

THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1889.

The subscription rates of The Carolina Watchman are  
1 year, paid in advance, - - - \$1.50.  
payment delayed 3 months - 2.00.

Excursion tickets were put on the railroads June 1st.

A corn doctor held forth to a large audience on the public square Saturday.

Judge Merrimon will preside at the next term of court here, in August.

Mr. D. L. Gaskill returned from a business trip to California, last Saturday.

Blowing Rock will be the favorite resort for Salisbury people this summer.

Mr. F. J. Murdoch has returned from a visit to relatives in Charleston South Carolina.

Lee S. Overman, Esq., will deliver the Wiley Gray medal at Trinity College, on June 13th.

Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias here next week, 11th 12th 13th & 14th.

The recent ordinances passed by the new board of aldermen are commendable, and we hope to see them enforced.

We were glad to see Mr. R. J. Holmes on the streets yesterday, after an attack of sickness of several weeks duration.

The wedding bells are tuning for an occasion in this city soon; in fact there are two occasions to be celebrated in the near future.

Mr. Charles Overman, Sr., of Charlotte, for several years a citizen of Salisbury, is shaking hands with numerous friends here this week.

Joe Roberts, colored, went to bed in usual health, Monday night, but was found dead Tuesday morning. Supposed to be a case of heart disease.

The flux is prevailing to more or less extent in almost every part of this county. There have been several deaths caused by it among children.

A Union Sunday school has been organized at the Cotton Factory by the Presbyterians, Baptists and Methodists, and is held ever Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The friends of Mr. Allison Heilig have been sorry to learn that his health of body and mind is seriously impaired, and that he requires close watching to prevent his doing injury to himself.

An "American Fruit Evaporator" (one of the best that is made), with a capacity of from ten to twelve bushels per day, for sale at a very reduced price. Will trade it for a milk cow. Enquire at this office.

Rev. Mr. Byrd was to have delivered a literary address at some one of our high schools or colleges, this week, but has been detained by the severe illness of Mr. John Gaskill, one of the members of his church.

A good report comes to us from Stanley, Anson, Richmond and Montgomery counties through Mr. J. T. Wyatt, of this county, in respect to the wheat and oats crops of those sections through which he has lately traveled in the interest of his millstone business.

It is reported here that the State Board of Health has condemned the water furnished by the Greensboro water works for domestic purposes. There has been no complaint of our supply. The fact is we are solid on the question of water works, and lead all other systems operating in this country.

A party of Confederate Veterans of the town and county are speaking of visiting some of the battle fields of Virginia in July or August, provided reduced rates can be secured on the railroads. Petersburg, Seven Pines, Cold Harbor, Fredericksburg, Spotsylvania and the Wilderness will be the programme.

"John B. Eaves for Collector. Charles Price Attorney for the Western District of North Carolina."

Such is the telegraphic report from Washington this morning. There was a large delegation of North Carolina Republicans at the White House yesterday urging the appointment of Eaves, but the report does not say he got it.

We acknowledge a ticket of invitation to attend the exercises of Commencement week at Salem Female Academy, Salem, N. C., May 31 to 4th June. This grand old institution keeps up with the times in all the essential particulars of education. Eminent conservative of valuable features of the past, it is yet progressive and maintains its hold on public confidence. We have received (too late for this issue) a special report of the exercises referred to above, and regret our inability to present it in full.

Mr. A. C. Carter, who was a member of Co. K, 4th Regiment of North Carolina troops, and has been living at Cotton Plant, Ark., for about 20 years, writes us a favorable letter of that part of the country, which he thinks is much better than Rowan, and says that if there be any good working Democrats in Rowan who wish to change their residence, it may be to their interest to open correspondence with him. We have very few white working men in Rowan who are not Democrats. If Republican colored gentlemen would suit him as well, we can spare him lots of them, but the other sort of folks are too highly prized to let them leave us for any other country under the sun. We hope they will not listen to Mr. Carter's persuasions.

## Relief to the Sufferers.

The Superintendent of the Express Office in this place, gives notice that any contributions for the relief of the Johnston sufferers will be sent free.

## List Your Taxes.

Mr. Frank McCubbin is now listing State, County and City taxes. He may be found at Julian's store from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. until 1st of July.

## Beautiful Badges.

Mr. Reinsner, our Jeweler, has just completed badges for the graduating class at Trinity College, which we venture to say will equal in beauty and quality any that will be distributed from any College in the South.

