ALLIANCE DIRECTORY.

National Alliance—L. L. Polk, president, North Carolina; H. L. Loucks, vice president, Dakota; J. H. Turner, secretary-treasurer, Georgia; J. F. Willetts, lecturer, Kansas.

State Alliance—Marion Butler, president, Clinton, N. C.; W. S. Barnes, secretary, Raleigh.

7th Congressional District—Lecturer, A Leazar, Mooresville; President, Col. H. A. Forney, Catawba; V.-Pres., E. P. Penick, Elmwood; Secretary and Treasurer, J. L. Ramsey, Salisbury.

Rowan County—Jesse Miller, president, Blackmer; M. L. Ritchie, secretary, Saw.

Iredell County—J. M. Parks, president, Statesville; M. E. Ramsey, secretary, Mooresville.

Cabarrus County—A. F. Hileman, president, Concord; Dr. J. S. Lafferty, secretary, Concord.

Davidson County—R. S. Green, president, Jimes; W. A. Lindsay, secretary, Thomasville.

Catawba County—S. T. Wilfong, president, Newton; J. F. Herman, secretary, Newton.

N. C. Reform Press Association.

Officers—J. L. Ramsey, president; Marion Butler, vice-president; W. S. Barnes, secretary.

PAPERS.

Progressive Farmer, State Organ,	Raleigh, N. C.
Caucasian,	Clinton, N. C.
Rural Home,	Wilson, N. C.
Carolina Watchman,	Salisbury, N. C.
Farmers' Advocate,	Tarboro, N. C.
Mountain Home-Journal,	Asheville, N. C.
Alliance Sentinel,	Goldsboro, N. C.
Country Life,	Trinity College, N. C.
Mercury,	Hickory, N. C.
Rattler,	Whittakers, N. C.

Each of the above-named papers are requested to keep the list standing on the first page and add others, provided they are duly elected. Any paper failing to advocate the Ocala platform will be dropped from the list promptly. Our people can now see that papers are published in their interest.

Columbian Exposition.

N. C. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
RALEIGH, February, 1, 1892.

Dear Sir:—You are familiar with the intention of the State Board of Agriculture to make an exhibit of the resources of North Carolina at the World's Fair, to be held at Chicago in 1893. Compared with the sums appropriated by other States intending to take part, we may appear to be at disadvantage, yet with the practice of careful economy there is no reason to doubt that the work proposed by the Board of Agriculture will be alike creditable to North Carolina, and productive of much good to the material interest of her people. As to the expediency of embracing this greatest of all opportunities, there is no diversity of opinion.

This being essentially an agricultural State, interest hinges on the display to be made in this department. In order to reach all sections of the State in the selection of agricultural products, and thus give all a chance to secure representation and to obtain the best of the cereals, grasses, cotton and tobacco—with this end in view, I appeal to you to aid in this work.

Believing that the best way to reach the most progressive element among the farmers is through their organized fair associations and the press, I direct this appeal to you and ask its promulgation through your fair announcements, premium lists and the local press.

I am authorized to receive such agricultural products (not perishable) which may be awarded premiums at any of the fairs to be held this fall, and to exhibit the same at the World's Fair next year, giving full credit to the producer.

With this ultimatum in view, there seems no reason why this additional distinction should not stimulate a friendly rivalry among the farmers, and make them more zealous in the endeavor to secure the prizes offered by the local fairs.

Realizing that premiums may be allotted to some who are unable to donate the successful articles for exhibition at Chicago, I am authorized, if necessary, to purchase such articles, provided not less than one bushel of any of the cereals be taken. Some member of the Committee on Collections will attend the fairs, with this object in view.

Thanking you in advance for your efforts in the furtherance of this plan of co-operation, I am,

Very truly yours,
T. K. BRUNER,
Commissioner of Exhibits.

North Carolina Congressionally.

Senator Vance has introduced a bill in the Senate to pay the administratrix of Thos. C. Tatham, of Valley Town, Cherokee county, N. C., $3,829.50—being principal and interest on a claim of the deceased for services rendered in 1842 as a surveyor in surveying the pre-emption rights of the Cherokee Indians in North Carolina.

Representative Alexander, of North Carolina, has introduced in the House the following bills: Providing for the erection of a monument to the memory of Brigadier-General William Lee Davidson; for the construction of a macadamized road to the national cemetery near Wilmington, N. C., and to continue the improvement of Town Creek river in Brunswick county, N. C.

