

# The Carolina Watchman.

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WM. H. STEWART, EDITOR

## TARIFF BILL SIGNED.

### FIRST DEMOCRATIC TARIFF LAW SINCE 1894.

Bill Signed by President Wilson Friday Surrounded by Democratic Leaders.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Surrounded by leaders of a united Democracy President Wilson at 9:00 o'clock tonight signed the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill at the White House. Simultaneously telegrams were sent to customs collectors throughout the country by the Treasury Department, putting into actual operation the first Democratic tariff revision since 1894.

A happy group of legislators, members of the cabinet and friends encircled the President as



President Woodrow Wilson.

he smilingly sat down and slowly affixed his signature with two gold pens.

He presented the pen that had written the word "Woodrow" to Representative Underwood and the one that completed his name to Senator Simmons; both of whom bowed their appreciation.

In impressive silence the President rose and delivered in easy, natural tones an extemporaneous speech that brought prolonged applause. He declared the journey of legislative accomplishment had not been completed; that a great service had been done for the rank and file of the country, but that the second step in the emancipation of business was currency reform. He earnestly called upon his colleagues to go "the rest of the journey" with fresh impulse.

"Gentlemen, I feel a very peculiar pleasure," said the President, "in what I have just done by way of taking part in the completion of a great piece of business. It is a pleasure which is very hard to express the feeling; because the feeling that I have is that we have done the rank and file of the people of this country a great service. It is hard to speak of these things without seeming to go off into campaign eloquence, but that is not my feeling. It is one very profound, a feeling of profound gratitude that working with the splendid men who have carried this thing through with studious attention and doing justice all round, I should have had part in serving the people of this country, as we have been striving to serve them ever since I can remember.

"I have had the accomplishment of something like this at heart ever since I was a boy and know men standing around me who can say the same thing, who have been waiting to see the things done which it was necessary to do in order that there might be justice in the United States; and so it is a solemn moment that brings such a business to conclusion and I hope I will not be thought to be demanding too much of myself or of my colleagues, when I say that this, great as it is, is the accomplishment of half the journey. We have set the business of this country free from those conditions which have made monopoly not only possible, but in a sense easy and natural. But there is no use

## LEADERS IN THOUGHT.

The Real Progressive Sometime Called an Alarmist is our Most Valuable Citizen.

The people of the State have been outrageously discriminated against in the matter of freight rates and the meeting at Raleigh shows they have been goaded to the point of desperation. What has the corporation commission been doing all these years while this discrimination has been going on, that until recently no progress had been made to stop it?—Concord Tribune.

The corporation commission, beloved, has been doing just what our legislators and other public men have been doing all these years, following the line of least resistance. The wrongs existed, there was some talk and a few people like E. J. Justice, Judge Clark and others, called radicals and extremists, called attention to the evil. They were called demagogues. The majority of our public men kept silent or counseled peace. Don't agitate, they said, it will hurt business or hurt the party. By and by the people took hold and when the State was becoming aroused to the iniquity of it all, some of our politicians got busy. They realized that something had to be done and it was done. The Landmark has for years contended that the so-called extremists, the radicals and the agitators, if you please, are our most useful citizens. The masses are hard to move. They endure the gravest wrongs for years without protest and only the continued, persistent agitation by the so-called radicals will arouse them. Often the agitators are extreme. But they have to be extreme to get the masses moved up to anything like the proper position. It is a lamentable fact, that when any great work is to be effected, the masses, aroused by a few leaders, must do it. Our public men rarely ever set the pace. They are always afraid an upturning might get them out of office.—Statesville Landmark.

taking away the conditions of monopoly if we do not take away the power to create monopoly; and it is financial rather than a merely circumstantial and economic power.

"The power to control and guide and direct the credits of the country is the power to say who shall and who shall not build up the industries of the country, in which direction they shall be built and in which direction they shall not be built. We are now about to take the second step which will be the final step in setting the business of this country free. That is what we shall do in the currency bill, which the House has already passed and which I have the utmost confidence the Senate will pass much sooner than some pessimistic individuals believe. Because the question, now that this piece of work is done, will arise all over the country, for what do we wait? Why should we wait to crown ourselves with consummate honor? Are we so self-denying that we do not wish to complete our success?"

"I was quoting to some of my colleagues in the Senate, those lines from Shakespeare, which have always appealed to me, 'If it be sin to covet honor, then am I the most offending soul alive,' and I am happy to say that I do not covet it for myself alone. I covet it with equal ardor for the men who are associated with me and the honor is going to come from them. I am their associate. I can only complete the work which they do. I can only counsel when they ask for my counsel. I can come in only when the last stages of the business are reached. And I covet the honor for them quite as much as I covet it for myself and I covet it for the great party of which I am a member; because that party is not honorable unless it redeem its name and serve the people of the United States."

