

Facing Things.
 The Charlotte Observer, than which the State has no better newspaper, and the Democratic party no safer counselor, in its issue of 30th ult., deals most practically with the question of the State campaign.

We cordially endorse the position of Mr. Caldwell, and are impressed with the necessity of united effort upon the part of the Democratic press of the State, keeping prominently before our people the great fact that, however widespread the dissatisfaction with the national administration, in State affairs there can be but one sentiment.

GOOD SOUND DEMOCRACY HAS GIVEN US GOOD GOVERNMENT AT HOME.

We must labor to perpetuate good home government, and all internal dissensions must be studiously avoided, and each one labor for our common good.

Our State government must not be sacrificed because things at Washington do not move as we desire.

"The Old North State, forever."

Home Interest.
 Each man in a community is a fellow helper in the success of all home enterprises.

To stand with "hands off" waiting to see what will happen, is a sure and successful way to "kill out" an effort which might otherwise lead to great results. No sort of talent, in the man, can successfully overcome the paralyzing effects of indifference.

The fostering care of a kind thought: The charity of a warm personal interest, the helpfulness of human courtesy, fills many a heart with hope, brings encouragement in darkest hours, and inspires to deeds of noble daring that bring "showers of blessing," that might die from the chilling breath of cold indifference and wither under human scorn. "Lend a helping hand" to your neighbor, and thus, blessing humanity bless yourself.

Col. Harry Skinner and Capt. W. H. Kitchen, spoke at Wilson last Saturday to about 1200 people. Capt. Kitchen made the same speech he made in the campaign two years ago, minus Cleveland and the Democratic administration. If Capt. Kitchen's views have not undergone any change, and they have not judging from his speech, we fail to see any reason why he should leave the Democratic party. The principles of Democracy have certainly undergone no change, though they may have been perverted by individuals but they will stand after these individuals and Kitchen have passed from the stage of action. There is no reason why any man should leave the party in this State who believes in Democratic principles. We can only elect men who represent our views in any party we affiliate with, and no one can point out wherein the North Carolina delegation at Washington have departed from these principles. Then why divide forces and run a great risk of letting our common enemy carry the day. Let us stand together and be certain of electing men who will represent the true principles of Democracy.

The repeal of the unconstitutional war tax on State banks by the Democrats will go a long way in restoring this administration to the good graces of the people and will be of practical and lasting benefit to the country. If Mr. Cleveland would only speak one word of commendation of the bill it would pass at once. Those in favor of the bill may get a vote on it this week.

Mr. Cleveland being so honest and conscientious in waiting to carry out the pledges of the party should now exert as much energy in behalf of the tariff bill and the repeal of the tax on State banks as he did in behalf of the unconditional repeal of the Sherman act when the death blow to silver was dealt.

The Newbern Journal in commenting on the exit of Kitchens to the Populist party closes the article with the following good advice to the timid Buck:

"The idea of Cleveland's throwing Kitchens out of the Democratic party is ridiculous. Claim your pre-emption rights, captain, at all hazards and to the last extremity. The Democratic party belongs to the people and no man can wrest it from them."

The military company at Monroe has disbanded.

News-Observer-Chronicle: We believe thirty days notice is necessary to be given before the primaries are held in the counties to elect delegates to the State Convention. The State Executive Committee meets on the 12th of June, and the date of the convention will probably be about the 1st of August. In order to give the thirty days notice, it will be well for the County Chairmen to have their committees in session soon after they have been informed when the convention will meet. Indeed in some counties, there may be no time to be lost, so that the chairmen may even find it convenient to anticipate the matter, and taking it for granted that they will have the information on a certain day, issue the call for the County Committees in advance. The committees ought to meet not later than the 20th of June; and the calls for their meetings ought to be sent out in time to have an attendance by that day allowing thirty days for notice, and giving the delegates ten days to reach the convention, it will be seen that the convention cannot well be held before the 1st of August. Perhaps, however, thirty days notice is not necessary.

