



Senatorial. For U. S. Senate, ZEBULON B. VANCE.

Judicial. For Supreme Court Justice, A. S. MERRIMAN. For Associate Justice, WALTER CLARKE.

7th Congressional District. For Congress, JOHN S. HENDERSON, Of Rowan.

8th Judicial District. For Judge, R. F. ARMFIELD, Of Iredell. For Solicitor, BENJAMIN F. LONG, Of Iredell.

County Democratic Ticket.

For the Senate, S. HOBSON.

For House of Representatives, S. A. EARNHARDT.

For Sheriff, JAMES M. MONROE.

For Clerk Superior Court, W. G. WATSON.

For Register of Deeds, H. N. WOODSON.

For County Treasurer, J. SAM'L McCUBBINS.

For Surveyor, B. C. AREY.

For Coroner, D. A. ATWELL.

For Cotton Weigher, JOHN LUDWICK.

Need There be Alarm.

There are some alarmists, a very few indeed, who seem to think that a Vance issue should be raised in North Carolina. Pity the day when such is the fact. This fright seems to be merely fear of the Alliance and that is assumed purely on the ground that the Alliance is oath bound. Perhaps this is the worst that can be said of that organization, at least it is the only feature, outside the so-called "Sub-Treasury" scheme, that has not the full endorsement of the great Democratic party. Be that as it may, as a matter of fact, so far as the good people of Rowan are concerned, there has never been a time since Zebulon Vance, now the greatest Southern Statesman alive, has been in political life that our people have not been in thorough accord with his political principles as enunciated from the hustings or the floor of the United States Senate. His allegiance to our people has been as absolute as their devotion to him.

So far as the WATCHMAN is concerned, it has never seen the day when the farmers of this section of the State could not be trusted in matters political. Their organization to effect certain lines of needed legislation, looking especially to the relief of abuses and burdens heaped upon them by the misuse of the republican party, is but natural and should be encouraged. Any legislation unfavorable to the farmer, is unfavorable to us all. This truth is undeniable. A study of the political history of the two parties will demonstrate that to the Republican party must be charged every evil complained of, not only by the farmers, but by all the advocates of the principles of Democracy. As a proof of this assertion, it will be seen that the Democratic party has always advocated part of the demands made by the farmers, and further it has incorporated into its platform substantially the whole of these demands. With this state of things who can doubt that the Democratic majority polled this fall will be far in excess of the normal vote of the State? There is no issue between the farmer and the Democracy; they stand solidly, shoulder to shoulder, fighting the enemy, and a rousing victory will crown the fight. Mark that.

Thirteen counties in the Eastern part of the State show an increase in population according to the new census, of 36,667 or 15.25 percent since 1880. The population of Wilmington is 20,008 an increase of 2,658 and Fayetteville 4,222 an increase of 735. These figures are reported as official.

Negro Convention.

The negro State Convention met at Raleigh last Tuesday and a goodly number of counties were represented. The convention was addressed by Dr. J. C. Price, E. Smith, Jas. H. Harris, J. H. Williamson and others. As a matter of course the Democratic party came in for its share of abuse, along with the jury system, the State election law and other things which they like to harp upon. They demanded recognition from the republican party and endorsed the Harrison administration, the Blair bill and the federal election bill.

There were a number of white bosses, such as Mott, Eaves and others on the floor and they were given some plain talk, their death sentences were read and they were all consigned to political oblivion.

The State Chronicle editorially says of the convention:

The Convention held in this city yesterday represented the best element of our colored population in North Carolina, and was a body that reflected credit on the race. Such a gathering showed that real progress in education and knowledge had been made by the negro in North Carolina in the past decade. It showed also a spirit of independence of political bosses and a determination to think for themselves, and to act without dictation from the office holders whose "Republicanism is office deep and dollar wide."

They acted as republicans, but declared that unless recognized in the distribution of the official patronage, they would drive out the handful of white men who monopolize most of the offices. There was no expression that they would leave the republican party. "We are the party," was the expressed shibboleth, and "we will have," they said, "a fair distribution and equal treatment, or we will crowd out the few white men who take all the good plums for themselves." That was the evident determination of the convention, composed of the best class of the negroes in the State.

