

Carolina Watchman.

J. L. RAMSEY, Editor and Prop.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One year in advance \$1.50
Six months .75
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

The WATCHMAN is organ of the Alliance in the 5th and 7th Congressional Districts.

The WATCHMAN has 75 per cent more circulation than any paper published in Salisbury.

Entered as second-class mail at Salisbury, N. C.

THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1892.

MORE money and less taxes.

THE sentiment in favor of a graduated income tax is growing rapidly. So is the same in favor of reform.

CONGRESS has been in session six months. Our friends will confer a favor if they will name a single thing that has been done to benefit the country.

NEVER before in the history of this country has the common people taken such interest in politics. They are determined to manage things so that honest labor shall have its reward.

WHEAT is the northwest dropped twenty per cent recently all at once. But flour still runs along at the old prices. Both cases are wrong. There was no occasion for wheat to go down.

SOME of the enterprising American papers published an account of the execution of Deeming, the Australian wife murderer, nine hours before it occurred. A difference in time is the way it is explained.

THE capital stock of the national banks in the United States is \$684,755,895, but the aggregate bills issued by these banks amounts only to \$171,338,948, or about one-fourth the amount they are authorized by their charters to issue.

THE old idea that "he who causes two blades of grass to grow where only one grew before is a public benefactor," is proven false under present economic conditions. The public benefactor at the present time is he who enables the grass to be sold at a fair price after it has been produced.

BUSINESS men should stop long enough to study the demands of the farmers before they decide that the farmers are working against their interest. What benefits the farmer benefits the business men. When the farmer prospers the business man will share his prosperity.

THE advice to raise less corn, cotton, wheat, etc., would not relieve the country if followed. There are not any more victuals, clothes, and shelter in the world than the people of the world actually need to keep them comfortably. There are more products than there is money to handle, but the remedy is not in reducing the bulk of products, but in increasing the bulk of money to handle them.

DEMOCRATS, ATTENTION!

At most of the primary conventions, held on May 7th, some important work which should have been transacted, was overlooked. This is the selection of precinct executive committees for the next two years. If this is not done within thirty days after the county convention is held the chairman of the county executive committee will have the right to appoint. These committees, or chairmen thereof, we believe, in turn elect the county executive committee.

When the democrats throughout the county reflect on how the will of the majority was throttled at the county convention on the 18th ult., they will see the necessity of attending to this matter. Let all precincts, which have not already done so, meet at once and elect their committees. There is no time to lose.

A BAD SHOWING.

The United States census, now about completed, shows that about nine million mortgages are recorded in this country. As we have only about twelve million voters, this shows the alarming truth that three-fourths of all the voters are under mortgage.

When you are thinking, talking and singing about "the land of the free and the home of the brave," please be kind enough to make up your mind as to whether or not this land can be termed such. With the homes of three-fourths of the voters under mortgage, besides the vast indebtedness not disclosed by mortgages, the outlook for patriotism, prosperity and real progress grows slim indeed.

DOWN ON REFORMERS.

A well-known preacher remarked the other day that "all the reform speakers and writers should be put in the penitentiary; that they are disturbing the peace of the country, creating unrest." Another was heard to say that "it is wrong; money is so scarce that we cannot collect our salaries."

Poor misguided tools of plutocracy! The devil and his cohorts are opposed to preachers and their methods. But that does not prove that the preachers are all doing wrong. Neither does the "opinion" of one of the preachers about reformers prove that they are wrong. The preacher that made that remark either has no sense or is aascal. In regard to scarcity of money, failure to collect money for their salaries, etc., it is easily explained. By contraction of the currency, by bad legislation, trusts, low prices of products, all of which have their foundation in our financial system, the people are getting too poor to pay the preachers even. Yet those poor misguided fools mentioned above try to believe that it is all caused by reform speakers and writers who are trying to educate the people on questions of economy.

Christ was a reformer. He was treated even worse than any of the modern reformers have been. Of the thirty-one miracles that he performed, twenty-nine were to relieve the sufferings of humanity. If those preachers were following the footsteps of their Savior they would never say a word against reform speakers and writers.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM OF 1876.