A young lady of prepossessing appearance was sitting in the waiting room of a photograph gallery on F street in Washington the other day when she was accosted by a handsome old gentleman with a charming manner and musical voice. In a few moments he learned from her that she had lost her position in the treasury department and was anxious to get something to do. She learned from him at the same time that he was a member of the house of representatives, a friend of Secretary Carlisle and a sort of godfather to all handsome young lady clerks in the government departments. He took a great interest in their welfare and was always glad to give them any service. He promised to go to the treasury department that very day and see if he could not persuade Secretary Carlisle to restore her to her former position and to call upon her that same evening to relate the result of his mission. After some further conversation he arose to leave and offered his card, upon which was the name of W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky. The young lady flushed with mortification, threw the card upon the table and indignantly told Colonel Breckinridge that he must not say anything to Secretary Carlisle in her behalf. This indicates that the defendant in the recent breach of promise case is in a fair way to be entrapped again by some beautiful young lady if he does not take care of himself.—*Ex.*

The sensation of Russia, and of Europe, too, just now is the suicide of Prince Kantakuzene, Count of Sperski, a member of one of the most famous families of Russia, and one of the highest officers of the ministry of the interior. A year ago one of the Catholic churches in the province of Kowno was condemned, and the congregation ordered to leave it. The people declined to do so, and were finally driven out of the church by soldiers, in obedience to the orders of Mr. Orschewski, formerly chief of the secret police. The Pope, hearing of the outrage, protested to the Czar, who ordered a report of the occurrence. Prince Kantakuzene was induced to make a false report, it is said, and, this being discovered, the Emperor summoned him to his presence. The Prince was so overcome by the discovery of his falsehood and the anger of his imperial master that he ended his life a few days later.

A special of June 1st from Homer, Tenn., says: Yesterday a negro named Frank Ballard, 18 years old, assaulted Miss Birdie Thomas, a highly respected young lady, while she was returning home from a visit to a neighbor's. The brute failed to accomplish his purpose, and being frightened by the girl's screams, he cut her throat. Just at this time and before he could complete his bloody work, some one appeared and he ran away, leaving the girl in a dying condition. The alarm was promptly given. Armed men took up the trail and ran the miscreant to earth this afternoon. Without wasting any time they hanged him to the limb of a tree and riddled his body with bullets.

Judge Walter Clarke is prominently spoken of to succeed Dr. Crowell as president of Trinity College. Judge Clarke is a man of fine literary attainments, and is, withal, a man of broad scholarship.

Facts About Marriage.
 From the New York Recorder
 Carroll D. Wright, superintendent of the census of 1890, reviews in The Forum, for June, the statistics of sex marriage and divorce.

It will surprise many persons to know that there are more males than females in the total population of this country. The exact figures in 1890 were: 32,067,880 males and 30,554,370 females.

Contrary to another popular impression, it appears, too, that married persons form a larger percentage of the total population of this country than they do of European countries. There are more married people, too, in our large cities than in our farming districts, relatively to the whole number of their inhabitants.

Facts of interest to young people contemplating matrimony are that Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Cleveland are the American cities where most marrying is done; presumably, the conditions there are more favorable to the maintenance of homes than in San Francisco and Boston, which are peopled by fewer married folks and more single ones than any other cities in the union.

Ireland and Scotland show the largest number of bachelors and spinsters and the smallest number of husbands and wives of all countries furnishing statistics. Who would have thought that to be the case? It will shatter another generally accepted opinion: to be told by Colonel Wright, that the total number of divorced persons in this country is very small—amounting to only about one-third of one per cent of the total adult population. Another analysis shows that there was but one divorced person to every 185 married persons living in the United States in 1890.

Colonel Wright's article affords a great variety of other interesting information, and as a study of the conjugal conditions of this republic, it is reassuring on many vital points.

