

## Carolina Watchman.

THURSDAY, JAN. 9, 1890.

The fund for a monument to the late Henry Grady has reached \$15,000, and subscriptions are coming in fast.

A boiler explosion at Quinners' Mill, Guilford county, last Saturday, killed one person and seriously injured four others.

Dom Pedro continues utterly prostrated in consequence of the death of his wife, and physicians seem unable to revive him.

It is said that Bill Nye is increasing his bank account at the rate of \$1,000 a week. There certainly is method in his foolishness.

Mr. J. S. Grier, of Mecklenburg county, brought to Charlotte, last Tuesday, 65 bales of cotton raised by him. Pretty good raise.

The microbes of la grippe are transported they say in bank notes. We have yet to hear of the first North Carolina editor having it.

Fifteen feet of snow on a level is reported from the Sierra Nevada, and Montana reports the thermometer at 35° below zero in some places.

The Elm Grove cotton factory was sold last Monday to John L. Cobb, for five thousand dollars. Mr. Cobb, it is supposed, represents other parties.

Windsor, Ont., has elected S. B. White, an out and out annexationist as Mayor. While ran on the annexation platform and was elected with flying colors.

A prisoner in the Wilkesboro jail escaped last week by burning a hole through the building—a dangerous experiment. He was captured the next day and brought back.

The cruiser Baltimore—the fastest war ship in the world—has been formally accepted by the navy department, and will be placed in commission as soon as she can be made ready.

Frank B. Dancy, of Raleigh, at the last national convention of the Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity, at Norfolk, Va., was elected to the highest official position in the gift of the society.

The latest reports say that there is a cold wave centering somewhere between President Harrison and John Sherman which promises to come to a head in the shape of a regular blizzard. Guess we can stand it.

An English company has bought a large body of land in Eastern North Carolina, consisting of vineyards, tobacco plantations, gold mines, timber lands, water powers, town properties, valuable franchises, &c.

Charles Roll of Newark, N. J. accidentally broke his grandfathers mirror and found behind it a document giving him a claim to \$6,000,000 worth of property. The proverbial bad luck did not follow this breaking.

The decorations given the late S. S. Cox by the Sultan of Turkey are on exhibition at the National Museum in Washington and are attracting much attention. According to royal etiquette they are to be returned to the Sultan in a short time.

The civil service commission is investigating a queer charge now. One man in the Government printing office is charged with having collected campaign funds from the employees of the office for both political parties during the last campaign.

It is reported that a big cigarette trust has been formed, and the Farmer's Alliance in some parts of the State have called meetings to see what can be done towards defeating it. Better leave it alone and let it get the prices so high that no one can use them.

The demand for quinine in the northern markets has been immense since la grippe struck this country. From a careful estimate by a prominent New York manufacturer, it is believed that 25 tons have been used in this country during the last two weeks.

Politics make queer complications sometimes. For instance: a democrat was recently discharged from the machine shop of the Washington Navy yard because he helped J. Wilkes Booth to cross the river when he was trying to get away. He was discharged at the special request of Mr. Mudd, who is a republican contestant for a seat in the House from a Maryland district, and who is also a near relative to Dr. Mudd, the man who set Wilkes Booth's leg after it was broken and afterwards aided him in his desperate efforts to escape.

A Milwaukee clergyman who is acquainted with Rev. Mr. Milburn the blind Chaplain of the House of Representatives, states that the Chaplain has no idea of time. He is liable, it is said, to preach for three straight hours, and in regard to day and night that he is likely to start out at midnight for the purpose of making a social call.

Bradstreets have made a serious error, and one that will probably cost them some trouble in the way of damages, by reporting the firm of Hall Bros., of Hickory, as having failed. A telegram from Mr. Hall, to Charlotte, says that the report in Bradstreets is utterly without foundation, they have never been pressed, have plenty of money and are on a solid financial basis.

Now that everybody regards it as certain that the House will pass the resolution instructing the committee on reform in the Civil Service to investigate the various charges made against the Commission, the Commissioners have begun telling folks how glad they are, and how much they court the strictest investigation. They had better wait until it is ended and then tell the people how they feel.