We find the following in the democratic national platform of 1876: "Reform is necessary, and can never be expected but by making it the controlling issue of the elections, and lifting it above the two false issues with which the officeholding class and the party in power seek to smother it."

That "reform was necessary," no one will doubt. But let's see what followed that declaration. It had reference entirely to mixed schools—"social equality"—and to "sectional hate." No word was said about financial reform. Neither do we find anything in either the democratic or republican platforms since that year. It seems that shlock got charge of both parties about that time. A sad state of affairs.

FINANCIAL REFORM.

Without a doubt financial reform is the greatest issue now before the American people. True tariff reform is of great importance, but the tariff never would have reached such vast proportions if our national legislators had not fallen victims to the wiles of English and American money-lords during the war and since.

The political party that subordinates financial reform of the most radical nature in order to stay on good terms with the magnates of Wall street, is simply a traitor to the best interests of the great middle and poorer classes of our people.

See the Difference.

At the county convention at Newton the committee on credentials sent in a minority report. Because this would seat Alliance delegates, it was ruled out of order, and its signers treated with contempt. At the convention at Salisbury, a like committee brought in a similar report. Because it would seat non-Alliance delegates, Mr. Lee S. Overman argued that justice and parliamentary law required that it be left to the decision, by vote, of the uncontested delegation, which vote sustained the minority report. Mr. Overman and his friends did exactly what Mr. Shuford and his friends in our convention did, yet, no one has said Mr. Overman "made a mistake" or was a "fool." So endeth the first lesson. We will get to "baker" a ciphering yet before the political school closes.—Hickory Mercury.

The Singer Sewing Machine company subscribed \$10,000 to the World's Fair fund, and the same day reduced the wages of its employes 20 per cent. Wealthy men donate large sums to institutions of learning, libraries, hospitals and churches, and in many instances their acts of so-called benevolence have been followed by a reduction of the wages of their manufacturers, and yet the world applauds and the sycophantic press heaps upon them the most extravagant adulatory praise. Andrew Carnegie, the great iron manufacturer, has in late years made magnificent gifts to public libraries in Pittsburgh and Chicago, and while doing so the wages of the employes in the Edgar Thompson Steel works have been greatly reduced. These men with ill-gotten wealth are called philanthropists, are extolled to the skies for their generosity and beneficence, held up as models for the rising youth of our land, and worshipped as ideal men—criticisms for the whole world. It is lamentably true that the world is being led by such false teachings.—Ex.

The working man who refuses to support the paper that is fighting for his interest and pours his "shekels" into the lap of monopoly by subscribing for their papers is committing industrial suicide and hastening the burial of his cause.—Racine, (Wis.) Advance.

PUT THIS IN YOUR PIPE.

Plain Facts and Sharp, Pithy Sayings from Reform Papers.

What a lot of tombstones will be needed at no distant day for the defunct politicians of the old parties.—Weekly Monitor.

It would take something longer than a yard stick to ascertain the length of the average politician's face at one measurement.—Texas Truth.

What about over-production now? Can such a thing be with from 10,000 to 20,000 people actually starving in the Lone Star State?—Texas Truth.

Anything that the government will receive in payment of public dues is money, and good money, no matter what its form may be.—Henry Clay.

Why compel the people to pay interest on government credit through the bank, when said credit could be extended direct to the people without interest?—Cathoon.

Now who is doing "calamity howling?" Right in our midst are thousands starving and the plutocratic press is forced to publish statements of the fact.—Texas Truth.

It is impossible to reform an old political party. If you cannot keep it from getting corrupt, how could you hope to reform it after it becomes corrupt?—People's Tribune.

The man who fills a mortgage farm knows that the land question and the money question are intimately connected. Why should any honest man who believes in free silver coinage vote for an anti-silver candidate under any circumstances?—Industrial Review.

"The best financial system that the world has ever seen has created thirty-one thousand millionaires—a great many of them millionaires many times over—filled the highways with 2,000,000 tramps and loaded the farms down with 8,000,000 mortgages.—The Advocate.