## Early Closing.

Now that summer is upon us the question of closing the stores at 7 o'clock in the evenings is in order. Shall the hard-worked clerks have a suspension of service for a while? No other class of toilers deserve it more.

## Yadkin Railroad.

It will be seen by an advertisement in this paper that the County Commissioners have ordered an election to be held in September to take the vote of the people on the above project; and we are glad to believe from present information that the scheme will be favored by Rowan, and its success assured. We will advert to this subject again, a little later on.

## Fire.

We regret to learn that Mr. William Canup, living on or near the Mt. Pleasant road, had the misfortune to lose his dwelling house and almost everything it contained by fire, Wednesday last, about 2 p. m. The fire originated from a defective stove chimney, and had made considerable progress before discovery. Mr. Mr. Canup was some distance from the house at work in a field, and his wife was unable to reach the fire.

## Magisterial Assemblage.

That respectable body of the County, the entire board of Justices of the Peace, were in session here, Monday last, for transaction of County business—laying the taxes, electing a County Commissioner, electing a Educational Board, and a Cotton weigher.

In respect to taxes, 65 cents was levied on the \$100's value, and \$1.95 on the poll. Former rates on other subjects were continued.

Mr. Cornelius Kestler was elected to fill the vacancy in the Board of County Commissioners.

The old Board on Education was re-elected.

Mr. John Beard was elected cotton weigher.

## Davidson College Commencement.

## ORDER OF EXERCISES.

Sunday, June 16th, 11 a. m.—Baccalaureate sermon by Rev. N. W. Edmunds, D. D. 8 p. m., Y. M. C. A. sermon by Rev. Peyton H. Hoge.

Tuesday, 18th. Annual meeting of the Board of Trustees at 11 a. m. Reunion of literary societies at 8 p. m.

Wednesday, 19th, 11 a. m. Address before the literary societies by Col. Jno. N. Staples, and Alumni oration by Rev. B. F. Wilson. 4 p. m., meeting of the Alumni Association. 8 p. m., Anniversary of the literary societies.

Thursday, 20th. Commencement day. Graduating orations, conferring degrees, awarding prizes, inauguration exercises.

Excursion rates, R. & D. R. R.: Round trip tickets at reduced rates will be sold at all stations as far west as Asheville, as far south as Toccoa and Columbia and as far east as Raleigh, Durham and Danville, from the 15th to the 20th, good till the 25th. Persons coming from more distant points will please buy round-trip tickets when they reach the limits named. We expect to get rates on the Seaboard system also.

J. B. SHEARER, President.

Ed. Watchman.—Referring to my diary for 1880, I find for the few latter days of that year, the following memoranda:

Saturday, Dec. 25.—Snowed all day and night.

Sunday, Dec. 26.—The most magnificent snow I ever saw—9 to 10 inches deep on open ground. Had to open roads with a snow shovel, improvised for the occasion.

Monday, 28.—At night commenced snowing.

Tuesday, 29.—Snowing rapidly. About 4 inches had fallen at daylight, and still continues. To-night is intensely cold. Keep fires burning all night to keep from freezing.

Thursday, 30.—One hour before daylight, Mercury 7° above zero inside of my parlor. At sunrise it was at zero, and a little after sunrise it registered 2° below zero. Kerosene froze in the lamps, and vinegar in bottles and barrels. Snow 12 inches deep.

Friday, 31.—At sunrise, mercury stood 2° below zero, and kerosene and vinegar are frozen. Snow still 12 inches deep. Ice 34 inches deep on fish ponds.

This was truly a remarkable spell of weather. It snowed again on Jan. 1st to a depth of 4½ inches, and was then 13 inches deep. The mercury had fallen to 24°.

W. R. FRALEY.

## DIED.

Infant daughter of Mrs. H. W. Hudson, May 28th, aged 13 months.

"Safe in the arms of Jesus."

At the Mt. Vernon Hotel, June 1st, Mr. Heinrich Frercks, of malarial fever aged about 24 years. The deceased was a German, a nephew of our townsman, Mr. P. A. Frercks, and had been in this country less than a year.

Sarah Page Davis, wife of Colonel J. R. Davis, May 2d, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. W. F. Evans, 28 Hopkins st., Cincinnati, Ohio.