Representative Williams has presented a petition in the House for a mail route from Greensboro to Genoua, North Carolina.

Polite Waitress—"Tea, doctor?"
Doctor—"No, coffee, if you please."
Waitress—"Roast beef, doctor?"
Doctor—"If you please."
Waitress—"Corn, doctor?"
Doctor (indignantly)—"No, madam I am a dentist."—*Drake's Magazine.*

When you are in need of Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Cards, Hand-Bills, Posters or any other kind of Printing, give THE WATCHMAN Job Office a trial.

Billville Banner.

We passed the hat in the church yesterday for the benefit of the heathen and got $6 and sixty vest buttons. We sent the heathen the buttons.

During the sermon, while we were snoring, some one relieved us of one of our boots. It'll make tough missionary stew—but let her rip.

There is considerable war talk in Billville. Five hundred colonels are calmly awaiting orders to march, and our one live private wants to get out of the dime museum and join the racket; but we're holding him down.

It's almost as good to be born lucky as rich. In our capacity of justice of the peace, we divorced another couple yesterday, and, finding that the woman had $20 in her own right, we imposed a fine of $10, and got our brother-in-law to marry her on the spot in order to keep the other $10 in the family.

No lynching this week. Rope out. —*Atlanta Constitution.*

Appropriate.

Boston Saturday Evening *Gazette*: The members of a certain congregation are still laughing over an episode of last Sunday. Their young minister's engagement to a certain pretty girl named Grace in the parish had just been announced after a long time, in which every other pretty girl had thought that possibly she stood a chance of being the favored one, for the young divine was, without meaning it perhaps, a bit of a flirt. He's a little absent minded, too, and when the time came to give out the hymn he announced placidly: "Hymn 89. 'Oh, happy day, that fixed my choice!'" A smile dawned on the faces of the young and giddy, which gradually spread until it even reached the deacons as he read:

Here rest, my oft divined heart. * * *
O happy bond that seals my vows
To grace which merits all my love!

Meagre Profits.

"The trouble with my work," said a literary man, "is that it can't be done except when I feel the inspiration, and this makes the income from it very uncertain. Some days I make a good deal and other days very little. Yesterday, for instance, I attempted several times to produce something; walked the floor, meditated, examined books and papers for hints of subjects to write on, and when night came, my whole days work represented the sum of fifteen dollars."

"That's not bad, though," said the literary man's friend; "what did you you write?"

"An order to my coal dealer for three tons of coal, at five dollars a ton," said the literary man, with anything but a happy smile.

The *Hartford (Conn.) Times* asks the President's attention to some facts which it says show that Connecticut's system of representation, put upon it by the republican party, is more unequal than that of any other State. Starting with Congressional districts, the *Times* shows that, while the 2d district has 247,429 inhabitants, the 3d has but 121,860. Attention is next called to the Senatorial districts, the votes of which range from 2,216 to 14-965, one district, the 8th, having 180 more votes than the combined votes of five other districts. Finally, it is shown, speaking of Representatives, that five towns which cast 848 votes in 1890 have as much representation in the House as have five other towns which cast 39,608 votes and as much voice in selecting United States Senators and in electing State officers when there is no choice by the people. It is too bad that the President could not have had this information before he wrote his message.

Mr. Livingston, of Georgia has introduced a bill in the House, providing for a system of sub-treasuries for storing agricultural products. The measure is identical with the bills introduced by Senator Vance and Representative Pickler in last Congress, except that it reduces from $500,000 to $200,000, the value of products that must be raised by a county before it can be entitled to a sub-treasury.

It's sometimes said patent medicines are for the ignorant. The doctors foster this idea.

"The people," we're told, "are mostly ignorant when it comes to medical science."

Suppose they are! What a sick man needs is not knowledge, but a cure, and the medicine that *cures* is the medicine for the sick.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures the "do believes" and the "don't believes." There's no hesitance about it, no "if" nor "possibly."

It says—"I can cure you, only do as I direct."

Perhaps it fails occasionally. The makers hear of it when it does, because they never keep the money when the medicine fails to do good.

Suppose the doctors went on that principle. (We beg the doctors' pardon. It wouldn't do!)

Choking, sneezing and every other form of catarrh in the head, is radically cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Fifty cents. By druggists.

The Whole Trouble.

