M'CUE GOES TO SCAFFOLD

Confesses Murder of His Wife and Pays Law's Just Penaity

Charlottesville Wife-Murderer Meets Death Without a Tremor, Walking Unassisted to the Place-No Statethe Last Moment if He Had Anything to Say, But a Written Confession Was Given Out After the Execution by His Spiritual Advisers.

No Statement to Make. Cue's neck, Sergeant Rogers put his he had on when the officers arrived.

WAS STEADY OF NERVE TO THE END | leave this world with suspicion resting on any human being other than himself; that he alone was responsible for the deed, impelled to it by an evil power beyond his control, and that he recognized his sentence as just."

J. Samuel McCue was 46 years old and twice had been mayor of the city ment Forthcoming When Asked at of Charlottesville. The tragedy for which he paid the penalty created more interest than any other crime that has occurred in the State in the past quarter of a century.

Story of the Crime. On Sunday night, September 4, Mc-Cue accompanied his wife to church and they returned home about 9.15 Charlottesville, Va., Special.—With- o'clock. Within 15 minutes after they out a tremor, J. Samuel McCue met bad repaired to their room to retire death on the scaffold at 7.35 o'clock for the night the city was aroused by Friday morning for wife-murder. messages announcing the murder of Hardly had his struggles ceased when Mrs. McCue, and friends, physicians, his confession was given out by his and officers hurried to the McCue three spiritual advisors, Revs. G. L. home. Mrs. McCue was found dead Petrie, H. B. Lee, and John B. Thomp- in the bath room, and McCue was lyson. McCue listened calmly to the ing on the floor with an abrasian on reading of the death warrant, and his cheek and feigning unconsciouswhen Sergeant Rogers asked, "Do you ness. He later asserted that the atthink that if I gave you my arm you tack had been made by an unknown would be able to walk to the scaffold?" white man who had climbed through a He replied calmly, "I can walk with- window. Mrs. McCue had been dealt out your aid." On the way he stum- a blow that broke her nose and her bled once or twice and the officers of- left ear had almost been severed by fered assistance. It was not needed, a second blow. Death was caused by however. There was no weakness. a gunshet wound just above the heart. McCue had merely slipped on the fro- McCue never was able to explain the presence in the bath room of a small piece of cotton undershirt which fitted Before he placed the rope about Mc- exactly a torn place in the shirt which



J. SAMUEL McCUE.

ders and whispered something to him. | culated as to the cause of the murder, When everything was ready Mr. Rog- and a letter filled with endearing laners again spoke to McCue, asking him | guage sent him by one of his women if he had anything to say. "None at clients was produced at the trial. Mcall." was his answer. The trap was Cue had quarrelled with his wife a sprung, and ninteen minutes afterward | number of times. She was 40 years McCue was pronounced dead of strang- old and the mother of four children. ulation. His neck was not broken. The coroner's jury held McCue for the The body will be taken to Brookville murder three days after it occurred, for burial.

Confession as Given Out. "J. Samuel McCue stated this morn- cence. His trial was concuided Noving in our presence and requested us ember 5, and he was convicted, the to make public that he did not wish to jury being out only 26 minutes.

Broke Into Jewelry Store.

Suffolk, Special.—The jewlry store of R. L. Brewer & Son, owned by R. L. Brewer, Jr., former mayor, was ender a read window. The practical loss was the theft of articles left for repair. A \$300 cash register was destroy-Brower cannot ascertain his exact loss. but it is estimated at between \$500 and

May Punish Atchison Road.

Washington-Special-Attorney General Moody has appointed Judson Harmon, of Cincinnati, who was attorney general during the second administration of President Cleveland, and Fredleged action of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad in granting rebates to the Colorado Fuel & Iron Comappointment.

Live Items of News.

The Hungarian colony in New York is making great preperations for the banquet to President. Roosevelt on February 14.

in Boston, says he has no apology to offer for his treatment of Jefferson contract for rearming the Turkish ar-Davis in Fortress Monroe.

Many vessels are still held in the ice jam in the Delaware river and heavy rain and sleet storms were reported in turned over the Government temporarily to Crown Prince Gustaf. the South and Southwest.

