

Carolina Watchman.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One year in advance \$1.50
Six months .75
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

The WATCHMAN is organ of the Alliance in the 5th and 7th Congressional Districts.

The WATCHMAN has 50 per cent more circulation than any paper published in Salisbury.

Entered as second-class mail at Salisbury, N. C.

THURSDAY, NOV. 26, 1891.

WHAT WILL THEY DO ABOUT IT?

It was the common saying of the anti-Alliance leaders in the late canvass that relief from the money famine could only be effected by the reduction of the tariff and the unlimited coinage of silver. It was readily granted that these measures would be excellent as far as they could be made effective; but it was shown that they would fall immeasurably short of supplying the addition to the coinage medium, which even John Sherman himself, the chief actor of the contraction policy, admits to be needed by the people.

Even if the fabulous estimate made by the republican statisticians and others that there are \$23 per head in circulation, if the tariff was reduced, and silver coinage made unlimited the two measures combined would still leave a yawning gap between the money in actual circulation and the amount absolutely needed by the people in the transaction of business. Twenty dollars per head would be a moderate estimate? How this would be supplied, none of the statesmen on the other side have been able to tell.

Unfortunately the recent elections foretell that tariff reductions and unlimited silver coinage are postponed for an uncertain period. A protective Senate for years to come is a certainty, and without a Democratic Senate no reduction bill could reach the president, who for two years at least will stand with his official trenchon to slay it.

Upon the silver coinage question, elections, unhappily, have disclosed a wide difference between the democrats of the east, under the lead of Mr. Cleveland, a possible presidential nominee, and the entire western and southern democracy.

Looking the situation squarely in the face, the foregoing is a fair presentation of it. The only two measures proposed by the statesmen who are fighting the Alliance plans, cannot possibly be carried out for some time at least, and even if accomplished at once, would fall short of affording the relief needed.

The inevitable question arises, what are you going to do about it? Meantime the revel of the shyllocks continues, and the money famine is growing from bad to worse.

THE SITUATION.

About this time in the year 1891 people are putting in a good deal of time telling each other that "times are very hard." This is all right. Perhaps it is a religious duty. We must have some one to give vent to our feelings. It does us good to tell our neighbors that "money is scarce."

But this is no mere joke. It is a terrible reality. At present the main cause is short crops of cotton and tobacco and the correspondingly low price of each. But the thing has been coming on for some time. It has several sources. One is the financial system of the government. Various bits of legislation, such as a high protective tariff and other things of like nature may be mentioned. But the main reason is the fact that the national bank system was thrust on us by which we pay not less than fourteen hundred millions of dollars in interest annually. Out of this and the tariff many evils may come. Trusts of all kinds have made millions of a few and paupers of the many. There is no good reason for cotton and tobacco to sell at the prices they are bringing. There is an almost unlimited demand for both, and certainly the price of the manufactured articles is not in keeping with that of the raw material.

But we must not despair. There will be an end to all this. In the meantime we must do the best we can. There is no prospect of starvation. Those having grain or meat to sell stand a chance to get a pretty fair price for it. Hold your cotton and tobacco if you can. Economy should be the watchword of every household. Buy nothing you can do without. Do away with all luxuries or follies. Pay your debts or as much as you can even if that be but little. Hold nothing back from those you owe. If you march up and act a man most of them will treat you the

best they can. Let whiskey alone and keep out of lawsuits. Live within your income. Read reform papers and study the causes and try to solve the great problem of a suitable remedy.

COTTON MARKET—MONEY FAMINE

Cotton is selling at a lower price than at any time since the war. The favorable weather for picking has brought upon the market a larger supply than was anticipated, and has given the bears greatly the advantage. Producers having pledged their crops are forced to take whatever they can get. Commission merchants in New Orleans and the other large markets are notifying planters that owing to the scarcity of money, crops cannot be held, and planters have no choice but to take what is offered them. Even if the crops could be held up for the reaction the high rate of interest, and the heavy storage and insurance charges would counterbalance the benefits of a rise later in the season. Hence the speculators are having it all their own way. Crops are sacrificed, mortgages foreclosed, and the prospect of a reaction in the market offers no encouragement to the producer who has been compelled to part with his crops at ruinous rates.

