ON KING COTTON.

The present stringency of currency in the Northern money centres, suggests to the South the necessity of husbanding its resources in that direction. About a month from now the cotton crop will begin to move, and for the thirty days following $30,000,000 at least will be needed in the entire belt to make settlements, but on the line of farmers paying their indebtedness and making cash purchases $25,000,000 will go back into business channels to be again used. As the balance of the crop comes in, however, a percentage of sales will find recourse to the "old stocking" or the "bed" and there remain to come out in small installments, not to be felt by bankers and merchants in the way of relieving the necessity for small change. Eastern mills are shutting down and the demand for the commoner class of cotton goods will soon tell on the factories in the South. Our valued contemporary has no desire to pose as an alarmist, but it warns the planter and the wage earner to look well to the future. Even though misfortune should overtake the present crop, there is enough cotton in sight of 1892 to meet the wants of the mills on short runs up to January 1, 1894. It is well to bear in mind that the industrial districts of Europe are also feeling the stringency of order from this country, which are being curtailed by distrust and a want of co-operation of the Eastern banks to advance money to the factories.

The full force of the panic has not been spent, neither will it be until the usual fall request for money is made. If this be a fact, and it is supported by the customs of the past, why then prepare to meet the worst forces of disaster Her banks are conservative and her merchants have not over-purchased for fall accounts. The industrial and farmer classes have not as yet felt the troubles, which precaution, if now taken can avert. It is to the last two, the warning is sounded.

Fred Douglas Excited.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—Old Fred Douglass, the colored orator, was greatly wrought up today in the suffrage congress by Stephen B. Weeks, professor of Trinity College, North Carolina, who read a paper on negro suffrage in the South. The professor said:

Negro suffrage is a failure. It must remain a failure so long as it is not an ally to the white vote. A large percentage of the Southern people are of English descent. They will not submit to domination. The white man must rule. He seeks to secure this result by fair means. He has respect for law, and for that reason seeks to rule under the law.

When he cannot do that he bulldozes and counts out. No man who has not lived in a negro land knows what negro domination is. It means the destruction of property, ruin and bankruptcy.

When Prof. Weeks had finished, Douglass, who was on the platform, rose and made an impassioned reply. Said he:

You are not afraid of negro domination. The negro can never rule this country. He would be out-voted by the political millons of whites and overwhelmed by their superior intelligence. There is no objection to the negro in the South until he aspires to rise. So long as he is ignorant and lazy no one disturbs. As soon as he aspires to become a lawyer or doctor, he at once becomes an upstart.

Third Party Picnics.

Sanford Express.

The Third party leaders have inaugurated a plan to visit and talk to their followers on "the issues of the day." They are holding picnics at differents points where the Populists assemble in large numbers to hear their speakers abuse the late Legislature and Cleveland for calling an extra session of Congress. For a blind they call them Alliance picnics. It is certianly very amusing to hear some of these self constituted Third party critics discuss finances. Some time since some of the followers of Maryann Butler were discussing the merits and demerits of the Sherman act. In the meantime a Democrat walked up and asked one of them to define the Sherman act. This took the "refawmer" completely off his feet. Just there and then he discovered that he knew nothnig about the Sherman act. Now what would the opinion of such a man be worth? Probably he thought the Sherman act provided for an air ship to sail to the moon.

A Negro Lynched.

By Southern Associated Press

WAYCROSS, Ga., Aug. 10.—Jack Chambers colored, was taken from officer Spence and Clayton last night and lynched between this place and Wadesboro. Chambers' body was riddled with bullets. He confessed to having taken part in outraging Mrs. George Warren, the wife of a prominent farmer at Hoboken, Ga., last year. Chambers is the third negro who has been lynched for that crime, two others having been shot down in the house at the time the outrage was committed. Chambers is now hanging to a tree near the road, his body being viewed by a good many people.

Queer if True.

You may try this as many times as you like and it will never fail. Ask a person whether he was born at night or in daytime. If he does not know, bid him not to tell, but to clasp his hands and you will tell him. He must clasp the hands with the fingers interlacing. Now, some people will do this by bringing the right thumb over the left thumb, and they are born at night. The same person will always do it in the same way. Any but his own natural way seems queer and unnatural. You will find that the person who clasps the left thumb over is surprised to find that anyone can do it any other way. No one has ever been able to explain this matter.

A Good Farmer.