Judge Campbell to be a Candidate.

and he had since been confined in the

jail, venemently protesting his inno-

Richmond-Special-It is reported that former Judge Clarence J. Camptered and robbed. The burglars got in | bell will be a candidate for the legisby prying up with a crowbar a sill un- lature from Amherst county this year. Judge Campbell was removed from the Amherst county bench by the legislaed, but only \$4 in cash was taken. Mr. ture for cowhiding Rev. Mr. Crawford. of the Anti-Salcon League. He had acquitted Mr. Crawford of the charge of contempt of his court.

Fire in Jacksonville Jail.

Jacksonville, Fla.-Special - What the officers believe to have been an effort on the part of a negro prisoner to escape by setting the jail on fire resulted in one negro being killed by erick N. Judson, a prominent lawyer | suoffcation and 15 escaping. The cries of St. Louis. to investigate the al- of fire in the Raspberry Park city jail, shortly after 4 o'clock, awoke Jailer Bryan, who rushed from his room to pany. This employment is with the the corridor to ascertain the trouble. view of taking legal proceedings, As he opened the door leading into against the company, if, after an inves- | the jail proper a dense smoke came tigation, such proceedings seem justi- rushing toward him. He immediately fied. Both lawyers have accepted the went to each cell and released the prisoners, and then sent in the alarm.

Fresh From the Wires. The peace movement in Russia is

growing fast. Survivors of the wrecked Furnes

liner Damara reached Pleasant Point, Gen. Nelson A. Miles, in a statement | N. C., after a terrible experience. Germany's success in capturing the

> tillery continues to cause resentment in Paris. King Oscar of Sweden, who is ill

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE

Work That is Being Done By the North Carolina Lawmakers.

Owing to the death of a member of the House, but little was done in either branch of the legislature Thursday. The following bills passed their fin-al readings: For the prevention of fraudulent trading. The bill provides against the use of a name, not that of the proprietor, and against a married woman conducting the store of her husband without her own name. It prevents fraudulent trading by men in the names of their wives, and if a woman does business in her own name, the act makes her a freetrader.

A message was received from the House in a resolution on the death of | done. Representative Phipps, and asking that a commmittee of four from the House and two from the Senate to be appointed to accompany the body home. The memorial was adopted and Senators Taylor and Long, of Iredell, were appointed the Senate committee. Taylor moved that the Senate adjourn on account of the death of Phipps. This action was taken. A brief session was held in the House Thursday, after which adjournment was taken out of respect of the mem-

Wednesday afternoon. The Divorce Bill. In the House Friday the only matter of importance was the divorce

ory of Representative Phipps, who died

Ward Bill Passes. In the Senate Friday there was much discusion on the Ward liquor bill, it being a special order for noon. At the close of the discussion. Ward called or previous questions. Vann's amendment as to the size of towns was lost, but that providing that the law shall become effective January 1 next was adopted. All other amendments were voted down, and the bill passed its second reading-25 to 16. Gilliam objected to the third reading, and Scales' motion to suspend the rule and put it on a thrid reading failed to get the

ate then adjourned. In the Senate Saturday there were a number of petitions and bills pre-The act known as the Ward bill

necessary two-thirds vote. The Sen-

came up for thrid reading.

Ward Bill Passes. To amend the public laws of 19 regulating the manufacture and sale of liquor in North Caronna. Stubbs offered an amendment providing that the act should not apply to incorporated towns where liquor is now being manufactured under the provisions of the Watts act. Stubbs said the amendment was but fair. Zollicoffer sent forward an amendment provided that nothing in the bill should be construed to alter or amend the Watts law of 1903. Stubbs' amendment was put and lost by a vote of 18 to 9. Ward accepted the amendment of Zolserve notice on the Senate that for years the west had stood by the Democratic party at a sacrifice to aid the men of the east. "I am not in favor of making the matter one of politics, but it has been made a matter of, politics and it has come to this, that the west must lose in politics, and it will proclaim in the west that we will not support any officer who has favored this bill, and I serve notice on the gentleman from the east that if this bill is passed the west will not vote to return him to the United States Senate. Alexander said he did not believe the bill would affect the Demo-Republicans were for the passage of any people were being encroached upon, and that those affected were the men manipulating the various businesses, who were encroaching upon the rights of the State. McLean said the west was far in advance of the east in temperance, and that Williams was mistaken. Thorne replied to Wilated what the west had done for it, now the east wanted to help the west by driving from it whiskey manufacturing. Eller offered an amendment making the time when the act should such towns as were now manufacturing whiskey would not be affected until January 1st, 1906, to which Eller agreed, but these amendments were lost and the bill passed third reading, with only two votes in opposition.

