health without taking a dose of any other medicine in nearly two years past.

Land Sale! ON Monday, August 20th, 1888, at the Court-house door in the town of Salisbury, at the hour of 12 m., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, that part of the lot now occupied by A. L. Young, in the town of Salisbury, not included in his homestead, heretofore laid off and assigned to him, it being the half of the said lot known as the north-west half, adjoining the lot of Mrs. J. M. McCorkle, on Imlay street in the said town. The lot to be sold includes one-half of the dwelling house on the same.

Administratrix Notice. Having administered upon the estate of my late husband, Mr. Robert A. Knox, dec'd., this is to notify those having claims against his estate to present them to me for payment on or before the 10th day of July, 1889, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. And those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

A GOOD HOME. Any one wishing to buy a good home place, is invited to call on Mrs. H. E. Johnson or Miss Victoria Johnson, North Ward, corner Fulton and Kerr streets. June 21, 1888. H. E. KNOX, Administratrix.

SALEM FEMALE ACADEMY, SALEM, N. C. HEALTHFUL LOCATION; BEAUTIFUL grounds; ample buildings with comfortable study parlors; sleeping alcoves; bathing rooms; well graded and advanced course of study; special schools in Music, Art, Languages and Commercial studies; refined home life, with good Christian training; special care of the individual pupil; eighty-four years of continuous experience and more than 6,000 Alumnae. Send for Catalogue and circulars. [40c] p. d.

North Carolina COLLEGE, Mt. Pleasant, N. C. Next session begins the first Monday in September. Location healthy. Terms Moderate. For Catalogue or particulars, address: Rev. J. G. SCHAID, Pres't, Aug. 2, 1888-19. Mt. Pleasant, N. C.

NOTICE TO SETTLE. All persons having claims against the estate of S. G. Fesperman, dec'd., are hereby notified that they must present them to me for payment on or before the 24 day of August 1888, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the estate of S. G. Fesperman are requested to settle without delay.

Richard H. Whitehead, M. D., Salisbury, N. C. Offers his professional services to the citizens of Salisbury and the vicinity. Office at Klutz's Drug Store.

SUMMER GOODS



AT COST!!

WILL SOON RECEIVE

OUR FALL STOCK And in order to make room

We shall dispose of all our Summer Goods at Cost! LITTMANN & LICHTENSTEIN.

WE WILL FROM THIS DAY,

AUGUST 1ST, 1888,

CLOSE OUT THE BALANCE OF ALL

Summer Goods

AT AND BELOW

ACTUAL COST!

This is done to make room for our

MAMMOTH FALL STOCK

We Buy Blackberries,

And will Sell Goods as Low as any

House South.

Don't fail to call on us in next 30 days

and save enough to shoe the children all winter.

VanWyck & Schultz,