Marriage is evidently not a failure in America. And pessimistic views of divorce as practiced in our different States are not borne out by the evidence of the census.

Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin.

The reports of the correspondents of the Weather Crop Bulletin, issued by the North Carolina State Weather Service, for the week ending Monday, June 4th, 1894, indicate continued unfavorable weather. The nights have been very cool and frost occurred June 1st in the Western and Central Districts. Although the damage by frost has been slight the growth of crops has been checked and some cotton killed. The rainfall was badly distributed. There was plenty of rain in the Eastern District and a few counties of the Central, elsewhere it is becoming very dry, especially in the west. Some damage by hail was again reported this week. The last two days of the week were much warmer, and the prospects are for continued warm weather during the next week.

WESTERN DISTRICT.—The weather has probably been more unfavorable in this district than in other portions of the State. Frost occurred on May 29th and nearly everywhere on June 1st, as reported by correspondents from Ashe to Cherokee counties. The cool nights have injured cotton and killed some, besides keeping all crops from growing very much. Corn is being yellowed, which is probably caused more by the prevailing dryness than by the cold. Warm weather and showers are greatly needed. The weather has been favorable, however, for farm work, which seems to be more advanced than usual. Wheat harvesting begun; crop will be poor. First cherries have appeared in market. Rains reported: China Grove, 0.50 inch; Catawba, 0.25; Culbertson, 0.40; Smith's Ford, 0.80; Charlotte, 0.08; Bailey, 0.30; Saluda, 0.25; Mt. Pleasant, 0.26; Murphy, 0.28; Dellwood, 0.75; Mocksville, 0.22; Oak Forest, 0.30; Maiden, 0.25; Davidson, 1.00.

Number of reports received: Eastern, 60; Central, 68; Western, 79.

Rowan Crops.

To hear at last one farmer say yesterday that his cotton was good, was like striking an oasis in the desert. From all sides were reports of injurious frost last week and droopy cotton accordingly. Mr. J. L. Paup of Rowan, was one of two men who had not a "tale of woe." He reports the cotton in his section as having squares on it. The corn and wheat, he says, look fine. The Cabarrus crops in some sections are also good, Mr. Paul reports.

It becomes more and more evident each day that speculation in stocks should be forbidden. Senator McPherson has had to acknowledge before the Senate investigating committee that he was speculating in sugar stocks while the tariff bill was under consideration by the Finance committee, of which he is a member. Such men must be sent to the back ground.

The Latest News.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A further engagement to-day in New York of \$1,400,000 gold for export to Europe Tuesday reduced the Treasury's gold reserve fund down to \$74,000,000.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., June 4.—A special to the Times-Union from Geala, Fla., says: Portions of Marion county were visited yesterday afternoon with the worst hail storm known in the history of the county. Corn fields are wiped out of existence. The size of the hail stones varied from the size of a pea to that of a guinea egg.

PORTLAND, Oregon, June 4.—The river continues to rise and the situation grows more serious. The river here is 31 feet above low water, and is rising at the rate of 1 foot every 24 hours. Three-fourths of the whole sale district is under water from 2 to 10 feet, and the water is fast encroaching upon the best part of the retail district. Hundreds of small houses on the flats are surrounded by water up to the second story and have begun to turn over.

Many merchants are unable to get lumber to build platforms to keep their goods above water. Every available boat in the city has been hired, and boat men receive from \$1 to \$5 per hour for their services.

The Western Union Telegraph Company's office is surrounded by six feet of water. Only one bridge is open to traffic. A rise of six inches more will shut off the gas supply of the city. The union depot is two feet under water, and the Union Pacific car shops are surrounded by five feet of water.

The Southern Pacific is the only road running trains. The Union Pacific is hopelessly tied up.