C. P. Huntington, President of the Pacific Improvement Company has awarded to Cramp & Sons the contract for building the largest merchant steamship ever constructed on the Delaware river. She will be built for the Morgan steamship service between New Orleans and New York, and will be 400 feet long, 48 feet beam and 33 feet of hold, registering 4,500 tons. She will be exclusively a freight craft.

Ex-Speaker Carlisle had lots of fun with a Texas wool grower, who was giving his views before the House Ways and Means committee. The gentlemen expressed himself as a protectionist, and wanted the tariff on wool raised. By adroit cross-questioning Mr. Carlisle in a few minutes brought out the fact that the protectionist wool grower was in favor of free trade in everything else but wool and woolen goods. The whole committee, republicans included, joined in a hearty laugh at the Texan's expense.

Congress resumed business on Monday. The attendance in both Houses was fair, considering the great prevalence of sickness among the members. There was more than a quorum present in both House and Senate. Among the notable absentees in the House were ex-Speaker Randall, who has not occupied his seat this session, and Judge Kelly, of Pennsylvania, who is lying at the point of death in a Washington Hotel. In the Senate Mr. Brown's seat is still vacant, and there are grave fears that it will never again be occupied by the distinguished Georgian.

The wife of Dr. Kniffin, of Trenton, New Jersey, was found dead in her bed last Friday morning, having been smothered to death by chloroform. A young lady in the house was also found insensible from the same cause, and when she was brought to sensibility reported that robbers did it. The Dr. was away at the time, but was telegraphed for and arrested by detectives on his arrival and put through a severe questioning. He was afterwards released, and attempted suicide by opening a blood vein and taking acetic, but was unsuccessful. The feeling there is that he is in some way connected with his wife's death.

General Hancock uttered a great truth, when he said a few days after he was nominated for the Presidency, the tariff is a local issue. If evidence had been necessary to prove the statement it has been supplied in large quantities by the statement made to the House committee on Ways and Means in the hearing now going on upon the proposed new tariff bill which the republicans of the committee are engaged in preparing. For instance, the New England manufacturers say that unless they are given free coal and free iron ore they will shortly be ruined, while the iron and coal people of Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia and Ohio, to say nothing of others, stoutly maintain that unless the present tariff on coal and iron is kept where it is or raised, they will be ruined and will have to abandon their mines. When General Hancock called the tariff a local issue smart-alecks thought it was because he was ignorant of the subject, but since then many able men, after years of study, have arrived at exactly the same conclusion, because there is no other logical conclusion. No tariff bill that has ever been gotten up, or ever will be, will give satisfaction to the entire country. It is simply impossible because the interests of one section are always directly opposed to those of another section.

## Washington Letter.

From our regular correspondent. WASHINGTON, Jan. 5, 1890.

Vice President Morton has eluded his castor into the Presidential ring with a confidence that has caused a mixture of amusement and consternation among the other republican aspirants for the nomination. Mr. Morton's campaign began with the grand New Year's reception at his residence here, which is a veritable palace, and is to be kept up by the most lavish hospitality he believes with the late Sam Ward that one of the best ways to court men is through their stomachs. His big apartment house here is also to be made to help along his aspirations, and any impecunious, but influential politician may be certain of living like a king without being bothered with such vulgar things as bills, if he will only pledge his influence to brother Levi. If he is influential enough he may even get the Vice President's magic initials on one corner of his promissory note for three figures, which a trip to New York will turn into ready cash. It will readily be seen that Mr. Morton will be a formidable candidate for the nomination with the large class that are always on the make. It is said that Mr. Blaine is very much pleased at Mr. Morton's "coming out" as he hopes it will draw the attention of the public away from the prematurely exposed Blaine boom, and that he has not the slightest fear of the banker-politician as a rival.

The new member of the Supreme Court, Justice Brewer was today sworn in by Chief Justice Fuller. In appearance he compares favorably with his colleagues, but his new silk gown caused him to walk kinder awkwardly when he came into the court room, but wearing a gown always has that effect on a man until he gets used to it. In fact more than one of Mr. Justice Brewer's colleagues have never gotten to wearing the gown, they still strut in and out of the court room like the "supes" in Roman togas.