If the government in obeying the mandate of the Constitution to provide a circulating medium sufficient for the demands of business, would deal with the farmer on the same terms with which it is dealing with the national banking associations in issuing circulating notes on reliable security at one per cent, the pressure would be relieved, and money would flow into all the channels of business, and every legitimate industry would realize the revivifying effect.

With this condition staring them in the face, statesmen to whom the people have looked for guidance, are denouncing their propositions as "un-constitutional" and "visionary," but offer nothing tangible in its stead. Meantime privation, hardship, debt and starvation are doing their deadly work. Unless relief measures are devised and put into execution, the evolution of this stoical indifference to the suffering of the people will be such a revolution in the financial policy of the government, as has been rarely witnessed. The plutocracy is strong, but people, when fully aroused, are irresistible.

IS HE A SECOND SOLOMON?

Col. L. L. Polk has again been chosen president of the National Alliance. This is not good news to some people, but it is true all the same. As a leader of this great organization he has been likened unto King Solomon when the two women came before him, both claiming to be the mother of a child. The wise king gave orders that the child be cut in two and equally divided. The Alliance is a lively child. Both political parties claim it, but neither can prove that it has any legal right. If the leader of the organization should order it cut in two the test would be made. If either of them is a real friend they would then show it in such an unmistakable manner that there would no longer be any doubt in the minds of the people. The real mother and friend would then be seen. As it is there is no proof.

THANKSGIVING.

To-day millions of people over the United States are returning thanks to Almighty God for the preservation of life and of our country. These thanksgivings come but once a year and should be observed by all. It is a time that all can say a word of thankfulness, the rich and the poor. The rich should feel grateful for the abundance of wealth which they have while the poor may be thankful that they are not any worse than what they are. To the Supreme Ruler all should look for guidance and help to sustain us from unhappy misrule.

The best pleasures of life are obtained from making others happy. Can't you help to make some one's burden lighter one day?

BROADSTREET reports a rapid increase of business failures the present over all succeeding years. What stronger evidence could be afforded that the financial condition of the country is going from bad to worse, and the farmers struggling to reform it are working not for themselves but for the other business interests.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., is the place decided upon to hold the next National Republican convention and June 7th 1891, is the time set for holding it.

THE governor of Indiana, A. B. Hovey, died Monday morning at the Dennison Hotel. His death was caused by heart trouble.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Will Blaine Be the Presidential Candidate—The Alliance Rejoicing—The Speakership—Other News.

Correspondence of the Watchman.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 23, 1891.—It is a great misfortune to belong to the class of men that are chronically impetuous, for if you do, just as soon as you appear to be flushed with money there are people who will take pleasure in hinting things not at all pleasant to hear, about how you suddenly acquired cash enough to throw around loose. This is precisely the plight of some of the members of the republican National Committee, which met here to-day to elect a chairman to succeed Senator Quay, who resigned months ago, and to name the time and place for holding the national convention of that party. The charge is not made outright that the votes of any of the members of the committee were absolutely purchased by the winning city, but there is no mistaking the tenor of the intimations and hints. All sorts of stories are told about this or that man, whom everybody knows to be always "hard up," having his pockets full of money, and the question is sufficiently asked: "Did he get in on the ground floor of a good investment?"

This committee, by the way, made one sensible innovation. It held its meeting with open doors, and all of the arguments made by the friends of the various cities competing for the convention had to be made openly and in the presence of a corps of vigilant newspaper men. Of course it will be argued by those who believe in the secret method of doing things that this public meeting of the committee was merely for effect, and to officially ratify what had been previously agreed upon. Granted that such was probably the case, it is not the same with all bodies of men?

If any one doubted that Blaine was "in it" up to his ears he only had to circulate among those in attendance at this committee meeting to have his doubt swept away. It was all Blaine, and the belief has become general that Mr. Blaine will be the candidate of his party next year unless something now unforeseen shall occur to prevent. He received and held political consultations with all the republicans of prominence who were in attendance, either as members of the committee or of the delegations from the various cities.

