

Vocals on the Tariff.

Mr. Voorhees addressed the Senate in opposition to the bill, which he characterized as a financial monster, every claw and tooth of which had been carefully inspected by the lobbies and found to be sound and reliable. It was only in an impure political and moral atmosphere, generated by a corrupt monopoly of wealth, that a financial measure like the one now pending would dare to show the hard outlines of its guilty face; much less would it expect to be treated with respect, spoken well of and passed as a law, passing to a criticism of the debate of the bill, Mr. Voorhees spoke of it as an astonishing fact that in fourteen schedules of dutiable articles the only reductions made were in the schedule relating to sugar and molasses (which in light of the proposed bounty to sugar planters was no reduction at all) and the section relating to wines, spirits and other beverages. In every one of twelve schedules, the tariff taxes had been increased. In regard to woolen goods that increase amounted to fifteen millions a year. There was no pretension, he said, that that increase was put on for the sake of revenue. It was simply as an instance of protection run mad and developed into a Chinese wall of prohibition. He proceeded to quote at considerable length from the statement made by Mr. McKee, of New York before the finance committee. One of his answers to the question by Mr. Vance as to why the duty on cheap fabrics of cloth was to be increased from above 75 per cent. to about 160 per cent., was "I suppose it was to make the poor consumer pay twice as much for his goods as the wealthy consumer would have to pay for his. Mr. Voorhees also quoted from a statement of Mr. Morrill, of New York, before the same committee, who when asked the reason for a large increase of duty on cheap cotton velvets said, "nothing but prohibition, it is not protection." He also read an extract presented by Mr. Morrill, from the annual report of 1889 of the treasurer of Arlington Mills, manufacturers of cotton warps, mohair and men's dress goods to the effect that for the last twenty years the average dividends had been a little over twenty per cent., and also the profits of last year were three times as great as those of the previous year. Mr. Voorhees referred to the recent Stanley wedding in London and to Andrew Carnegie's magnificent gift of an uncut diamond. The farmers of the United States, he said, had paid for that diamond ten thousand times over in the last twenty years by paying an average duty of over thirty-eight per cent. on every article of iron and steel they used, and by paying increased rates of railroad freight made necessary by high duties on steel and iron rails, and rolling stock; for the farmer at last paid for all. If the pending bill became a law they would have an increase of duty to pay on iron and steel from 25.24 per cent. Mr. Voorhees passed on to the discussion of the proposed increase of 120 per cent. on tin plate in order to protect an infant industry as yet unborn, and in order to give employment to 21,000 working men now idle. It would be far cheaper, he said, for the country to pay the 24,000 idle men their average wages than to tax every square of tin roof, every dinner pail, tea pot and milk can simply to build up half a dozen millionaires and to enable them to give coining parties to protection leaders, and to found libraries from the savings of a 15 per cent. reduction of wages of their workmen. The tin plate, he said, had the first right to be on the free list; and he would at the proper time move to put it there. There was no manufacturer of it in this country, and therefore nothing to protect, even if protection were right. It was a material in universal use, a common want with laboring people, and it ought therefore to pay no tax. Might he not with propriety in leaving the tin plate schedule, call on all men and women who use tin plates, pails, cups, strainers, tea pots, coffee pots, wash basins, cooking pans, pie plates, cans for fruits, tin for roofing their houses, join in pronouncing *anathema maranatha* against the bill. The title of the bill was "An act to reduce the revenue, and equalize the duties on imports, and for other purposes;" the only truth in the title being "for other purposes" than those declared. With sugar on the free list, an annual revenue of \$50,000,000 was abolished; but other schedules increased the duties to the amount of \$85,000,000. But if the bounty of two cents a pound on sugar produced in the United States should result (as its friends urged it would) in the production of all the sugar consumed here, then according to the last statistics the American people would find themselves paying an annual sugar tax of \$61,523, under the masquerading fraudulent process of the so-called free sugar in alliance with high protection and gross subsidy. He went on to say that all the internal revenue taxes on manufacturers, brokers and dealers, bank checks, while the duties on trace chains, tin buckets, flannel shirts, and the like, had had a manifold growth. According to the present rate of taxation on farms and on workshops, the war was still raging and costing more than ever before. Who, he asked, would dare stand before the country and say that the party so long in control of the government had dealt fairly with the people on that subject? In conclusion, he declared that the battle for liberty, justice and equality would be fought out in every part of the field, but that at no point was victory more essential than where floated the banner of tariff reform.

