

SOME ROWAN POST ELECTION FIGURES.

Kitchin's Majority 648, Hackett's 458. Bryan's 335, Accusing Fictitious Corrections.

"I know that election figures have palled on the public, but it is just as well to keep political history straight, for present justice and future reference," said Hon. Theo. F. Klutz, Democratic chairman of the 8th District, today.

"With no desire to detract from Mr. Kitchin, but to do his associates on the State ticket, Congressman Hackett, and the Democrats of Rowan, justice, I feel it my duty," said Mr. Klutz, "to say that Mr. Kitchin's true majority in Rowan is 648, and not 1,118 as officially reported and published."

"Not until after the county canvassing board had completed its work and gone home, and after the official returns had been forwarded to Raleigh, was it discovered that through the erroneous tabulation of the vote of four precincts, the vote instead of being Kitchin 2,780 and Cox 1,662, should have been Kitchin 2,589 and Cox 1,891, making Mr. Kitchin's majority 648 instead of 1,118. The error seems to have occurred in this way: the official returns for Landis gave Kitchin 107, Cox 77; for Morgan, Kitchin 138, Cox 98; for Gold Hill, Kitchin 87, Cox 28. These figures should have been exactly the reverse, the Kitchin vote was inadvertently put in the Cox column, and vice versa. Again, the returns from the West Ward of Salisbury officially gave Kitchin 870, Cox 71, while the true figures, as I am informed, should be, Kitchin 270, Cox 171. There was no intention on anybody's part, of course, to do anybody injustice but these errors were doubtless the result of haste and inadvertence. The error at Gold Hill was the only one made by the county canvassing board, the others having been made by the precinct election officials, as I am informed."

"With all the influence at work against Mr. Hackett, and with the Republican fight hotly centered against him, his vote in Rowan was 2,446, only 93 less than Mr. Kitchin's, and 98 more than he received against Mr. Blackburn two years ago. Mr. Cowles' vote, however, being 690 more than Blackburn received two years ago, and 97 more than Cox received this year, reducing Hackett's majority to 458. Mr. Hackett also received more votes in Iredell, Stanly, Cabarrus and Ashe than he did two years ago, and was only swamped by the tremendous and unexpected increase in the Republican vote. "I have felt," said Mr. Klutz, "that to say this much was due to both Mr. Hackett and myself."

Owing to the above and a number of other errors in our tabulated statement last week, THE WATCHMAN has made every effort possible to make the statement correct in every particular. To this end we have, with the kind assistance of Capt. John A. Ramsay, gone over the official report of every precinct in the county, for the candidates given, and verified every figure, and, making such corrections as appeared just. This tabulated statement therefore can be taken to be absolutely correct, with all other statements to the contrary notwithstanding.

For township tax collector, A. M. Rice received a majority of 811.

The Democratic majorities in the county, for 1906, for the eight candidates named below, which are taken as representative of the vote cast, were as follows: Hackett for Congress, 1,050. Krider for sheriff, 444. Miller for register of deeds, 1,052. Nicholas for treasurer, 1,872. Dorsett for coroner, 1,099. Klutz for State senate, 1,125. Julian for house of representatives, 986. Murphy for house of representatives, 840.

This makes the average Democratic majority, for 1906, 989.4.

Taking the candidates for the same offices, for 1908, we have the following majorities:

Hackett for Congress, 458. McKenzie for sheriff, 172. Miller for register of deeds, 755. Nicholas for treasurer, 720. Dorsett for coroner, 720. Klutz for State senate, 691. Julian for house of representatives, 612. Carlson for house of representatives, 666. This gives us an average major-

THE SECRET DEATH.

Another Comparison Between Legal Executions and Mob Law.