A precious one from us has gone, A voice we loved is stilled; A place is vacant in our home, Which never can be filled.

God in his wisdom has recalled The boon his love had given; And though the body slumbers here, The soul is safe in heaven.

## 2,000 DROWNED.

The Apalling Horrors of the Great Floods Coming to Light.

## JOHNSTOWN ANNIHILATED.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 1.—The waters which overwhelmed this town yesterday, carrying death to hundreds and misery to thousands, are subsiding rapidly. It is no exaggeration to say there are mourners in every family.

It is impossible to describe briefly the suddenness with which the disaster came. A warning sound was heard at Conemaugh, two miles distant, a few minutes before the rush of water came, but it was attributed to some meteorological disturbance, and no trouble was borrowed because of a thing unseen. The low, rumbling noise increased in volume, however, and came nearer, the suspicion of danger began to force itself upon even the bravest, which was increased to a certainty a few minutes later, when, with a rush, the mighty stream spread out in width. There was no time to save themselves, and many unfortunate were whirled into the midst of the stream before they could turn around. Men, women and children were struggling in the water, and it is thought many of them never reached this place.

Here a similar scene was enacted, only on a much larger scale, as the population is greater, and the sweeping whirlpool rushed into a denser mass of humanity.

It was TWILIGHT OF TERROR, and the gathering shades of evening closed in a panorama of horrors that has few parallels in the history of casualties. Now and then the waters would wash against the one side of the mountains, and then to the other side, carrying with them their human freight. This division enabled those on the banks to rescue many.

The water is too high to even attempt to estimate the extent of the disaster, but the city is a complete wreck, and it is certain the loss of life will be immense. The fugitives are returning to the place, where a few hours ago they were happy and prosperous.

## NEAR JOHNSTOWN.

NEW FLORENCE, Pa., June 1.—The grey morning light does not seem to show either hope or mitigation of the awful fears of the night. We are where we drove across the mountains in the darkness of the early morning, at New Florence, 14 miles from the scene of the disaster at Johnstown. It has been a hard night with everybody.

It is said to be next to impossible to get to Johnstown proper to-day in any manner, except by rowing boats. The roads are cut up, so that even the countrymen refuse to travel over them in their roughest vehicles. The only hope is to get within about three miles of Johnstown by special train, or by hand car.

Already 9 dead bodies have been picked up within this limits of the town since daylight. None of them have as yet been recognized. Five of those found are women. One lady probably 35 years old and rather handsome, had clasped in her arms a babe about six months old. The dead body of a young woman was discovered in the branches of a huge tree which had been carried down the stream.

## FRESHETS IN VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Va., June 1.—The tremendous freshet in James River has about reached its highest point. To-night the water came upon Main street above the old market to the depth of six inches. It had already backed up on Franklin street to the depth of three feet, and persons are moving about in row-boats on the corner of 17th and Franklin. Considerable damage has been done to the city water works and there is a probability of a scarcity of water in the city mains, as the present pumping capacity is about one-half the daily consumption. No trains have left Richmond except over the York River line to West point, and the city is fairly cut off from the outside world, as far as mail facilities are concerned. The losses in the cities of Richmond and Manchester will aggregate many thousands dollars.

Richmond is almost as completely isolated from the outside world as she was during some portions of the war. The apprehensions of a freshet equal to that of 70 and 71 proved to be well founded and all day considerable excitement has been caused as a consequence.

A great volume of water from Lynchburg is expected before morning, and it is calculated that fully six feet will be added to the present height. This with tide water, will completely submerge all the lower portion of the city and do immense damage. Trains left for the north over the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, and no mails are received over that route, owing to serious washouts and bridges, &c. Passengers had to go north via the York River Railroad and steamer at West Point, on the Chesapeake and Ohio. On the Richmond and Danville, there were no trains, in or out.

This is the heaviest freshet known in Richmond for years. Forunately no loss of life has yet been reported.

## AT PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, June 1.—The Appomattox is on a boom. The earliest damage from the bursting of the receiving reservoir at water works. This occurred about 11 o'clock last night. The whole lower part of the city is under water.

## IN NORTHERN VIRGINIA.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., June 1.—Yesterday's storm was one of the heaviest that has been experienced here for many years, and judging from reports received from the surrounding country, the damage will amount to many thousands dollars.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The Signal Service observers at Harper's Ferry, Va., reported at 8 a. m. as follows: "River here within two feet as high as 1887. Still rising. Water eight to ten feet deep on Shenandoah street. My office rocking; making preparation to abandon it. Great damage to railroads here. All kinds of heavy drift running."