I am with the laboring people. We never agreed to pay the 6-20 bonds in gold or coin. No man can find it the law or bonds. I never will submit to have one money for the bondholder and another for the people; it would sink any party and ought to.—Benj. Wade in the U. S. Senate, 1873.

We have been figuring as to how our neighbor, the editor of the Free Press, ever became a Democrat. He must have slipped on a political banana peel, his heels flying above his head, as he has been looking backward, between his legs, ever since. An uncomfortable position to hold.—Charlotte, (W. Pa.) Advocate.

In speaking of the 77 postmasters in eight counties of Wisconsin who are saloon keepers, the New York Force very pertinently remarks that "it seems that even the postoffice department is to be turned into a recruiting station for the drunkards' hell, with a Presbyterian Sunday school superintendent as commander-in-chief.—Tulare Valley Citizen.

The Reason.

Col. Sidney Harper, chairman of the democratic committee of the fourth congressional district of Missouri, tendering his resignation, says: "My reasons for so doing are that I go to a party more democratic in principle, more patriotic in practice and less proscriptive in management. Under the name of democracy the great mass of the common people of the South have been lured step by step, each year being led further away from the old landmarks of its founders, until to-day there is no perceptible difference between the leaders and the vilest republicans. Thege of corporations, trusts and combines in which we live is debauching our politics, corrupting our laws and destroying our government, making a wreck of our liberties and paupers of our people. During this era of corruption the people have been kept divided while the leaders of the two parties have been in partnership, amassing millions of dollars out of the very corporations and fraud which they by law have foisted upon the people.—Ex.

A Free Silver Lie.

A. E. P. Union, asks, "Does the government buy silver of certain New York dealers, and of no one else? If not, please explain. Democrats here say that the government has a contract with a few men in New York from whom it buys all of its silver and that is why silver is kept down in value."

The government buys silver, usually on each Friday, of whoever sells it cheapest. Any person who may have bar silver to sell makes a tender to the Treasury department offering so many ounces of silver at so much per ounce. There are usually from twelve to twenty or more such offers. The Treasury accepts the lowest bids. The price of silver is a little higher here than it is in England. The price of silver is low the world over, and the purchases by the government keep it up instead of forcing it down. The government is required by law to buy 54,000,000 ounces per year, and to buy 2,500,000 ounces within each month.

Among those who have been suggested as candidates for the presidency on the Prohibition ticket are ex-Gov. John P. St. John, of Kansas; W. Jennings, Demost, Gen. John Bidwell, of California; Rev. A. A. Leonard, of Ohio; Col. George W. Bain, of Kentucky; H. Clay Bascom, of New York; Rev. A. A. Miner, of Massachusetts; Ritter of Indiana, and Bennett of Kansas. A ticket that just now appears to stand the best chances of success in the convention is Gen. John Bidwell, of California, for president, and H. Clay Bascom, of New York, for vice president.

THE NEWS.

State.

The contract has been given for a new Presbyterian church in Statesville.

Mr. M. E. Blalock, of Norwood, was united in marriage to Miss Estelle Cowan, of Rowan county on the 24th ult.

Rev. J. A. Speight, editor of the Asheville Baptist, has had the degree of D. D. conferred upon him by Rutherford college.

John Payne, colored, shot and accidentally killed Bob Martin, also colored at a negro church near Davidson Monday morning.

Reports from Clear Creek are to the effect that the cold weather is hurting the cotton. It is dying considerably.—Charlotte Observer.

Raleigh Chronicle: Fifty convicts were yesterday sent from the penitentiary to the Ronoake farms. Over 600 convicts are now on these great farms.

The suspension of the Fayetteville graded school for want of the necessary funds is regarded as the severest blow at education Fayetteville has received in many years.

Mr. Robert Haydn, formerly editor of the Charlotte Chronicle, but for a year editor of the Lynchburg Advance, goes to Portland, Oregon, to become editor of the Catholic Sentinel.

Mr. W. P. Brown, while plunging in a field in Stanly county, turned up a charred log. Under this he found \$32.50 in gold and silver, which was put there, it appears, in 1861.

