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SALISBURY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16TH, 1910.

WM. H. STEWART, EDITOR

THE SETTLEMENT OF SALISBURY.

Some Ancient but Interesting History of the Town, County and People.

We have before us a copy of the Union Banner, of July 18th, 1865, just about three months after the close of the great war. It was a daily paper, published by J. J. Stewart, and contains quite a number of very interesting items to Salisburians. We expect to make numerous extracts from this paper from time to time and this week, publish the following account of the settlement of Salisbury:

Through the kindness of a friend, we have received the following sketch, relative to the settlement of Salisbury, which will be of interest to our citizens.

Rowan—Salisbury—Face of the Country—Indian Traces—Coddill—John Dunn.

The County of Rowan was taken from Anson in 1753, and was named after Robert Rowan, a member of the council. The first settlers near Salisbury were Paul Biffle and John Whitesides, on Grant's Creek to the north; John and John Gardiner, Alexander Douglas and James Douglas on Crane Creek to the south of Salisbury. They settled in 1751, Matthew Locke, Francis Locke, John Brandon, Alexander Cathey and James Graham to the west on the upper part of Grant's Creek to the north of Salisbury, before 1751.

The first mills on Grant's Creek were built by John Whitesides near its mouth. It is now owned by John I. Shaver. Hugh Parker built the mill above, devised it to Thomas, William and John Frohock, and Spruce McCoy afterwards purchased. Grants Creek took its name from a Mr. Grant, who settled near the head of the creek.

Crane Creek took its name from the great number of Cranes that came from the sand hills during the time of whortleberries which abounded in the glades of this creek.

James Carter and Hugh Foster owned the land where Salisbury was established and it was by their influence the Court House was established at Salisbury. An effort was made to establish the Court House to the west of that place about two miles.

SALISBURY.—Elias Brock and John Whitesides built the first Court House and Jail in Salisbury, on the ground where those buildings now stand. They were the first men that were put in the jail after it was built. They were put in for debt. First settlers in Salisbury were Thomas Dugan, James Heggin and James Bowers.

FACE OF THE COUNTRY.—The country was covered with peavines, grass and canes. It had the appearance of the richest country. There were the buffalo, bears, etc., in the neighborhood.

HUNTING GROUNDS.—This country was the hunting grounds of the Catawas.

INDIAN TRACES.—These generally run in the glades near the water courses, when they led in the right direction; thence through glades on the tops of ridges.

CAPTAIN—CODDILL.—He was appointed Clerk of Anson County Court. He came from the lower counties near Edenton, was a lawyer and had John Dunn as a deputy Clerk.

JOHN DUNN.—He was an Irishman, and educated for a Roman priest. He left Ireland suddenly in consequence of some fracas, in which he was engaged, went on board a privateer and came to America. He married Mary Reidon Reid's creek, on the Yadkin in Rowan, and made shoes and kept school. He studied law and removed to Salisbury, where he followed his profession with great success. He married a second wife, Betsy Howard, then a

SOIL SURVEYS TO BE RESUMED.

Experts to Discuss Conditions and Map Out Plans for Future Work.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—Special.—A conference has been arranged between Dr. B. W. Kilgore, Chemist of the North Carolina Department of Agriculture, and W. E. Hearn, of the Bureau of Soils, U. S. Department of Agriculture, who has charge of the co-operative soil survey work in the State of North Carolina. Mr. Hearn will proceed to Raleigh at an early date in order to discuss with Dr. Kilgore the location of additional field experiments upon the most important soil types which have been shown by the soil survey to exist in the different portions of North Carolina. The soil conditions in various counties will be discussed and Mr. Hearn will render every assistance possible in the selection of addition of areas for field experiments with different classes of fertilizers in the production of the most important staple crops produced in the different sections of the State.

Soon after the first of March the soil survey work will be resumed in Mecklenburg and Granville counties, North Carolina, and it is anticipated that the field work of the soil surveys of these two areas will be completed about July 1st.