## AT FREDERICKSBURG.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., June 1.—The river continues to rise at the rate of twenty-four inches per hour. A great many families have lost all their possessions by it.

## RISE IN THE JAMES.

LYNCHBURG, Va., June 1.—The flood in James river is the highest since 1871. The water is 23 feet above the high water level, but it is slowly falling now. The extent of the damage is not fully known yet. The Richmond and Alleghany Railroad is badly washed and it will be several days before trains can run through.

## WATER-SPOUT AT POCAHONTAS.

POCAHONTAS, June 1.—A terrible rain storm swept over Southwest Virginia during Thursday night and Friday, and at Pocahontas a water-spout at the head of Laurel Creek submerged the city, and many persons had to be taken from their homes on horses.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Washington has been entirely cut off from railroad communication with other places. The only trains running are on the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railroads between here and New York. At the railroad offices it is stated that the wash-out is general through Virginia and West Virginia, and no trains can possibly be sent out before 9:40 o'clock to-night.

There is a tremendous freshet in the Potomac. The loss to wharf property is placed at from \$200,000 to \$300,000.

## NEW YORK STATE.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Dalton, War-saw, Mt. Morris and other points in New York State report the greatest rain fall in years and there is much damage to property.

## Salem Female Academy.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES AT THAT EXCELLENT INSTITUTION OF LEARNING. Special Correspondence of the Watchman.

WINSTON SALEM, June 4.—The 85th commencement exercises of the famous and distinguished institution of learning, Salem Female Academy, are in progress here this week and the Twin-City is alive with visitors. This is always a joyful season, and the exercises this year equal (if they don't surpass) any previous effort of the beloved academy.

## GRAND MUSICAL CONCERT.

The commencement exercises were opened last Friday evening with a grand musical concert in the Moravian church, which was crowded to its utmost capacity. The program consisted of 22 excellent selections, and the audience was highly delighted with the elegance of the instrumental and vocal music. The concert was not only a grand success, but it proved clearly to the large audience that the instructors in the musical department were doing excellent work.

## THE BACCALAUREATE SERMON.

The annual sermon before the graduating class was delivered by Rev. Thomas H. McCallie, D. D., of Chattanooga, Tenn., at 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning in the Moravian church. After the opening services the speaker read an appropriate lesson for the morning from the 31st chapter of Proverbs, commencing at the 10 verse. If the readers of the WATCHMAN will look up this chapter and read it they will agree with me that a more appropriate reading lesson for the occasion could not have been chosen.

Dr. McCallie announced his text from Ruth, 1st chapter and 16th verse: "and Ruth said, entreat me not to leave thee, or to return from following after thee: for whither thou goest I will go; and where thou lodgest I will lodge: thy people shall be my people, and thy God my God." He lost no time, but spoke fluently, logically and eloquently many words of advice to the 24 young ladies (members of the class) who would soon go forth to enter the duties of womanhood.

The Doctor filled his mission of preaching the commencement sermon well and to the satisfaction of all. He should congratulate himself upon securing the services of such an able and learned man of God.

## THE ART EXHIBIT.

The rooms of the art department were opened from 2 to 5 o'clock Monday evening for the inspection of a vast crowd during the evening. The various line of needle work, hand-painting, etc. displayed, was both tasty and prize-worthy. This department certainly does not lack for competent instructors.

## ALUMNAC ASSOCIATION.

The meeting of the alumnac at 3 o'clock yesterday evening was an intensely interesting gathering. Ladies who were educated here years ago were in attendance, and the gathering was without a doubt a happy one.

[We here stop the report to give place to more general news.]

## The "Societas Fraternum."

DAVIDSON COLLEGE, May 31.—The Societas Fraternum of Davidson College held its last regular meeting for the year in the old chapel yesterday. Thirteen new members were initiated, and officers were elected for the ensuing year. H. W. Smith was elected President, J. E. Thacker Vice-President, M. R. Baker Secretary and Prof. W. D. Vinson Treasurer.

Prof. Vinson made his annual report, and reported that the funds now under control of the Society amount to \$900, and that four young men had been aided through College during the term.

