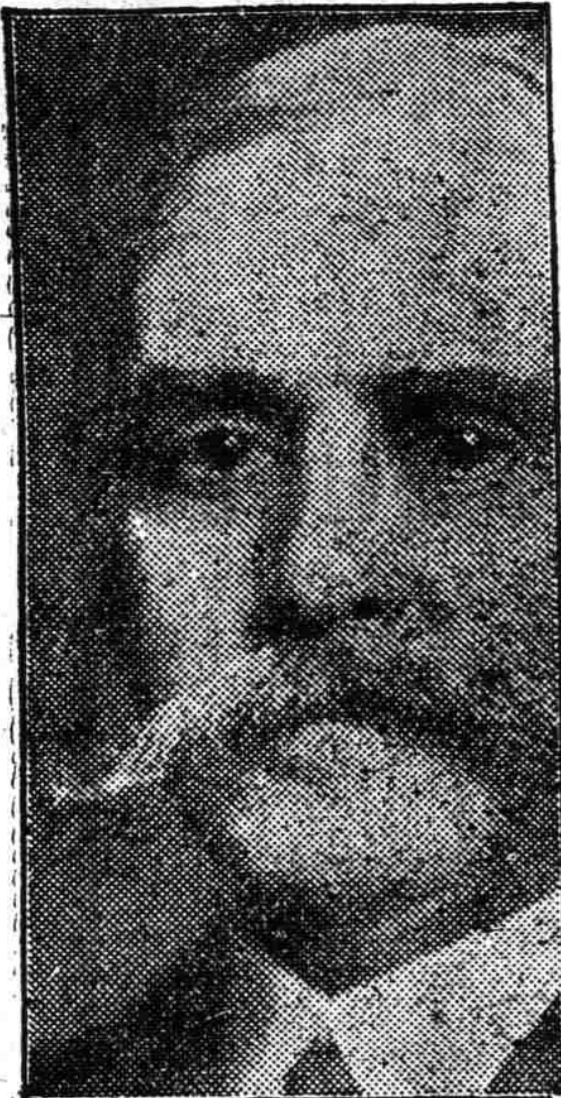


# LIEUT. F. S. DAVIDSON.



## PE-RU-NA STRENGTHENS THE ENTIRE SYSTEM.

F. S. Davidson, Ex-Lieut. U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., care U. S. Pension Office, writes:

*"To my mind there is no remedy for cataract comparable to Peruna. It not only strikes at the root of the malady, but it tones and strengthens the system in a truly wonderful way. That has been its history in my case. I cheerfully and unhesitatingly recommend it to those afflicted as I have been."*—F. S. Davidson.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

So. 37.

**Write Quick** FOR A **Big Bargain**

To better advertise the South's leading Business College, four scholarships are offered young persons of this county at less than cost. WRITE TODAY.

**GA-ALA BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.**

**Forestry a Coming Profession.**

Forestry is one of the coming professions, according to all accounts. Says the American Cultivator. Many of the States are just beginning to get fairly awake to the need of skilled care of their forest resources, and are hiring foresters and assistants at from \$1,200 to \$2,400 a year. During the past year about seven members of the force employed by the Government Bureau of Forestry have left their positions to take up work with private timber owners, and four others have accepted public positions as foresters for States and Canadian provinces. The demand seems to exceed the supply, as only a limited number can be trained in the Bureau of Forestry and through college courses in forestry.

**MODEST YOUNG MAIDEN.**

Tess—Yes, Miss Prim was going to write to her fiancé to day, but she was just lounging around in a dressing gown and she was too lazy to get dressed up.

Jess—Why should she get dressed up just to—

Tess—Oh, gracious! She wouldn't think of writing to him while she was indishabille.—Philadelphia Press.

A very trite saying, remarks the San Francisco Argonaut, is that the honor of public men should be as sensitive as that of a woman, and there is a great deal in it, since they involve not only themselves but the country for which they appear before the world as representatives.

The male singer who creates a rumour about his family affairs in the divorce courts finds little sympathy. Operatic advertisement of this kind is distinctly a feminine prerogative, concludes the Washington Star.