The following table, compiled by Bro. N. A. Dunning, author of "Philosophy of Price," shows the real cause of low prices and suggests that the only wise course to be pursued by any party is one that will remedy this at once:

In 1866 we had $52.01 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 73 cents.

In 1867 we had $37.51 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y. 42 cents.

In 1868 we had $21.47 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 20 cents.

In 1869 we had $19.34 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 27 cents.

In 1870 we had $18.70 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 25 cents.

In 1871 we had $16.89 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 20 cents.

In 1872 we had $16 14 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 19 cents.

In 1873 we had $15.45 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 17 cents.

In 1874 we had $14.51 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 16 cents.

In 1875 we had $14.04 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 15 cents.

In 1876 we had $13.40 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 12 cents.

In 1877 we had $12.28 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 12 cents.

In 1878 we had $11.23 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 11 cents.

In 1879 (date of resumption) we had $10.65 per capita; average price of cotton in N. Y., 11 cents.

The volume of money has been gradually decreasing ever since, until to-day we have less than five dollars per capita with cotton selling at 7 cents per pound.

Now mark the contrast! When this policy of contraction set in, we had 52 dollars for every man, woman and child in the United States, with cotton selling at 73 cents; to-day we have five dollars with cotton selling at seven cents.

An Important Enterprise.

To-day the building of the Nicaragua Canal is the most important enterprise demanding the attention of the world. From the discovery of America until the present time a passage from the Atlantic to the Pacific, across Central America, has been sought; private capital has been freely expended in seeking the best route; our government has sent out numerous expeditions and surveyed the Isthmus. The results of all these efforts have been to establish firmly the fact that the only favorable route, at a reasonable cost, is the one across Nicaragua. At the present time an honest effort is being made to construct the canal by a corporation composed of Americans. I believe the close of the present century will see the canal an accomplished fact. —*Warner Miller in Forum.*

Something New in North Carolina.

It is said that Bishop Lyman is about to establish at his home in Hillsboro an institution that promises to be of great practical benefit to the South.

It will have two distinct and separate departments, one for the young ladies and one for young men, and all the branches of domestic and political economy will be taught.

This work will be undertaken by the help of many persons of financial ability who are deeply interested in promoting these philanthropic purposes.

New buildings will be erected to be used for the purposes mentioned, and it is expected that the work will speedily be begun.

Definition by Illustration.

They had been sitting in silence for some time; the clock was slowly dragging its hands to the point that would mark eleven o'clock. She had yawned, fidgited, and so forth several times, but he did not seem to catch on, as the seminary girls have it. At length she said:

"Do you know any slang phrases, George?"

"Well, yes, I believe so," he said, rather surprised at the question.

"What is, 'getting a move on you?'"

George looked at her fixedly for a moment. Then he said he would give her an imitation of the slang, and she was alone.—*St. Paul Dispatch.*

Average Deaths Per Day.

The average mortality of the entire human race amounts, roughly speaking, according to a French journal, to 33,000,000 of persons. This makes the average deaths per day over 91,000, being at the rate of 3,730 an hour or 62 per minute of the day and night the year round. A fourth of the race die before completing their eighth year and one half before completing the seventeenth year, but the average duration of life is about 38 years. Not more than one person in a hundred thousand live to be a hundred.—*Popular Science.*

John Anderson is in jail in Ohio, and all because fifteen women unanimously claim him as their husband. John evidently did not consider marriage a failure, whatever he may think of it now.

Julia B. Robinson, St. Boid's P. O., S. C., writes: "I had suffered 12 years with eczema and was at times confined to my bed. The itching was terrible. My son-in-law got me one-half dozen bottles of Botanic Blood Balm, which entirely cured me, and I ask you to publish this for the benefit of others suffering in like manner."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Two Parties.

Almost every day we read of somebody saying he is a "Jeffersonian Democrat," or a "Lincolnian Republican." If you are the same of either of these statesmen in principle and practice you are all right as a citizen and as a partisan. But how many of the leading men of either party follow the teachings and practice of the illustrious men of days gone by? Do you suppose that either Jefferson or Lincoln would recognize the party platforms of to-day? Read what a few statesmen have said:

Andrew Jackson said in his farewell address while criticising the national bank: "It openly claimed the power of regulating the currency throughout the United States. In other words, it asserted (and undoubtedly possessed) the power to make money plenty or scarce at its pleasure."

O. P. Morton: "There is gathered around the capital of this nation a gang of pirates who thundered successfully at the doors until they have driven this government into the most preposterous acts of bad faith and legalized robbery that ever oppressed a free nation since the dawn of history."