The Societas Fraternum, in its aim, an extremely laudable Society for the benefit of needy students, and is, as far as known, the only one of its kind in the United States which originated among the student body, and was supported by students, not out of their wealth, but out of the poverty of the poor.

Prof. Fries, of Salem, N. C., and has since that time enabled more than a score of young men to pursue their College course. No money is given to any one, but the recipient signs a promise to repay the amount of the loan as soon as possible after graduation.

At first the Treasury depended for increase solely on the dues of the members, but since the last year, the profits of the College Book Agency have been turned over to the Society. This amount, added to the dues of the members, will make the fund increase nearly \$250, and in a few years the Society will be able to send a large number of young men through the entire course. By the constant return of loaned money, there is no end to the amount of good it can accomplish. The unflinching zeal and industry of Prof. Vinson has served in a great degree to place the Society on its present prosperous footing. All the members of the Faculty are contributors to the funds.

## Home Folks.

North Carolina has vast forests that are of great value. These should not be slaughtered without necessity. They should be sold only at high prices and when farming demands it. Do not destroy your forests to obtain virgin land, but improve what is already under cultivation. There are vast spaces of the State still covered by original growth, not more than one-third of the State, if so much, has been cleared. Immigrants are invited, but immigrants who are sober, industrious and well meaning—families who desire to live and let live and to help build up the State. Mr. P. M. Wilson, now in charge of the State Immigration Bureau, is moving to bring into the State people of character, intelligence and with capital. We hope he will succeed. He is a young man of capacity, education and energy and he will not be apt to solicit immigration of a questionable sort.—Wm. Messenger.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.  
CENSUS OFFICE,  
WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 1, 1889.

To the Medical Profession:  
The various medical associations and the medical profession will be glad to learn that Dr. John S. Billings, Surgeon T. S. Army, has consented to take charge of the Report on the Mortality and Vital Statistics of the United States as returned by the Eleventh Census.

As the United States has no system of registration of vital statistics, such as is relied upon by other civilized nations for the purpose of ascertaining the actual movement of population, our census affords the only opportunity of obtaining near an approximate of the birth and death rates of much the larger part of the country, which is entirely unprovided with any satisfactory system of State and municipal registration.

In view of this, the Census Office, during the month of May this year, will issue to the medical profession throughout the country "Physician's Registers" for the purpose of obtaining more accurate returns of deaths than it is possible for enumerators to make. It is earnestly hoped that physicians in every part of the country will co-operate with the Census Office in this important work. The record should be kept from June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890. Nearly 26,000 of these registration books were filled up and returned to the office in 1880. Nearly all of them used for statistical purposes. It is hoped that double this number will be obtained for the Eleventh Census.

Physicians not receiving Registers can obtain them by sending their names and address to the Census Office, and, with the Register, and official envelope which requires no stamp, provided for their return to Washington.

If all medical and surgical practitioners throughout the country will lend their aid, the mortality and vital statistics of the Eleventh Census will be more comprehensive and complete than have ever been. Every physician should take a personal pride in having this report as full and accurate as it is possible to make it.

It is hereby promised that all information obtained through this source shall be held strictly confidential.

It is equally important to farm products and live stock should be full and correct. The enumerator in the house to house visit he will make during the month of June, 1890, is constantly met with the fact that farmers keep no books and hence returns are not infrequently guess work. The census year begins June 1st next and ends May 31st, 1890. If farmers throughout the country would note this fact and keep account of the products of their farms during the census year it would be material aid in securing reliable returns for the Eleventh Census.

ROBERT G. POWERS,  
Superintendent of Census.

## Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY MAY 31.

The reports of the correspondents of the Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin, issued by the North Carolina Experiment Station and State Weather Service, show that there has been an excess of rain-fall, about an average temperature and an average amount of sunshine in the State during the week ending Friday, May 31.

The effect upon crops has been generally favorable. Cotton has improved somewhat, although considerably damaged by hail and wind storms in Rowan and Edgecombe counties. In the tobacco sections the weather has been generally very favorable to transplanting. A very severe storm passed over the State on Thursday and Friday, attended by high winds and excessive rain-falls, flooding bottom lands and doing some injury to the crops. The following reports of the heavy weekly rain-falls, reported by correspondents, were received:

Morganton, Burke county—4.89 inches in three days. Dallas, Gaston county—3.50 inches in 19 hours. Iron Station, Lincoln county—3 inches on one day. Davidson College, Mecklenburg county—2.50 inches in three days. Raleigh, Wake county—3.30 inches in three days. Greensboro, Guilford county—2.29 inches on three days. Garysburg, Northampton county—2.25 inches on four days. Hertford, Perquimans county—3.75 inches on four days.

