

The Carolina Watchman.

A Home Newspaper Published in the Interest of the People and for Honesty in Governmental Affairs.

VOL. V. NO. 47.

SALISBURY, N. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 9TH, 1909.

WM. H. STEWART, EDITOR

*John J. Myatt
Salisbury
Box 18, Room
THE FLOWERS COLLECTION*

ALBEMARLE AND STANLY COUNTY.

What The Farmers Are Doing. A Young Man Injured.

Stanly Enterprise, Nov. 4th.

The Methodist Protestant congregation is arranging to build a new church in West Albemarle.

The commissioners have raised the salary of the keeper of the county home from \$25 to \$30 per month.

S. A. Underwood has been appointed farm demonstrator for Stanly. It is a splendid selection, and Mr. Underwood will give his whole time to the work.

Walter Griffin, a young man who is working on the new Wissacott mill building, had an unfortunate accident Thursday. A brick fell from timbers above him and struck him on the head, inflicting an ugly wound. Dr. Dunlap promptly attended him, and he is getting along nicely.

Titus A. Coble, who lives 10 miles southwest of Albemarle, reports a fine yield of corn from less than six acres of land, about 350 bushels. Some of the ears measure 14 inches in length, and the bulk of it 11 and 12 inches. On the land Mr. Coble did not use over \$85 worth of fertilizers, including stable manure. This shows what good farming may be done in Stanly.

C. P. Dry, an industrious farmer of Big Lick township, was one of our visitors yesterday, and paid his subscription up till 1911. Mr. Dry is one of those farmers who live at home. For ten years or more he has raised his own grain and home supplies, and while he makes cotton the surplus he has four bales to market. This is true all over our county now, as our farmers have their barns and granaries well filled, and their cotton crop gives them good money for paying off their debts.

Hook Worm Is Not Always Lazy Bug.

"John D. Rockefeller's gift of \$1,000,000 for the eradication of the hook worm in Dixie is one of the best charities I have read of in recent years," said Dr. R. V. Nottingham, head of the sanitary department of Macon, Ga., after he had made a study of the strange disease.

"The handsome donation is a good thing, especially for the country districts, where the hook worm infection is most prevalent," continued Dr. Nottingham.

"Personally I feel that we can well afford to take every dollar Mr. Rockefeller will offer us for thus benefiting the South."

"The hook worm infection has been observed locally, and in some districts near Savannah, people are badly affected by the disease. I have noticed on the streets here some people affected by the hook worm, as an experienced eye can tell them at a glance. Some cases have already been examined in Macon by the health officers, and we hope to get some specimens and preserve them in the laboratory."

"It is not true, however, that the hook worm always causes laziness, as it is claimed that what is known as 'ground itch' in boys is intimately connected with the hook worm. Boys usually scratch the affected parts and then infect themselves by replacing their fingers in their mouth or biting their nails. But when boys are affected by the hook worm it seems to have but little if any effect on their energy. Nearly every boy has been affected this way but few show it."

The Woman's Home.

The L. & M. Paint decorates more than two million American homes. Its beautiful finish and lasting freshness distinguishes a residence painted with it from all others. Its Metal Zinc Oxide combined with White Lead which makes it wear and cover like gold. Every 4 gallons of the L. & M. Paint when mixed with 3 gallons of Linseed Oil at 65 cent per gallon makes 7 gallons ready for use. Actual cost about \$1.20 per gallon. Sold By Salisbury Supply & Commission Co., Salisbury, N. C.

CONTEMPT OF SUPREME COURT.

The Chattanooga Defendants Denied a Re-hearing—To be Sentenced on the 15th.

Statesville Landmark, Nov. 5.

The unusual proceeding of an arraignment for sentence at the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States will be witnessed two weeks from today, in accordance with an announcement made to-day in the cases of Joseph H. Shipp, of Chattanooga, Tenn., and five co-defendants, charged with contempt. The court to-day denied motions for a re-hearing of the cases.

The cases originated in the court's decision in March, 1906, to consider the appeal of a negro named Ed. Johnson from a verdict of the Tennessee courts, holding him guilty and sentencing him to be hanged on a charge of criminal assault. The night after the determination of the Supreme Court to review the proceedings in the case was wired to Chattanooga, where Johnson was confined in jail, a number of people stormed the jail and took him out and lynched him.