Will they do what they say? It is generally believed that their talk of independence will end in talk. The action of the convention, and the character of most of the negroes who composed the body, forbid us to believe that they will sell out. In their independence, in their education, and in their morality are to be found the salvation of the race. They spoke strongly for these things yesterday. Will they be true to their professions? We shall see.

That Republican Convention.

The Republicans of Rowan, in their convention here last week, did not appear the most sanguine. They went through the form of holding a convention with considerable effort. Apparently seemed to preside, small courage to act as secretary, and indifference to hover over the assembly. There was but a small turnout. It was a pepper and salt mixture, with only a sprinkling of salt. It has been passing strange how a few white people can mingle thus, with mostly misguided negroes, with the avowed purpose of trying to wrest from the hands of the white people of the State, the control of government. How they can be reconciled to their surroundings is the question. Looking purely to the environment of the two classes, it seems irreconcilable, yet they do it. It is hardly probable that any of these gentlemen will care to gratify our curiosity on this score. Be it said to their credit, that the negroes of Rowan are a well behaved set; sufficiently conservative in their views to prevent any trouble between the races. Still these gatherings with a sprinkling of white men present presents an incongruous spectacle to which we can never grow accustomed. As innocent as they appear, however, they are part and parcel of that political party which endorses Tom Reed, McKinley and a hoard of others who are seeking to ruin this country financially; to oppress the poor with greater burdens of taxation; to perpetuate, by fair means or foul, the supremacy of republicanism; to wrest from the people the right to control their own elections; to increase the eniquitous tariff and to rob the treasury in bogus pensions. They are the embodiment of all that is false in the science of good government, and are the enemies of the masses of the people.

In Mississippi the politicians are looking to female suffrage as an antidote to the race question. We fail to see how such suffrage can help the situation. Most likely it would increase the republican vote, as all the negro women would march up to the polls and vote, while many white ladies would not. There are enough voters among the men yet, and we cry halt here.

When is the land speculation to end? Almost all towns of any prominence in this State is sorely afflicted with a town-lot boom. We shall only name Salisbury as one of the solid ones, though we have several other points in view when substantiality backs the boom.

Dr. Grissom.

Dr. Grissom, recently relieved of his position as Superintendent of the Raleigh Insane Asylum, has found in Denver, Colo., a home. His lowering political ambition is undimmed by the recent fires through which he was called upon to pass. In very truth this man was treated well in conservative North Carolina. Justice, tempered with a great deal of mercy, was meted out to him in the hour of his anguish. His very soul should breathe gratitude toward his native State. But not so. He has turned his tongue in malice, perversions, false accusations and calumny upon the home of his boyhood. He has been interviewed several times by the "Denver Republican" and has delivered himself of as false a lot of rot as it has been the misfortune of this writer to read in many a day. There is something wrong about this man—he is and has been bad at heart a long time, or his mind must be failing. The last is the most charitable.

The Situation in South Carolina.

The Greenville News commenting on the situation of the Democratic party in South Carolina says:

The Democratic party of South Carolina is not split. There is no bolt. The delegates who seceded did not undertake to form a separate convention. They left the convention because, in their opinion, that body was going beyond its powers. They did nothing more than to prepare for the public and issue a statement of the reasons for their actions. The party has now two constitutions, conflicting in some important respects, and two executive committees. It is not likely that any question will arise under the constitutions or that there will be a conflict of authority between the executive committees between now and the meeting of the September Convention. If that convention confirms the new executive committee, both will stand beyond dispute.

If, in the face of the "acknowledgment of the Commissioner of Pensions that he borrowed \$12,000 on notes endorsed by George E. Lemon, the king of the Washington pension armies, the republicans of the committee investigating Representative Coopers charges against Raum decide to whitewash that official they will prove themselves to be possessed of an unusual amount of "gall" even for Reed's henchmen. When this charge was first made, and before investigation was ordered, Mr. Raum and his friends repeatedly stated that Lemon had never endorsed his notes. Finding that Mr. Cooper had absolute proof of the transaction he now boldly admits it, and yet attempts to deny that he has favored Lemon by advancing his business in the Pension office. Lemon did not endorse those notes for nothing, and if he had not taken himself off to Europe to escape testifying Mr. Cooper would have made that fact even clearer than it is now. The committee which has taken a recess to the first of September, has, by its rulings (voted against by the democratic members) made it almost impossible for Mr. Cooper to prove the other charges, but what is admitted should be enough to make a vacancy in the head of the Pension office.