Vance and Alliance.

No man has served his people with more unselfish zeal, honesty and ability than Z. B. Vance. When the war was over and he was left as poor as most of his fellows, and the State was under the most reckless rule of ignorance and corruption, he gave up a certainty of a seat in Congress to become the leader and the inspiring hope of his party in the memorable campaign of 1876. His well known honesty and universally acknowledged sympathy with the oppressed fellow-citizens made him the most available candidate against Judge Settle, the ablest and most respectable of the Republican leaders, and won the Democracy the glorious redemption of our State still enjoys from the hand of the spoilers. It is said "Republicans are ungrateful," and it is sad to know that some people who have enjoyed the fruits of Vance's hard fought battles against radicalism are now equally forgetful of the obligations they are under to this patriot and statesman. But here there are but few such. But some men want office and not having the ability, and the confidence of the people sufficient to rise on their own merits are ever trying to pull down and take the place of their superiors. Senator Vance has ability far above the average of Senators, and he has the confidence of his constituents, of all classes, far beyond what any other man has enjoyed. He could not see his way clear to support the sub-treasury bill and a very large number of Alliance men agree with him. At a Democratic Congressional convention in Durham last week in which was the assembled wisdom of the metropolitan district and hundreds of Alliance men there was only one outspoken opponent to Vance. Many of the ablest leaders said they did not agree with his position on the sub-treasury bill but they had the most unbounded confidence in his honesty and in his superior judgment, and would, the *Progressive Farmer* and the Republican party. There may be a few men who oppose Vance but they are few and far between. What we have said about Senator Vance except as to ability and the unequalled love the people bear for him, may be said of our most excellent Congressman John S. Henderson. They are both Democrats of the best type. They understand the principles of the Democratic party and stand side by side in their advocacy of them. The best informed of the Alliance men say Democratic doctrine. The demands made by the Alliance are what the best Democrats have advocated, and what the Republican party has opposed for years. Vance and Henderson favor these "demands" and why not the Alliance Democrats and outside Democrats join in supporting these two best men North Carolina has ever had in Congress? Why not?

Cruel Caps.

The following protest from an article in the Home Maker is none too strong against the foolish, if not the barbarous, fashion of close-fitting white caps for babies and little children as articles of street wear:

First, the thin material of the cap drawn tightly over the top of the head is no protection whatever. Let a mother who has just sent her two-year-old toddler out for an hour in the park with nothing on his head but a lawn cap, tie a handkerchief over her own head and sit half an hour in the sun; if she returns to the house without a headache, she will be a great exception to the rule. Yet the thought does not occur to her that the baby, whose head is much more sensitive than her own, will suffer the same discomfort as long as he is in the sun. Of course, a child in a carriage, protected by shade or parasol, is saved from this disadvantage of the close cap, and I am glad to say that some caps are made with fancy puffed crowns that obviate the difficulty but I am inclined to think this is done more for ornament than for comfort.

Second, it is not cruel, in warm weather, when every breath of wind is precious, to so cover the back of a baby's head and neck, his ears, and part of his face that the air cannot touch him? And there is not only the cap but the hair, the warmest kind of a covering, is pressed tight against the neck, so that on removing the cap there is a profuse perspiration all over the head and neck and ears. And yet many people think that because the airy looking little things are so thin and light they must be cool.

Third—and most important—there is not the slightest shade afforded by this perfectly brimless headgear. The little ruffles of lace or lawn is never put far enough over the face to hide the "bangs;" so the tender eyes are utterly unprotected from the glare of the sun. Any woman would think it perfectly barbarous if she had to walk in the summer sun with only a small bonnet on and no parasol.