Governor Holt has ordered a special term of Rutherford superior court, for the trial of cases, to begin July 25 and to continue two weeks or until the docket is cleared. Judge Hoke will preside.

A traveler who arrived in the city on the A. T. & O. train yesterday reports an odd sight along the line. In a field near Davidson College he saw a lot of hands at work picking cotton, says the Charlotte News.

The Salisbury Truth learns that of the fifteen delegates from Franklin county to the recent State convention, about nine refused to take any part in the selection of delegates at large to the Chicago convention.

W. A. Guthrie, Esq., of Durham, will deliver the address at the veterans' reunion at the Guilford battle ground, July 4th. Judge Walter Clark will deliver an address on Gen. William R. Davie on the same occasion.

R. A. Doughlon, R. M. Farman, and D. W. Bain are members of the Methodist Church. Mr. Elias Carr and Capt. Cole are not members of any church. Mr. Scarborough is a Baptist, Mr. Osborne is a Presbyterian.

Fireman Bob Means, who was in the wreck on the Marly branch of the Western North Carolina railway last week, is more seriously injured than at first reported. It has become necessary to amputate one of his legs, the Asheville Citizen reports.

The case of Goldsboro against Muffitt, Hodgkins & Clark, for failure to construct water works in that town under a contract several years ago, and in which the city has already secured judgment for \$5,000, is before the U. S. circuit court of appeals at Richmond.

The Washington (N. C.) Progress publishes the following ordinance in force in that town: "Any boy under 15 years of age found on the streets after ten o'clock at night, without consent of parent or guardian, shall be subject to a fine of two dollars."

A cyclone swept through Bertie county, wrecking the business houses on Wiley Askes farm. It levelled the trees on William Pritchard's place. Some of these fell on his farm house and crushed it, killing one of his children instantly and breaking the other's back.

A prohibitionist was asked yesterday whether that party would increase its vote in the State. He said he thought not. Signatures are being obtained making the conditional pledge that if a million signatures are obtained in the country the signers will vote the prohibition ticket. That number will not be obtained.—Raleigh Chronicle.

At Richmond Monday a noble monument to the memory of that superb soldier, Gen. Ambrose P. Hill, was unveiled, with imposing ceremonies. He commanded the third army corps, C. S. A. In this at Gettysburg were the divisions of Beth and Pender, the brigades of Pettigrew, Lane and Scales, and the 11th, 20th, 47th, 53d, 7th, 18th, 28th, 31, 13th, 16th, 22d, 55th, 34th and 28th regiments of infantry, and 'Williams' and Graham's batteries of light artillery, all from North Carolina.

Elsewhere.

Detectives are still at work on the famous Cronin murdercase, in Chicago. Calcutta, May 31.—All Europeans have left Seringapur. There have been 2,450 deaths from cholera there since May 7.

A bill is before Congress asking the president to proclaim October 12, next a national holiday, it being the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America.

The Presbyterian general assembly in session at Portland, Oregon, May 30th re-animated the famous Briggs heresy case back to New York for trial at an early day.

The Monument to the memory of the late Chief of Police Hennessy, whose killing by the Mafia gang in the fall of 1890 precipitated the New Orleans riot in March following, was unveiled Monday.

A poll of the democratic editors attending the National Editorial Convention at San Francisco was made with the result of 117 for Cleveland and 7 for Hill. That pole leans all over one way.—Ex.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 31.—An explosion of gas occurred in the West End coal mines at Moccasin this morning, where eleven men were at work. Two of the miners are dead and all the others are seriously burned. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

Chicago, May 31.—The May corn corner collapsed to-day and resulted disastrously to the manipulators. Coster & Martiu, who have been taking all the cash corn put on the market for several weeks and at the same time squeezing the spots in May, failed to-day and the price of May corn, which had been put up as high as \$1 during the morning, dropped rapidly until it reached fifty cents. The assets and liabilities of the firm are not yet known.

Democratic Press, Please Copy.—The following editorial in the Topeka Advocate and from the pen of Dr. S. McLallin, who was the Secretary of the Committee on Platform at the St. Louis Conference. Is there a Democratic paper or speaker in the whole South who will give it to their people?