Arrangements have been made whereby it is anticipated that an additional party will be placed in North Carolina after the 1st of July, and through this arrangement two or three additional counties can be begun about that date. It is probable that one of the parties will be assigned to Cabarrus County and that one of the other parties will be located in the eastern-central portion of the State.

With the additional facilities it is probable that about 3,000 square miles can be covered by the soil survey work during 1910.

third, Frank Petty, in Lincoln. All his children were by the first wife.—He was promoted to the rank of Col. of the militia; but when the Indian war broke out and the militia were to march against the Cherokees in 1760, he removed to the Cherokees and remained there two years, until the troubles were over.

When the revolution commenced he was suspected of being rather lukewarm, or inclining to the side of the disaffected. He was apprehended and taken a prisoner to South Carolina. At the same time a lawyer in Salisbury named Benjamin Boot Boothe, was apprehended and taken away with him. He (Boothe) was an Englishman. Col. Dunn commanded the regiment from Rowan, that went to Hillsborough to protect the Court from the Regulators."

For a more extensive account of John Dunn's conduct and character, see "Wheeler's Sketches," ch. 67.—Rowan County. "The foregoing statements ought to have been incorporated in the sketch of that County. But as a second edition of that work may be expected, or some other person will write our history, we confidently trust these "Memoranda" will be useful.

Saved From Awful Peril.

"I never felt so near my grave," writes Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, Ohio, R. R. No. 8 "as when a frightful cough and lung trouble pulled me down to 115 pounds in spite of many remedies and the best doctors. And that I am alive to-day is due solely to Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me. Now I weigh 180 pounds and can work hard. It also cured my four children of croup." Infallible for Coughs and Colds, its most certain remedy for LaGrippe, Asthma, desperate lung trouble and all bronchial affections, 50c and \$1.00. A trial bottle free. Guaranteed by All Druggists.

STATE NEWS.

Items of All Kinds Gathered from the Atlantic to the Alleghenies.

Ninety-one cents a pound was the price paid for a pile of wrappers at the Leader warehouse in Winston-Salem Thursday sold by Allen & Ferguson of Germantown.

The Colored Normal and Industrial school at High Point has just completed two additional brick buildings at a cost of about \$10,000. The largest building is 75x40 feet, three stories high and contains an auditorium and a number of class rooms. The smaller one, which is really an annex, is 24x38 feet, three stories high and is used entirely as a boy's dormitory. All the work on these buildings was done by student labor under the direction of members of the school faculty.

Mrs. Edward Marshall was seriously, if not fatally burned while in her home on buxton street, Winston-Salem, shortly before noon Thursday, her clothing igniting from a blazing bottle of kerosene oil which she accidentally overturned on the stove. With the blaze almost enveloping her, she evidently feared, too, that the house would be burned, and her mother's instinct impelled her to seize her 18-months-old baby and rush out to the yard with it held in her far out stretched arms so that the little one was not injured. The mother placed the child upon the ground and moaning in her agony, rushed to a neighbor's yard, where a young man beat out the flames. Mrs. Marshall sank into a comatose state and fears are expressed for her recovery. The blaze in the kitchen was soon extinguished by neighbors.

The Greenville superior court has been making good progress with the case of State vs. Solomon Shepard, who is on trial for the murder of Engineer Holt. The jury was secured out of the two hundred venire without difficulty. The State offered confessions made by the prisoner to the sheriff and to the police of Durham county and to the officers in Petersburg and the prisoner's testimony in the Reuben Barbee trial for this murder, and also evidence tending to corroborate the truth of said confessions. The prisoner is now offering his testimony. His parents and those who knew him testified that he was crazy and irresponsible and Dr. Ferabee of Raleigh gave as his opinion that the prisoner was an imbecile and irresponsible.

Hot Air in Senate.