It is a pity that the old-fashioned baby's sun-hat that were made in two pieces, brim and crown, that buttoned on to one another, has quite disappeared. In a hat of this sort there was a fullness formed by the crown being larger than the inner edge of the brim, that caused openings through which the air could pass over the head. They could be made of pique or even embroidery, and were easily laundered.

Surely in this age of dress reform, we should reject a fashion that so sacrifices comfort; and if any member of the family should be exempt from duty to "the style," it is the little innocent who cannot describe his sufferings, and not knowing their cause, cannot ask for their removal.

Determined to Tell the Truth.

The robust and healthful independence which should always be suggested by the name "American" has not been wholly monopolized by the girls, much of it as they now possess. A man of very genuine and inspiring independence was a witness in a western Pennsylvania court not long ago. A lawyer who had the cross-examining of the witness tells the story. Everything went well until a certain question had been asked and as much of it answered as fulfilled the lawyer's desires.

"Stop there. Don't tell any more about that."

"But there is more to tell. I haven't fully answered the question."

The muzzle was held firmly in place, but the witness was not subdued. Even when the court had rebuked him he was still respectfully insubordinate.

"I have been brought here by authority," he argued. "I have been required to take a solemn oath to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth. Now you must allow me to keep the oath you made me swear. Neither court nor counsel has a right to force me into perjury because the counsel don't want quite the whole truth. I insist on my right to give the remainder of my answer."

"And if you believe me," said the disgusted lawyer, "that hayseed court sustained him and I lost my case."—*Pittsburgh Dispatch.*

Rattlesnakes and Big Jaw in Cattle.

A. C. Mason, who is now a large ranch owner and who has for several years been largely interested in the cattle business, stated today that he had a theory concerning big jaw in cattle different from those usually advanced. His idea was that big jaw was caused by a rattlesnake bite. He had noted for years that when he kept his cattle in a place infested by snakes of this description there were always big-jawed cattle in considerable number.

When they were removed to a place where there were no snakes, new cases of big-jaw did not appear. The position of the protruberance or lump, as it is called, on the animal's lower jaw did not appear. The position of the animal's lower jaw, approximately in the same position in each case, indicates, he holds, that the animal had been bitten while eating grass. Medical men state that the only thing that cannot be readily explained is that rattlesnake poison, which is a venom of the most pronounced character, should act as a virus.

Worked Like a Charm.

Bradfield's Female Regulator worked like a charm; improvement being wonderful; cannot express my gratitude. Wish every lady afflicted would try it. I know it would cure them.—Miss LULU A. LONG, Spring Grove, Fla. Write the Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga., for further particulars. Sold by all druggists.

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Surveyor, D. C. Pryor.
Comptroller, D. A. Atwell.
Commissioners, T. J. Sumner chairman, W. L. Klutz, C. F. Baker, Dr. L. W. Coleman, Cornelius Kestler.
Sup't Public Schools, T. C. Linn.
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CHURCHES.
Methodist—Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 6 p. m. Rev T. W. Guthrie, pastor.
Sunday school every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. J. W. Mauney, sup't.
Presbyterian—Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 8:30 p. m. Rev J. Rumble, D. D., pastor.
Sunday school every Sunday afternoon at 4 p. m. J. Rumble, sup't.
Lutheran—Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7 p. m. Rev Chas B. King, pastor.
Sunday school every Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m. R. G. Kizer, sup't.
Episcopal—Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. and Wednesday at 6:30 p. m. Rev F. J. Murdoch, rector.
Sunday school every Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m. Capt Theo Parker, sup't.
Baptist—Services every Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Rev pastor.
Sunday school every Sunday at 9 a. m. Thos L. Swink, sup't.
Catholic—Services every second Sunday at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev Francis Meyer, pastor.
Sunday school every Sunday at 10 a. m.
Y. M. C. A.—Devotional services at Hall every Sunday at 10 a. m. Business meeting first Thursday night in every month. I. H. Foust, pres't.

