

# The Carolina Watchman.

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Wm. H. Stewart, Editor

## German Getting Out of France

### The Allies Have Been Busy Driving out Their Enemies.

#### RUSSIA TAKES 180,000 AUSTRINIANS.

### Turkey is Afraid to Act, Belgium and Serbia Lead Considerable Help.

London, Sept. 11.—10:25 p. m.—The battle of the Marne, at the French which has been in progress for a week in the territory between Paris and Verdun, and the Allies armies of France and England on one side and the Germans on the other, has not yet reached a decisive result.

The German right in the face of superior force and threatened with an outflanking movement, continues to retire to the North along the route over which General von Kluck made his famous lightning advance on Paris from the Belgian border after having defeated the Allies at Mons and again at Cambrai and Quentin.

With General von Kluck also according to French official reports, the right wing of General von Buelow's army, which supported his left, is falling back toward the Rivers Aisne and Oise. On von Buelow's left the army which was trying for weeks to break through the French line, also has stopped fighting and retired North. The German left wing, however, composed of other sections of the Prince of Wurtemberg's army and the army commanded by the German Crown Prince is still fighting with varying success. These armies, however, appear to have passed Verdun, as Berlin reports say they have been bombarding fortified positions South of that fortress.

Petrograd, Sept. 11.—Tomazow has been taken after a desperate fight. The German troops near Mysinec and Chorzele, Russian Poland, have been repulsed with heavy losses. The Russian troops have taken, by assault the fortified position of Opole and Tourline, Russian Poland and pursued the enemy a distance of 25 miles. Russian cavalry still is driving the rear guard of the enemy.

Paris, Sept. 11.—4:40 p. m.—The French military authorities who heretofore have confined the information made public concerning the military operations East of Paris to laconic statements very general in character, today gave a lengthy description of the most important battle since the beginning of hostilities.

Evidently the left wing of the Allied armies facing the north-east has borne the brunt of the preliminary engagements in which the British took such a prominent part so well that they are the object of highest compliments on the part of French military men.

The combat according to official announcement, seems to be developed into an abandonment of at least the advance positions held by the Germans who, it is announced, are retiring along a greater part of the line. This retirement is said to have been for 45 miles at some points.

Furious onslaughts, sometimes by the French and again by the German, occurred about the center of an extensive line in the vicinity of Viry-Le-Francois.

Three great German armies commanded by general von Kluck the Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm and the Duke of Wurtemberg effected a junction and repeatedly hurled themselves against the French positions with the greatest vigor but they were not able to achieve their seeming object of breaking the Allies' center and thus dividing the Anglo-French armies.

Paris, Sept. 12.—11:34 p. m.—The following official communication was issued tonight by the French war office:

"N twisdrading the fatigue occasioned by five days of incessant fighting, our troops are vigorously pursuing the enemy, which is in general retreat.

"This retreat appears to have been more rapid than the advance. This has been so precipitate that certain points that our troops have gathered up at the general quarters, notably Moutmirail, charts, documents, and personal papers abandoned by the enemy, and also packages of letters which had been received or were ready to be forwarded.

"In the district of Fromentres the enemy abandoned several batteries of mortars and a number of caissons of ammunition."

London, Sept. 12.—p. m.—The German army which a week ago today commenced a series of violent attempts to break through the French center have found their efforts futile, and, evacuated

Viry-Le-Francois, the pivot of their offensive and where they had fortified already strong natural positions, they have retired northward.

This retirement was made imperative by the continued retreat of the German right wing, which is somewhere northwest of Rheims, and the defeat of an army corps, which was operating just east of Viry Le Francois, around Rovigny and Sermaiz, and which, in its hurry to join the retirement, left a quantity of war material behind for the French to pick up.

The Germans in the Argonne district likewise have begun to fall back, so that the pressure on the forts southwest of Verdun, which a Berlin report said the Germans had commenced to bombard, should be relieved.

### French Win in Lorraine.

In Lorraine, too, the French claim to have won further successes to have been enabled to straighten out their line along that frontier. They have occupied territory east of the forest of Champenour, Gerbeville, Resinville, and Saint Die, thus getting in closer touch with their troops, which, since the early days of the war have held a bit of German territory in front of Colmar.

Apparently the Germans, who sent the best of their army farther west to take in the advance on Paris, have found the mountains of Meuse and Vosges, where the French were in strong positions, too hard a nut to crack.

### Belgians Retake Town.

The Belgian army has become active again, and according to official reports tonight, is advancing from the forts around Antwerp. It apparently has divided into sections and has recaptured both Aerschot and Malines, where there have been so many engagements the past few weeks, and has won so far southeast as the battlefields of August and coming down on both sides of what remains of Louvain, has cut communications between that town and Brussels on the west, and between Louvain and Tirlemont on the southeast. Another army is harassing German forces advancing southward to France.

While the Belgians have only about 80,000 troops it is a mobile force and can cause trouble to the weakened German army of occupation in Belgium.

### Russians Battle Fiercely.

The Russians continue to strike at the Austrian left in Galicia, and, according to Petrograd reports, they have succeeded in smashing it. The object in concentrating the attack on this wing of the Austrian army is obvious, for the Russians have desired more than anything else at the present time to put the Austrian army entirely out of the fight before more German reinforcements could come to its aid.

### Activity in Southern Seas.

Australian and New Zealand seem to have designs on all German Islands in the South Pacific. After the occupation of German Samoa by a New Zealand force, the Australian navy occupied Herbertshohe, German headquarters in New Britain.