The message from the Governor regarding the bonds held by Schafer Bros., of New York, was read, also the correspondence it transmitted. Zollicoffer offered a resolution relative pointing the Governor, Lieutenant Govtorney General a special committee to

The bill to protect water supplies, by hereafter organized was taken up, the House having added an amendment to the bill, providing that it shall not apply to artesian wells. Boddie moved that the Senate refuse to concur in the amendment. The motion was adopted and the Senators from Buncombe and Yancey were appointed as a conference committee.

The House spent the day in a quiet manner. The following bills were ratified: To amend the charter of Hendersonville, relating to collection of taxes; to elect commissioners and justices of the peace in Washington county by the people; to amend the law relative to hunting on lands of another in Robeson county; to allow the commissioners of Wake county to make an appropriation to the Wake County Women's Association for the betterment of public schools; to protect owners of swine in Tyrrell county; for relief of Piedmont Land and Improvement Company; to regulate time of holding courts in Jackson county: to incorporate the Rouse Banking Company; to amend charter of American Warehouse Company; to incorporate Haywood In-

to amend charter of Southern Conservatory of Music; to prevent hunting on lands of another without written consent in Martin county; to allow the board of education of Yancey county to pay N. W. Horton \$40 out of the general school fund; to allow Caswell county to submit questions of issuing bonds for improving public roads to a vote of the people; to pay expenses of visiting committees to educational instituttions; to pay expenses of the inaugurating of the governor; to pay expenses of the committees investigating the penitentiary farm on Roanoke river; resolution requesting Senators and Representatives in Congress from North Carolina to use their influence to secure proper appropriation for the improvement of Cape Fear

In the Senate Monday there was little

The following bills passed their third

To incorporate the Tuckaseege Railway; to incorporate the Asheville & Northern Railway; to amend the c ter of Rocky Mount in regard to improvement tax; to amend public of 1903 relative to graded schools in amance; to amend public laws 1899 ative to public roads in Alleghany; ative to the killing of bear in C Creek, and Beaver Dam townships, Cumberland county; for the better protection of travel in Tyrrell county; to amend public laws of 1899 relative to the use of tires on wagons in certain counties; to allow justices of the peace half fees in certain cases. A resolution to pay the stenographers in the engrossing clerk's office \$4 per day; to pay the expenses of the committee visiting the insane asylums of Morganton and Goldsboro.

At 11:30 o'clock the Senate ad-

In the House the following bills passed final reading: To provide for working public roads in Macon; to amend the charter of Mount Airy; to authorize a special tax for building a bridge across the French Broad river in Jackson county; to amend the charter of the Durham & Southern Railway; to allow Waynesville to make a contract for an electric light plant; to allow Durham | tion. Immigration Commissioner Wattory within the corporate limits of Lincolnten a graded school district; to allow Goldsboro to issue bonds; to amend the Buncombe stock law; to incorporate Walnut, in Madison county; to allow Camden county to levy a special tax; to provide sewerage for Mon-

