

GREAT DEBATE UNDER WAY.

The House on Silver.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—When the House met at 11 o'clock this morning there was a larger array of members present than at the corresponding hour last Saturday, but the attendance was far short of a quorum. It was composed principally of new men, the old members being generally absent. There were notable exceptions to the rule, however. Among them on the Democratic side were Wilson, of West Virginia; Bryan, of Illinois; Holman, of Indiana; and on the Republican side were Reed, of New York; O'Neil, of Pennsylvania; and Grosvenor, of Ohio. The Speaker announced the following committee appointments:

Enrolled bills—Messrs. Pearson, chairman; Russell, of Georgia; Lattimer, of New York; Adams and Gillet, of New York.

Accounts—Messrs. Rusk, chairman; Payner, Tate, Miltcher, Ikert, Wells, Post, Wright, of Massachusetts; and Marvin.

Mileage—Messrs. Lynch, chairman; Strait, Pendleton, of Texas; and Mahan.

Mr. Holman introduced a joint resolution making available the appropriation for the mileage of Senators and Representatives. Agreed to.

The silver debate was then resumed. Mr. Boutner, of Louisiana, was accorded the floor. He spoke from a silver standpoint and charged that the advocates of the Wilson bill—the gold men of the Democratic party and of the Republican party—were responsible for the excitement which had created the destruction of public confidence and which had caused the runs upon banking institutions. They had sowed the wind and were reaping the whirlwind, and they alone were responsible for the present financial scare. He further charged that the Democrats from New York and from the Eastern States were not prepared to carry out all the pledges of the Chicago platform relative to the currency.

Mr. Warner, Democrat of New York, pledged to carry out—every pledge made to the people.

Mr. Boutner was glad to hear this statement. He insisted that the Democratic party should fulfill its pledges to attempt to carry bi-metalism into effect.

Mr. Layton, Democrat of Ohio, spoke, as he said, as a conservative man. He would vote for the bill under consideration for repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman bill. He would do this, however, relying upon the good faith of a Democratic administration and the Democratic Congress that in the coming regular session some "permanent legislation" would be enacted that would give all our people some suitable money worth a dollar all the world round. Then all our national banks to issue notes to the full par value of the bonds held by them, and their in order to fully restore confidence the Democrats should call down the bluff made by the Republicans that this Congress did not have any serious intention to interfere with the McKinley tariff law. That law should and must be raised.

Mr. Patterson, Democrat of Tennessee, advocated the repeal of the purchasing clause, and criticized the amendments proposed to the pending measure. If the government agreed to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 it would at once and abruptly bring the country to a single silver standard. In order to maintain silver in circulation, France had absolutely stopped the coinage of silver and the purchase of silver bullion. If Congress repealed the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, every silver dollar now in circulation would remain in circulation. But we had to follow the example of France and adhere to the single gold standard or we could not accomplish that object.

Mr. Simpson, of Kansas, read a speech made by the gentleman from Tennessee during the first session of the Fifty-second Congress in which that gentleman advocated the free coinage of silver and asked him to reconcile these views with those he had said to-day.

Mr. Patterson replied that he had modified his views, had gone before his people and told them that he had modified them and he had been re-elected. He said that he had been re-elected by a large majority.

Mr. Simpson then said: "The gentleman admits that he was in error."

Mr. Snodgrass, of Tennessee, also interrupted his colleague with the question: "When Grover Cleveland was a candidate for the nomination you knew all these things did you not?"

Mr. Patterson: "I did."

Mr. Snodgrass: "Were you not a strong advocate of the nomination of David B. Hill?"

Mr. Patterson: "No, sir."

Mr. Snodgrass: "Did you not talk to myself and others in his interest?"