A special from Washington to the Observer Tuesday says that General Wm. P. Roberts, of Gates, the youngest cavalry general of the Confederacy, ex-member of the Legislature and eight years State Auditor, was nominated today counsel at Victoria, British Columbia. The salary is \$2,500, to which must be added \$1,500 in fees. It is perhaps the most important consulate of the United States on this continent, because of the opium trade and Chinese immigration. It is said that General Roberts was selected because a determined man was needed to repress smuggling.

The Louisville Courier-Journal tells of a stock sale in Kentucky where fifty-three horses were sold for \$43,150, an average of \$814. We make a note of this fact to show that it is the case with horse flesh, as well as everything else, that if you have the best it brings all its worth while that of common stock is not in it.

Most coughs may be cured in a few hours or at any rate in a few days, by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. With such a prompt and sure remedy as this at hand, there is no need of prolonging the agony for weeks and months. Keep this remedy in your house.

The Republican State convention at Columbus, O., yesterday declared in its platform for the McKinley bill, denounced the Wilson bill, advocated such a policy as will, by discriminating legislation or otherwise, most speedily restore to silver its rightful place as a money metal, and denounced the proposition to repeal the State bank tax law.—Charlotte Observer.

A special from Washington June 1st says: Pendleton King, of Guilford county, N. C., has been appointed chief of the bureau of archives and indexes, State department.

Some one entered the room where Hinton Pigford was sleeping, near Clinton, and dealt him several blows with an axe and from the effects of which he may die. Mr. Pigford is one of the most prominent young men of the county.

Walter M. Busbee, at one time a citizen of Raleigh, and a bright lawyer committed suicide in Washington last week. Drinking and financial troubles being the cause. He had married a woman from Virginia a few weeks ago. His remains were brought to Raleigh for interment.

Separate Coach Law Unconstitutional.

Owensboro, Ky., June 4.—In the United States Circuit court, in the case of Anderson vs. the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, Judge Bar has delivered his opinion holding that the separate coach law is interference with inter State commerce and on that account wholly unconstitutional and void as to all passengers.

Cabarrus Commissioners.

The board of county commissioners selected on Monday is composed of the following men: F. Stafford Goodman; Wm. Propst, J. W. Foil, J. S. Turner, and J. Dove. The first named is said to be a Pop. Prof. Jas. P. Cook, was elected superintendent of public instruction.

Governor Tillman on Lynching.

In reply to Rev. J. J. Hall, of Norfolk, who writes of the slanders against the people of the South being circulated in England by a colored woman, Ida Weller, Governor Tillman wrote the following. Mr. Hall wants to refute the slanders and Governor Tillman's position having been mentioned in the lectures, Mr. Hall wants his true position, in order to reply to the statement in the *Christian World*. The letter reads as follows:

"Rev. J. J. Hall, Norfolk, Va.

"MY DEAR SIR: In reply to your letter of May 24th I beg to say that I am correctly reported to this extent:

"I said in my canvass two years ago, and I say now that, Governor as I am, I would lead a mob to lynch any man, white or black, who had ravished any woman, white or black.

"I send you a copy of my inaugural address, in which my views as to the sacred obligations the white people of the South are under are set forth in full. I am on record as having asked the Legislature to give me power to remove any sheriff who allowed a prisoner to be lynched while in his custody.

"I have promptly ordered out the militia to protect prisoners whenever called on by sheriffs. I am opposed to lynch law for anything but rape. That is a crime which, in my opinion, places any man beyond the pale of the law, and puts him below the brutes. The Southern people are not blameless in dealing with the question of lynching, but all our lynchings are not of negroes, and but for the fact that every outbreak of the kind is used as a text by Republican newspapers to slander and misrepresent our people, they would excite no more comment than elsewhere in the United States. I think statistics will show that they occur as often in Western and Northern States as they do in the South.

[Signed] B. R. TILLMAN."

The marvelous success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is based upon the corner stone of absolute merit. Take Hood's throughout the spring months.

The Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Association for Rowan County.

met in convention at the Court House on the 2nd inst., and effected a permanent organization, electing the following known men as officers for the ensuing year:

Phillip Sowers, Pres.; W. T. Gheen, J. H. L. Rice, H. G. Lippard, J. T. Carson, Jesse W. Miller, Geo. A. Hall, W. L. Harris, J. F. Carrigan, W. C. Klutz, W. A. Campbell, J. C. Sowers, S. A. Earnheart, Directors.

This is a co-operative plan of Insurance for the protection of farm or any other real property against destruction by fire, wind and lightning. It gives each member a policy contract chartered by the Legislature of North Carolina, and good for a period of thirty years for 50 cts. on each one hundred dollars of property insured, and is subject to no additional cost except to meet the actual losses of this County Association by prorata assessment. The statistics show that the average expense is about \$1.50 on the one thousand per annum. For further information address:

W. O. GOREE, Local Agent, Salisbury, N. C.
 Or J. S. C. CARPENTER, Gen'l. Ag't., Charlotte, N. C.

Salisbury Markets.

Corrected weekly by D. R. JULIAN, & SON'S.

Bulk meat, sides	8 to 10
Beeswax	20
Butter	15 to 20
Chickens	15 to 25
Corn	65
Eggs	10
Lard	10 to 12 1/2
Flour, North Carolina	1.75 to 2.00
Meal	65
Pigs	40
Oats	95
Tallow	4 to 5
Salt	65 to 75
Irish Potatoes	75 to 80

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 Offers his professional services to the people of Montgomery and adjoining counties.

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INSURANCE.

SOUND, STRONG & RELIABLE COMPANIES

—FOR—

Fire, Rents Life and Acciden

Losses Promptly Adjusted

Rates Reasonable.

J. M. PATTON,

Agent,
 Office at C. & H. M. Brown's Shoe store

THE GREATEST OF ALL CLOTHING SALES

NOW ON AT M. S. BROWN & CO. Clothing at 50c. and 75 cents on the Dollar.

Hard times and the scarcity of money forces us to offer these inducements.

Cash is what we want.

We have placed on our front counter one lot of Clothing consisting of one, two and three suits of a kind that will sell for 50 cents on the dollar or half price from our selling price.

\$20 Suits now \$10. \$15 Suits now \$7.50. \$10 suits now \$5.

All the balance of our Clothing, including our fine Black Clay Worsted, Tibets, Cheviots or Cassimere suits, **NOTHING RESERVED,**

all go at 75 cents on dollar from regular selling price or 1-4 off. Just see what that means for you.

\$27.50 Suits 1-4 off now	\$20.63
25.00 " " " "	18.75
15.00 " " " "	11.25
10.00 " " " "	7.50
7.50 " " " "	5.65
5.00 " " " "	3.75

We have thousands of dollars worth of this spring clothing, all new, bought within the past six y days, all go, nothing reserved. If you are in need of a suit or pair of pants you are in great luck for our prices will interest you. Goods sold at above prices for cash only.

M. S. BROWN & CO.

Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls!

WHAT IS IT?
 IT IS THE CHEAPEST AND BEST FEED KNOWN FOR CATTLE AND SHEEP.

Cotton Seed Meal is a highly concentrated feed, one pound of which has more feeding value than three pounds of corn meal, and it will be found more economical to use than any of the various grain feeds.

COTTON SEED HULLS take the place of hay or any other kind of long or rough feed, and has been proven by analysis, and the practical tests of thousands of feeders, to be worth as much (pound for pound) as any of the forage feeds in general, and as the cost of HULLS is less than hay, and can be fed without waste, it is far more economical to us than any feed now in use and feed in connection with Cotton Seed Meal this feed cannot be equalled when costs and benefits are considered.

Write for prices and other information desired.

Correspondence solicited by

North Carolina Cotton Oil Company,

T. J. DAVIS, Manager, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The Watchman

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