IN TRIUMPH **PARTY SPEEDS**

Splendid Ovations Everywhere Tendered Presidential Party On Southern Trip

WELCOME WAS BOUNDLESS | success has been extraordinary, and

Everywhere the Nation's Chief Executive Was the Recipient of Typical Southern Hospitality-Happy in it upon all Americans." His Speeches-Well Up on Local History-Greeted With Enthusiasm by Enormous Crowds.

President Roosevelt began with his visit to Richmond on Wednesday. Thousands upon thousands of patriotic citizens poured out at the capital city of the Old Dominion to do homage by their presence to the nation's first citizen. No printed account can do justice to the enthusiastic recep- of them flourished long, but sooner tion accorded the distinguished guests or later they fell, and the cause most of the ctiy and the State. Addressing the tremendous throng present, Mr. Roosevelt, among many tactful, patriotic and thriling things, said:

"I trust I need hardly say how great is my pleasure at speaking in this historic capital of your historic State; the State than which no other has contributed a larger proportion to the leadership of the nation; for on the honor roll of those American worthies whose greatness is not only for the age, but for all time, not only for one nation for all the world, on this honor roll Virginia's name stands above all others. And in greeting all of you, I know that no one will grudge my saying a special word of acknowledgement to the veterans of the civil war. A man would, indeed, be but a poor American who could without a thrill witness the way in which, in city after city, in the North as well as in the South, on every public occasion, the men who wore the blue and the men who wore the gray now march and stand shoulder to shoulder giving tangible proof that we are all now in fact as well as in name a reunited people, a people infinitely richer because of the priceless memories left to all Americans by you men who fought in the great war. Last Memorial Day I spoke in Brooklyn at the unveiling of the statue of a Northern general, under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic, and that great audience cheered every allusion to the valor and self-devotion of the men who followed Lee as heartily as they cheered every alusion to the valor and self-devotion of the men who followed Grant. "The wounds left by the great civil war have long healed, but its memories remain. Think of it, oh, my countrymen, think of the good fortune that is ours! That whereas left feelings of rancor and bitterness to keep asunder the combatants, our great war has left to the sons and daughters of the men who fought on whichever side they fought, the same right to feel the keenest pride in the said: great deeds alike of the men who fought on one side and of the men who fought on the other. The proud of the way in which you hav greeted self-sacrifice, the resolute and daring me to-day. You cannot be nearly so courage, the high and steadfast de- glad to see me as I am to see you. votion to the right as each man saw Let me say once more what I said it, whether Northerner or Southerner, these qualities render all Amerwho in the dark days from '61 to '65 proved their truth by their endeavor. Here around Richmond, here in your own State, there lies battlefield after as our own all of the valor, all of battlefield, rendered memorable by the self-devotion, all of the steadfast a little thing when weighed in the balance against doing their duty as it alike by the men who wore the blue was given them to see it. These men and the men who wore the gray in have left us of the younger genera- the great contest that was waged tion not merely the memory of what from '61 to '65."

all citizens of our common country should feel joy and pride in it; for any great deed done, or any fine qualities shown, by one group of Americans, of necessity reflects cred-

While discussing at some length the duties of citizenship, the President said:

"This government was formed with as its basic idea the principle The splendid Southern tour of of treating each man on his worth as a man, of paying no heed to whether he was rich or poor, or heed to his creed or social standing, but only to the way in which he performed his duty to himself, to his neighbor, to the State. From this principle we cannot afford to vary by so much as a hand's breadth. Many republics have risen in the past, and some

distrial interests of this city. All North Carolina that the Mecklenburg great historic memories of your State. The standing of the bank which in Philadelphia. North Carolina can this city is managed by colored men, rightfully say that she pointed us the should give genuine pride to all the way which led to the formation of the colored men of this country. Its new nation. In the Revolution she record is an enviable one. You col- did many memorable deeds; and the ored men who show in business life battle of King's Mountain marked the both ability and a high order of in- turning point of the Revolutionary tegrity are real benefactors, not only war in the South. But I congratulate of your race, but of the whole country."