D. H. Morris in Western Plowman.

A good farmer should never depend upon his neighbor for what he can, by care and good management, raise on his own farm. He should not beg fruit when he can plant or graft; he should not borrow tools or vehicles when he can make or buy them, for among the many wastes on a farm, this waste of time is about the worst. In the first place he has to take time in going to borrow them and then often take valuable time in taking them back; then there's a waste of the neighbor's time and money by keeping the tools in repair for some one to wear out, and the only benefit that the lender gets out of it is being called a good neighbor, for if he has tools to lend he does not need to borrow. Now, we cannot all be independent, but a good farmer will, as fast as he is able, provide himself with suitable farming tools; and again, a good farmer will never undertake to till more land than he can cultivate. It is the aim of many farmers to get as many acres into crops as possible, giving no attention to the matter as to how they are put in; for instance one man will put in fifty or sixty acres of wheat, while his neigbor will put in thirty and get as many bushels, and perhaps more. Now the farmer should bear in mind that well-tilled land is constantly improving, while half-tilled land is growing poor every day.

Bigotted Intoleranee.

The Atlanta *Journal*, in comment- upon the beautiful Christian brotherhood as recently displayed on a recent Sabbath when three religious denominations used the same house to worship in at Long Island City, tells us that the Catholics and the Methodists had no place to hold services, and the Baptists very kindly offered the use of their church, which was accepted.

The Catholic priest acknowledged his gratitude for this act, and said some beautiful things about Christian charity, about the fatherhood of God and and the brotherhood of man.

An instance of striking contrast to that at Long Island City has come to our notice.

At a recent Baptist convention in a Southern city a Methodist bishop was invited to appear, and he did so.

The American Baptist, commenting on this incident, says:

"It put a dead fly in the ointment, causing it to send forth a stinking savor into the nostrils of its 800,000 constituents. It is probable that nine-tenths of the messengers regretted the hasty act as soon as they recovered from the sudden impulse. But a pernicious precedent has been set."

We are quite sure that the great mass of Baptists do not endorse such silly stuff as this. The man who wrote it must be a narrow-minded, squint-eyed bigot who is living about four centuries too late.

One of the most wonderful discoveries in science that has been made within a year or two is the discovery that a beam of light produces sound. A beam of sunlight is thrown through a lens on a glass vessel that contains lampblack, colored silk, or other substances. A disk having slits or openings cut in it is made to rovolve swiftly in this beam of light so as to cut it up, thus making alternate flashes of light and shadow. On putting the ear to the glass vessel strange sounds are heard so long as the flashing beam is falling on the vessel. Recently a more wonderful discovery has been made. A beam of sunlight is caused to pass throug a prism, so as to produce what is called the solar spectrum or rainbow. The disk is turned, and the colored light of the rainbow is make to break through it. Place the ear to the vessel contains the silk, wool or other material. As the colored lights of the spectrum fall upon it, sounds will be given by different parts of the spectrum, and there will be silence in other parts.—New York *Ledger*.

Briefs of General Nature.

Mr. J. P. Rosseau, of Wilkes, has been appointed a special revenue agent. Compensation, $1,500 a year and expenses.

The farmer seems to be coming to the front in politics in Germany. There are 145 of them in the new Reichstag and only 11 lawyers.

The Laurinburg *Exchange* reports Rev. M. L. Wood, of the North Carolina Conference, in a very critical condition, with little hope of his recovery.

The *Review* reports the assignment of Capt. R. M. McIntire, an old and highly esteemed dry goods merchant of Wilmington. The preferences foot up over $4,000.

Speaking of hard times, the Wilkesboro *Chronicle* says that $10,000 more in cash was returned in Wilkes county for taxation this year than last, and by farmers, too.

Representative Crawford will not avail himself of the law allowing him a clerk at $100 a month, and will continue to attend to his correspondence and other work Nearly every other member will have a clerk.

Washington *Progress*: Hyde county has perhaps the finest corn crop that it has has had for years. It has been said of it that it raises corn enough to supply the State, and while we think this is an over estimate yet it raises a very large amount.

The Jonesboro *Journal* of the 8th tells, as follows, of a rather remarkable double accident in Chatham county: A train knocked a cow off the track this side Egypt last evening and the cow struck a man and injured him so badly that he will probably die. One of the cow's horns stuck in his forehead, one of his arms was broken and his shoulder knocked out of joint.

It is announced from Washington that Representatives Henderson and Bunn will remain chairmen, respectively, of the postoffice and claims committees. Whether a chairman will be given to North Carolina, as before, will depend on whether the Speaker reduces the proportion of Southern chairmanships or not. If he does not, either Representative Grady or Representative Crawford will be chairman of some committee, so it is said.