Mr. Patterson declined to be drawn into any further controversy upon his position as to Cleveland and Hill before the nomination.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, followed Mr. Patterson in a speech advocating the Bland free coinage substitute for the Wilson repeal bill. He traced the history of financial legislation in this country and Europe since the beginning of the century, and asserted that through the whole period there has been a concerted movement to renounce the most abundant metal. Up to within recent years the movement had been directed against gold; now silver was the object of their labors. Speaking of the effect upon the country of the passage of the Wilson bill, Mr. Bailey said it would lead at once to a scramble for gold by all nations of the earth, reducing the price of property to be exchanged for that gold to a lower figure than ever before known in the history of the world, and precipitating a universal panic. He was in favor of paying the government bond holders in the coin of the country, but the law said that they might be paid in 412½ grains of silver and by the eternal God he was in favor of giving them no more. [Applause] Place gold and silver on the same basis in regard to coinage and gold and silver would have the same intrinsic value. He would rather retire from public life than to vote to allow gold and silver to be coined into dollars of unequal value.

Mr. Peedleton, Democrat, of West Virginia, said that upon this question all Democrats could differ without surrendering their convictions. At one time he had different opinions from those which dominated him now. He was satisfied that the only way that a parity could be brought about between gold and silver was for this country to come in accord with the other commercial nations of the world; and when that was done the promise to the Democratic national platform would be kept.

Mr. Lacy, Republican, of Iowa, spoke in favor of an amendment which he proposed to offer if he had an opportunity, providing that the Wilson act should not take effect until the silver circulation should be increased to \$70,000,000. The trend of his remarks, however, was to the effect that the present business depression was due to the fear of Democratic tinkering with the tariff.

Mr. Warner, of New York, said that it seemed to be the mistaken idea of the opponents of the Wilson bill that there were no institutions in New York except banking institutions. It was a fact that the reason that New York was where it was on account of God Almighty putting New York where he had put it. The chamber of commerce of New York, which had been alluded to, was not composed of bankers, it was composed of the business men who stood in relation to the banks as they did to the business men of the West and South. The business men of New York were borrowers of the banks, not lenders to them. On the prosperity of the country depended their possibility of prosperity. Knowing the full sense of their responsibility, knowing that their own existence hung on the balance, the business men of New York asked Congress to repeal the act providing for the purchase of silver. He would first vote for the repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman act, and next he would vote for the coinage of gold and silver on a parity. But these metals must be of the same intrinsic value. If there ever was a pledge made by any party, this Democratic pledge was sacred and plain. When silver men came and asked Congress to inaugurate a new and hopeless scheme, which had already damned the business of the country, he must object. Whenever an international agreement was arrived at he was ready to try the experiment. He would try to sink his convictions and follow the convictions of his party. Then he would have vindicated his right to be called an honest man, but it would be a long time before New York Congressmen would support an experiment which had failed as long as this one had. But there was a plank in the platform which represented the issue, and that was the tariff plank. [Applause] The people had asked not only for the repeal of the Sherman act, but for a safe and elastic currency.

Mr. Hutchinson, Democrat, of Texas, said that he was in favor of the free coinage of silver, but before he concluded, the House at 5 o'clock adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow.

SILVER DAY IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—Less than half its members were present when the Senate met at noon but the galleries were filled. The joint committee's report on arrangement for the appropriate commemoration of the hundredth anniversary of the laying of the corner stone of the capitol of the United States on September 18th 1793, was received from the House and passed. There were numerous petitions presented and referred for the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, some conditionally and some unconditionally. Quite as many were against the repeal; several for the free use of silver as legal tender in the United States and for the appointment of a commission to consider an adequate plan of currency; and some for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

Mr. Vorhees, chairman of the committee on finance, introduced and had referred to that committee a bill to provide for the issue of circulating notes of national banks. It provides for the issue by national banks of notes to the amount of the par value of the bonds deposited or to be deposited by them. The bill is accompanied by a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, approving of its provisions and stating that if it were a law the bank note circulation (on the bonds already deposited) could be increased by \$19,000,000.

The McGarran claim again made its appearance in the form of a bill to refer the claim to the court of Private Land Claims, which was introduced by Mr. Teller, of Colorado, and referred to the judiciary committee.