During Mr. Roosevelt's progress through the city he showed special interest in the school children lined up to greet him, the whites on one side of Broad street, the blacks on the other. He was much amused at an- in practical fashion your realization other point by the appearance of a of the truth, that there must be a sign: "Mr. Roosevelt, have a shot; order that any community may make the only one in Richmond." He real and rapid progress. And I am laughed heartily at this. As the pres- happy to say that you are in addition idential party passed the Centenary showing in practical fashion you un-Method church, the chimes in the derstanding of the great truth that tower of the church rang out "My this material well-being, though nec-Country, 'Tis of Thee,'' and at an- essary as a foundation, can only be other point a hundred and fifty girls | the foundation, and that upon it must from the Womans' College, attired in be raised the superstructure of a pure white, sang the same anthem. higher life, if the Commonwealth is to Everywhere the party's progress was stand as it should stand. More and through streets packed with well- more you are giving care and attendressed people, who cheered the Pres- tion to education; and education ident enthusiasticaly, and showed in means the promotion not only of inevery way their delight at seeing the dustry, but of that good citizenship chief magistrate of the country. As which rests upon individual rights Mr. Roosevelt left he said to a .re- and upon the recognition by each inporter:

as rights-in other words, of that "I want the people of Richmond to good citizenship which rests upon moral integrity and intellectual freedom. The man must be decent in his home life, his private life, of course but this is not by itself enough. The

they have done in that way, Mr. Declaration of Independence fore- It is not so very far from here that Jackson, means a genuine progress shadowed the course taken in a few the Mecklenburg Declaration of Indefor the race. I am glad, as an short months by the representatives pendence was made (applause)-the Ameircan, for what you are doing. of the thirteen colonies assembled in declaration that pointed out the path on which the thirteen United Colonies

> you not only upon your past, but upon the great industry and activity shown the great industrial activity shown

in your Commonwealth, an industlial activity which, to mention but one thing, has placed the State second only to one other in the number of textile factories. You are showing

trod a few months later. "As I got off the train here, I was greeted by one citizen of North Caroline (and I know that neither the Governor, the Mayor, nor the Senators will blame me for what I am going to say) whose greeting pleased and

touched me more than the greeting of any man could have touched me. I was greeted by the widow of Stonewall Jackson (appleause). And we of this united country have a right to challenge as a part of the heritage of honor and glory of each American the reunion of the people-Americans who fought in the Civil War-whether they wore the blue or whether huge stuffed bear, over which was the foundation of material well-being in they wore the gray. (Applause). The valor shown alike by the men of the North and the men of the South as they battled for the right, as God gave them to see the right, is now part of what we, all of us, keep with pride. It was my good fortune to appoint to West Point the grandson of Stonewall Jackson. (Applause). "Here, as I came up your streets, I saw a monument raised to a fellowsoldier of mine who fell in the Spanish war at Santiago-to Shipp, of North Carolina. (Applause). . The morning of the fight, he and I took breakfast together. It wasn't much of a breakfast, but it was the only breakfast that was going, and we dividual that he has duties as well were glad to get it. The night before, I had no supper, and he and his comrades gave me out of the very small amount that they had a sandwich. In the morning they had no material for breakfast but by that time my things had come up and I shared my breakfast fith them. That was at dawn. Before noon, one of them was killed, and the other (as we

> "And now there are here men who fought in the great war. We who which the average individual pracwent in in '98 had the opportunity to tices the virtue of self-command, of fight only in a small war, and all that we claim is that we hope we showed a spirit not entirely unworthy of men who faced the mighty and terrible days from '61 to '65.'' (Applause).

then though) fatally wounded. *

WELCOMED IN GEORGIA

Georgia Gives a Great Welcome to the Man Whom Editor Graves Declares in Speech at Luncheon to Be Her Most Illustrious Grandson and 100,-000 People Are Said to Have Seen and Heard Him.

Atlanta, Ga., Special .- The President's visit to Atlanta Friday was a marked event in th history of the State of Georgia. He was greeted on his arrival by distinguished citizens, and on every hand were shouted words of welcome that left no room for doubt of their sincerity. The city was in gala attire and business was practically suspended that all might greet the distinguished guest. South Carolina, in the person of Governor Hyward, added its welcome to the South in no uncertain tones.

On being introduced to the vast throng present, Mr. Roosevelt made a brilliant and timely speech, among many other things saying:

"Here is this great industrial center in this city which is a typical Southern city, it is natural to consider certain phases of the many-sided industrial problem which this generation have to solve. In this world of ours it is practically impossible to get success of any kind on a large scale without paying something for it. The exceptions to the rule are too few to warrant our paying heed to them; and as a rule it may be said that something must be paid as an offset for everything we get and for everything we accomplish. This is notably true of our industrial life. The problems which we of America have to face today are very serious, but we will do well to remember that after all they are only part of the price which we have to pay for the triumphs we have won, for the high position to which we have attained. If we were a backward and stationary country we would not have to face these problems at all; but I think that most of us are agreed that to be backward and stationary would be altogether too heavy a price to pay for the avoidance of the problems in question. There are no labor troubles where there is no work to be done by labor. There are no troubles about corporations where the poverty of the community is such that it is not worth while to form corporations. There is no difficulty in regulating railroads where the resources of a region are so few that it does not pay to build railroads. There are many excellent people who shake their heads over the difficulties that as a nation we now have to fec; but their melancholy is not warranted save in a very partial degree, for most of the things of which they complain are the inevitable accompaniments of the growth and greatness of which we are proud. "Now I do not wish to be misunderstood. I do not for one moment mean to say that there are not many and serious evils with which we have to grapple, or that there are not unhealthy signs in the body social and politic; but I do mean to say that while we must not show a foolish optimsm we must not less beware of a mere blind pessimism. There is every reason why we should be vigilant in searching out what is wrong and unflinchingly resolute in striving to remedy it. But at the same time we must not blind ourselves to what has been accomplished for good, and above all we must not lose our heads and become either hysterical or rancohe "would like to go on all night.") rous in grappling with what is bad. He also discussed the regulation of commerce, the Chinese boycott and other subjects of vital interest to the South. At a banquet, speaking inpromptu, he praised Joel Chandler Harris ("Uncle Remus") as one of the foremost writers of the age. He also said: The surest way of blunting the public conscience in dealing with corruption is to confuse the public mind as to who is corrupt and who is not. There are plenty of men from whom we differ radically, plenty of men of whem we radically disapprove, as to whom it is right and necessary that we should express that disapprobation; but beware of expressing it in terms that imply moral reprobation. Governor Heyward Adds Welcome. Following the President's address, Colonel Graves introduced Governor Heyward of South Carolina, as the guest second in honor only to the nation's Chief Executive. Governor Heyward added his welcome to the

know what a pleasure it has been for me to have been with them, and to have had an opportunity of meeting potent in bringing about their fall them personally. If they like me half man who fails to be honest and brave both in his political franchise and in his private business contributes to political and social anarchy. Self-government is not an easy thing. Only those communities are fit for it in

they did in war, but of what they did At one point in the line of march



THEODORE ROOSEVELT. PRESIDENT

was in almost all cases the fact that as I like them, we will call it square, every other war of modern times has they grew to be governments in the and I'll be satisfied."

Roosevelt in Raleigh.

interest of a class instead of governments in the interest of all."

At the banquet in the evening, speaking impromptu, Mr. Roosevelt

"Gentlemen, I cannot sufficiently Carolina did the President honor express to you my deep appreciation with true Tar Heel heartiness. This city had to face a situation brought about by the sudden death of Governor Glenn's brother, but did it cleverin my formal address. Think of the ly and well. The features of the good fortune that is ours, as a peoicans forever the debtors of those ple, in having, each of us, whether day were the wonderful weather, the we in our own persons or through intense interest, good order and paour ancestors wore the blue or the gray, the proud right to challenge erate soldiers, and the boldness of the men who counted death as but adherence to right, as God gave to his speech, in which he declared for each man to see the right, shown complete governmental control of

self-restraint, of wise disinterstedness combined with wise self-interest where the individual possesses common sense, honesty and courage.

Here Mr. Roosevelt dwelt at length on the great problems of the day. He spoke of the Appalachian Park, and discussed railway rate legislation in a conservative, but vigorous way. In a way. in fact, to show that he means to push some definite measure.

In closing he said:

"It must be understood as a matter of course, that if this power in granted it is to be exercised with wisdom and caution and self-restraint. The Inter-State Commerce Commission or other government official who failed to protect a railroad that was in the right against any clamor, no matter how violent, on the part of the public, would be guilty of as gross a wrong as if he corruptly rendered an improper service to the railroad at the expense of the public. When I say a square deal I mean a square deal; exactly as much a square :leal for the rich man as for the poor man; but no more. Let each stand on his merits, receive what is due him and be judged according to his desserts. To more he is not entitled, and less he shall not have."

Great Crowds Everywhere.

Leaving Raleigh, the Presidential party made short stops at Durham, Greensboro, High Point. Salisbury, Concord and other places, where the people were out in great numbers to greet them. At Charlotte the party was taken to Vance Park, where twenty thousand people had assem-

bled to see and hear Mr. Roosevelt. On being introduced he said in part:

Spoke at Charlotte.

"Mr. Mayor, Mr. President, and you, my fellow-citizens, men and women of North Carolina:

"I have enjoyed more than I can say passing through the great State today. I entered your borders a pretty better American, and I have rejoiced personality, his attentions to Confed- material prosperity. I am here in a great center of cotton manufacture. manufacturing in the United States is cheer the distinguished guest.

Every Man Has a Duty to Perform.

"And now, gentlmen, though glory in the memories of the past, we must remember ever to keep these memories, not as excuses for failing to do well in the past, but as incentives to spur us on to action. In life, every victory won inevitably brings us face to face with a new struggle. The men of one generation have to do their allotted task. If they fail to do it, they accumulate misfortune unto those who come after them. If they do it, it yet remains true that the men who come after them must do their tasks in return. It is just as it is with you, my escort, the men of the National Guard, the artillermen, the infantrymen. If there comes a war, I know I can count on you and those like you, because the memory of what your fathers did will make you ashamed not to rise level to the demands of the new time, as they rose level to the demands of their time. (Applause).