**U. S. SENATOR TOWNE**

Credite Doan's Kidney Pills With a Gratifying Cure.

Hon. Charles A. Towne, Ex-U. S. Senator from Minnesota, brilliant orator, clever business man, brainy lawyer, whose national prominence made him a formidable candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1904, writes us the following:

Gentlemen— I am glad to endorse Doan's Kidney Pills. The remedy was recommended to me a few months ago when I was feeling miserable; had severe pains in the back; was restless and languid; had a dull headache and neuralgic pains in the limbs and was otherwise distressed. A few boxes of the pills effectually routed my ailment and I am glad to acknowledge the benefit I derived.

(Signed) **CHARLES A. TOWNE.**

Postor-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

# ORCHARD and GARDEN

## To Clean Buggies.

After washing the mud, dust, etc., from your buggies, carriages and wagons, let them get dry; then take linseed oil (sometimes called flaxseed oil) and saturate a sponge or cloth and go all over the rig. You can see at once the effects, it will take the mud stains and spots all away and give the rig a gloss and appearance of a new vehicle. I have practiced this for quite a while and it gives good results.—E. R. I. Freeland in The Epitomist.

## Watering Plants.

Right here I want to tell the lover of hanging-plants how I keep mine supplied with water. Plants suspended from the ceiling are not easy to get at, and are frequently neglected or forgotten for days at a time. As a result, they are generally sorry-looking specimens. I take a tin can holding a pint or more. I make a hole in the bottom of it, just large enough to let water dribble through slowly. This I fill with water, and place on the soil in the center of the basket. Generally there will be foliage enough to conceal it. If there is not, it can be made inconspicuous by painting it a dull green. The slow, steady outflow of water will keep the soil evenly moist if the hole in the can is of the right size. This must be determined by experiment. It is an easy matter to fill the can every day, or oftener if necessary, and put it in place, but it is not an easy matter to mount a chair or the step-ladder and apply water in the old way.—Eben E. Rexford, in Lippincott's.

## Foods Affecting Flavor of Eggs.

An interesting experiment was conducted not very long since to determine the effects of food fed to the hen upon the flavor of her egg by the North Carolina Experiment Station, and the results are worth recalling, since they throw a light upon the subject. Chopped wild onions—bulbs and tops—were given in mash to the hens. At the beginning of the trial half an ounce per head was fed daily to hens of different breeds, but no noticeable flavor of onions could be detected until the 15th day, when a slight "onion" flavor was perceptible. Then the amount of onions fed was doubled for four days and afterwards discontinued. The eggs laid during these four days savored so strongly of onions that they could not be eaten, but the flavor became less noticeable day by day after the feeding of onions had been stopped until a week had elapsed, when no foreign flavor was noticeable.

It would seem therefore that flavor can be readily imparted to eggs by feeding but that different foods which are not so strongly flavored as onions might probably be fed without imparting any distinct flavor to the eggs.—Inland Poultry Journal.

## From a Shepherd's Note Book.

Wool is a product that does not take fertility from the soil like grain growing, but actually adds to the value of the soil for growing grass.

Sheep to fatten the most rapidly and on the least grass must be kept quiet and not be allowed to run over so much ground as to run the flesh off them.

Give the yearling sheep extra attention, as sheep generally require more care and better feed at this age than later.

The growth of wool during the season depends very much on the condition of the sheep and the care and feed which are given it.

Sheep require a variety of food to form flesh and fat.

With sheep, rather more than with any other class of stock, care must be taken not to overfeed.

No sheep should be allowed to die of old age, but all should be allowed to fatten and sent to the market before their vitality has been impaired.

Sheep are naturally gregarious. When one is seen by itself something is evidently wrong.

A small, fat sheep will always bring better prices than a large, poor one.

Sheep are almost essential in maintaining the fertility and cleanliness of the land.

To have good-sized sheep they must be grown rapidly while young, and it is important to give them a good start.—American Cultivator.