It is of course too early to predict what effect upon the political world will be produced by the conclusions arrived at by the Alliance meeting held at Indianapolis. At the Alliance headquarters here there is rejoicing, and very naturally too, for the meeting was certainly a grand personal triumph for Col. Polk. Not only was he re-elected to the presidency, but his views, to the letter, were carried out in dealing with the opponents of the sub-treasury and with the third or people's party. The question which is especially interesting the alliance men here is, how will the Southern members of the organization regard the action of the Indianapolis meeting, and to what extent will they endorse it? Col. Polk says he has no fears of the South. President Palmer of the National Board, and Mr. W. T. Baker, president of the Chicago Local Board of control of the World's Fair are in this city, and will remain here the greater part of the week on business connected with the great exposition. To-day the committee in charge of the awards to be made by the exposition is in session, and later the committee on legislation will meet to take some action relating to its movements before Congress. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Nettleton, has just returned from Chicago. He says the exposition buildings are getting along nicely, and that the government space for exhibits is ample for a highly creditable display.

Open war is to be made upon the Civil Service Reform law by an organization just formed in Washington, known as the Anti-Civil Service League, which is to be non-partisan in its membership. Lodges of this organization are to be formed at once throughout the States, and its promoters say they expect to be strong enough by the meetings of the National Political Conventions to get the Civil Service left out of the platforms of all the parties. They have not yet fully determined whether to push their demand for a repeal of the present civil service law before the Congress to meet next month or to wait until they show their strength next year at the presidential election, to be held on the same day that Representatives to the Fifty-third Congress are elected. The head of the new organization is C. Solon Stevenson, of New York, at present employed in the government printing office.

The battle for the speakership, which was temporarily transferred to New York City the latter end of last week is once more going on here in a desultory way, but present indications are that Thanksgiving day is to be enjoyed before any real fighting is done.

Says the National Economist: If the people stand firm and united, the enemy can only retreat as a pack of wolves vanish before the horny handed tiller of the soil, as he advances on the wilds of a new and unsettled country.

Only \$1.90 for the Progressive Farmer, Watchman and a picture of all the officers of the national Alliance including each State President.

Hard times under low tariff. Hard times under high tariff. But never hard times under a large volume of money.—Ex.

Calamity Howlers.

The name of "calamity howlers" has been given the leaders of reform during the past twelve months. If you will go back into history a little you will find that some of the wisest and greatest men that ever lived were "calamity howlers." Some of them had already seen the way things were going, while others were prophetic in their declarations. Here are the exact words of some of them:

Andrew Jackson said in his farewell address while criticizing the national bank: "It openly claimed the power of regulating the currency throughout the United States. In other words it asserted (and undoubtedly possessed) the power to make money plenty or scarce at its pleasure."

O. P. Morton: "There is gathered around the capital of this nation a gang of pirates who thundered successfully at the doors until they have driven this government into the most preposterous acts of bad faith and legalized robbery that ever oppressed a free nation since the dawn of history."

Thomas Jefferson: "I sincerely believe with you that banks are more dangerous than standing armies. Put down the banks, and if this country cannot be carried through the longest war against her most powerful enemy without loading us with perpetual debt I know nothing of my countrymen."

Solomon P. Chase: "My agency in procuring the passage of the national banking act was the greatest financial mistake of my life. It has built up a monopoly that affects every interest in the country. It should be repealed. But before this can be accomplished, the people will be arrayed on one side and the banks on the other in a contest such as we have never seen in this country."

Abraham Lincoln: "Monarchy is sometimes hinted at as a possible refuge from the powers of the people. It would be scarcely justified were I to omit exercising a warning voice against returning to despotism. It is the effort to place capital above labor in the structure of the government. I bid the laboring people beware of surrendering a power which they now possess, and when surrendered their liberty will be lost."

John C. Calhoun: "Place the money power in the hands of a combination of a few individuals and they are expanding or contracting the currency may raise or sink prices at pleasure, and by purchasing when at the greatest depression and selling at the greatest elevation, may command the whole property and industry of the community. The banking system concentrates and places this power in the hands of those who control it. Never was an engine invented better calculated to place the destinies of the many into the hands of the few."

Abraham Lincoln said in 1865: "Yes, we can all congratulate ourselves that this cruel war is drawing to a close. It has cost a vast amount of treasure and blood. The best blood of the flower of American youth has been freely offered upon our country's altar that the nation might live. It has indeed been a trying hour for the republic, but I see in the near future a crisis arising which unerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of war corporations have been enthroned, and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands and the republic is destroyed. I feel at this time more anxious for the safety of my country than ever before even in the midst of war. God grant that my fears may prove groundless."