The court was much incensed over the lynching, and at its instance the Attorney General instituted proceedings against Mr. Shipp, who was the sheriff, the jailer and 25 others supposed to have been implicated in the lynching, charging them with contempt of the Supreme Court. Many of the accused were exonerated and in the end only six were found guilty. These were Sheriff Shipp, his deputy Jeremiah Gibson, who was the jailer, Luther Williams, Nick Nolan, Henry Padgett and William Mayes, residents of Chattanooga.

The finding of the court was announced in May, just before the close of the last term of the court, but all the defendants entered motions for a rehearing, which had the effect of postponing action until the present term. The court today, through Chief Justice Fuller, announced its denial of the motions, the Chief Justice stating at the same time the decision to have the defendants appear on November 15 to "receive the sentence."

The court has the discretion to either fine or imprison the men or to inflict both penalties, and no intimation has been given as to what course may be pursued. It is only known that from the beginning of the proceeding the court has appeared exceptionally interested in the case and is believed to feel that an example must be made to prevent other indignities to the court.

It is recalled, however, that several of the members of the court, among whom was the late Justice Peckham, dissented from the verdict of the majority, which may have the effect of lessening the severity of the sentence.

The only instance of a sentence for contempt in the court's history occurred in 1875, when one John Chiles, who was concerned in dealing in Texas indemnity bonds contrary to an order of the court, was ordered to pay a fine of \$250 for contempt. This time there will be six men instead of one, and the proceedings will therefore be unprecedented as regards numbers.

All the defendants assert innocence. Shipp and Gibson declare there was no advance indication of violence to Johnson and say that otherwise they would have taken better precaution. Most of the other men implicated claim not to have been present when the negro was killed by the mob.—Washington dispatch 1st.

Kills Her Foal Of 20 Years.

"The most merciless enemy I had for 20 years," declares Mrs. James Duncan, of Hayesville, Me., "was Dyspepsia. I suffered intensely after eating or drinking and could scarcely sleep. After many remedies had failed and several doctors gave me up, I tried Electric Bitters, which cured me completely. Now I can eat anything. I am 70 years old and am overjoyed to get my health and strength back again." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Kidney Trouble, Lame Back, Female Complaints, it's unequalled. Only 50¢ at all druggists.

STATESVILLE AND IREDELL COUNTY.

Man Falls From Wagon, His Neck Is Broken And He Dies.

Statesville Landmark, Nov. 5.

Mrs. Sarah Adams, aged 70 years, died Tuesday at 12:30 o'clock at her home on the western edge of town, death resulting from infirmities of age.

At Tuesday night's meeting of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society the organization was completed by the election of a board of directors and the adoption of a constitution and by-laws. The meeting, while not as largely attended as it should have been, was an interesting one. Considerable enthusiasm was manifested and a number of new members were received.

G. Calvin White, known to his friends as "Job" White, died Wednesday afternoon about 8 o'clock at Billingsley hospital, where he had been under treatment about two months. Mr. White had been in poor health for a year or longer and death resulted from cancer. Mr. White was about 70 years old and was born in the vicinity of White's old mill, southeast of town, from whence he moved to Statesville two years ago.

George Badger Cook, a resident of Eagle Mills township, about 95 years old, fell from a wagon Monday afternoon and when assistance reached him he was dead. His neck was either broken by the fall or by the wheels of the wagon passing over it. The accident occurred while Mr. Cook was passing Holman's Cross Roads, a small settlement in Davie county. Mr. Cook was on his way to Mocksville with a load of canned fruit, the cans being packed in cases. When he fell from the wagon a box of the fruit fell to the ground with him and it is supposed he was thrown off the wagon by the box slipping. He fell in front of the fore wheel of the wagon and this wheel, and probably the hind wheel also, passed over him. When those who saw him fall reached him he was dead. It is said that his neck was broken, but whether it was broken by the fall or by the wheels passing over it is not known. A young man named Gurney Joyner was on the wagon with Mr. Cook when the accident occurred. Mr. Cook's remains were taken to his home and the burial took place at Sandy Springs church Wednesday. The deceased was a native of Davie county, but at the time of his death was living at the home of his son, Mr. Robt. Cook, in Eagle Mills township, this county, near the Davie line. He was a Confederate soldier. His wife and four children survive.

Ball of Hair in Stomach of Beef.

The Statesville Landmark says: Persons acquainted with the hairy species know that they are given to licking themselves and each other; and those further conversant with cattle know that it is said that the hair that collects on their tongues during the licking process sometimes accumulates in the stomach and forms a hard ball.