Here the President turned aside and asked how much more time he had -if it was not two minutes. Some

one told him to speak as long as he

wanted to, when he made the characteristic utterance (sotto voice) that

Crop of Children the Best Crop.

"And now, in saying good-bye, I want to say to you men and women that I have been immensely impressed with North Carolina-with her agriculture, with her industries, but that the crop that I like best is the crop of children. (Applause) and I congratulate North Carolina on the children seem to be all right in quality and quantity." (More applause).

At the conclusion of the President's speech he was driven rapidly in an automobile to the station.

At 7.45 the train departed for good American, and I leave them a Greenville with the President's party. The Charlotte people gave President triotism of the crowds, the President's in the symptoms of your abounding Roosevelt a royal reception, and he was delighted.

> The hospitality shown him here was Within a radius of a hundred miles of unique. It looked as if the entire this city, perhaps half of the cotton town had turned out to greet and

railways. His character and his talk done. I realize to the full, as does This concluded the President's tour were such as to appeal to North Car- every good citizen, that there must be of North Carolina. His reception olinians as much as to any people on a foundation of material prosperity everywhere was most cordial, and if South to that already extended by upon which to build the welfare of results thus far are any indication of Georgia. He declar

Raleigh, N. C., Special.-It was Roosevelt Day in Raleigh and what is said to be the greatest number of people ever brought together in North

soldierly valor her sons displayed during the four years of war, I think that even greater praise is due to her for what her people have ac- complished in the forty years of peace which followed. For forty years the South has made not merely a courageous, but at times, a desper- ate struggle, as she has striven for	B. Jackson, president of the Develop- ment and Jamestown Exposition Company, and addressed a gathering of negroes as follows: Remarks to Negroes. "I want to congratulate you upon the showing your school children have made, and further I wish as an American to congratulate the repre- sentatives of the colored race, who have shown such progress in the in-	does things and they were swift and sure to recognize in the President one of their own kind of men. After a generous reception the President was introduced to the tre- mendous crowd, an he said in part: "I glad here at the capital of North Carolina to have a chance to greet so many of the sons and daugh- ters of your great State. North Caro- lina's part in our history has ever been high and honorable. It was in	does every good citizen, that material prosperity—material well-being—can never be anything but the foundation. It is the indispensable foundation, but if we do not raise upon it the super- structure of a higher citizenship, then we fail in bringing this to the level to which it shall and will be brought. (Applause). And so, though I con- gratulate you upon what you have done in the way of material growth. I congratulate you even more upon the	Reception to Mrs. Roosevelt. At Charlotte Mrs. Roosevelt was met by a committee of representative ladies of the city, headed by Mrs. Stonewall Jackson. She was escorted to the home of Mrs. Jackson where she received a number of distinguish- ed ladies while the president spoke.	hearty welcome than in the South, and he joined most heartily with Georgia in honoring the President. In closing Governor Heyward pro- posed the health of Mrs. Roosevelt, already on her way to Washington, and the pretty compliment was re- sponded to by the entire company standing. At His Mother's Old Home. Roswell, Ga., Special.—President Roosevelt carried out his long cher- ished plan of visiting the home of
The Lehigh Valley Railroad Com- pany has acquired all the property of Coxe Bros., the most exquisite in- dividual operators in in the Pennsyl- vania anthracite field. .Cashier S. Lee Clark, of the En- terprise National Bank of Allegheny Cit, Pa., committed suicide, and an investigation started by the bauk ex- aminer was followed by placing the institution in charge or a receiver.	er earthquake shock was felt here Sunday afternoon. It was stronger than that of Friday, or the shock of Saturday. Kingston, Jamaica, By Cable.—An- other earthquake shock was felt at 6.35 Sunday evening, lasting / for nearly a minute. It was oppressively	cree of divorce from his wife and the custody of the children, the wife's cross bil being dismissed. The assistant chief of police of Kischeneff, Bessarabia, was assassi- nated.	Brooklyn butcher, who was shot dead, is ascribed by the police to the Neapolitan Camorra, his four broth- ers having died by violence. Painters of Suffolk struck last week demanding an increase from \$1.75 to \$2 for a nine-hour day. Owing to the press of work the contractors ac-	kell Dixon, John Woodruff and Geo.	which she left a happy bride. That the visit was fraught with many ten- der recollections was evident, and as his carriage drove away from the old Bulloch mansion, wher his mother lived and married, the President's