"Well, I'll be—!" That's what a citizen said and some of the rest of us thought when it was found that there is a law in this State allowing a father to deed his children to whomsoever he pleases, just about like the South Carolina law in the same matter. And that, too, after North Carolina had been rolling her eyes in "more holy than thou" fashion at South Carolina. "Nough to make him say it—A resolution was introduced in the Senate last Monday to loan a number of United States army tents to the Confederate veterans to be used at their annual reunion at Mobile, Ala., next April. Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, took the introduction of that resolution as occasion to get off a lot of hot air about the rebels and government property under the rebel flag. After the speaker had frothed and fumed to his heart's content, a vote was taken, no Senator thinking the exposure of ferid wind of consequence enough to need a reply, and every Senator, regardless of party or State, with the lone exception of Heyburn, voted to loan the army tents to the Confederate veterans.—Macon Enterprise.

Bowels clogged, sick headache, no fun is it? Why not have that happy face, red cheeks, and good digestion? F. J. CHENEY & Co., Rocky Mountain, 75c. Family Pills for it.

DEVOTEES OF THE BOND CRAZE.

Efforts of the Prodigals to Get Cash to "Blow In"

The town of Jonesboro at a special election Thursday voted a bond issue of \$15,000 for the installing of a water works system. Only five votes were cast against the measure.

At a meeting of the board of aldermen of Burlington held in the city hall Monday night it was ordered that an election be held May 8 upon the question of a bond issue of \$500,000 for additional street improvement. The city is now spending \$85,000 on street work, and with this addition it will be enabled to make a very creditable showing in the matter of streets.

The city of Greenville, S. C., has appointed a commission to take charge of the funds secured from a bond issue and to take general oversight over its expenditures. It has been suggested that the city of Charlotte and the county of Mecklenburg might get together on the matter of issuing bonds to the extent of \$800,000, or, perhaps, more under some such plan. A commission of three able business men, two to be selected from the city and one from the county, is believed to be a solution of the vexing problem of future bond issues as affecting Charlotte and Mecklenburg county.—Charlotte Observer.

FAIL TO REACH SOUTH POLE.

Accidents to Ship Precludes the Possibility of Reaching the South Pole.

Punta Arenas, Chile, Feb. 13.—Further details have been received here of the voyage of the Pourquoi Pas, which is now returning with Dr. Jean M. Charcot's Antarctic expedition. Pourquoi Pas on reaching the region of ice, on her trip to the south, stranded on the coast of Graham Land but was refloated. On the resumption of the voyage the steamer met with a series of accidents.

There was considerable suffering among the men during the many months in the Antarctic regions, survey and heart disease being the chief ailments. The scientific observations were conducted with the greatest care and thus the object of the expedition was in part realized. Numerous journeys were made over the ice, but it was impossible to use automobiles on account of the bad condition of the ice fields.

The stranding of the Pourquoi Pas and collisions with bergs caused a serious leak at the outset of the expedition which proved impossible of repair. Water flowed in at all times, and the pumps were in constant use until the end of the voyage. The steamer was exposed to violent storms on the return trip as far as the Strait of Magellan and was compelled to put into an obscure harbor for two days to repair the engine.

A scarcity of provisions and coal, the damage to the ship and the exhaustion of the crew necessitated the return.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreadful disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Rocky Mountain, 75c. Family Pills for it.

CONCORD AND CABARRUS COUNTY.

Mr. Benfield Gets Damages for False Arrest. Dead Baby Found.

Concord Times, February 10th.

Dr. L. S. Fox, a dentist of Salisbury, spent yesterday in the city with a view to locating here for the practice of his profession.

Rev. C. P. Fisher, of Faith, will preach at Mt. Olive Lutheran Church, in No. 6 township, next Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

February 8 was Shrove Tuesday and yesterday Ash Wednesday, the beginning of Lent. Easter falls this year on the 27th of March.

The Salisbury minstrels will give a performance in the opera house to-morrow night. The papers at Salisbury and Albemarle, where they have given performances, speak highly of their work.