These are pretty hard times but who knows what may be in the future. A German chemist says he has discovered a process of converting wood into flour, and a Bavarian chemist says he can reduce wood to a flexible fibre, which may be spun and woven into cloth. When a cord of wood can be ground into flour and woven into clothes, won't this old world be the lazy man's paradise—if some one will supply the cord of wood? *Wilmington Star.*

A report from the health officer of Pensacola, that two cases of yellow fever have developed in the city of Pensacola, has caused the mayor of Mobile to issue a proclaim that no person nor baggage from Pensacola shall be admitted to Mobile from that date to December 1st. The two deaths at Pensacola were those of Rev. C. F. Aita and Ellen Wood. The announcement has created a panic and 1,500 people will leave the city.

The Shelby *Review* says Rev. R. G. Sparrow and Mr. T. W. Dixon, of Rutherfordton, were in Asheville while Rev. Dr. Wharton was holding his meeting. They wanted to hear him but had a business engagement at 11 o'clock. They were told that the sermon would be over before that hour, and went. At 11 Dr. Wharton was in full swing. They waited until 11:15 then quietly rose and left. As they did so the evangelist said: "That's right, my friends; if I'm making it too hot for you, just get out" Mr Sparrow wrote a note to the evangelist, told him the circumstances that led them to leave, and would up by saying that it the first time he was ever insulted in the house of God.

The Wilkesboro *Chronicle* says that on Tuesday of last week, in the day time $340, $200 being in twenty-dollar gold peices, were stolen from Mrs. Elizabeth Gray, of Brier Creek, Wilkes county. Suspicion rested upon one Bynum Gray, her nephew, and papers were issued for arrest. Mrs. Gray described one gold piece, a dollar, with two holes in it. This was found in the possession of a woman on Hunting Creek together with $161, and this woman swore that young Gray gave her the money. He has been bound over to court.

The New York *Herald* has polled the Governors of the States on the repeal of the Sherman act and reports 19 as favoring unconditional repeal, 11 favoring repeal with a substitute, 2 (Colorado and Kansas) opposed to repeal, and 4 (Wyoming, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Texas) non-committal. Governor Carr is classified as one of the 11 who favor repeal and a substitute, and says he favors its repeal as a Democratic promise, but wants a substitute before the repeal. He thinks this is unquestionably the sentiment of North Carolina. The *World* has polled the Senate and finds 47 in favor of unconditional repeal, and 41 opposed to unconditional repeal. Senators Ransom and Vance are placed in the list of those who are opposed to unconditional repeal.

STATESVILLE, August 10.—Mr. John T. Long, of Yadkin county, a nephew of Dr. J.F. Long, of this city, was found dead near the public road in Cool Spring township Wednesday evening, with a bullet hole in his head. A coroner's inquest sat on the body to-day and found that he shot himself with his pistol. He is supposed to have been temporarily deranged.

P. B. Hooper, employed as superintendent of carpenters on the government building at Reidsville, has embezzled $295 of pay-roll funds belonging to his employers, Messrs. Brown & Gardner, of Wilmington.

Richmond & Danville R. R. Co.

F. W. Huidekoper and Reuben Foster, Receivers.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 27, 1892.

SOUTHBOUND	No. 9.	DAILY.	No. 31
Lv Richmond	12 45 PM	.....	2 40 AM
Lv Burkeville	2 51 PM	.....	5 18 AM
Lv Keysville	3 35 PM	.....	5 55 AM
Ar Danville	5 55 PM	7 25 AM	54 AM
Ar Greensboro	8 00 PM	9 20 AM	
Lv Golsboro	2 55 PM	†7 45 PM	.....
Ar Raleigh	4 30 PM	11 10 PM	.....
Lv Raleigh	4 40 PM	6 15 AM	.....
Lv Durham	5 37 PM	7 15 AM	.....
Ar Greensboro	7 45 PM	9 15 AM	.....
Lv Winston-Salem	7 4 PM	*8 00 AM	.....
Lv Greensboro	N	9 30 AM	6 39 AM
Ar Salisbury	9 M	11 04 AM	8 12 AM
Ar Statesville	.....	12 03 PM	.....
Ar Asheville	.....	4 25 PM	.....
Ar Hot Springs	.....	5 57 PM	.....
Lv Salisbury	9 55 PM	11 14 AM	8 17 AM
Ar Charlotte	11 10 PM	12 40 PM	9 25 AM
Ar Spartanburg	1 56 AM	3 36 PM	11 37 AM
Ar Greenville	3 07 AM	4 47 PM	12 28 PM
Ar Atlanta	9 00 AM	11 00 PM	4 55 PM
Lv Charlotte	11 30 PM	.....	9 35 AM
Ar Columbia	6 00 AM	.....	1 20 PM
Ar Augusta	10 00 AM	.....	4 25 PM