Senator Carlisle presented an argument which no republican Senator could answer when he showed by price lists and actual bills of sale that certain American manufacturers, who are given an increase of duty upon products similar to those manufactured by them upon their plea that they are necessary to prevent their being driven out of business by foreign competitors, are selling their manufactures in foreign countries much cheaper—in some cases 33 and 50 per cent less—than they sell the same articles in the United States. Mr. Carlisle said he thought, and the consumers will undoubtedly think with him, that if these manufactures could afford under the present tariff to send their goods to foreign manufacturers of the same articles and sell them for less than they did at home, that it would be manifestly unjust to the home buyers to raise the duty in order to allow these manufacturers to make their American customers pay a still higher price. No republican attempted to make a specific answer to Mr. Carlisle's argument—it can't be answered. "Protection" is the humbug of the age.

The consideration of Democratic amendments to the Tariff bill, is the briefest and most concise legislation being done in the World to-day. The Rads kill 'em as they fly up; the scamps are good throts too, for not a one has escaped yet. They use the improved McKinley gun, which Reed-Lodges' very rapidly.

Boss Quay is again in supreme command of the Senate. He was lenient towards Senators Hoar, Spooner and the rest of his opponents letting them down easy by allowing them to report a new resolution in place of the one offered by him. But it amounts to precisely the same thing as if his resolution had been adopted. The tariff bill is to be voted upon during the first week or ten days of September, and as a special sop to the radical element the most of the republican Senators have signed an agreement to vote for the consideration of the Force bill in December next. This does not mean that all of the republican Senators will vote for the atrocious measure, for a number of them have stated that while they were willing to vote to have the bill considered they proposed voting against it. The radical element hopes to gain four votes for it from the new Senators from Idaho and Wyoming.

Senator Gorman was asked what the democrats proposed doing in regard to the tariff bill. He said: "No agreement had been reached as to the close of debate upon the tariff bill. When there has been a sufficient, if not a thorough and satisfactory discussion of the bill we agree, in accordance with the custom of the Senate, to take a vote upon it. The question has already been under consideration, but no conclusion has been reached. The proposition for a closure must come from the republicans. None has yet been received. When it comes we will decide whether it is satisfactory if not we shall make a counter proposition." Senator Gorman intimated that in two weeks more the democrats, having shown the most striking inconsistencies of the bill, would be perfectly willing to have the republicans pass it, and let the voters of the country, at the Congressional elections decide which party was in the right.

There is no use in trying to down Montgomery, she is a curious county and raises many curiosities; the latest being a kitten with seven legs and eight feet. This kitten is the property of Mr. Atkins of Troy and is reported as being as playful and frisky as any other kitten and promises to make a fine cat. With a two headed scorpion and a seven legged kitten Montgomery has a fine nucleus for starting a museum.

The protectionists in Congress are determined to increase the tariff on all that the Southern poor man has to use. They will keep modkeying with the poor folks in these United States until one of these fine autumn days something will drop. They are a bad set to fling votes, once they get riled.

A homicide occurred at Statesville last Saturday night at a "festable." Gus Murchison (col) was shot down in his tracks by John Jones (col). The row occurred by Murchison planting one of his brogans on the little footy tootsy of Jones' sweetheart. Jones escaped and is still at large.

Speaker Reed could not stand the pressure any longer, and on Saturday he agreed that Thursday and Saturday of this week should be devoted to the consideration of measures reported from the committee on Labor, and the House so ordered. He heard from some of the Labor organization in his district.

The visible supply of American cotton as computed by the New York cotton exchange is 534,918 bales against 495,282 for last year. These big northern dealers always manage to fix it so that the price will be low at the start.

The Concord engraving company, a new enterprise just started in Concord, N. C., is turning out some fine work. The photos in Saturdays Daily Standard were nicely executed and good likenesses.

The bill for Government inspection of meats for export, which makes little czars of the President and the Secretary of Agriculture, has gone to the President for his approval.

From present indications the crop of "D. D.'s" will not be so rank as for some years back, unless some of the other colleges agree to begin where Rutherford left off.