Julia Phifer, mother of Wilson Phifer, the negro who was sent to the pest house with a case of smallpox about two weeks ago, has a case of smallpox also. It is not so severe with her, as she was vaccinated at the time her son was first discovered with the disease.

Rev. Mr. Shulenbarger, of China Grove, will preach at Bear Creek Reformed Church, in No. 7 township, next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Rev. M. M. Noacker will conduct services at Kannapolis next Sunday afternoon at 8 o'clock. He is the Reformed Church pastor at China Grove. Everybody is invited to attend.

Mrs. M. Luther Bost, who lives near Brafford Mill, in No. 11 township, died Monday morning, after an illness of several weeks. She was married about seven years ago to M. Luther Bost, of No. 11 township, who, with two little girls, three and five years old, survived her. Before her marriage she was Miss Minnie Ridenhour, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ridenhour, of No. 8 township.

A large crowd of people from all parts of the county are here to-day attending the trial of State vs. Pink Dry and Gaston Blake, charged with the murder of Myrtle Fews, a colored woman of No. 11 township. A special venire of 100 had been summoned to appear here to-day, but the venire was exhausted before the jury was selected, and the sheriff was obliged to summon more jurors.

A negro baby was found dead in the branch opposite the power station of the Southern Power Co.'s plant here yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock. Two small negro boys discovered the body of the child while crossing the branch. Fannie Jeffries, a negro woman who lives at the double-tracking camp of the Southern railroad, and grandmother of the child, is in jail charged with the murder.

Among the civil cases disposed of in Superior Court this week this one of interest in Salisbury: John A. Benfield by his next friend vs. J. R. Cruse and W. L. Ray. The jury in this case gave a verdict of \$25.00 in favor of plaintiff. This suit was brought by young Benfield on account of officer Cruse, who is Chief of Police at Spencer, arresting him and placing him in jail on a warrant which Benfield alleges was illegally sworn out and on this he was forced to stay until he could make arrangement to secure his liberality. The suit was for \$2,000 damage but the jury gave him \$25.00. The case against magistrate Ray, who was named a party to the suit was thrown out of court.

What greater gift or blessing could one give than health and happiness. To your unhealthy friends give Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, nature's greatest tonic remedy. Drives out disease, brings back health and happiness. You'll be surprised the good it will do. Cornelson & Cook.

THE WEEK IN CONGRESS.

Committee to Investigate High Cost of Living may be Named This Week.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The fact that the President in his New York speech picked out for emphasis such subjects as postal savings banks, interstate commerce legislation, anti-injunction, statehood and conservation of natural resources seems to mark these as subjects for early consideration by Congress.

Especially is this true for the reason that measures to carry out these party pledges have reached stages before the appropriate committees.

It is remarked also that the character of Mr. Taft's allusions to the Federal incorporation bill would hardly justify the placing of that measure in the first rank of administration measures, while the fact that the ship subsidy was ignored altogether makes it questionable whether the Executive will bring pressure to bear to promote its charges.

Ship subsidy legislation seems almost certain to pass the Senate, but the democrats in the House are preparing to line up against the bill and they believe that with some Republican assistance they will be able to defeat it. It is not improbable that the Senate would then resort to placing the measure upon the post-office appropriation bill as a rider, in which event a second contest would be precipitated in the House.

It is expected that the select committee of the Senate designated to conduct the proposed inquiry regarding the price of food products and other necessities of life will be announced to-morrow, or, if not then, at an early day of the present week. There is little doubt that the Republican membership of the committee will consist as heretofore announced, of Senator Lodge, chairman, and Senators Elkins, McOsker, Smoot and Crawford. The Democratic membership has not been determined definitely, but the indications are that Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, and Senator Clarke, of Arkansas, will be asked to officiate on behalf of the minority membership.

The question of whether the House committee on ways and means will undertake the investigation of the high cost of living, in view of the action of the Senate, is still undetermined. There is no general demand for a rival inquiry and indications are that the House will be willing to leave the whole subject to the Senate.