Election Liquor Bill. The House took up the bill making it a misdemeanor to sell or give away liquor within five miles of a voting place on election day, with an amendment incorporated by the committee providing that a man could give away a drink, provided that he did not do so with intent to influence the election, licoffer. Williams said he wanted to | following the election law of The Code. Messrs. McNinch and Alexander, of Mecklenburg; Davis, and Murphy, of Buncombe, spoke against the amendment, saying it would be well enough to suspend the dispensing of liquid hospitalities even in private houses one day in two years, and claimed it would be far better to do this than by adopting the amendment to practically license the giving away of liquor on election day. It would be impossible to cop_ vict anybody under the language of the amendment. Mr. Winborne said it was an outrage to brand every man a criminal who, in the privacy of his home, should extend a common courtesy to a cratic party in his section. Even many | friend, simply because it happened to be on election day. Under the proposed the bill. He denied that the rights of | law a man would be a criminal who gave his wife or cook a small dram to ease the toothache or such like affliction. Mr. Murphy, of Buncombe, again spoke, saying he had seen young men who were temperate dead drunk on free Republican election liquor in Buncombe county on election day. To require the State to prove the intent would be to liams and said that the east appreci- nullify the law. The county of Buncombe, regardless of politics, desired to break up this disgrace of using whiskey to influence elections. Mr. Powers offered an amendment striking out the words "with the intent to influence the go into effect, July 1st, 1906. Ward | election." This was adopted by a large said, feeling sure the bill was going | majority. Mr. Winborne offered an into effect, he did not desire to injure | amendment making it a crime to give any man's business, and personally away cigars and tobacco on election would not oppose it. Webb suggested | day, but this was defeated. Mr. Muran addition to Eller's amendment, that | phy, of Buncombe, contended that whiskey would take an elector's thinking faculties away, while tobacco would not. Mr. McNinch nodded approval at this argument and asked Mr. Winborne if he honestly desired the amendment to pass.

A \$3,500 Verdict.

Nashville, Special-Inthecircut court the jury in the case of the Southern Railway company vs. the United States to the South Dakota judgment, ap- Marble company reported a verdict for the defendant of some \$3,500 damages, ernor. Speaker of the House and At- | \$1,200 being land and the remainder for damages sustained to other property investigate the South Dakota bond is- | and non-user of the property. The jury sue and ascertain what amount is due of view is said to have allowed \$200 the bondholders and to issue a warrant | more than the verdict calls for, and upon the State Auditor to pay this this has been the rule that the original jury of view was more liberal than the verdict of juries which sat on the case providing that the act shall apply to after appealed to court. This is one of water companies now organized and the many condemnation proceedings.

Wants Platt Expelled.

Washington, Special.-C. W. Bost of Battle Creek, Mich., who has intertesed himself largely in the establishment of a parcels post system, filed with President Pro Tem Frye of the Senate a petition for the expulsion of Senator Thomas C. Platt from the Senate. The petition is based on the assertion that Mr. Platt as an executive officer of the United States Express Company, is a party to a conspiracy to maintain identical rates among the express companies for articles shipped over their lines,

Doesn't Want to Die.

Dr. Abdul Hikmet, a Turkish resident in Paris, has been requested by the Turkish embassy to return within twenty days to Constantinople, where an order for his execution awaits him. The doctor recently published a violently-worded pamphlet charging the sultan with responsibility for the massacre of non-Mussulmans in the stitute; to prevent killing of squirrels | Turkish empire. He has appealed to harden. in Wake, Dare and Tyrrell counties; the French government for protection.

NORTH STATE ITEMS LOSE

Occurrences of Interest in Various

Parts of the State.

×.
Geneal Cotton Market.
Galveston, steady 7 11-16
New Orleans, firm
Mobile, easy 73/8
Savannah, quiet
Charleston, quiet
Wilmington, steady 71/4
Norfolk, firm 71/2
Baltimore, nominal 75%
New York, quiet 7.80
Boston, quiet
Philadelphia, quiet8.05
Houston, steady7 9-16
Augusta, quiet 7 9-16
Memphis, steady
of Louis suict 714
St. Louis, quiet
Annisvine in it

Charlotte Cotton Market.

char-	These figures	represent	prices pa	10
the	to wagons:			
laws	Strict good mid	dling	7	3/8
n Al-	Good middling .		7	1/4
9 rel-	Strict middling		7	1/8
: rel-	Middling		7	1/8
edar	Tinges		6 to	7
s. in	Stains		5 to	6

North State News.