The rail road strike, North, is still on, both the railroads and the strikers claim to be getting the best of it and it is hard telling which will give in first.

A negro woman, "Aleck" Morton was convicted of the murder of Julia Morton at Kinston last week and was sentenced by Judge Armfield to be hung on the 17th of October.

The Oil Well at Greensboro.

The position of the Oil Well was made public this morning. It is situated on the land of Mr. J. J. Phoenix, about one and one half miles south east of the city. Several prominent business men have visited the well to-day and all are confident that the show for oil is good. The well has only been sunk about thirty feet and the oil already shows freely. The excavation is of a gravelly nature and strongly impregnated with oil. On standing over night, the oil accumulates thickly on the water. Mr. J. J. Thornton, for a number of years a member of the Pittsburg Petroleum Exchange, and now a correspondent of the Oil City Derrick, visited the well this morning and says that the underlying stratum is of sandstone, and is certain that oil will be struck in quantities by going deeper. Mr. Thornton examined the ground for one third of a mile on the south and two thirds of a mile on the north side of the well and could find no indications of granite.

Mr. Thornton has had large experience in the oil regions of Pennsylvania and is confident of the ultimate success of the well here. Mr. Phoenix is pushing the work ahead with all the possible speed, and in a few days a test of the oil will be made and the result made known to the public.—Greensboro Daily Patriot.

The New South.

The Atlanta Southern Industrial Record's compilation of new Southern industries for the first six months of 1890 shows a total of 1,808 and great activity throughout the whole South.

One hundred and eight cotton and woolen mills were established during the past six months, Georgia leading with twenty-three. North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama and Texas following with eighteen each.

Ninety-seven flour and grist mills were established.

Ninety-four foundries and machine shops were established, Tennessee and Alabama leading with eighteen each.

Thirty-five iron blast furnaces were established: Georgia eight, Alabama ten, and Tennessee eight.

Seventy-eight mining companies, fifteen potteries, sixty-five cotton seed oil mills, sixteen rolling mills, three hundred and seventy wood-working establishments, and many other industries were established.

Fifty-three electric light works, Georgia leading with twenty-five; fifty ice factories, one hundred street railway companies, forty-five water works, and very many sewer and other municipal improvements on a large scale were instituted.—Railroad Record.

Milk sickness.

A TENNESSEE FAMILY HAD A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE WITH IT.

ATHENS, TENN., August 22.—Six of the Irvin Frisby family, of the ninth district of Polk county, were terribly poisoned a few days since by what is supposed by the neighbors to be milk sickness, there being new land in the section where the fatal weed exists which the cows ate.

The father, mother and five daughters were taken down and suffered intensely. The symptoms were severe retching and vomiting, and great thirst and dryness of the mouth and throat.

The father lived eight days and died. The next to die was a five or six year old daughter; then the mother died after an illness of four or five days.

The other members of the family are still suffering from the terrible effects of the disease or poison. A similar case of this kind occurred in the same family about one year ago, when one of the children died.

Unconstitutional.

In a long and able discussion of the subject, the distinguished jurist, Mr. George Tickner Curtis, argues that the force bill is unconstitutional because it would impose upon the circuit courts of the United States functions that are not judicial. For example, the appointment of supervisors of elections, which is an executive function, is, by the bill, made the duty of the courts. Again the bill allows an appeal from the decision of the returning board in an election to the circuit court. The natural effect would be to multiply election contests, to interfere with and delay the proper business of the court, and to make it virtually the final returning board. Now, the Constitution defines the extent of the judicial power of the United States courts, and this definition the force bill at several points sets at naught.

Driven Crazy By Cigarettes.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 20.—Walter Nunnalee, First Lieutenant of the Woodstock Guards at Anniston, Ala., has become violently insane from smoking cigarettes. He was to-day removed to the State asylum at Tuscaloosa. Nunnalee was formerly one of the editors and proprietors of the Anniston Daily Watchman. He had purchased an outfit and was preparing to start a new paper, when symptoms of insanity compelled him to give up. He smoked twenty packages of cigarettes a day.

The number of buildings wrecked by the tornado at Wilkesbarre, Pa., last week is estimated at 400. The loss is estimated at over a million dollars. Twelve persons were killed.