EASTERN DISTRICT. The temperature was slightly below the normal, the sunshine below the average amount and the rainfall above the average. Crops appear to have been unfavorably affected. Hail and wind storms, together with heavy rains, were very injurious to cotton in the northern portions of this district.

CENTRAL DISTRICT. There was an excess of rain-fall, about an average temperature and an average amount of sunshine in this district with a decidedly favorable effect upon crops, as shown from the reports of 245 per cent. of the correspondents. The weather has been very reasonable for tobacco and cotton has been doubtless improved. Freshets are reported in some localities with some injury to crops on bottom land.

WESTERN DISTRICT. The rain-fall was above the average, the temperature slightly below the average and sunshine slightly above the average. Ninety-three per cent. of the correspondents report that the weather has been favorable. In the tobacco sections of this district the weather has been especially favorable. The stand of cotton has been probably improved. Wheat doing fairly. Oats rather poor.

## Decided at Last.

The Supreme Court on the 19th May, affirmed Judge Boykin's judgment in the case of Wilson vs. Pearson. This puts Mr. Richmond Pearson, as executor for his father, in for about \$7,500; ends a law-suit that has been in the courts for about 23 years. It secures to the heirs of Charlie McDowell all that famous property known as the Quaker Meadows or McDowles farm, on the Catawba river, one mile from Morganton.

It satisfies Maj. Wilson without interfering with these heirs, which, it was thought at one time, would have to be done by the suit to a close.—Morganton Star.

## MANNING, N. C., June 3.

As there was not much said last week about the hail storm in this section, I send you this:

Some of the farmers were damaged worse than others. D. A. Sifford and S. B. Colly were than any one else in this neighborhood. They are having their wheat mowed, as that is the only way they can save it. Fruit is totally destroyed and house roofs shattered.

## M. S. COLLY.

Jim Proctor, the colored diver, who is engaged by Captain E. D. Williams to do the diving in the work of removing logs from the river at the Champion Compress, recovered a silver watch and chain yesterday which had been dropped over board on the 21st of December.—Wm. Messenger.

## THE

## FARMERS' HEADQUARTERS

—IS AT—

## VAN WYCK'S.

Don't listen to any one when they tell you their goods are as low as Van Wyck's, for I am headquarters on prices. Don't believe anything you hear, and only half you see, and you will be better off.

We have 500 Parasols and Umbrellas yet to close out from 10 cents to \$5.00,—just New York cost.

Our Dress Goods line is complete, at prices below N. Y. cost. 36 in. all wool Tricot, regular price, 50c.; cost 36c.; our price, 30. 40 in. Henriettas, new lot, regular price, 75c.; our price, 45c.—

We mean business; they are bound to go.

We sell Calico by the pound, lower than any other house in Western North Carolina, Salisbury not excepted.

Our stock of \$20,000's worth of Dry Goods will be sold as heretofore at and below cost. Some folks say we ain't selling at cost. Well, you know some folks don't believe in the New Testament. Any how, we fling down the gauntlet to undersell any thing, anywhere and at all times.

We don't want to sell trash in the way of Racket goods, but have some on hand for those who will try them, such as 200 yd. spool cotton at 2c. and many other things (kept by Racket stores) that I don't show.

I am trying to do a strictly legitimate, fair and square business, to beat any prices either in the Northern, cities or Salisbury. I sell nothing but first-class goods, and will stand by every representation made about goods sold in my store, if not as represented money will be refunded. Honesty and square dealing is my motto.

Acting thusly, I will ride my pegasus through life's career to the sunny peaks of an immortal Helicon.

Follow the multitudes and join in the grand chorus: That Van Wyck is headquarters for bargains.

## O. B. VAN WYCK,

Leader Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.

**DON'T USE BIG WORDS.**

In promulgating esoteric cogitations or articulating superficial sentimentalities and philosophical or psychological observations, beware of platitudinous ponderosity.

Let your statements possess a clarified consciousness, compacted comprehensibility, coalescent consistency and a concentrated cogency.