## The Young Turks.

Turkey chicks are very delicate and tender for the first six weeks or two months of the existence up until the time they began to "shoot the red," as it is termed, which is the development of the red protuberances upon the neck and throat. After this time they become hardy and vigorous, and will stand almost any condition of climate, but up until that time care must be exercised to keep them from getting damp or chilled; they will not stand the effects of a heavy rain storm, and damp quarters are almost certain to prove fatal to them. If their quarters are dry and comfortable and they are not allowed to remain out in rain-storms, they will get along very well. Their first feed should be hard boiled eggs, at least for the first day or two, and then mix in some green food, of which dandelion leaves are the best that can be given them. Also milk curd, squeezed dry, and after two or

three days barley meal or bread crumbs may be added to the boiled egg feed, little at a time, but feed often.

When chicks run at large they will select their own green food, but when confined, chopped onions or dandelion leaves will be good for them. (The must be kept dry, as dampness is fatal to them, until they have passed the tender age, after which time they are the most hardy of chicks and will stand any kind of weather without apparent harm.) The most critical time is the first two months of their lives and during that time they must have the care and attention necessary to pull them through, after which they will be able to look after themselves so far as the weather is concerned.

We have found a pen sixteen feet square made of boards one foot wide very desirable to put the coop in containing the young turkeys. This, moved twice each week, gives to your flock fresh ground without too much traveling for your young stock, which at the start is a very important feature toward success.—Norris G. Temple Pocopson, Pa.

## Clean Food for Hogs.

The hog possesses certain habits which are apt to create the impression that he is a lover of filth, and while it is true that he possesses a few cleanly habits, yet after all in this matter other farm animals are more circumspect in their mode of living.

The hog's short neck makes it almost compulsory for him to partly climb into his trough at feeding time and if attention is not paid to keeping the feeding ground clean there will be considerable filth devoured, says the Homestead. While a hog will devour more impurities than any other farm animal, yet his system is by no means designed to handle these economically, and successful hog breeders generally take great pains to feed pure food.

One common mistake in feeding hogs is to use refuse from the kitchen that is not only worthless as a food, but decidedly injurious to the digestive system. We have observed cases where all forms of dishwater were carefully preserved for the porkers and in this semi-liquid, semi-solid conglomeration there is generally considerable soapuds.

Now soap is an excellent thing in its proper place, but as an aid to digestion it is a decided failure. Indeed, it is decidedly injurious and we have known many instances where hogs were thrown out of condition and stunted in their growth by its use. Next in the list of injurious substances to soapy water, or still as it is generally called, is that of supplying muddy drinking water. We fully appreciate the fact that where running water is not available one of the most difficult tasks before the stockman is that of supplying his hogs with fresh, clean water during the summer. Their nature is such that they simply will persist in taking possession of their drinking fountain with their dirty bodies, or if there is not room for the whole body then they will be there with all fours. We have found that a good drinking fountain with a surface just large enough to get their noses in is about the best piece of apparatus that a hogman can own. If these are attached to barrels or tanks and a supply of cinders or gravel placed around it so as to prevent a mud hole from forming, one may have reasonable success in supplying hogs with clean water.

Where the old-fashioned, V-shaped trough is used the top should be well latticed so that the hogs cannot wallow in it and even then the lattice work should be constructed so as to be easily removed in order to facilitate a thorough cleansing at least once a week. Filth in the water trough will, in our opinion, weaken the digestive system of the hog and render him a prey to disease quicker than any other one thing. Many a person feels that he cannot afford the expense of fitting up proper watering places for hogs, but where any considerable number are kept the outlay will be returned to the owner ten times over in a single season.

## The Only Thing They Could Use.

Virginia, as everybody knows, is a state of wonderful and diversified agricultural wealth, but there are portions of it where the farms appear to be composed chiefly of rock, and the thin top-dressing of soil requires frequent treatment with fertilizers in order to produce any kind of crop.

As the result of a trade, a man from Ohio came into possession of a store in a small town in one of the rockiest of these sections. His first proceeding was to take an inventory of the stock on hand. Much to his surprise, he found there was not a plow in the store. He immediately dispatched an order for a dozen plows to the nearest wholesale supply house, 50 or 100 miles distant.