Mr. Vest introduced a bill for the coinage of the free silver bullion in the Treasury, saying that he had sent to him from New York and that it met his hearty approval. It provides that after setting aside as a reserve such an amount of the silver bullion, purchased under the act of July, 1890, as shall equal in coinage value the aggregate sum of the Treasury notes authorized by that act, all the remainder of such bullion shall be deemed available for the issue of silver certificates. Such remainder or surplus bullion shall be coined into standard silver dollars and such dollars shall be used for the redemption of the silver certificates as now required by law, provided that this shall not be deemed to alter or amend any provisions of the act of July, 1890. The second section provides that national banking associations shall be entitled to issue circulating notes to the value at par of United States bonds on deposit, not, however, to exceed the amount of capital stock actually paid in. The bill was referred to the finance committee.

Mr. Hill offered a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the Senate that no legislation other than legislation pertaining to the finances shall be considered at the present session of Congress. He asked that the resolution lie on the table at the present.

Mr. Vest called up the resolution offered by him last Tuesday in the words: "Resolved that the American people, from tradition and interest, favor bi-metalism and the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver, without discrimination against either, and it is also the established policy of the United States to maintain the parity of the two metals, so that the debt-paying and purchasing power of every dollar shall be at all times equal, that it is the duty of Congress to speedily enact such laws as will effectuate and maintain these objects."

Mr. Vest addressed the Senate at length.

HOW TO BE BURIED ALIVE.

Mind Reader Seymour's Plans to Live a Long Time Underground.

Minneapolis, Minn. Dispatch.

Mind Reader A. J. Seymour, who proposes to remain buried alive while a crop of barley is grown on his grave, has selected Dr. E. C. Dunn, of Rockford, as his manager. Dr. Dunn says: "For several days Seymour will be fed upon a diet of fat and beef-producing food. He will then throw himself into a cataleptic state, the lungs will be filled with pure air to their utmost capacity, and the tongue placed back and partially down the throat in such a manner as to completely close the aperture to the lungs."

"The nose, eyes and ears will be hermetically sealed with wax. After paraffine has been spread over the body to close the pores, it will be ready for burial. The body will be put into an extra large casket. This will be placed in order that if any poisonous gases escape from the body they may make their escape and be absorbed by the soil. The burial will be in clay soil."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Shooting at Robbinsville.

CANTON, N. C., Aug. 11. Robbinsville, the county seat of Graham county, was the scene of a shooting which occurred last night. It is learned that Jacob Davis, a young man who is salesman in a store in the town, was in his room over the store washing for supper, and threw a basin of water out at the window, some of which fell on Bob King, who was just below the window. King, who was drunk, swore that no one should throw water on him, and stepped back from the house a few steps and began firing at Davis through the window, one ball striking him in the thigh and another going through his arm. King at once made his escape, and the officers are after him. It is not known yet what the result of Davis' wounds will be.

Honor thy Mother.

Here is an extract found on the desk of Editor W. L. Moore after his death, faded and worn, but where he could see it every day. We do not know that he did, but it reads like him. At any rate he felt that way, and he kept this little piece of paper always in sight. Read it, young man, and if you have a mother love and honor her as he did. Here is the extract: Honor the dear old mother. Time has scattered the snowy flakes on her brow, plowed deep furrows on her cheeks, but she is not sweet and beautiful now? The lips thin and shrunken, but those are the lips which have kissed many a hot tear from the childish cheek. They are the sweetest lips in all the world. The eye is dim, yet it glows with the soft radiance of holy love which can never fade. Ah! yes, she is a dear old mother. The sands of life are nearly run out, but feeble as she is, she will go further and reach down lower for you, than any other person upon earth. You cannot walk in to a midnight where she cannot see you; cannot enter a prison whose bars will keep her out; you can never mount a scaffold too high for her to reach, that she may kiss and bless you in evidence of her deathless love. When the world shall despise and forsake you, when it leaves you by the wayside to be unnoticed, the dear old mother will gather you in her feeble arms and carry you home, and tell you of your virtues, until you almost feel that your soul is disfigured by hypocrisy. Love her tenderly, and cheer her closing years with holy devotion.—Augusta Evening News.

Yellow Fever in Brunswick.

WASHINGTON, August 12.—Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine hospital service, to-day received from Brunswick, Ga., the following telegram: "Surgeon Brauhman, deputed to enforce quarantine regulations at this port, is very ill in this city at a private residence. Local physicians say he has yellow fever. People are greatly alarmed."