A man and his wife, claiming to be British subjects, have presented a petition to Sir Julian Pannecote, the British minister, reciting the curious fact that they have been shot and beaten by white citizens of North Carolina because they persisted in preaching to, and teaching the negroes of the State. Sir Julian is now investigating their story.

The "big head" is growing instead of diminishing among the members of the present administration. It would seem that the acme of absurdity had been reached when the chief of the departmental bureau sends a circular letter to Senators notifying them that they would be admitted to his office only between 12 and 2 o'clock daily. Such a letter was recently sent, and has been the cause of senatorial indignation.

Gen. Rosecrans, Register of the Treasury, will soon go. Already the position has been tendered to ex-Congressman Guenther, of Wisconsin, who declined it because he insists on having the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, or nothing.

## Prosperity of the South.

No one can carefully study the remarkable combination of resources which the South enjoys without being convinced that, in natural advantages, this section stands far ahead of any other country in the world; and with the rapid progress now being made in the development of all these resources, the South is entering upon a period of prosperity greater than any part of this country has ever yet enjoyed. The conditions for this are far more favorable than in the West during the period of this most rapid growth of that region, and this prosperity being free from fictitious inflation will be permanent.

In 1880 the total amount of capital invested in manufactures in the United States was \$2,700,000. If we could conceive of some disaster that would have entirely blotted out every manufacturing enterprise in the whole country in 1880, and every dollar invested in them, the aggregate destruction of property would have been only about half as great as the losses entailed upon the South by the war. It is impossible to comprehend what it would mean, if at one blow every manufacturing enterprise in this country were wiped out of existence, and yet the suffering and poverty which would follow such a disaster would hardly be equal to what the South had to face when it laid down its arms in 1865. These facts are mentioned that the South may receive the greater credit for the amazing progress which has been made in the last few years.

So rapid has been the industrial advancement of that section during the last eight or nine years, and more especially during the last four, that the business world is now seeking information about every place of Southern growth, and of the South's resources. Capitalists in Europe and America are looking to the South as the field of investment; manufacturers of iron, cotton and lumber, realizing that the South is destined to control all of these and allied industries, are directing their attention to this section. The cry is no longer "Go West," but "Go South, young man," and for the purpose of presenting a general view of what has actually been accomplished, and not simply projected or talked of, this condensed summary has been compiled. Its only aim is to make plain by figures what has been done, and in connection therewith to give a few statements that will carry weight because they are from the highest authorities, to show what are the possibilities of the South—Manufactures' Record.

## A Sad Sequel.

W. H. Pace, Esq., returned to the city from a hurried visit to Mobile on Sunday, and meeting him yesterday he told us a sad story, one of those sad stories of real life that sometimes find their counterpart in fiction.

On Sunday morning after leaving Greensboro the conductor mentioned to him that he had a painful duty to perform—to put off the train two girls who had no tickets, who were in destitute circumstances, and whose situation appealed to all his feelings. The girls were entirely penniless, and were on their way to Selma. Mr. Pace had read an account of them in an Atlanta paper, and he offered to arrange about the fare of the larger girl, while the smaller one was apparently under the age when a ticket is demanded. Turning then to the other gentlemen Mr. Pace stated the circumstances, and a little stress was made up for the girls, more than sufficient to pay the fare.

The elder girl told Mr. Pace she was Putsey Cook, the daughter of Isaac Cook, who formerly lived near Goldsboro; that in November last, sixty-five whites, including her father's family, had left Johnston and Wayne counties for Woodruff county, Arkansas. Soon after arriving there her father and mother died, and a considerable proportion of the others took sick and many died. The settlement entirely broke up, most of the people left, in destitute circumstances, hoping to reach their old homes in North Carolina. These girls and two brothers, bereft of both parents, strangers in a strange land, started on foot to come back to Johnston county. Their journey was full of distress and very painful. After reaching some town in Georgia, tickets were given the two girls to Atlanta, and there the Mayor kindly procured them tickets to Greensboro. And now they were en route for Johnston county. They had gone through very severe trials during their long journey. The boys are still walking. Of all who went to Arkansas of this party only the family of Joe Boon remains there. What distress has befallen those people who so improvidently abandoned their old homes and located in a sickly region at the instance of some heartless agent of a railroad! The railroads there want the lands along their line settled up and they allure our people to their death to build up that sickly region. We hope these girls have friends who will care for them, and comfort them in their bereavement and relieve their necessities and provide them against want.—News-Observer.