## WOODLEAF IS A GOOD TOWN.

And Surrounded by a Splendid Agricultural Country and Modern Farmers.

Should you ever have occasion to pass Woodleaf on the train, do not express your opinion of the place by what you see around the depot. The town proper is nearly a mile from the railroad. Woodleaf is a historic town and was known by this name before the Civil War, but because of geographical conditions the railroad was built about one mile west of Woodleaf as the case at Coolemees. This is a great handicap to the growth of the town as a commercial and manufacturing center.

But these things receive little attention at Woodleaf. She is a great agricultural section, where among the best farming in Rowan County may be found. The growing of the finest variety of apples, peaches and cantaloupes is a noted industry in this section. Other grains produce well on the fertile land around Woodleaf.

A representative of THE WATCHMAN spent Sunday at Woodleaf, and he found that by far the greatest assets of the place were the hospitality of her citizens, the unity and friendliness of her people, and the religious influence that pervades the place. There are three churches there and the inhabitants are a church-going people. They have a splendid public school which opened Monday with a good attendance.

Another striking feature of the farm life at Woodleaf is that they live in the city and on the farm at the same time. We mean by this that they have adopted many modern, "civilized" methods which take much of the drudgery out of farm life. The writer visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Bailey and found Mr. Bailey in the front rank in modernizing rural life. He has an excellent system of water works and sewerage. He has water in his barn convenient for his stock. Mr. Bailey is just as up-to-date in his farming methods as he is in equipping his home. He and his assistant, Malcolm Hoover, both educated at A. & M. College, believe in scientific farming, in using their heads more and their hands less, and are meeting with good success in compelling old mother earth to surrender her hidden riches. Mr. Bailey is given only as an example of the many progressive farmers around Woodleaf.

B. W. Freese lost \$117 in a trade with a horse thief last Thursday afternoon. The thief, who gave his name as Johnson of Tennessee, stole a splendid sorrel horse from the Holland Livery Company, in Statesville, Wednesday night and arrived at Woodleaf Thursday afternoon. He succeeded in trading horses with Mr. Freese and the latter gave him \$80 boot. Johnson then offered Mr. Freese his horse back for \$87, to which he agreed. This man Johnson having \$117 after money, proceeded to make tracks, and hasn't been heard of since Mr. Holland, of Statesville, learned that Mr. Freese had his horse, went to Woodleaf Sunday for his horse. All Mr. Freese got from the deal was experience minus \$117.

## J. J. Crowley in Cincinnati.

A telegram received by N. O. Burns in Charlotte Sunday night stated that Jeremiah J. Crowley, the ex-Catholic priest, was in Cincinnati. The Menace located him by wire, and the tension concerning him was therefore off. His failure to notify the Menace of his whereabouts had caused apprehension that something had happened to him.

Mr. Crowley has thousands of friends in Charlotte and Salisbury who will be relieved to know that he is safe and sound, he having been reported lost last Saturday. He has canceled his lectures till the fifteenth owing to hoarseness, which was evident while here.

## REV. L. L. LOHR AGAIN PRESIDENT.

Re-Elected as Head of Lutheran Synod. Meet Next in Virginia.

Hickory, Oct. 8.—The faculty and students of Lenoir College gave an entertainment in the auditorium last night in honor of the Lutheran Synod, consisting of instrumental and vocal music and readings.

The third day's session of the Synod met this morning with Holy Trinity congregation, Rev. W. A. Dorr conducting the opening service.

The Historical Committee made its report, showing that work along this line is being done. The purpose of this committee is to complete a good history of the Synod up to the centennial year of Synod, 1920.

The reports of the Committee on Unfinished Business, and State of the Church and the treasurer's report consumed the remaining time of the morning session. All of these reports show progress in the work of the Synod in Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina.

The afternoon session was opened at 2 o'clock and the Synod considered the report of the Committee on the President's Report. The consideration of this report was postponed and the Synod proceeded to the election of officers, which resulted as follows: President, Rev. L. L. Lohr; vice president, Rev. E. L. Lybrand; secretary, Rev. D. I. Offman; treasurer, M. L. Manney; statistical secretary, Rev. E. J. Sox.

The recommendation of the president that provision be made for the organization of missionary societies for women in the Synod, after considerable argument, was adopted.

J. O. Huitt, president of the Board of Trustees of Lenoir College, submitted his report. It showed the condition of the college to be the best it ever has been in its 20-odd years of history, having at present an enrollment of 285 students. 20 per cent. or 25 young men are preparing themselves for the ministry.

The Synod decided to hold its next convention with St. Mary's Church, near Mount Jackson, Shenandoah County, Va.