Thomas Jefferson: "I sincerely believe with you that banks are more dangerous than standing armies. Put down the banks, and if this country cannot be carried through the longest war against her most powerful enemy without loading us with perpetual debt, I know nothing of my countrymen."

Salmon P. Chase: "My agency in procuring the passage of the national banking act was the greatest financial mistake of my life. It has built up a monopoly that effects every interest in the country. It should be repealed. But before this can be accomplished, the people will be arrayed on one side and the banks on the other in a contest such as we have never seen in this country."

Abraham Lincoln: "Monarchy is sometimes hinted at as a possible refuge from the powers of the people. I would be scarcely justified were I to omit exercising a warning voice against returning to despotism. It is the effort to place capital above labor in the structure of the government. I bid the laboring people beware of surrendering a power which they now possess, and when surrendered their liberty will be lost."

John C. Calhoun: "Place the money power in the hands of a combination of a few individuals and they by expanding or contracting the currency may raise or sink price at pleasure, and by purchasing when at the greatest depression and selling when at the greatest elevation, may command the whole property and industry of the whole community. The banking system concentrates and places this power in the hands of those who control it. Never was an engine invented better calculated to place the destinies of the many in the hands of the few."

Abraham Lincoln said in 1865: "Yes, we can all congratulate ourselves that this cruel war is drawing to a close. It has cost a vast amount of treasure and blood. The best blood of the flower of American youth has been freely offered upon our country's altar that the nation might live. It has indeed been a trying hour for the republic, but I see in the near future a crisis arising which unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of war, corporations have been enthroned, and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands and the republic is destroyed. I feel at this time more anxious for the safety of my country than ever before even in the midst of war. God grant that my fears may prove groundless."

[If these men were living to-day they would be in the Alliance movement and they wouldn't advise the people to wait till judgment day before they do something.—Ed. Proc.]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by T. F. Klutz & Co.

BUOYANCY OF BODY
can never be realized when the bowels do not act as nature intends they should. Instead, there is headache, weight in the stomach after eating, nobility and belching up of wind, low spirits, loss of energy, unsettledness and forebodings of evil. An unhappy condition, but

TUTT'S
Tiny Liver Pills
will relieve it and give health and happiness. They are worth a trial.

Electropoise.
TRADE MARK

WATSON & BUXTON, Attorneys at Law,
WINSTON, N. C., Sept 16, 1891.
JAS. H. WEBB, Sec'y, Washington, D. C.:
DEAR SIR—I have been using one of your Electropoises for four years, upon a little invalid son, who has been afflicted with a pulmonary trouble and a dropsical tendency. I have found great relief for him in the use of the Electropoise, when the doctors had failed to give him any permanent relief, and I am satisfied that but for its use we should have lost him. I have never seen it fail to reduce his fever, or to bring sound sweet sleep. I would not be without it for many times its cost. Yours truly, J. C. BUXTON.
Mr. Buxton is also President of First National Bank, Winston, N. C., and is one of the foremost men of the South.
For all information address
ATLANTIC ELECTROPOISE CO.,
No. 1403 New York Av., WASHINGTON, D. C.,
or 202 King St., CHARLESTON, S. C.

"A Living Thief."

At one of the Baptist aniversaries in the north, Dr. Lorimer related the following dialogue, which penurious Christians would do well to ponder:

Talking with a man who had professed to be converted, a minister said:

"Have you joined the church?"

"No; the dying thief did not join the church, and he went to heaven."

"Have you given any thing to missions?"

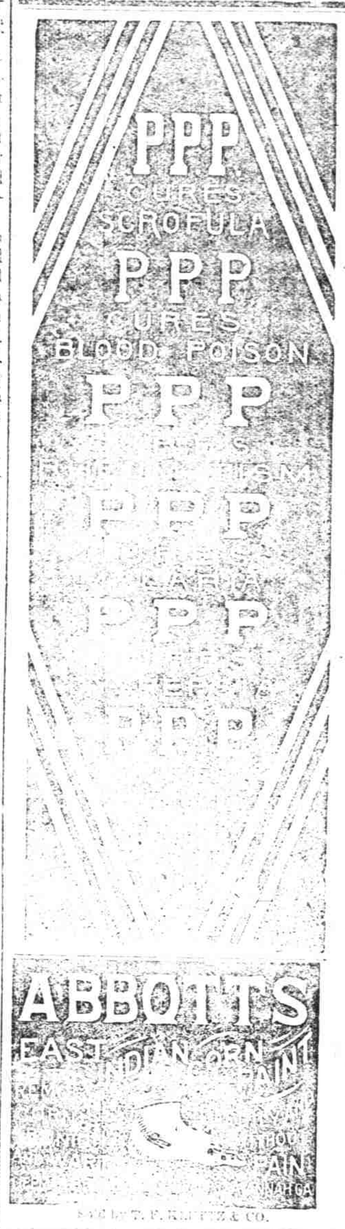
"No; the dying thief never gave anything, and he went to heaven."