## Lightning and Forests.

It is well known that as a country becomes denuded of its forests, droughts prevail in proportion; and that rain storms, when they do come, are far more destructive to property. It now appears from a statistical report published in the Electric Review, that the destruction of property and life by lightning is also much more frequent in a country after the forests have been cut away.

The simple remedy for these evils is in the hands of the people. They have only to plant trees on their uncultivated grounds and so keep up the forests. But tree-planting can be made profitable in other ways by a proper solution of the kind of trees, giving preference to those fit for useful timber and of quick growth. It should be remembered that the laws of nature are as fixed as the eternal hills, and if man fails to observe and obey those laws the penalty for disobedience will in due time overtake him, and he will be obliged to pay it.

## Death of a Prominent Citizen of Fayetteville.

A telegram from Fayetteville announces the death in that place last Sunday at 1 a. m., of Mr. Alfred A. McKethan, one of the most prominent citizens, in the 80th year of his age. He was the founder of the McKethan Carriage Factory, for years the largest in the South and known all over the country. He was Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, President of the Fayetteville and Florence Railroad Company, a director of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company, Mayor of the city, and in his long years of usefulness held many other positions of trust and honor, being a man of prominence, abundant charity and great public spirit. The telegram states that a town meeting was held yesterday, at which Col. Charles Haigh presided. Stores were closed and bells tolled during the funeral which took place at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon. The funeral was one of the largest and most impressive ever held in Fayetteville.

The British Minister at Washington has received petitions for redress from a person calling himself Rev. T. M. Joiner, who claims that he is a British subject and that both he and his wife have received injuries at the hands of a mob at Holly Springs, N. C. He tells a most pitiable tale how, because he was preaching to negroes, he was ordered to leave, and assaulted at his home by a mob who shot him and his wife, besides knocking down and handling them very roughly. This would be very shameful were it true, but the News and Observer has taken the trouble to investigate the occurrence, and finds that no such person ever lived or was ever known in that place. In all probability the Ohioans, during the next presidential campaign, will have rehearsed to them by Foraker, Sherman and others.

## Raising the Snow Blockade.

One of the greatest snow blockades ever known on the Sierra Nevada Mountains has been raised by the railroad company's force and rotary snow plough. The plough left Blue Canyon Saturday evening, where it had been stalled for twenty-four hours, and proceeded toward Colfax, Cal. From Emigrant Gap the West bound overland trains were able to follow on behind the plough to Colfax, and from the latter point the plough will return and clear the tract to Cascade which will free the snow-bound train lying at Summit.

The season is not only out of joint on the Atlantic coast, but equally so on the Pacific. The rains have been phenomenally heavy, producing floods overflowing the banks of rivers, submerging railroads, and suspending travel. The Santa Fe road has given notice that trains could not run over it for a week to come and other lines are equally interrupted.

## APPORTIONMENT OF SCHOOL MONEY

To the Different School Districts Of Rowan County for the year 1890-91, at \$1.50 per capita.