Postal savings banks and appropriation bills will take up practically the entire week in the Senate. In the House the rivers and harbors bill will probably occupy considerable time and there are other appropriation bills ready for consideration. Among these is the postoffice bill carrying about \$240,000,000 and the Indian bill.

The Ballinger-Pinchot investigation is scheduled for resumption to-morrow. There will be important hearings also at both ends of the Capitol on the administration railroad bill. The hearings on the anti-option bill, involving the prohibition of transactions in futures of products of the soil on stock exchanges will be assumed to-morrow.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook and Wife Sail From Chilean Port.

Valdivia, Chile, Feb. 13.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the explorer, and his wife arrived here on board the German steamer Osiris, having taken cabin at Montevideo. Dr. Cook traveled under the name of T. Craig. He and his wife sailed north to-day. He declined to be interviewed.

The steamer Osiris sailed from Hamburg January 1 and from Antwerp January 8 for Callao. Presumably she touched at Montevideo, where the Cooks are said to have boarded her, but her call there has not been reported.

FOR STATE WATERWAYS.

Senator Simmons may be Able to Have Many of the Appropriations Increased.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The river and harbor bill was not reported from the House committee today as was expected but the following items will be carried for North Carolina.

Improving waterway from Norfolk harbor to Albemarle sound and for maintenance of improvement of inland water route from Norfolk to Albemarle sound through Currituck sound, \$5,000. Improving waterway from Norfolk to the sound \$5,000. Improving harbor at Beaufort \$5,000.

Improving Beaufort inlet \$7,500.

Improving Mantec, completing improvement in accordance with the report submitted in Sixtieth Congress, first session \$18,750.

Improving Bay river, completing improvement in accordance with the report submitted in Sixty-first Congress, second session \$21,000.

Improving Cape Fear river above Wilmington, continuing improvement with a view to securing a navigable depth of eight feet up to Fayetteville, including surveys and acquisition of land for locks and dams and completion of plans for the same in accordance with the report submitted to Sixtieth Congress, first session \$10,000.

Improving Cape Fear river at and below Wilmington continuing improvement to such depth in excess of twenty feet as the appropriations for the work may permit, due regard being given to the difference in tidal oscillation at the upper and lower portion of the improvement, \$200,000.

Improving Contentnea creek, \$2,000.

Improving Fishing creek \$1,500. Improving Neuse and Trent rivers, continuing improvement and for maintenance, including work in accordance with the plan for scouring a depth of four feet in the Trent river from Newbern to Trenton as recommended to Sixtieth Congress second session, \$88,000.

Improving New river and waterways to Beaufort, continuing improvement, and for maintenance of New river, including inland waterways between Beaufort harbor and New river, and between New river and Swansboro, \$28,700, of which sum \$6,700 may be expended upon New river in accordance with the report submitted to the Sixtieth Congress, second session.

Improving Northeast, Black and Cape Fear rivers, for maintenance of improvement of Northeast and Black rivers and of Cape Fear river above Wilmington, \$7,000.

Improving Pamlico and Tar rivers, \$5,000.

Improving Roanoke river, \$5,000.

Improving Souppernong river, \$2,500.

Improving South river, completing improvement in accordance with the report submitted to Sixtieth Congress, first session, \$16,000.

Waterway from Pamlico sound to Beaufort inlet, \$10,000. Improving connecting Swan Quarter bay, with Deep bay, completing improvement in accordance with the report submitted to the Sixtieth Congress, first session, \$14,575.

This bill will have to go to the Senate and then to conference. It may undergo many changes. Senator Simmons, being a member of the rivers and harbors committee, may have many of the items increased.—Charlotte Observer.

People easily constipated dread the winter. Nothing but hard, course meals. No fruits, no vegetables to keep the stomach active. Your best relief, your greatest friend now is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, the world's tonic physic. Do it to-night. Cornelson & Cook.