"Well, my friend, it seems to me the difference is that he was a dying thief and you are a living one."

A Leap Year Hint.

Here is a novel editorial announcement in the *Dublin Post*:

"Girls, we are just twenty-one, and are heart whole and fancy free." Our father furnishes us with free board; our mother was a gold mine, and we 'stand in' tolerably well. The only thing that we possess that will do to brag on is a heart, and it is big enough to love a whole family, if necessary. Call early that you may avoid the rush



A Household Remedy
FOR ALL
BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES
B. B. B.
Botanic Blood Balm
It Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA, every form of malignant SKIN ERUPTION, besides being efficacious in toning up the system and restoring the constitution, when impaired from any cause. Its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure, if directions are followed.
SENT FREE ILLUSTRATED "Book of Wonders."
BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The world's fair is to have a postoffice large enough to supply hourly mails to 100,000 exhibitors and the force to manage it will be as large as that of the Milwaukee postoffice—between 300 and 400 men. Such is the gist of the plans of the Postoffice Department, as stated by inspector Stoddard, who arrived in Chicago Saturday and began the details of the work.

The five commissioners of Caswell county were hanged in effigy in the streets of Yanceyville on account of their having voted against license.

General :-: Directory.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

Clerk Superior Court, W G Watson.
Sheriff, Jas M Monroe
Register of Deeds, H N Woodson.
Treasurer, J Sam'l McCubbins.
Surveyor, B C Arey.
Coroner, D A Atwell.
Commissioners, W L Kluttz, chairman, Dr L W Coleman, Cornelius Kestler, J A Stewart and I F Patterson.
Sup't Public Schools, R G Kizer.
Sup't of Health, Dr J J Summerell.
Overseer of Poor. A M Brown.

TOWN.

Mayor, T C Linn
Clerk, D R Julian.
Treasurer, I H Foust.
Police, G H Shaver chief, J F Pace, C W Pool, R M Barringer.
Commissioners—North ward, C F Atwell, D M Miller; South ward, D R Julian, N B McCanless; East ward, T A Coughenour, Jno Moyle; West ward, R J Holmes, H T Trantham.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Services every Sunday at 11 a m and 6½ p m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 6½ p m. Rev Dr. W H Leith pastor.

Sunday school every Sunday afternoon atg o'clock. J W Mauney, sup't.

Presbyterian—Services every Sunday at 11 a m and 8:30 p m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 8:30 p m. Rev J Rumple, D D, pastor.

Sunday school every Sunday afternoon at 4 p m. J Rumple, sup't.

Lutheran—Services every Sunday at 11 a m and 7 p m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7 p m. Rev Chas B King, pastor.

Sunday school every Sunday afternoon at 3 p m. R G Kizer, sup't.

Episcopal—Services every Sunday at 11 a m and 6:30 p m and Wednesday at 6:30 p m. Rev F J Murdoch, rector.

Sunday school every Sunday afternoon at 3 p m. ——————, sup't.

Baptist—Services every Sunday morning and night. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Rev N S Jones, pastor.

Sunday school every Sunday at 9½ a.m. N S Jones, sup't.

Catholic—Services every third Sunday at 10½ a m and 7½ p m. Rev Father Joseph, pastor.

Sunday school every Sunday at 10 a m.

Y M C A—Devotional services at Hall every Sunday at 4:30 p m. Business meeting first Thursday night in every month. I H Foust, pres't.

LODGES.

Fulton Lodge No 96 A F & AM, meets every first and third Friday night in each month. E B Neave, W M.

Salisbury Lodge, No 24, K of P, meets every Tuesday night. A H Boyden, C C

Salisbury Lodge, No 775, K of H, meets every 1st and 3d Monday night in each month. C T Bernhardt, Dictator.