Townships.	No. of District.	No. white pupils.	Money for white pupils.	No. colored pupils.	Money for colored pupils.
Salisbury	1	78	\$117.00	35	\$52.50
"	2	40	60.00	15	22.50
"	3	789	1183.50	642	963.00
"	4	100	150.00	95	142.50
"	5	110	165.00	41	61.50
Franklin	1	58	87.00	14	21.00
"	2	64	96.00	25	37.50
"	3	95	142.50	38	57.00
"	4	87	130.50	33	49.50
"	5	58	87.00	37	55.50
"	6	38	57.00	22	33.00
Unity	1	48	72.00	35	52.50
"	2	67	100.50	32	48.00
"	3	61	91.50	41	61.50
"	4	50	75.00		
Scotch Irish	1	35	52.50	19	28.50
"	2	41	61.50	34	51.00
"	3	43	64.50	35	52.50
"	4	28	42.00		
"	5	41	61.50	48	72.00
"	6	66	99.00	44	66.00
"	7	96	144.00	149	223.50
Mt. Ulla	1	164	246.00	32	48.00
"	2	43	64.50	41	61.50
"	3	39	58.50		
"	4	50	75.00	49	73.50
"	5	85	127.50	48	72.00
"	6	41	61.50	55	82.50
"	7	43	64.50	13	19.50
Atwell	1	122	183.00	24	36.00
"	2	60	90.00	34	51.00
"	3	69	103.50	41	61.50
"	4	49	73.50	20	30.00
"	5	86	129.00	14	21.00
"	6	62	93.00	3	4.50
"	7	76	114.00		
"	8	74	111.00	4	6.00
"	9	81	121.50	17	25.50
China Grove	1	91	136.50	20	30.00
"	2	48	72.00	30	45.00
"	3	87	130.50	42	63.00
"	4	53	79.50	15	22.50
"	5	89	133.50	14	21.00
"	6	112	168.00	14	21.00
"	7	69	103.50	7	10.50
Locke	1	83	124.50	13	19.50
"	2	65	97.50	26	39.00
"	3	48	72.00	54	81.00
"	4	85	127.50	10	15.00
"	5	61	91.50	44	66.00
Litaker	1	51	76.50	8	12.00
"	2	111	166.50	14	21.00
"	3	84	126.00	4	6.00
"	4	48	72.00		
"	5	108	162.00	18	27.00
"	6	36	54.00	17	25.50
"	7	121	181.50	7	10.50
"	8	59	88.50	28	42.00
Morgan	1	68	102.00	1	1.50
"	2	62	93.00	1	1.50
"	3	51	76.50		
"	4	85	127.50	6	9.00
"	5	43	64.50	12	18.00
"	6	44	66.00		
"	7	33	49.50		
"	8	113	169.50	91	136.50
Providence	1	22	33.00	13	19.50
"	2	30	45.00	25	37.50
"	3	47	70.50		
"	4	76	114.00	7	10.50
"	5	57	85.50	15	22.50
"	6	71	106.50	6	9.00

T. C. LINN, Sec. B'd. of Education.

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## Commissioner's Sale of Land.

In pursuance of an order of the Superior Court of Rowan county, made in the special proceeding, entitled John S. Henderson and R. J. Holmes against Holmes W. Reid and others, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the town of Salisbury, on Monday, the 31st day of February, 1890, the following described tract of land: Lying on the waters of Crane creek, adjoining the lands of J. C. Rowe, Ira B. Miller, and others, containing ninety-six and one-fourth (96 1/4) acres, and known as the "J. W. Jones tract." Terms of Sale: One-half cash and the balance in six months. The deferred payment to draw interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum. Title reserved until all the purchase money is paid. R. J. HOLMES, Commissioner. CRAIG & CLEMENT, Att'ys. 7-6w.

## SALE OF LAND!

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Rowan county in the case of M. C. Ruffy, Adm'r of Stephen Broddy, dec'd against David Broddy, and others, I will sell at the Court House door in Salisbury, at public auction, on Monday, the 31st day of February, 1890, one tract of land in Morgan township, adjoining the lands of Mrs. Elizabeth Broddy, Moses Broddy, George Walton, Henry Williams and others, being the land on which Stephen Broddy formerly resided, containing 110 acres. Terms: One-third cash, and the balance in twelve months with interest from day of sale. This 30th day of December, 1889. M. C. RUFFY, Administrator.

## Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of L. A. Jamison, deceased, will please present the same to me within two years, otherwise his notice will be plead as a bar to said claims. December 7, 1889. JOHN F. JAMISON, Administrator.

## Executrix Notice.

Having qualified as executrix of the will of E. L. Lipe, deceased, late of Rowan county, all persons having claims against his estate must present them to me for payment on or before the 26th day of December, 1890, and all persons indebted to said estate must make immediate settlement with the undersigned. This 23d day of December, 1889. H. H. JORDAN, Att'y. 10-6w.

## Dr. Campbell & Council

Have occupied the office over Mr. Williams Brown's stove store, where they may be found at all hours, day and night, unless professionally engaged. J. R. CAMPBELL, M. D., J. B. COUNCIL, M. D. Oct. 22, 1889. 4w

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