People in Virginia and the whole South and especially in the city of Portsmouth should stop a moment to give some sober thoughts to the case of the man killed here by electricity. His crime was as vile and horrible and as exasperating as human imagination can conceive. His victim was an old and helpless white woman. Tempestuous indignation and hot wrath were inevitable. A lynching was attempted. The authorities interposed seriously and effectively. The man was tried fairly and given his full chance in court, a prominent lawyer being appointed for his defense. He was convicted by clear evidence, sentenced to death and to-day was put to death, decorously, in due course of law. The State put out of existence one of her citizens who by his act had proved himself unworthy of life. The death penalty was inflicted decently, secretly, mercifully, relentlessly. Let every citizen reflect how much better this is, how much more creditable to the dignity of the commonwealth and character of our people, than the noisy, hasty, lawless and bungling work of a mob.

It will be observed that the News-Leader gives no details of the execution. We are forbidden by the law of the State to present to the public any gawdime particulars. This law probably is unconstitutional, but in our opinion it is right and wise. We have a very strong hope that the privacy and misery of the execution of the death sentence will tend to make the law more terrible and diminish crime. Also we hope and believe that the people of the State will have drilled into their minds the conviction that lynch law is as foolish as it is useless, that the executive power of the State always will be used at any cost or risk, to maintain the State rights and to protect her prisoners and where the death penalty is necessary the courts may be trusted to inflict it with proper certainty and celerity. Richmond, Va., News-Leader.

A Region of Curiosities.

Luther Smith, of Baldwin township, caught 74 opossums last month.

"Squire Manly Lindley has a cat that frequently catches rabbits and squirrels, and always brings them to his wife for her to cook in a pie, which she divides with the cat. This remarkable cat caught two squirrels last week, and, as usual, brought them to Mrs. Lindley."

James H. Quackenbush has heretofore been voting in Hickory Mountain township, but this year he registered and voted in Hadley township, and yet he is living in the same house in which he has heretofore lived. The line runs through his dwelling house, and this year he is sleeping in a room on the Hadley township side of the house.

Cotton blooms in November are unusual in this latitude, and yet James I. Harmon, of this township, has sent to the Record office some cotton blooms plucked by him from his field a few days ago. —Chatham, N. C., Record.

Rheumatism promptly driven from the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy. Don't waste time with common remedies. A test will surely tell. In tablet or liquid form. Sold by Cornelison & Cook.

ity of 6008, and an average loss of 8894. According to this it will be seen that the sheriff did not fall off as heavily in proportion as did the other candidates. Mr. McKenzie's majority loss being only 272, while other's majority losses run from 824 to 652.

Seven Years of Proof.

"I have had seven years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best medicine to take for coughs and colds and for every diseased condition of throat, chest or lungs," says W. V. Henry, of Panama, Mo. The world has had thirty-eight years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is best remedy for coughs and colds, la grippe, asthma, hay fever, bronchitis, hemorrhage of the lungs, and the early stages of consumption. Its timely use always prevents the development of pneumonia. Sold under guarantee at all drug stores. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

FEEDING THE COW.

Small Grain Ration During the Summer Will Prove Profitable.

The cows should be fed liberally. It will be found profitable to feed a small grain ration during the summer. It not only helps them to keep up the flow of milk, but they come into winter quarters in better condition, do not dry up so quickly and come out the next spring able to do more work. Much, however, depends on the cows and the feed.

It is claimed that this additional feed in summer to the pasture is better for the manure and, besides, gives superior milk and more of it. An extensive dairyman says that for twenty years his cows have had dry hay before them every time they were put in to be milked, which was twice a day, and the pasture never was so good but what those cows would eat some of the dry hay.

This question of feeding grain or hay in the summer time is a very important one. Professor Sanborn of New Hampshire some years ago made the experiment and found that one pound of hay was equivalent to one pound of grain for feeding his cows in the summer time on fresh pasture.

An old western dairyman once said that the most slovenly way of feeding a cow is to let her go to pasture; that she destroys more than she will eat and if a man is using very much fine pasture, especially on high priced land, he is using it to great disadvantage.

He said he could better afford to grow a crop and feed it to the cow, so there would be no waste.