NORTHBOUND	No 10.	DAILY. No. 15	No. 38.
Lv Augusta	6 05 pm	.....	12 40 pm
Lv Columbia	10 50 pm	.....	3 50 pm
Ar Charlotte	6 00 am	.....	7 30 pm
Lv Atlanta	9 40 pm	8 05 am	12 45 pm
Ar Charlotte	6 40 am	7 00 pm	[illegible]
Lv Charlotte	6 55 am	†4 pm	[illegible]
Ar Salisbury	8 17 am	†15	d
Lv Hot Springs	.....	12 39 pm	.....
Lv Asheville	.....	2 45 pm	.....
Lv Statesville	.....	7 47 pm	.....
Ar Salisbury	.....	8 37 pm	.....
Salisbury	8 37 am	9 52 pm	9 29 pm
Greensboro	10 10 am	11 29 pm	10 42 pm
Ar Winston-Salem	*11 30 am	†1 00 am	.....
Lv Greensboro	10 20 am	11 35 pm	.....
Ar Durham	12 11 pm	2 35 am	.....
Ar Raleigh	1 09 pm	4 10 am	.....
Lv Raleigh	1 28 pm	†8 45 am	.....
Ar Goldsboro	3 05 pm	12 05 pm	.....
Lv Greensboro	10 20 am	11 35 pm	10 40 pm
Ar Danville	12 01 pm	1 15 am	12 01 am
Ar Keysville	2 15 pm	4 05 am	4 11 m
Ar Burkeville	3 25 pm	4 51 am	5 51 am
Ar Richmond	5 10 pm	7 00 am	7 00 am

† Daily except Sunday.

BETWEEN WEST POINT AND RICHMOND.

Leave West Point 7.50 A. M. daily, and 8.50 A. M. daily except Sunday and Monday; arrive Richmond 9.40 and 10.40 A. M. Returning leave Richmond 3.10 and 4.45 P. M. daily except Sunday; arrive West Point 5.00 and 6.00 P. M.

BET. RICHMOND AND RALEIGH VIA KEYSVILLE.

Leave Richmond 12.45 P. M. daily; leave Keysville 3.45 P. M.; arrive Oxford 6.00 P. M.; Henderson 6.55 P. M., Durham 7.20 P. M., Raleigh 8.00 A. M., Selma 10.35 A. M. Returning leave Selma 3.30 P. M., Raleigh 4.40 P. M., daily, Durham 6.00 P. M Henderson 7.25 P. M., Oxford 8.30 P. M.; arrive Keysville 11.5 P. M., Richmond 1.00 A. M.

Mixed train leaves Oxford daily except Sunday 9.25 A. M.; arrives Durham 11.55 A. M. Leaves Durham 7.45 A. M. daily except Sunday; arrived Oxford 9.20 A. M.

Additional trains leave Oxford daily except Sunday 7.00 A. M. and 11.45 A. M. arrive Henderson 8.00 A. M. and 12.40 P. M. Returning leave Henderson 10.30 A. M. and 2.25 P. M. daily except Sunday; arrive Oxford 11.20 A. M and 3.15 P. M.

Nos 9 and 38 connect at Richmond from and to West Point and Baltimore daily except Sunday.

SLEEPING-CAR SERVICE.

On Trains 9 and 30, Pullman Buffet Sleeper between Atlanta and New York; between Danville and Augusta.

On 37 and 38, Pullman Buffet Sleeper between Richmond and Danville, uniting at Danville with Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled Limited for Atlanta, carrying Pullman Sleeper from New York to New Orleans, and New York to Augusta, and Dining Car New York to Montgomery.

Trains 11 and 12 Pullman Buffet Sleepers between New York, Washington, and Hot Springs via Salisbury and Asheville, and Pullman Sleepers between Washington and Atlanta; and between Greensboro and Portsmouth, Va., via Atlanta & Danville R. R.

E. BERKLEY, Superintendent, Greensboro, N. C.
J. S. B. THOMPSON, Superintendent, Richmond, Va.
W. A. TURK, General Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
W. H. GREEN, Gen'l Manager, Washington, D. C.
SOL HAAS, Traffic Manager Washington, D. C.

A physician has written an article to show that dyspepsia is due to a disorder of the head, and not to the stomach. He says: "The numbers of so called dyspeptic that are cured by the disappearance of business, domestic or social annoyance are nearly unlimited. An overdue note in the possession of a beetle nosed and beetle eyed creditor is more productive of dyspepsia than a meal of second hand carpet tacks. In fact, it may be a safe thing to assume that in dyspeosia we had better look in the garret, closet or cellar of the dyspeptic's house or among his his business or social relations, rather than to his stomach, for the solution of the difficulty."