Sam Jones a Lawyer Again for one Day.

The Atlanta Constitution of last Thursday says: "Many a lawyer has reported and turned preacher, but it is not often a minister of the gospel leaves the pulpit and becomes a lawyer—even for one day. The Rev. Sam Jones, the noted evangelist, was in his younger days a disciple of Blackstone and Chitty. Growing tired of the practice of law he was converted and was licensed to preach by the Methodist church. He does not propose relinquishing his evangelizing labors to join the army of unregenerated barristers, but simply desires to be a lawyer again for one day. He will pay \$10 for the privilege of practicing law in Atlanta one day; for the privilege of making one speech. He has volunteered to assist in the prosecution of Tom Minor, the saloonist, who assaulted Rev. Sam W. Small. He will join his eloquence to that of Solicitor General Hill in presenting the case against Minor. And he will represent Mr. Small in the city court before Judge Van Epps when the damage suit against Minor is tried. Mr. Jones said: 'Sam Small is one of my converts and when a barkeeper jumps on that Sam and beats him up, you're going to hear from the other Sam.'"

A Good Offer.

At the low price of the WATCHMAN we can't afford to pay agents a commission, but we propose to give all our friends a chance. To the person sending us the largest list of paid up subscribers before the first of January next, we will make a present of \$10 in gold; second largest list \$5 in gold, third largest list \$2.50 in gold, fourth largest, \$1 in silver. Boys, men, young and old, here is your chance. Seize every opportunity to pick up a new subscriber. Somebody will get these handsome New Year's presents, why not you? Begin right now. Every name you send will be placed to your credit. Remember the price of the paper is \$1.50. If you send as many as ten they will be put on at club rates, \$1.00. Now let's see who will win the gold.

When Baby was Sick, she gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became a Man, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

STATE NEWS.

Items Boiled Down to Save Space—From Mountains to Seashore.

Charlotte paid Sam Jones \$1,200 for a week's services.

There seems to be an organized band of rogues in Weldon.

Ferdinando Martin shot M. C. Manning through the heart, last Tuesday, in Pitt county. Martin has fled.

There has been a trial going on in Fayetteville for five days and the witnesses have not all been examined yet.

Alex Gray, a colored man working on the railroad yard at Winston, was run over by a shifting engine and had his leg cut off.

While some workmen were repairing a roof of a house in Asheville, they let a heavy iron bar fall and it struck a lady, Mrs. B. J. Alexander, crushing her skull and breaking an arm. She soon died.

Incendiaries have been getting in their work in Pitt county. A reward of \$1,700 has been offered by the governor, county commissioners and private citizens who have been sufferers, for the arrest of the parties.

Good Farming.

Mr. John A. Huncy, of Furr township, Stanly county, made this year with three plows 922 bushels of corn and 8 bales of cotton.

Mr. George Thomas, of same township, made with three plows 1,000 bushels of corn.

Mr. John Morton, tenant on J. S. Atkins' farm, near here, made, with one plow, 314 bushels of corn, 1 bale of cotton, 20 bushels of peas, and 75 gallons of syrup. He used no fertilizers, either.

We are pleased to see Mr. W. A. Kirk and wife, of East Rowan, in our town Saturday and Sunday. Mr. Kirk is a prominent farmer and citizen of Rowan county. He says he has not raised any cotton in the last 25 years. He is out of debt, has grain to sell, has bacon from last year to sell, he lives at home, and if all were like him the western market would die. How is that for a non-cotton raising farmer?—Stanly News.



A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Government Food Report.

READ THIS!

Fresh Garden Seeds at reduced prices. Clover and Grass Seeds at the lowest prices at Enniss' Drug Store.

READ THIS!

Be sure and call for a bottle of 3 Cures. It has never failed to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Sick Headache. I can give you first-class references in Salisbury to prove its merits. For sale by

BE IN TIME.

Don't wait till you get sick to get a bottle of Enniss' Diarrhoea Specific, but come and have it ready. It will save you a doctor bill and probably your life. It is a specific cure for Diarrhoea, Flux, Summer and Bowel complaints. It never fails to cure it taken in time.

J. H. ENNISS.

Now For Your Jewelry

We are still at our old stand on Main street, where we have a select stock of Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, and all kinds of fine Jewelry on hand at the lowest prices.