It is important with silage and soiling crops to feed some dry hay as well as grain through the summer for the effect that it has on the digestive tract. A speaker before a dairymen's association said that some years back he began feeding the cows grain in the summer time and dry hay every time they were being milked. He came to do it by having had a lot of feed-ground up corn and oats mixed with bran—that he was feeding the cows, and after he turned them out to grass he thought he would use up what feed he had left. He noticed that the more cornmeal there was in the mixture the better the cows liked it. They did not seem to care for bran, probably they had plenty of that. The next year he fed hay and cornmeal and oats and had an increase of fifty pounds of butter over the product of the previous year.

Pigs in the Orchard. A writer in Rural New Yorker says that before the pigs are turned out to a clover sod they should have nose rings, not for the good of the pig, but for protection of the sod. It is but little trouble to insert the ready made wire rings, which cost 15 cents per 100, assorted sizes. The nippers for placing the rings cost 20 cents each. Place rings in the nippers, and while the pig is eating reach down and place the part of the ring over the gristle part of the nose, close the nippers quickly and the job is finished. We have placed forty rings in their noses within twenty minutes. When we pasture pigs in the orchard we do not ring them. We think it advantageous to the tree and fruit to have the ground rotted up thoroughly. We are inclined to think this method is more beneficial to plum than to peach trees, especially in producing fruit. Our plum trees develop wood and a quantity of choice fruit, while the peach trees develop wood and less fruit.

Raising the Colt by Hand. It not infrequently happens that colts are left motherless while yet quite young. Such colts are not an entire failure. They may be reared by hand and thrive quite well where the proper care is given them. If the colt has had even one or two feeds of its mother's milk it is well started, but where it has had none it is in a worse shape. In such case the bowels should be opened first by a dose of castor oil, and a short while after that it can get its first feed. To make a substitute of its mother's milk take fresh cow's milk, add to it one-fourth water and sweeten somewhat with sugar. This should be fed to the colt at blood temperature four or five times a day. After the colt is a few weeks to a month old it can be fed a little oatmeal or other soft food. Even before this time it will begin nibbling soft grasses. Although the colt must be started in very slowly on these feeds, it will be found that they help wonderfully. —Gregor H. Giltzke.

Dairy Rules. The lesson is, this, says a dairymen: Break away from old traditions and customs; select a dairy breed that suits you best and stay by that breed; do not change; grade up the best cows that you have; test and discard the poor and worthless cows; have a standard to line up to; do not be afraid of a certain amount of line breeding; do not herd; don't mix the breeds; depend upon the sire and his breeding to advance the merit of a herd; do not change sires very often; breed for good health; be thorough; feed for milk and not beefmaking; be sanitary; be a dairy student; don't get flincky, and the dairy of the future will be the wonder of the world.

Plenty of Pure Water. The hogs must have plenty of good, pure water, obtained from well, spring or flowing stream, and we like to have a place for our hogs to "wallow" during the hot period. We have never seen that good, clean mud and water injured our hogs in the least, says a breeder, and it certainly affords them a great deal of pleasure to sink down in a good sized mudhole where the water for the mixture is supplied from a spring.

Read the pain formula on a box of Pink Pain Tablets. Then ask your Doctor if there is a letter one. Pain means congestion—blood pressure somewhere. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pain anywhere. Try one, and see! 20 for 25c. Sold by Cornelison & Cook.

Interesting Fight in Nash.

There is an interesting post election fight in Nash county over the office of register of deeds. J. B. Boddie was nominated by the Democrats and endorsed by the Republicans, and received 2,895 votes. Two days before the election E. T. Griffin announced himself as independent candidate and received 183 votes. The hitch comes here. Boddie was postmaster under Cleveland and was indicted for irregularities convicted, and served a term in the penitentiary and also one in jail within jail bounds. On this account it is declared he is ineligible to hold office. Prominent lawyers say he is. If he is Griffin is the register of deeds. The courts will be called on to decide.

Importance of Land Improvement.