The Virginia Alliance has adopted the following: "We the State Farmers Alliance of Virginia, do intend to grasp with a tighter Alliance grip the hands of our Alliance brothers of the North, determined to help together with locked shields in spite of all efforts to arouse prejudices between us, until the financial emancipation of laborer and producer is accomplished."

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE. Persons wanting to buy building lots near Livingstone College are requested to inquire at THIS OFFICE.

Reed and Quay

AN IMAGINARY DIALOGUE BETWEEN THE BOSSES. New York Herald.

Reed (Speaker)—If you don't pass the Election bill the House shall not pass the tariff bill when you send it over to us.

Quay (Senator)—Ah, I don't believe it. For value received in 1888 the tariff bill has got to be passed, and you dare not get in the way. Money talks.

Reed (Speaker)—But what is to become of me if we get a democratic House.

Quay (Senator)—What is to become of you if through your folly we should get a democratic President in '92.

Reed (Speaker)—But think, my dear Quay, of our dear, suffering colored brothers in the South.

Quay (Senator)—Leave your colored brothers alone. It is the North we have got to save. Drop your election bill. You are fiddling while Rome burns—which reminds me that some of the papers already call you Nero.

Reed (Speaker)—Confound the papers! I want to be Speaker of the next House.

Quay (Senator)—Then pass the tariff bill quick when it comes over to you. After you have done that you can do whatever you like. But first pass the tariff bill. And don't go about with a sore head. You are a great man, but I know more about elections in half an hour than you do in a whole year. And, by the way, what is the condition of your fences? Perhaps you had better go home for a couple of weeks to set them up and leave me to manage this circus.

The late Senator Beck was eulogized in the Senate on Saturday. Senators Carlisle, Blackburn, Vest, Ingalls and Allison paid glowing tributes to the memory of the deceased statesman.

J. C. L. Harris' campaign indicator has appeared, which is a signal that the fight is on. Lodge don't waste printers' ink when there is no politics in the air.

Jack Lackey, of Stokes county committed suicide last Thursday at his home by shooting himself with a rifle. The jealousy of his wife was the cause.

Col. Polk has modified his views on the sub-treasury plan, and now wants that or something better. He has caught on at last.

Small pox has broken out in San Antonio, Texas. There were about a dozen cases reported the first of the week.

STATE FAIR.

ONE CENT A MILE.

REMEMBER THE DATES.

OCTOBER, 14, 15, 16 & 17.

It will be the BEST FAIR ever held in the South! Success of the last one guarantees it! Great Agricultural, Industrial, Educational and Social Features! For Premium List and Information, address the Secretary, Box 58, Raleigh, N. C.

KLUTTZ & RENDLEMAN'S

DOUBLE STORES! DOUBLE STOCKS!

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The family supply side, like the other, is inexhaustible. It is our peculiar business to dress and feed your family, and you give us the slightest encouragement we will do it, supplying a greater variety of high class goods at a smaller cost than it can be done elsewhere. With every assurance. KLUTTZ & RENDLEMAN.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. A crown of tartar, baking powder. Highest quality in all levelling strength. Wm. S. Gurnea & Co. New York, Aug. 17, 1890.

OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE and BUSINESS COLLEGE. This school is situated in one of the most beautiful sections of the South. It is the largest private school in North Carolina. 267 students during the year just closed. Full Courses for preparation for College, Teaching, Music, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Typewriting, and for beautiful Illustrated Catalogue. Address: OAK RIDGE, N. C. PRINCIPALS, OAK RIDGE, N. C.

SALE OF GRADE AND Jersey Cattle.

Owing to my impaired health I will sell at public outcry, Friday, August 20th, at my house fifteen head of cattle, consisting of Milch Cows, Dry Cows, of all sizes and ages for cash. My cattle are mostly the Jersey breed and there are some very pretty Jersey heifers. I will sell some horses and mules at the same time. T. J. SUMNER. Aug. 18, 1890.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the Board of Commissioners for Rowan County at their meeting held on the 4th day of August, 1890, ordered a new Registration of the Voters of said County for the election to be held on Tuesday the 4th day of November 1890. The registration books will be opened on the 23rd day of September next, and will be closed on the second Saturday, preceeding said election. W. L. KUTZ, Chairman. H. N. WOODSON, Clerk. Aug. 11, 1890.