A few days ago W. L. White, of Sharpsburg township, killed a beef about a two years old, and in its stomach was found a ball of hair. E. L. Sloan, a neighbor of Mr. White, exhibited the ball at The Landmark office a few days ago. It was about the size and shape of a good big unhusked walnut—which is to say, it was not as large as a hen egg—was of brownish color and as hard as a rock. Examination showed that it was formed of hair and its size and hardness must have made it something of an inconvenience to the animal that carried it.

In the show cases of the Army and Navy Museum, Washington, D. C., such balls of various sizes can be seen. Some are almost as large as cocoanuts and resemble them somewhat.—ED. WATCHMAN.

TUBERCULOSIS BEING WIPE OUT.

One Institution Or Organization Being Established Every Day.

During the year that has passed since the International Congress on Tuberculosis met at Washington one institution or organization for the treatment or prevention of tuberculosis has been established every day, Sundays and holidays included, according to a bulletin of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

A year ago the rate of increase was one organization or institution every other day, only one-half as fast as now. Less than a year ago there were 40 consumptives for every hospital bed provided. To-day the number has been reduced to 80. Nearly 20,000 beds are now provided in institutions for the treatment of consumption, an increase of over 5,500. The number of special tuberculosis dispensaries in the United States has more than doubled the number of anti-tuberculosis associations.

In one branch of anti-tuberculosis work, particularly emphasized by the International Congress, a signal advance has been made, that is, in the provision of hospital accommodations for advanced cases. In all parts of the country, state and municipal authorities have been urged to provide hospitals for dangerous cases of tuberculosis, with the result that over 1,000 beds have been established in the past year. At the present time there are, however, only 6,000 beds and 75,000 advanced cases which ought to be in hospitals. Fully 75,000 other could be at home, but it would be safe for the community to segregate them in institutions. Every advanced case of tuberculosis is a center from which the disease spreads, and unless the patient is taught how to be careful in his habits, and unless he has the proper home surrounding, he should be in a hospital, where he will not be a menace to others.

The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis declares that at least 70,000 more beds in hospital are needed for advanced cases of consumption. Until these are provided, tuberculosis cannot be wiped out. If everybody in the United States gave \$5 to provide hospitals for the dangerous consumptives, sufficient funds would be procured to destroy forever the threat of tuberculosis from this country.

Gov. Glenn Everlastingly Right.

Robert B. Glenn, former Governor of North Carolina, at the convention of Sunday school workers of the Christian workers in session here, said today:

"If I were Governor of Tennessee, if I were sheriff of Shelby county or if I were mayor of Memphis, I would see to it that open saloons were not run in Memphis contrary to the prohibition law. I would put a gun in the hands of every worthy citizen and tell him to shoot and shoot to kill until I enforced respect for the law."—Memphis, Tenn., dispatch, 1st.

Forced Into Exile.

Wm. Upchurch of Glen Oak, Okla., was an exile from home. Mountain air, he thought, would cure a frightful lung-racking cough that had defied all remedies for two years. After six months he returned, death dogging his steps. "Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery," he writes, "and after taking six bottles I am as well as ever." It saves thousands yearly from desperate lung diseases. Infallible for Coughs and Colds, it dispels Hoarseness and Sore Throat. Cures Grippe, Bronchitis, Hemorrhages, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, 50c. Boils, Skin Eruptions, Chilblains, Chapped Hands. Soon relieves Piles, 25c at all druggists.

MISTRIAL ON THE WATKINS CASE

Six of Fury for Manslaughter and Six for Acquittal.

Asheville, Nov. 8.—Judge Ad-

ams this afternoon at 3:35 o'clock ordered that the F. C. Atkins jury be discharged; that a juror be withdrawn, and a mistrial had. This ends the four days and five minutes' effort of the jury to agree.

A year ago the rate of increase was one organization or institution every other day, only one-half as fast as now. Less than a year ago there were 40 consumptives for every hospital bed provided. To-day the number has been reduced to 80. Nearly 20,000 beds are now provided in institutions for the treatment of consumption, an increase of over 5,500. The number of special tuberculosis dispensaries in the United States has more than doubled the number of anti-tuberculosis associations.

In one branch of anti-tuberculosis work, particularly emphasized by the International Congress, a signal advance has been made, that is, in the provision of hospital accommodations for advanced cases. In all parts of the country, state and municipal authorities have been urged to provide hospitals for dangerous cases of tuberculosis, with the result that over 1,000 beds have been established in the past year. At the present time there are, however, only 6,000 beds and 75,000 advanced cases which ought to be in hospitals. Fully 75,000 other could be at home, but it would be safe for the community to segregate them in institutions. Every advanced case of tuberculosis is a center from which the disease spreads, and unless the patient is taught how to be careful in his habits, and unless he has the proper home surrounding, he should be in a hospital, where he will not be a menace to others.