## Chronic Dyspepsia

The following unsolicited testimonial should certainly be sufficient to give hope and courage to persons afflicted with chronic dyspepsia: "I have been a chronic dyspeptic for years, and of all the medicines I have taken, Chamberlain's Tablets have done me more good than anything else," says W. G. Mattison, No. 7 Sherman St., Hornellsville, N. Y. For sale by all dealers.

## The Spectator Thinks Bryan is Following Steps of Republicans.

London, Sept. 30.—"There is now a national foreign policy in the United States, which may be called imperialistic, or as one chooses," says The Spectator today, in summarizing the work of President Wilson's administration. Crediting President Roosevelt with extending the Monroe Doctrine so as to establish protectorates over Santo Domingo and Honduras, The Spectator: "The treaty with Nicaragua, which Mr. Bryan hopes to get ratified, means that the Democrats have adopted bodily the foreign policy of the Republicans."

"The immediate motive for this national foreign policy is, of course, to be found in the Panama Canal. It is convenient for the United States, which has to protect the canal, that the Caribbean Sea should be as far as possible an American sea."

## A Marvelous Escape

"My little boy had a marvelous escape," writes P. F. Bastians of Prince Albert, Cape of Good Hope. "It occurred in the middle of the night. He got a very severe attack of cramp. As luck would have it, I had a large bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house. After following the directions for an hour and twenty minutes he was through all danger." Sold by all dealers.

## SCOTCH IRISH BOND DEEP.

Bond Orators are Requested to Return Flowers to go on her Grave.

EDITOR OF THE WATCHMAN, Dear Sir: It is with pleasure I write to your paper in regard to Scotch Irish Township's bond issue of \$20,000 to build roads. It is to the credit of the voters that they voted it down with an overwhelming vote of 90 to 28 last Wednesday. Everybody seemed to be in good humor and very quiet.

We have had a hot campaign from both sides. The advocates have had the support of Ireddell County as well as a few lawyers and real estate men in Salisbury. Z. V. Long, Esq., of Statesville, made us good speeches in favor of the bonds on two occasions, and told us they had voted \$400,000 in bonds to build roads in Ireddell and are going to issue \$200,000 more to complete the roads in the county. We think that "some" bonds for so small a county. Mr. Long failed to tell us in either speech what the taxation on the \$100 worth of property, but we have heard it is over \$1.00.

Walter Woodson, Esq., made a fine speech and urged our voters to vote for bonds. He said they had voted bonds in Salisbury to build streets. I understand they keep the city treasury strained to pay the interest and the taxes are steep. He also ridiculed Capt. Richard Henderson for writing an article for the papers against bonds. He said he was a sailor and ought not to bother with such things.

But to cap the climax the advocates of bonds, and I will say their leader and mouthpiece lives in Ireddell County, had a good-road speaking at our thriving little village of Nagmore the night before the election and challenged us to make a reply, so we asked our good friends, Mr. Furr and Mr. Swiggood, of Salisbury, to accept, and they and A. L. Smoot and a sewing machine agent were present for the occasion. Mr. Smoot said as he felt at home here in the neighborhood of his old home, he would introduce the speakers. He said we could believe Mr. Furr and Mr. Swiggood as he is personally acquainted with both. Both Mr. Furr and Mr. Swiggood made good speeches and gave the combined cost to the taxpayers should the bonds carry. Mr. Smoot made a good speech for road bonds and said that in his judgement we would make no mistake in voting bonds. He said he was willing to help in any good road movement for Scotch Irish and was willing to pay his part of the taxes for the privilege of riding over the roads three or four times a year. I was about to forget one of the speakers, the sewing machine agent. Mr. Smoot introduced him to make a good roads speech, so he reared up on his hind claws and cracked a few jokes and then told the dream he had some time ago that seemed to trouble him a good deal. He dreamed he went to heaven and knocked at the door and St. Peter asked him his name. St. Peter asked him if he was riding or walking, and he told him he was walking. St. Peter said no admission to walkers. He, the sewing machine agent, started down but lo and behold, who should he meet other than Mr. Swiggood? He told his trouble to Mr. Swiggood and the latter very readily offered a remedy by suggesting that Swiggood ride the agent up and both could get in. The agent thought this a good idea and agreed to let Swiggood mount and ride up to heaven. Swiggood knocked and St. Peter asked who is out, he said Swiggood. Are you riding? Yes. St. Peter answered, hitch your beast and come in.

The young ladies had prepared flowers for the road bond speakers and were expecting four to be present. Only two were present, so they divided the flowers between Mr. Smoot and the agent.

## CONFEDERATES TO MEET.

Major General J. S. Carr Calls Convention for October 22.