Watch repairing a specialty. All work guaranteed 12 months.

J. & H. HORAH.

State of North Carolina, Nov. 12, 1891.

Margaret Pethel, Action for Divorce from George V. Pethel, the bonds of Matrimony.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant, George V. Pethel, is a non resident of this State, and cannot after due diligence be found therein, and that a cause of action exists against him, the said George V. Pethel is hereby required to appear at a Superior Court to be held at the Court House in Salisbury on the second Monday before the first Monday in March, 1892, and answer or demur to the complaint filed in the above stated action.

W. G. WATSON, C.S.C.
R. LEE WRIGHT, Atty' for Plaintiff.

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor under the last will and testament of Emeline Overcash, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me on or before the 21st day of November, 1891, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

If You Care to Make a Dollar, LISTEN!

And We Will Tell You How.

Our stock of CLOTHING is one of the best in Western North Carolina and our prices unequaled. We buy more Clothing than any one house, and when they are bought right they can be sold the same way. This we claim has been done. We take special pains to fit and to please you, which cannot be done elsewhere.

We can fit the longest, shortest, fattest or leanest man in the county. Our prices are to suit the hard times. Overcoats are too cheap to go cold.

We want to reduce our stock of BOYS' OVERCOATS, and special bargains will be given in them. Our terms are strictly cash, and anyone who pays cash saves money.

Try it by calling on M. S. BROWN.



DON'T BE CAUGHT NAPPING IN FURNITURE.

We are offering to purchasers some inducements that are little short of marvelous. To say that they are unprecedented doesn't begin to tell the story. Take our LOUNGES as an illustration: We have concluded to let them go at \$6.50, and a manufacturer can't make them for the money. It is using a mild term to say that they are cheap; they're more than cheap. Such a price scarcely pays for the material in them; to say nothing of the workmanship. Not a bit less of an astonishing bargain are our Fancy and Platform ROCKERS. We have just received a nice line of these Rockers, upholstered in cloth. They are beautiful. It will pay you to call and see them before you buy. They are going fast; don't delay. We have a full line of Furniture of every description. See it, hear my price and be convinced how cheap we are selling.

Respectfully, EAMES & EARNHARDT.

RACKET STORE.

RETAIL STOCK MUST GO!

Some day we must close our business or turn it over to newer life blood. All my energies seem to relax and I am not able to keep up with the intense work necessary to move our great business into the unexplored fields which seem to open for us beyond those just gained. Over five years of wonderful growth, five years of hard work finds us with the largest stock and the grandest retail trade ever built up in the State. It is all full of encouragement to me. I really want to send out to the great public who have patronized us so liberally some distinct idea of how I appreciate the endorsement of so many people, but words fail. Life is worth living for just one single success one half as great. To-day I see greater prospects ahead of us in the prosecution of our business than I ever saw before. And I see something else. Business success does not make up all to be done in this world, and I have definitely settled the question that I shall close our retail business and take the wholesale, so that in case of necessity the business can be closed up the more readily. Candidly, can you assign a good common sense reason why a man should work on an on, day after night until he is done in this world, and I have patry dollars which he cannot use and cannot take with him? I have often thought a man could administer in his own estate better than the courts or any appointments he could meet, and these are some of the reasons why we shall begin at once to curtail the great business of the Racket. These last days of our retail work will be better than the first, for we shall slaughter our stock until it is cut out—until we can handle it without the intense labor necessary to keep it up. We expect to hold the business, or an interest in it, and to remain permanently in Charlotte as our home. Its ways have become very pleasant to us and our attachments to its people are strong.

To begin this great sale we have cut the prices on the following lines to cost and less: Our entire dress goods stock, and it's one of the largest and best stocks in the South. The entire stock of Queensware and Glassware is to go the same way. In our Clothing stock, the Child's, Boys' and Youths' Suits and Overcoats, and Men's fine Suits and Overcoats, and it's one of the largest and best stocks in the South. The entire stock of Queensware and Glassware is to go the same way. In our Clothing stock, the Child's, Boys' and Youths' Suits and Overcoats, and Men's fine Suits and Overcoats, and it's one of the largest and best stocks in the South. The entire stock of Queensware and Glassware is to go the same way.

W. J. DAVIS & CO., CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Mention the Watchman when you write.