THOSE LETTERS.

Republican journalists (?) have found another man's nest. They have a letter from President Polk and another from the editor of the Advocate relative to the soldier resolution adopted at St. Louis. These letters they are running in parallel columns for the purpose of showing an inconsistency upon this question.

What is that inconsistency? President Polk says in his letter that the resolution is not a part of our platform. Now let these nincompoops read the other letter and see if they can find where it makes any claim that it is. No participant in the St. Louis conference, and no person anywhere who knows anything about the matter ever claimed that the soldier resolution to be a part of the platform.

The published proceedings of the St. Louis conference distinctly stated that it was not. It has never been published in any reform paper in the country as a part of the platform. The platform and "additional resolutions" have been kept as standing matter in the Advocate ever since their adoption, and they show for themselves just what belongs to the platform and what does not.

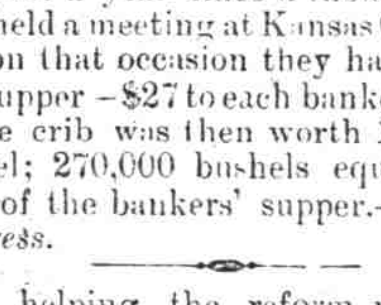
The resolution was offered by an ex-Confederate soldier, Mr. Davis, of Texas, after the platform was completed, and as a resolution it was adopted precisely as stated in the letter of the writer.

There is no new thing in conventions of any kind. It is something that is frequently done. After the platform has been adopted, it is not at all unusual for individuals to offer additional resolutions and get them adopted, but it suits the purpose of Republican journalists (?) to endeavor pervert this as they do everything else pertaining to the People's party movement. Knowing themselves to be absolutely unable to meet our issues and successfully controvert our arguments before the people they seek thus to build up their declining cause upon the prejudices of the uninformed. They will find before this campaign is over that they have something more to do to carry this election than to play upon the prejudices of the people. Prejudice is not now playing the part in politics that it did in former times.—Topeka Advocate.

About a year since a thousand bankers held a meeting at Kansas City, Mo., and on that occasion they had a \$27,000 supper—\$27 to each banker. Corn at the crib was then worth 10 cents a bushel; 270,000 bushels equalled the cost of the bankers' supper.—Chicago Express.

In helping the reform press you help forward the progress of humanity.—Weekly Monitor.

Dr. Wakefield will be at the Mt. Vernon Hotel in Salisbury on Friday, June 10th, one day only. Practice limited to Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Largest U. S. Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., N. Y.

Now For Your Jewelry

We are still at our old stand on Main street, where we have a select stock of Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, and all kinds of fine Jewelry on hand at the lowest prices.

Watch repairing a specialty. All work guaranteed 12 months.

J. & H. HORAH.

Brown, Weddington & Co., 20th of MAY

29 EAST TRADE ST. We are to-day keeping the BEST ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, AMMUNITION, Blacksmith and Carpenters' Tools, BARBED WIRE, AND STAPLES, Fence Wire of all kinds. Rubber and Leather Belting all sizes and widths. Cotton Planters of the Best Makes. Harrows, Cultivators, Hoes, Shovels, Plows, Plov Stocks, and in fact, everything used by the Farmer, Blacksmith and Carpenter. Call and see us, we want your trade. BROWN, WEDDINGTON & CO., 29 East Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C.

MONEY CAN BE MADE BY AGENTS SELLING THE Farmers' Alliance History And Agricultural Digest BY N. A. DUNNING. Author of "The Philosophy of Money," "History of the United States Dollar," and "The State of the National Economy," etc. The book contains 500 pages, 250 illustrations, and 250 engravings. It contains all the information that should be in the possession of every Alliance member. It is a correct, concise, and readable treatise on the progress that the Alliance has made from its inception up to date. Price, cloth, \$2.00; half Russia, \$1.50. Send for terms to agents at once. ALLIANCE PUBLISHERS, 150 N. W. Second St., Salisbury, N. C.

CARTER'S PEPSIN is the safest remedy for indigestion. Can be taken by the smallest child. For sale by leading druggists.