Durham, Sept. 19.—Gen. Julian S. Carr, commanding the North Carolina Division of United Confederate Veterans has issued a call for a convention of delegates from the camps of the division to meet in Raleigh Wednesday night, October 22. This action follows the failure to hold the annual State reunion. The call, which is general order No. 50, reads:

"As it has been impracticable to hold our annual reunion this year, and in accordance with the request of many comrades, a convention of delegates from the camps composing this division is hereby called to be held at 7:30 o'clock on the night of Wednesday, the 22nd of October, 1913, in the hall of the house of representatives in Raleigh. Only those camps whose dues are paid in full will be entitled to representation in this convention, and they will be entitled to send the same number of delegates as they sent to the reunion Chattanooga last May. Those camps which are in arrears should send without further delay their dues to Gen. W. E. Mickle, 824 Common Street, New Orleans. By so doing they will be entitled to send delegates to this convention, which is for the purpose of keeping up our organization by the election of officers and the transaction of such other business as may be desired."

"By the courtesy of the management of the State Agricultural Society free tickets will be given veterans for admission into the fair grounds. These tickets will be handed to all who may call for them at the meeting on the night of October 22. All Confederate veterans are cordially invited to attend this convention, but only the regularly accredited delegates will be entitled to a vote."

"By order of Maj. Gen. J. S. Carr, Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff."

## The Family Cough Medicine

In every home there should be a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, ready for immediate use when any member of the family contracts a cold or a cough. Prompt use will stop the spread of sickness. S. A. Stid, of Mason, Mich., writes: "My whole family depends upon Dr. King's New Discovery as the best cough and cold medicine in the world. Two 50c bottles cured me of pneumonia." Thousands of other families have been equally benefited and depend entirely upon Dr. King's New Discovery to cure their coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. Every dose helps. Price, 50c and \$1.00. All druggists. H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

So we hurried the bond issue for Scotch Irish at sun down October 1st, it being dead only about four weeks. All the voters did not think it necessary to be at the burying. There was only twenty-three present to mourn her timely death. We think the machine agent ought to send back his flowers to go on the grave as she is dead, dead, dead. With sympathy for the bereaved, I will close.

J. A. CRANFORD

## \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. O'BRIEN & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## SERMONS ON ROMANISM

### THE GREATEST SUBJECT BEFORE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

Dr. Thomas, of the Baptist Church, will give the Public Some Needed Information.

Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, D. D., the beloved pastor of the First Baptist Church of this city, who will celebrate his third anniversary with the Salisbury church on the first Sunday in December, has arranged to deliver a series of twelve sermons on the subject of Romanism. The Doctor is well prepared to discuss this matter and expects to deal only in facts of history and quotations from Romish theology. He will not offend any one's tastes or feelings and will handle the subject in a gentlemanly and scholarly manner. Every one should make it a point to hear as many of these sermons as possible, for it is believed they will be of great benefit to Christians of all denominations and others and is information much needed. The dates for the sermons will be made known later. In speaking of the subject in Baptist Bits, Dr. Thomas says:

The greatest question before the American people is Romanism. Our people are not well informed on these great questions which have marked the progress of the Papal Church. We expect to discuss its history, doctrines, some of its institutions, and its designs on the Republic. These sermons will be designed to lead men to the true New Testament doctrines of Salvation. No Catholic will find these sermons harsh or denunciatory, but they are to help men to know the truth and be free. In another column will be found the subjects, (subject to change) of these sermons. Every American citizen should arrange to hear these sermons. They will deal with historical facts, and will be helpful to all the people. The preacher will strive to keep only to the facts as revealed in history, and shall strive only to bring out the truth, and only the truth about Rome.

The subjects for discussion are as follows:

1. The Rise of Romanism: Is it of God or man?
2. The Doctrines of Romanism: Are they God given or man made?
3. The Attitude of Romanism to the Home: Is it helpful or harmful?
4. The Attitude of Romanism to the Public School: Is it divine or devilish?
5. The Attitude of Romanism to the State: Is it constructive or destructive?
6. The Attitude of Romanism to Liberty: Does it make slaves or freemen?
7. The Attitude of Romanism to Our Country: Is it seeking to rule or ruin our Republic?
8. Romanism and the Scarlet Woman: Are they one and the same power?
9. Romanism and the Confessional: Is it degrading or elevating to womanhood?
10. The Jesuits: The detective force of Romanism.
11. My Catholic Neighbors: Or how shall I help them?
12. The Great Forces in the Development of Protestantism.

## Women who get Dizzy

Every woman who is troubled with fainting and dizzy spells, backache, headache, weakness, debility, constipation or kidney troubles should use Electric Bitters. They give relief when nothing else will, improve the health, adding strength and vigor from the first dose. Mrs. Laura Gaines, of Avoca, La., says: "Four doctors had given me up and my children and all of my friends were looking for me to die, when my son insisted that I use Electric Bitters. I did so, and they have done a world of good." Just try them. 50c and \$1.00 at all druggists or by mail. H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia and St. Louis.