Assistant Surgeon Brauhman has taken. Can you send us Carter? J. A. DUNWOODY Ass't. Surgeon.

Dr. Wyman took immediate steps to prevent the disease from spreading. Surgeon Carter, who arrived at Pensacola to-night from Washington, was in charge of the cordons established around the naval reservation there to protect it from the city proper, was ordered by wire to proceed immediately to Brunswick to-day from Detroit and he was ordered to the authorities and also to the States sanitary regulations for entrance. Passed Assistant Magruder, who is in Pensacola was directed to relieve Dr. Carter.

Surgeon Hutton, who had large experience in the Jacksonville yellow fever epidemic of 1888, arrived in Washington to-day from Detroit and he was ordered to Brunswick.

SAVANNAH, Ga., August 12.—Savannah has quarantined to-night against Brunswick, and no passengers, baggage or freight will be permitted to enter Savannah from that point. It is reported that there is a large exodus from Brunswick.

WAYCROSS, Ga., August 12.—Waycross has quarantined against Brunswick to-night, and also against Pensacola.

CHATEAUX, S. C., August 12.—Two passengers on the north-bound train from Savannah were turned away from this city and sent north via the Atlantic Coast line to-day. The men were from Pensacola, Fla., and had tried to stop at both Savannah and Beaufort. So thorough is the quarantine system that the health officers were notified of their coming several hours before the train was due and they were stopped at Ashley junction seven miles from the city. All the railroads have been notified that passengers from Pensacola will not be permitted to come here and that they will be held responsible for a violation of the law.

CONCORD, August 14.—Two negro men, Martin Misenheimer and Alexander Barnhardt, got into a difficulty in Mount Pleasant last Saturday about a woman. Barnhardt stabbed Misenheimer in the heart with a knife. He died in 10 minutes. Barnhardt was brought here to jail. He claims that he killed Misenheimer in self-defense.

WINSTON, August 12.—Peter DeGraff was put on trial to-day for his life, charged with the murder of Ellen Smith his sweetheart. The case is creating great interest. When brought into the court room the prisoner looked pale but composed. The jury was not empaneled until 3 this afternoon. The special venire of 150 men was exhausted and the sheriff had to summon 25 more. The State examined eleven witnesses, two of whom gave very damaging evidence.

Mental depression, wakefulness, lost manhood caused by errors of youth or liver excesses quickly cured by Magnesia Nervine. Guaranteed by Edwin Cutler, Salisbury, N. C.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Reidsville cotton mills have shut down for thirty days.

The Cabarrus county fair will be held September 27, 28, 29.

Statesville has raised its tax on retail liquor dealers from \$500 to \$750.

The Franklin Times says a brother of Mr. Seth Ward, of that county, died recently in Texas and left the old man, who is 78 years old, \$6,000.

WINSTON, August 15.—Peter DeGraff is guilty of the murder of Ellen Smith. The jury entered the court house at 8:30 this morning and rendered its verdict.

Repeated shocks of earthquake have destroyed one half of the town of Mattinata on the Adriatic coast. Several persons were killed and a number injured. The Stromboli volcano is in violent eruption.

Prof. J. A. Woodburn, of Hendersonville, was found dead in bed in a hotel at Brevard last Sunday morning. He had been in bed the night before, but not seriously so, and his death was a great surprise.

The Enterprise says that Mrs. J. V. Burton, who lives near High Point, in Davidson county, has a speckled hen now in her 16th year, which has laid eight layings of eggs this year and is to all appearances as spry as when she was one year old.

WASHINGTON, August 12.—In the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to-day suit was filed for \$50,000 for breach of promise against Representative Wm. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, by Madeline V. Pollard.

Two fires, both presumably the work of incendiaries, destroyed over a million dollars' worth of property in Minneapolis Sunday afternoon. The property burned was mills, lumber, warehouses and a brewery.

LONDON, August 12.—A train on the Taff Vale Railway, running to Cardiff from Ponty Prid, ran off the track this evening while going rapidly around a curve, and rolled over a steep embankment. Seventeen persons were killed and forty injured. Several carriages were badly smashed.