The committee agreed to report favorably Mr. Redwine's bill, preventing ticket and claim scalping. It provides that every claimant of a witness or jury ticket or of a county order, other than the one to whom it is issued, shall take oath as to the amount he paid for it, and shall teceive from the county commissioners a sum not exceeding 10 per cent of the cost of the same. As bad as the weather was last night, when walking was next to impossible, a Senate and House committee met and heard arguments in favor of the bill establishing a State immigration bureau, this being the fourth meeting of the committee on this questo issue school bonds: to make terri- son, of South Carolina, spoke last night as to what the bureau had accomplished for the State. Kuykendall, secretary of the State Real Estate Dealers' Association also made an address in support of the bill. It provides for a commissioner to be appoined by the Governor at a salary of \$2,-500; a clerk at \$1,000, and \$7,500 for expenses. The bill received a favorable report, though several members, of the committee were opposed to it.

The hour arriving for the special order-relative to the divorce bill-Mr. McNinch sent forward a substitute drawn by the minority of the judiciary committee. Mr. Alley sent forward a substitute for all bills. Several other members sent forward amendments to the committee bill, the McNinch bill and the Alley bill. Mr. Murphy, of Edgecombe, suggested that as the divorce bill, was the most important in the Legislature to be considered, and as none but the judiciary committee had yet been able to familiarize themselves with the question involved in the many bills presented, that all be printed and a certain time set for their consideration next week. Mr. Mc-Ninch was opposed to any further delay. Many members stated that they desired to be better informed on the subject before the matter came up for action, and it was ordered that the various bills and amendments be printed, and next Tuesday night at 8 o'clock was made a special order for their consideration.

Licenses were issued to 25 out of 34 applicants to practice law. Their names are as follows: J. G. Anderson, Halifax county; B. H. Crumpler, England, the highest court in that Sampson; T. J. Markham, Pasquotank; G. L. Spence, Pasquotank; W. H. Pace, Wake; P. C. McDuffle, Maryland; C. B. Denson, Wake; W. P. Cannady, Granville; T. F. Whitley, Halifax: Harry McMullen, Chowan; Preston Cotton, Pitt; G. M. Patton, Alamance; F. E. Fredericks, Wake; C. H. Mebane, Catawba; J. L. DeLaney, Mecklenburg; J. J. Britt, Bun-Wayne; J. D. Langton, Wayne; W. R. Clegg, Moore; R. B. Chastine, Clay; R. O. Everitt, Martin; Paul Faison, Wake; J. L. Williamson, Wayne.

The Secretary of State has authorizting Company.

Flood Stage in Alabama Rivers.

Mobile, Ala., Special.-A flood stage is reported in several rivers in the State. The Warrior is now 55 feet at Tuscumbia and is expected to reach 60 feet. People living in the low lands there are moving out. At Demopolis the deluge shows 42 feet. At Montgomery the river is 25 feet. Much damage is reported at interior landings, and steamboats are unable to make sched-

Gift to State Normal

President Charles D. Melver, of the State Normal and Industrial College, at Greensboro, has announced the receipt from Mr. Carnegie of \$3,886 for furniture for the library at the college, to which he has previously given \$15,000. Mr. Carnegie gave Greensboro \$30,000 for a library, and it will be the only place in the country which will thus The fire loss was more than \$100,000.

Will Not Wait For Thaw.

Tokio-By Cable-The impression prevails here that the impending battle between the armies of Field Marshal Oyama and General Kuropatkin will occur before any material thaw takes place, which would convert the country into a slushy bog and render the movement of guns, ammunition and stores impossible until the roads

THEIR

Greene and Gaynor Will Have Their Rascality Aired at Last

FUGITIVES WILL BE GIVEN UP

The United States Government Wins Its Appeal to the British Privy Council From the Canadian Court's Refusal to Hold For Extradition the Man Indicted With Capt. Oberlin M. Carter For the Savannah River Improvement.