The next day he "hitched up" and took a drive over the neighborhood, noting the general outlook and making inquiries among the residents.

On returning to the store, he sent this message to his wholesale house: "Cancel order for plows. Send me a ton of blasting powder."—Youth's Companion.

The population of Costa Rica last December was estimated at 340,000.

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our own.

An increase of \$500,000 in the preceding year is a record in our export trade. The New York Sun, in its editorial, says the sum calls for a new chapter, "even in millions are counted." It was a few years ago that the increase in exports was represented by its entirety, by a classed as manu

**CHICKEN**

Melt four tablespoons of butter, add a pinch of salt, a little pepper, and two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice. Mix with this one cupful of minced chicken; add one-third cupful of milk and thicken with a little flour. Mould into rolls or croquettes and fry in hot fat. Serve with a white sauce seasoned with lemon juice.

A man who is in good condition in all respects is almost germ proof by nature. But many a man who thinks himself in good condition is far from being so.

There has been more bloody rioting against the Jews. So. 37.

## STRONGER THAN MEAT.

### A Judge's Opinion of Grape-Nuts.

A gentleman who has acquired a judicial turn of mind from experience on the bench out in the Sunflower State, writes a carefully considered opinion as to the value of Grape-Nuts as food. He says:

"For the past five years Grape-Nuts has been a prominent feature in our bill of fare.

"The crisp food with the delicious, nutty flavor has become an indispensable necessity in my family's everyday life.

"It has proved to be most healthful and beneficial, and has enabled us to practically abolish pastry and pies from our table, for the children prefer Grape-Nuts and do not crave rich and unwholesome food.

"Grape-Nuts keeps us all in perfect physical condition—as a preventive of disease it is beyond value. I have been particularly impressed by the beneficial effects of Grape-Nuts, when used by ladies who are troubled with face blemishes, skin eruptions, etc. It clears up the complexion wonderfully.

"As to its nutritive qualities, my experience is that one small dish of Grape-Nuts is superior to a pound of meat for breakfast, which is an important consideration for any one. It satisfies the appetite and strengthens the power of resisting fatigue, while its use involves none of the disagreeable consequences that sometimes follow a meat breakfast." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

**A FEW CUTTING REMARKS**

The purpose of a saw is to cut. It should cut easily, cut cleanly, and cut with every movement. I prefer an Atkins Saw. Its blade is "Silver Steel", recognized the world over as the finest crucible steel ever made in ancient or modern times. It is hard, close-grained and tough. It holds a sharp cutting edge longer than any other saw. Its blade tapers perfectly from thick to thin, from handle to tip. Thus it makes leeway for itself, runs easily and does not buckle. Its temper is perfect. When bent by a crooked thrust, it springs into shape without kinking. The Atkins Saw cuts—and does it best of any. We make all types and sizes of saws, but only one grade—the best.

Atkins Saws, Corn Knives, Perfection Floor Scrapers, etc., are sold by all good hardware dealers. Catalogue on request.

**E. C. ATKINS & CO., Inc.**  
Largest Saw Manufacturers in the World.  
Factory and Executive Offices, Indianapolis, Indiana.  
BRANCHES: New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, Oregon, Seattle, San Francisco, Memphis, Atlanta and Toronto, (Canada).

Accept no Substitute—Insist on the Atkins Brand

**SOLD BY GOOD DEALERS EVERYWHERE**

**Dropsy** CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box 10, Atlanta, Ga.

**PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC**

**FOR WOMEN**

troubled with illa peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvellously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhoea and nasal catarrh. Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in warm water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box. Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

**THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.**

**WANTED**—Address of (1) persons of part Indian blood who are not living with any tribe; (2) of men who were drafted in Kentucky; (3) of mothers of soldiers who have been denied pension on account of their marriage; (4) of men who served in the Federal army; or (5) the nearest kin of such soldiers or sailors, now deceased.

**NATHAN BICKFORD, Attorney, Washington, D. C.**

**PISO'S CURE FOR**  
GOUT WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good, Does in time. Sold by druggists.

**CONSUMPTION**