St. Johns, N. B., August 13.—Rev. O. L. Neill created considerable excitement in his church to-night by announcing that a cable dispatch had been received to the effect that Queen Victoria had been stricken with paralysis. No confirmation had been received up to midnight.

Miss Annie Lee Younts, daughter of Mr. John Younts, eloped with Mr. C. J. Hoffman freight conductor on the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, Monday night. She went alone to the depot, met the train on which her lover, and they went on to Columbia where the knot was tied.

Mr. M. E. Stowe a watchman at the bridge over the Catawba, on the An Line road, was shot at Monday night as the train passed over the bridge, by an unknown man leaning out of a window in the first-class car. The ball struck the watchman's badge on his hat, causing the ball to glance. But for the badge he would have been killed.

CHICAGO, August 12.—Nelson Morris & Company's large fertilizing department on Forty-third street and Centre avenue was burned this morning. The fire threatened to spread to Armour's butter plant and warehouse, the latter containing \$1,000,000 worth of canned meats, etc. They were saved, however. The loss to the fertilizing plant is \$300,000, and 800 men are thrown out of work.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY, Prop'r., Toledo, Ohio. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WEST & TRAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KENNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

COMING DOWN With the Prices

ON SUMMER SHOES!

As a winged messenger, we would come to the ladies of this vicinity and inform them that E. W. Burt & Co., will now commence selling their Oxford Ties remnant of cost. Good, that cost \$1.25 will go at \$1.00 and less; those that cost \$1.00 will go at 75c and less, and at the same proportion in finer goods. They mean business, and will do what they say.

Very Truly, E. W. BURT & CO.



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ARE YOU GOING TO THE FAIR? "THE PROVIDENT FUND" Will insure World Fair visitors against Accident for a period of Three Months for one payment of Five Dollars. BE IT UNDERSTOOD That this \$5 payment guarantees, for the period of three months, a death indemnity of \$10,000 and a weekly disability indemnity of \$5.00, and covers accidents including the insured while traveling to, at or from the Fair, by rail or boat or on foot or by cable conveyance, and also provides special indemnities if injured while at home or about your business. This is the most liberal offer yet made, and the most liberal that can be made consistent with safety.

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J. & H. HORAH'S WARRANTED SILVERWARE WILL LAST. YOUR LIFE TIME! WE GUARANTEE SPOONS AND FORKS WITH Sterling Silver BACKS TO WEAR 25 YEARS. The pieces of Sterling Silver inlaid at the points of wear whatever.

FIVE TIMES as much Silver as Standard Plate. FAR BETTER than Light Silver and 70% one-half the cost.

Each article is stamped E. STERLING-INLAIN P.E. Accept no substitute. MADE ONLY BY THE HOLMES & EDWARDS SILVER CO.

And Sold by the Old Reliable Jewellers, J. & H. HORAH, Main St., Salisbury, N. C.

Horner Military School, OXFORD, N. C. Modern buildings. Healthful and attractive location. Efficient instructors. Number limited. A beautiful Southern Home for Boys. Catalogue sent on application.

The steamer San Juan caught fire off the Chinese coast. Chinamen on board climbed into the rigging where the flames followed them until some dropped to the deck while others leaped overboard and were devoured by sharks. Some took to life-boats and so overcrowded them that the sharks leaped up from the water and caught their victims. The panic was frightful. One hundred and eighty-two lives were lost.

Neptune has drowned many men, but Bacchus many souls. Magnetic Nerve quickly restores manhood and youthful vigor. Sold by Edwin Cutler, Salisbury, N. C.

Having bought the E. E. Phillips Millstone Quarry, I will continue to furnish the well-known grit, for corn and wheat. J. T. Wyatt, Salisbury, N. C.

MARION, August 14.—Thomas Finley was accidentally shot yesterday morning about 10 o'clock by a white boy by the name of Boosie Curtis. The ball struck Finley on the forehead and glanced off on the skull, coming out near the left eye, inflicting a painful if not dangerous wound. Mr. Finley was engaged in some kind of work in his livery stable when he asked Curtis, who was an employee, to get his handkerchief out of his pocket, and in taking out the handkerchief Curtis also got out the pistol, which in some way was discharged.

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