London, By Cable.—The privy council rendered its decision Wednesday morning in the Greene-Gaynor case, in favor of the American government. The council reversed the two judgments of Justice Caron, of Quebec, August 13. 1902, and ordered the respondents to pay the costs of the appeal. The council's decision caustically criticises the action of Justice Carson in releasing Greene and Gaynor, and Caron's "extraordinary intervention," and adds: "Where a prisoner is brought before a competent tribunal charged with an extradition offense and is remanded for the express purpose of affording the prosecution an opportunity of bringing forward evidence whereby the accusation is to be supported, if in such a case upon a writ of habeas corpus a learned judge treats a remand warrant as a nullity and proceeds to adjudicate the case as though the whole evidence was before him, it would paralyze the administration of justice and render it impossible for proceedings, in tradition

to be effective." The decision simply reverses Justice Carson's judgment and leaves Greene and Gaynor under remand as before

Justice Caron intervened. John F. Gaynor and Benjamin D. Greene were indicated in Savannah. Ga., Dec. 8, 1899, charged with embezzlement and defrauding the United States government, together with Captain Oberlin M. Carter, in the performance of government contracts for the improvement of the Savannah river and other river and harbor work in that district, the illicit profits being estimated at \$2,000,000.

Gaynor and Greene were arrested in New York. They contested extradition to Georgia, and when the United States commissioner decided that they must go to that State and plead to the indictments, they fled to Canada. They had been at liberty on \$40,000 bail each, and this was forfeited. Efforts to extradite Greene and Gaynor from Montreal were progressing favorably, and the extradition commission was sitting in Montreal, when Gaynor and Greene went to Quebec. A question arose as to whether they could be brought back, and detectives kidnapped them and took them to Montreal. There was a big legal fight over this action, and a Quebec judge issued a writ of habeas corpus, which was served on the jailer at Montreal, who delivered up the prisoners without notification to the extradition tribunal and permitted them to be rushed back to Quebec. Efforts to quash the writ of habeas corpus under which they had been returned were denied by Justice Caron. After a long legal controversy, Gaynor and Greene obtained their liberty within the limits of the province of Quebec. The United States government then appealed to the privy council of

Will Be Arrested Again. Washington, Special.-The State Department received notice of the action of the privy council through the following cablegram from Ambassador Choate: "Court decided in our favor in relation to Gaynor-Greene case. Opinion rendered by Lord Chancellor. Also in case of the Kity D. vs. the King, the combe, J. S. Styles, Buncombe; C. N. court granted leave to appeal on con-Melone, Buncombe; E. D. Broadhurst, dition of return of vessel to custody." Although sufficient detail is not yet before the law officers here to warrant a final opinion as to the effect of the privy council's decision, the present understanding is that it will result ed the Salisbury Hoslery Company to in the immediate re-arrest of Gaynor change its name to the Centaur Knit- and Greene, who are now at large in Quebec under surveillance of Washing-

Favor Private Car Lines.

ton secret service officers.

Washington, Special.-A delegation of Georgia and West Virginia peach growers, headed by J. H. Hare, of Georgia, appeared before the subcommittee of the House committee on inter-State and foreign commerce, investigating private car lines, in protest against any legislation that might have the effect of eliminating the use of private cars.

Bank of Spartanburg Burns.

Spartanburg, S. C., Special.-The Bank of Spartanburg, on the square in the centre of the city, was gutted by fire Wednesday night. The flames were discovered at 9:45 o'clock and it was a threatening fire, as trouble with water connections at the early stages made it look bad for a time. It seemed that adjoining buildings would ignite, but they were saved. In a half-hour the flames were under conhave two libraries as his gift. Speak- trol. The building was owned by A. ing about what he desired the Legis- G. Floyd and was valued at about lature to give for the college, Mr. Mel- \$3,000. The loss is covered by insurver said he only asked that it be plac- ance. Mayor A. B. Calvert is presied wherever it was before the fire, with | dent of the bank. It is thought the \$10,000 additional for improvements. flames originated from a defective

More Election Laws Needed.

Washington, Special.-The House committee of merchant marine and fisheries ordered a favorable report on six of the eight bills introduced by the bureau of navigation to make more efficient the steamboat regulation laws, whose inadequacy was exposed with horrifying effect by means of the Slocum disaster.