Salisbury Council, No 272, Royal Arcanum, meets every 2d and 4th Monday night in each month. R G Kizer Regent

POST OFFICE.

Office hours from 7:30 a m to 6:30 p m. Money order hours 9 a m to 5 p m.

Sunday hours 12:15 a m to 1:00 p m

J H Ramsay, P M.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. LEE WRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SALISBURY, N. C.
Will practice in all the courts of Rowan and adjoining counties. Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to my profession.
Feb. 12, 1891.

A. S. HEILIG.
Attorney At Law.
SALISBURY, N. C.
Office in Davis & Wiley's bank building corner of Main and Innes streets. Will practice in Courts of Rowan and adjoining counties. Prompt and careful attention given to all business entrusted to me. Special attention given to collections.

Richmond & Danville Railroad Co.

Condensed schedule in effect Jan. 17, 1892.

SOUTHBOUND.

	DAILY No. 9	DAILY No. 11
Lv. Richmond	8 00 p m	8 00 p m
" Burkeville	8 45 p m	8 45 p m
" Keysville	8 46 p m	8 46 p m
Ar. Danville	9 05 p m	9 05 p m
" Greensboro	10 12 p m	10 12 p m
Lv. Goldsboro	12 17 a m	12 17 p m
Ar. Raleigh	1 15 a m	1 15 p m
Lv. Raleigh	1 50 a m	1 50 p m
" Durham	2 40 a m	2 40 p m
Ar. Greensboro	5 10 a m	5 10 p m
Lv. Winston-Salem	6 10 a m	6 10 p m
Lv. Greensboro	5 15 a m	5 15 p m
Ar. Salisbury	7 11 a m	7 11 p m
Ar. Statesville	8 55 a m	8 55 p m
" Asheville	11 45 a m	11 45 p m
" Hot Springs	1 40 p m	1 40 a m
Lv. Salisbury	7 15 a m	7 15 p m
Ar. Charlotte	8 00 a m	8 00 p m
" Spartanburg	10 40 a m	10 40 p m
" Greenville	11 40 a m	11 40 p m
" Atlanta	12 50 p m	12 50 a m
Lv. Charlotte	8 20 a m	8 20 p m
Ar. Columbia	11 20 a m	11 20 p m
Ar. Augusta	1 00 p m	1 00 a m

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 10	No. 12
Lv. Augusta	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Columbia	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Charlotte	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lv. Atlanta	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Charlotte	6 [illegible]	[illegible]
Lv. Charlotte	7 [illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Salisbury	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lv. Hot Springs	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Asheville	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Statesville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Salisbury	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lv. Salisbury	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Greensboro	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Winston-Salem	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lv. Greensboro	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Durham	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Raleigh	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lv. Raleigh	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Goldsboro	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lv. Greensboro	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. Danville	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Keysville	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Burkeville	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Richmond	[illegible]	[illegible]

† Daily except Sunday.

Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled Limited operated between Washington and New Orleans, via Atlanta, daily, leaves Washington 11.00 a. m., Greensboro 7.13 a. m., Lynchburg 10.45 a. m., Charlotte 2.45 p. m., arrives Atlanta 9.45 p. m., returning, leave Atlanta 12.25 p. m., Charlotte 7.15 a. m., Salisbury 10.29 p. m., Greensboro 1.20 a. m., Lynchburg 4.45 a. m., arrives Washington 8.38 a. m. Through Pullman Sleepers between New York and New Orleans, also between Washington and Memphis, via Atlanta.

No. 9, leaving Goldsboro 2.45 p. m., Raleigh 3.45 p. m., Durham 4.40 p. m., Greensboro 6.40 p. m., daily, makes connection for Danville and points south.

No. 40, leaving at 7.50 p. m., daily except Sunday, for Oxford and Keysville.

Nos. 9 and 12 connect at Richmond for Washington, Baltimore and points north; at Greensboro for Winston-Salem, Walnut Cove, Mt. Airy, Danville, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, New York, Norfolk, Old Point, West Point and Portsmouth; at Danville for Richmond, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, New York, Norfolk, Old Point, West Point and Portsmouth; at Keysville for Clarksville, Henderson, Oxford, Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro, Danville, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, New York, Norfolk, Old Point, West Point and Portsmouth; at Burkeville for Norfolk and points east; at Goldsboro for Weldon, Tarboro, Washington, Kinston, New Bern, Morehead City, Norfolk, Old Point, West Point and Portsmouth; at Raleigh for Henderson, Oxford, Norfolk, Old Point, West Point and Portsmouth; at Charlotte for Atlanta, Augusta, Montgomery, Birmingham, Memphis, New Orleans, Vicksburg, Shreveport, Houston, Galveston, Fort Worth, Denver, City of Mexico, San Francisco, Los Angeles and all points south, southwest and southeast.