DO YOU WANT IT? WANT WHAT! A Big Bargain in a Suit of Clothes.

If so, we are the people and this is the place to buy it. Every color, pattern, size, length, style and price you can wish. Take your choice. Our thin light-weight.

SUMMER CLOTHING getting a move on them these hot days. Men's Svesneker coats at 50 cents, coats and vests, 75c; K. of L. coats, 75c. Fine Alpaca, Mohair and Scotch Etc' coats from \$1.50 to \$3.00; coats and vests of same, \$2.50 to \$3.00. One lot fine Mohair Vests, all colors, worth \$1.50 to make, choose only 50c. They are selling very fast. If these hot days don't make you feel like wearing Negligee Shirts, a look at our beautiful and immense assortment of them will. All kind and prices from 25 cents up.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR Is in demand now. Gauze shirts, 25c.; Nainsook, 35c.; good Balbriggan undershirts or drawers at 50c., worth 75c. If you are thinking of buying one, and want attractive prices as well as goods, do not buy until you see our array of TRUNKS and VALISES. When in town do not fail to visit the

ROGERS CLOTHING CO., Opposite Postoffice, SALISBURY, N. C.

W.H.&R.S.TUCKER & CO. RALEIGH, N. C. D. M. OSBORNE & CO. Philadelphia, Pa. (Factory at Auburn, New York.)

Spring :: Season Of '92. SOUTHERN DEPOT FOR MACHINES, PAIRS, ETC., SALISBURY, N. C.

DRY GOODS AND KINDRED WARES.

In beginning our Spring business, we desire to say that our preparations for this season have not in the least been curtailed. We are carrying larger and more varied lines of Dry Goods and Kindred Wares than we have usually done; our large out of town trade making it safe for us to do so. Our purchases have been made direct from the manufacturers, both at home and abroad, thus securing to our patrons the very best and latest in quality, style and design, and the goods will be sold at prices guaranteed as low as any home in America.

A complete MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT. GOODS DELIVERED FREE (Except Furniture and Crockery). On all cash of \$5.00 and over we will deliver goods free to nearest Express office or Railroad station.

W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co., Raleigh, N. C. Mention the Watchman when you write.

THE CHARLOTTE RACKET STORE.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

If you will take a look through our MAMMOTH ESTABLISHMENT at the stacks and piles of new goods, with 53 employes—kept busy, you will soon see that it

KNOWS NO DULL SEASON.

The continued growth of our business and the great increase in our sales for the past three and a half months over the corresponding time of any previous year in our history, we are constrained to believe that dull seasons will never come if goods are sold cheap enough. Encouraged by our fast growing trade we have bought this spring largely in excess over last year. Our Dress Goods Department presents everything pertaining to the latest issues in wearing apparel, from a pretty coat down to the finest silks made. No prettier lines of Spring Cashmeres, than you will find in our selections for this spring, and our new shades, beginning at 25 cents on up to 75 cents per yard.

NUN'S VEILING in all the leading shades, 22 1/2 cents. Fine Corsets that you pay \$1.25 per yard for in New York retail houses, you will find our counters at only 80 cents. All Wool Challies 20 cents, and the latest styles ever offered in Charlotte. Woolen Bedford cords 25 cents per yard, and the greatest variety ever offered.

HAMILTON CASHMERE 12 1/2 cents. It will please you to see offering in fine Dress Gingham at 7 1/2 and 8 1/2 cents; no prettier patterns in the lot. Only 10 cents yard for a beautiful line of Chevots, worth 12 1/2 cents. Ten cents Standard Prints, 5 1/2 cents. Twenty-five pieces, 10 1/2 cents, and unbleached sheeting. Ten cases cloth from 6 1/2 to 11 1/2 cents, with 200 hundred dozen fine Silk Mitts, any shade wanted, worth 50 cents, with 200 at only 25 cents per pair.

In overhauling our shoe stock we find 200 pairs ladies' Fine French Kid and Gonfola leather any sizes and lasts wanted, worth \$2.50 to \$3.00 per pair will be closed out at \$1.75. See them in our north window. W. J. DAVIS & CO., CHARLOTTE, N. C.