LODGES.
Fulton Lodge No 99 A. F. & A. M., meets every first and third Friday night in each month. E. B. Neave, W. M.
Salisbury Lodge, No 24 K. of P., meets every Tuesday night. A. H. Boyden, C. C.
Salisbury Lodge, No 775 K. of H., meets every 1st and 3rd Monday night in each month. Dictator.
Salisbury Council, No 272, Royal Arcanum, meets every 2nd and 4th Monday night in each month. J. A. Ramsay, Regent.

POST OFFICE.
Office hours from 7:30 a. m. to 5:50 p. m. Money order hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday hours 11:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. J. H. Ramsay, P. M.

The children's health must not be neglected. Colds in the head and snuffles bring on catarrh and lung affections. Ely's Cream Balm cures at once. It is perfectly safe and is easily applied. It cures the worst cases of catarrh, cold in the head and hay fever, giving relief from the first application. Price 50 cents.

Charge for Knowing How.

"I paid a bill the other day," said a large manufacturer to me, "without a murmur, simply because of the way it was worded. My engineer found that his hot water pipe would not work, and after putting it at it for an hour sent for a machinist. He bothered with it half a day and concluded it must come apart. I was much annoyed, for that meant the stoppage of my whole factory for a long time. Before I gave the order to take it to pieces some one suggested that a neighboring engineer be sent for, as he was a sort of genius in the matter of machinery. He came, and after studying the pump awhile he took a hammer and gave three sharp raps over the valve. 'I reckon she'll go now,' he quietly said, and putting on a steam 'saw' did so. The next day I received a bill from him for \$25.50. The price amazed me, but when I had examined the items I drew a check at once. The bill read this way: 'Messrs. Blank & Co., Dr., to John Smith. For fixing pump, 50 cents. For knowing how, \$25.' Had he charged me \$25.50 for fixing the pump, I should have considered it exorbitant. But 50 cents was reasonable, and I recognized the value of knowledge, so I paid and said nothing."

That man evidently knew as much about making bills, the Railway Review adds, as he did about fixing pumps.

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Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

TRY THE CURE. HAY FEVER

A particle inhaled into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents. At druggists by mail registered to cost. ELY BROTHERS, 54 Warren St., New York

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

IS A SPECIFIC FOR PAINFUL, UNREGULATED, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED, OR EXCESSIVE MENSTRUATION.

IF TAKEN DURING THE FIRST SEVEN DAYS OF THE MONTH, IT WILL BRING THE SYSTEM TO ORDER, AND PREVENT ALL THE DANGERS OF SUPPRESSED MENSTRUATION.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Tutt's Pills

CURE Malaria, Dumb Chills, Fever and Ague, Wind Colic, Bilious Attacks.

They produce regular, natural evacuations, never gripe or interfere with daily business. As a family medicine, they should be in every household.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

FOR GENTLEMEN.

A fine calf, heavy laced Grain and Crede-moor Waterproof.

Best in the world. Examined by the U. S. Army and Navy. \$3.00 HAND-SEWED WHITE SHOE. \$3.50 EXTRA VALUE LACE SHOE. \$2.25 and \$2.00 WOMEN'S SHOES. \$2.00 and \$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.

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RUNS EASY. CINS FAST. Cleans SEED PERFECTLY. Makes FINE SAMPLE.

NEVER CHOKES OR BREAKS THE ROLL.

COTTON CIN

Has All Latest Improvements including Balance Wheel on Brush which insures the most perfect cleaning. This feature is peculiar to this make of gin and no other. Are FREE OF PATENTS and are delivered FREE OF FREIGHT at any R. R. Station or the landing of any Regular Steamboat Line in the South. If you have no Agent near you, address the General Southern Agent, H. W. HUBBARD, DALLAS, TEX.

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Passenger Train Schedule, Effective May 18th, 1888.