SLEEPING-CAR SERVICE.

On Trains 9 and 10, Pullman Sleepers between Atlanta and New York, Washington and Augusta, and Greensboro (via Lynchburg) and Lynchburg, Tenn.

On 11 and 12 between Richmond and Raleigh and Greensboro, and Pullman Sleepers between New York, Washington and Atlanta, via Danville, Salisbury, and Asheville.

R. E. LEE, Superintendent, Asheville, N. C.
W. H. GREER, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.
JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen. Manager, Atlanta, Ga.
SOL. HAAS, Trav. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.

GO TO
T. I. Vinson, South Main Street, for shaving and hair-cutting. First-class men and sharp razors at all times. Shampooing a specialty. Ladies and children at their homes. I also sharpen scissors at from 10 to 15 cents a pair. Give him a call.

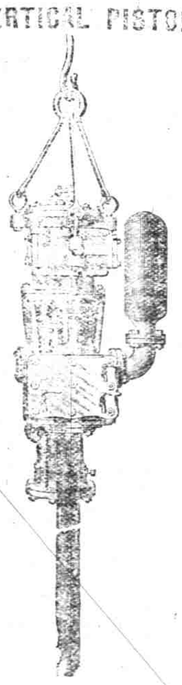
GRANITE.—Dealers in Rough and Dressed Granite, Monumental Work of every description, Mill Spindles and Grinders, Building Stone, etc. Correspondence solicited. Address, Fulton Granite Works, Atlanta, Ga. Mention the Watchman. 35 1y

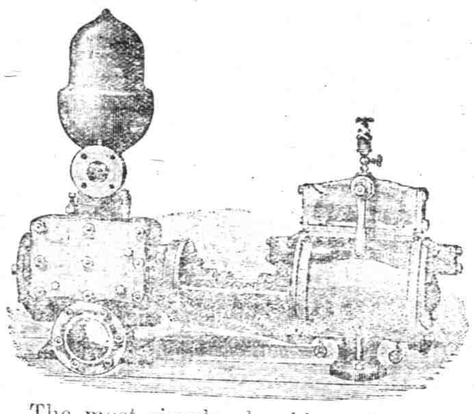
JOHN A. RAMSAY,
CIVIL ENGINEER.
Attends to Railroad Construction, Surveying and Mapping of Real Estate, Estimates, Water Powers, Plans for the Erection of Mills, Dwellings, &c., and attends to the purchase of all kinds of Machinery, Building Materials, &c. 16 12 tf

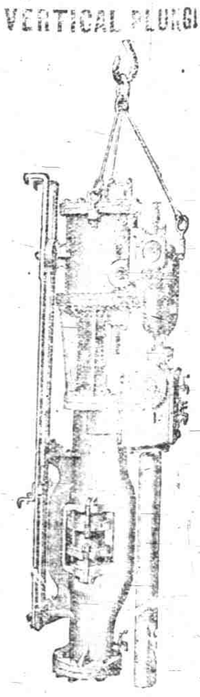
PROGRESSIVE FARMER
Raleigh, N. C.
Organ of the N. C. State Alliance. Edited by Col. L. L. Polk, assisted by L. L. Ramsey. The paper will be kept up to the usual high standard. Subscribe for it, only $1 per year in advance. The Progressive Farmer and the WATCHMAN will be sent to new subscribers at $1 for both papers. Subscribe now.
PROGRESSIVE FARMER,
Raleigh, N. C.

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable, or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your state, county or town, sent free. Address
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE "CAMERON"
Steam, Air and Vacuum Pumps, Vertical and Horizontal of every variety and capacity.
VERTICAL PISTON.
Regular Horizontal Piston.
VERTICAL PLUNGER







The most simple, durable and effective Pump in the market for Mines, Quarries, Refineries, Breweries, Factories, Artesian wells, Fire duty and general manufacturing purposes. Send for Catalogue.
The A S CAMERON STEAM PUMP WORKS,
First and 23d Streets New York.