There has been some talk that an effort might be made to have the case removed to another county for the next trial, but Solicitor Brown said this afternoon that no such action was not contemplated. The solicitor said that the case could not be tried again before the February term.

Maryland Refuses to Disfranchise the Negroes.

Baltimore, Nov. 8.—With a few county precincts yet to be heard from unofficial figures to-night show that the proposed amendment to the State constitution intended to disfranchise the negroes is defeated by 16,155, and that R. C. Polin, who lives on Mr. Coltrane's farm in No. 2, sold to The Dayant Co. a bale weighing 616 pounds from which he

republican opponent by 9,076.

The Legislature on joint ballot, judging from the as yet not quite complete returns, will stand 90 Democrats and 88 Republicans. In both houses they will, apparently, have the power to again bring the question of the disfranchisement of the negroes before the people at the next election.

Voting on the question, Hagerstown went "wet."

Mishap to Wedding Guests.

Durham, Nov. 4.—The marriage last night of Miss Affie Smith and Otho W. Bowling had a sensational aftermath when the floor upon which stood crowded more than one hundred friends, caved in and threw the guests in a heap to the ground eight feet below.

It was a most remarkable mishap. Rev. C. E. Marsall, pastor of the Edgemont Baptist church, had completed the ceremony and offered his hand in congratulation. There was a sort of stampede towards the couple when the floor broke in two, followed by the entire bottom of the room and the crowd ran together.

Though they piled upon each other in blocks of dozens and went down harder than a football team, nobody was hurt except the preacher who received a bump against his knee and bruised it somewhat.

Greater damage was saved by a thoughtful man who caught the lamp as the cave-in was signaled by the cracking floor, and extinguished the light.

The couple had been duly married, however, before the commotion and they were attended by Miss Hattie Smith, the bride's sister, as maid of honor, and G. H. York, best man; Miss May Dupree with Clinton Burns, Miss Lizzie Roberts with Frank Foster and Miss Bedie Bowling and Tom Wiggins other attendants. They will live here—Special to Charlotte Observer.

A Scalped Boy's Shrieks

horrorified his grandmother, Mrs. Maria Taylor, of Nebo, Ky., who writes that when all thought he would die, Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured him. Infallible for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Corns, Wounds, Bruises. Cures Fever-Sores, Boils, Skin Eruptions, Chilblains, Chapped Hands. Soon relieves Piles, 25c at all druggists.

CONCORD AND CABARRUS COUNTY.

Ex-Judge Montgomery has a Light Stroke of Paralysis.

Concord Times, Nov. 4.

The Crysanthemum Show to be given November 9 under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society of the St. James Lutheran church promises to be an interesting event.

Raleigh News and Observer: "The Kerr Bleaching and Finishing Works, Inc., of Concord, filed an amendment, increasing the preferred stock from \$25,000 to \$45,000, divided into 450 shares of a par value of \$100 each, with power to increase the preferred stock to \$50,000."

After a mistrial had been declared and the jury discharged, Judge Adams required bond from Mr. Watkins in the sum of \$2,500 for his appearance at the next term of superior court for trial of criminal cases. The bond was given immediately.

There has been some talk that an effort might be made to have the case removed to another county for the next trial, but Solicitor Brown said this afternoon that no such action was not contemplated. The solicitor said that the case could not be tried again before the February term.

On last Tuesday J. A. Green, of No. 1 township sold to White-Morrison-Flowers Co. a bale of cotton which weighed 620 pounds. The price paid for it was \$142.50, and the cotton came to \$91.76. The seed sold for \$18.60, making total amount realized from the bale \$105.36. On the same day R. C. Polin, who lives on Mr. Coltrane's farm in No. 2, sold to The Dayant Co. a bale weighing 616 pounds from which he

republican opponent by 9,076.

The Legislature on joint ballot, judging from the as yet not quite complete returns, will stand 90 Democrats and 88 Republicans. In both houses they will, apparently, have the power to again bring the question of the disfranchisement of the negroes before the people at the next election.

It was a most remarkable mishap. Rev. C. E. Marsall, pastor of the Edgemont Baptist church, had completed the ceremony and offered his hand in congratulation. There was a sort of stampede towards the couple when the floor broke in two, followed by the entire bottom of the room and the crowd ran together.

Though they