Train No. 52. West bound.	Train No. 53. East bound.
10:00 a. m. Boston	10:30 p. m.
4:30 p. m. New York	12:30 noon
6:57 p. m. Philadelphia	10:02 a. m.
8:45 p. m. Baltimore	8:10 p. m.
11:00 p. m. Washington	11:15 a. m.
1:03 a. m. Lynchburg	1:15 p. m.
3:00 a. m. Richmond	3:15 p. m.
5:30 a. m. Richmond	5:45 a. m.
8:15 a. m. Raleigh	8:30 a. m.
11:15 a. m. Durham	11:30 a. m.
1:15 p. m. Greensboro	1:30 p. m.
3:15 p. m. Salisbury	3:30 p. m.
5:15 p. m. Statesville	5:30 p. m.
7:15 p. m. Catawba	7:30 p. m.
9:15 p. m. Newton	9:30 p. m.
11:15 p. m. Hickory	11:30 p. m.
1:15 a. m. Connelly Springs	1:30 a. m.
3:15 a. m. Charlotte	3:30 a. m.
5:15 a. m. Glen Alpine	5:30 a. m.
7:15 a. m. Marion	7:30 a. m.
9:15 a. m. Old Fort	9:30 a. m.
11:15 a. m. Round Knob	11:30 a. m.
1:15 p. m. Black Mountain	1:30 p. m.
3:15 p. m. Asheville	3:30 p. m.
5:15 p. m. Asheville	5:30 p. m.
7:15 p. m. Marshall	7:30 p. m.
9:15 p. m. Hot Springs	9:30 p. m.
11:15 p. m. Hot Springs	11:30 p. m.
1:15 a. m. Hot Springs	1:30 a. m.
3:15 a. m. Knoxville	3:30 a. m.
5:15 a. m. Knoxville	5:30 a. m.
7:15 a. m. Knoxville	7:30 a. m.
9:15 a. m. Indianapolis	9:30 a. m.
11:15 a. m. Chicago	11:30 a. m.
1:15 p. m. St. Paul	1:30 p. m.
3:15 p. m. St. Louis	3:30 p. m.
5:15 p. m. Kansas City	5:30 p. m.
7:15 p. m. Kansas City	7:30 p. m.

Murphy Branch.

Daily except SUNDAY

TRAIN NO. 10. Leave	TRAIN NO. 11. Arrive
8:00 a. m. Leave Asheville	8:15 a. m. Arrive 210 p. m.
8:05 a. m. Leave Waynesville	8:20 a. m. Arrive 2:30 p. m.
12:25 p. m. Leave Asheville	12:40 p. m. Arrive 2:55 a. m.
5:05 p. m. Leave Asheville	5:20 p. m. Arrive 2:55 a. m.

Daily except SUNDAY

TRAIN NO. 12. Leave	TRAIN NO. 13. Arrive
3:50 p. m. Leave Spartanburg	4:15 p. m. Arrive 2:10 p. m.
7:17 p. m. Leave Asheville	7:30 p. m. Arrive 2:10 p. m.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEB. 16, 1880.

TRAINS RUN BY 75° MERIDIAN TIME

SOUTHBOUND

No. 52.	No. 53.
10:00 a. m. Richmond	10:30 p. m.
4:30 p. m. New York	12:30 noon
6:57 p. m. Philadelphia	10:02 a. m.
8:45 p. m. Baltimore	8:10 p. m.
11:00 p. m. Washington	11:15 a. m.
1:03 a. m. Lynchburg	1:15 p. m.
3:00 a. m. Richmond	3:15 p. m.
5:30 a. m. Richmond	5:45 a. m.
8:15 a. m. Raleigh	8:30 a. m.
11:15 a. m. Durham	11:30 a. m.
1:15 p. m. Greensboro	1:30 p. m.
3:15 p. m. Salisbury	3:30 p. m.
5:15 p. m. Statesville	5:30 p. m.
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12:25 p. m. Leave Asheville	12:40 p. m. Arrive 2:55 a. m.
5:05 p. m. Leave Asheville	5:20 p. m. Arrive 2:55 a. m.

Daily except SUNDAY

TRAIN NO. 12. Leave	TRAIN NO. 13. Arrive
3:50 p. m. Leave Spartanburg	4:15 p. m. Arrive 2:10 p. m.
7:17 p. m. Leave Asheville	7:30 p. m. Arrive 2:10 p. m.

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