We need to study more the permanent improvement of the land than the temporary getting of crops with fertilizers, and a large part of the anxiety of farmers in the South to get special fertilizer mixtures or formulas has arisen from the everlasting experimenting by the stations with fertilizers for mere crop production. So long as farmers are led to believe that they need a special formula for every crop planted there will not be the advance in real farming that there should be. A demonstration that with a certain amount of mixed fertilizer a profit can be made over the use of no fertilizer teaches little of value, but a demonstration showing how, through a proper rotation of crops the land can be made to increase annually in productiveness, and less money spent for fertilizers, would be of immense value. The everlasting experiments by the stations with fertilizer mixtures for direct results on sale crops make me tired. —Progressive Farmer.

Mind Your Business!

If you don't nobody will. It is your business to keep out of all trouble and you can and will keep out of liver and bowel trouble if you take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They keep biliousness, malaria and jaundice out of your system. 25c at all drug stores.

PE-RU-NA RECEIVES PRAISE For Relieving Such Symptoms as Debility, Backache and Headache.

Mrs. Tressie Nelson, 609 North 5th Ave., Nashville, Tenn., writes: "As Peruna has done me a world of good I feel in duty bound to tell of it, in hopes that it may meet the eyes of some who have suffered as I did. "For five years I really did not know what a perfectly well day was, and if I did not have



MRS. TRESSIE NELSON. headache, I had backache or a pain somewhere and really life was not worth the effort I made to keep going.

"A good friend advised me to use Peruna and I was glad to try anything, and I am very pleased to say that six bottles made a new woman of me and I have no more pains and life looks bright again."

There are a great many phases of woman's ailments that require the assistance of the surgeon. But by far the greatest number of such cases are amenable to correct medicinal treatment.

A vast multitude of women have been relieved from the ailments peculiar to their sex through the use of Peruna as prescribed by Dr. Hartman.

He receives many letters from all parts of the country relating to subjects of vital interest to woman-kind. Of the vast multitude of women Dr. Hartman treats annually, only a small per cent. of them consider it necessary to write to the Doctor at all. While it is not affirmed that Peruna will relieve every case of this kind, it is certainly the part of wisdom for every woman so afflicted to give Peruna a fair trial.

Heart Strength

Heart strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Peruna, not one weak heart in a hundred is in itself, actually diseased. It is almost always a hidden tiny little nerve that really is at fault. This obscure nerve—the Cardiac, or Heart Nerve—simply needs and must have, more power, more stability, more controlling, more governing strength. Without that the Heart must continue to fall and the stomach and kidneys also have these same controlling nerves.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

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Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness to J. A. Miller secured by a certain mortgage deed of trust executed by D. W. Montgomery and wife, Fannie E. Montgomery, to B. B. Miller, trustee, on the 8th day of June, 1907, and duly registered in Book 81, page 184, of Rowan County of Record of Mortgages, pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage the undersigned will sell at public sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the court house door in Salisbury, North Carolina, on

Monday, the 7th day of December, 1908, at 12 o'clock M., the following property:

Beginning at the East corner of the intersection of Shaver and Elm streets in the Great South Ward of the city of Salisbury, and runs thence in a Southeasterly direction with Elm street 150 feet to a stake, thence in a Northeasterly direction parallel with Shaver street, and with the line of lot No. 38, 60 feet to a stake in line of lot No. 20, thence with the line of No. 20 and parallel with Elm street in a Northwesterly direction 150 feet to Shaver street, thence with Shaver in a Southwesterly direction 50 feet to the beginning; Same being lot No. 19 on Southern Life & Trust Company's map of property near National Cemetery, Salisbury, North Carolina. This the 2nd day of November, 1908. B. B. MILLER, trustee.

Notice to Creditors of Boyden C. Trexler.

Having qualified as administrators of Boyden C. Trexler late of Rowan County, notice is hereby given all persons holding claims or demands against him or his estate to present the same duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of November, 1908, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate settlement. This the 8th day of November, 1908. H. A. TREXLER, Adms. of Boyden C. Trexler. HENRY M. TREXLER, en C. Trexler. B. B. Miller, attorney.



WHEN all's said and done on the clothes question, the Kuppenheimer line stands in a place by itself.

That's why we're glad to link our name with that line and to back it up with our strongest endorsement. Let us show you the exceptional styles and values offered in Kuppenheimer Clothes this season. And fairness of price is not their least surprising feature.

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