The Australians have a useful squadron headed by the dreadnaught Australia, and probably will be heard more in the Pacific. The Archipelago they now occupy has a population of 200,000 and was assigned to the German sphere of influence by an agreement with Great Britain in 1885.

### Provisions and Guns Taken.

"Six thousand prisoners and fifteen guns were captured on the tenth and eleventh and the enemy is reported to be continuing his retirement rapidly over the Aisne, evacuating the Soissons region."

"The British cavalry is reported today to be at Fismes, not far from Rheims."

"While the German right wing thus has been driven back and thrown into disorder, the French army's further to the east have been strongly engaged with the German center, which has pushed forward as far as Viry Le Franco. Between September 8 and 10, our allies were unable to make much impression west of Viry. On the eleventh, however, this portion of the German army began to give way, and eventually abandoned Viry-Le-Francois."

"Between the Upper Marne and the Meuse, the French troops are following up the enemy and driving a portion of his forces northward toward the Argonne forest country."

### Germans Suffer Greatly.

"The third French army reports today that it has captured the entire artillery of a hostile army corps, a capture which probably represents about 180 guns. The enemy, thus in retreat along the

## Piling on Avoirdupois

### How Tubercular Patients at the State Sanatorium Gain Over 100 Pounds a Week.

From 100 to 120 pounds of avoirdupois in a week isn't bad gaining for sick folks, is it? That is just what from 80 to 90 tubercular patients are gaining at the State Sanatorium every week. What's more, they are doing that during hot weather.

Consumption is a wasting disease. As long as the disease is progressing, the victim loses flesh. When the patient begins to improve, one of the first symptoms is a gain in weight. A gain in weight means that not only is the course of the disease checked and this wasting away or "consumption" halted, but that the tide of the battle is completely reversed, that tubercle bacilli are on the run and that the physical condition of the body is being rapidly improved.

Every Saturday morning each patient at the Sanatorium is weighed. They soon learn the meaning of a gain in weight, and a gain of a pound or two over the previous week is music in the patient's ears. Some of the patients at the sanatorium, of course, gain faster than others. Some gain as much as four or five pounds a week. Others barely hold their own, and a few in the last stages may gain a little one week and lose a little next week, and so it goes. The total gain of all the patients amounts to from 100 to 120 pounds a week, or about three tons a year.

The great surprise to many people who visit the Sanatorium for the first time is the general healthy looking condition of the patients. Ordinarily, we expect tubercular people to be thin, poor and emaciated, but, as a layman expressed himself a few days ago the patients he saw at the sanatorium were "healthier looking bunch than the general run of people over here on the streets of A." Nor or they deceiving their looks. They are getting well and strong on sanatorium treatment.

For further information concerning this sanatorium write to Dr. L. B. McBrayer, superintendent, Montrose, N. C.

whole line west of the Meuse, has suffered gravely in morale, besides encountering heavy losses in personnel and material."

### Italy Again Urged.

Rome, Sept. 12.—Via Paris, 9:05 p. m.—French advances have just been made by Germany and Austria with the object of inducing Italy to abandon her neutrality, it being urged that Italy's action might be decisive for either side.

Austrian naval experts point out that the allies, from a naval standpoint, have achieved nothing against Austria and argue that it hardly was possible that they would dare attack the combined naval forces of Austria and Italy.

### Turkey Thinks Again.

Petrograd, Sept. 12.—Word comes from Sofia, that, influenced by recent Russian victories, Turkey will not risk an adventure against Russia.

Russia's returning from Vienna say the impression that the Austrian reverses mean the investment of the capital dominates the spirit of the people. After the capture by the Russians of Lemberg, capital of Galicia, Count Borchold, minister of foreign affairs, presided.

The shipment of gold to Turkey by way of Rumania continues.

London, Sept. 12.—10:45 p. m.—The sixth week of the war between Germany and France, Great Britain and Belgium, has brought a vast transformation. The pursued are now the pursuers. The irresistible sweep of seven German armies through Belgium into France met an immovable force at the river Marne.

The army of General Von Kluck, which so long battled to turn the allies western flank, was slowly and steadily outflanked. Its retirement before the small but hardy British army turned the tide of battle.

Today, if French official reports are correct, all the German armies except that facing Verdun and a few miles southwest, are retreating.

General Joffre, French commander-in-chief, pictures the retreat as hurriedly, if not disorderly, with the Germans abandoning prisoners, wounded, and supplies.

Last Sunday was the darkest day of the war for the allies. The French government emigrated from Paris to Bordeaux in a long and procession of motor cars. An attack on the capital appeared imminent and the main German

force had hammered a huge wedge into France between Paris and Verdun, with its center some miles east of that line.

The French people trembled with the question whether their army was not a beaten army; whether the history of 1870 would repeat itself.

The battle of the Marne, which has decided the first phase of the war and to have made impossible the plan which the German staff is supposed to have had of smashing the French by one comprehensive stroke, and then turning the bulk of the German forces eastward to confront the Russians.

The military experts, however, are still cautious. While recognizing the possibility that the German armies may yet rally and draw a strong defense line, they recognize also the possibility of the almost complete evacuation of France and Belgium. Paris announced that the Germans have evacuated Amiens. The position of German reinforcements of 60,000 reported to be marching south on three roads in that neighborhood is not known.

The Belgian army is credited with the determination to reoccupy Brussels and claim to have cut the railroad between Liege and Brussels, thus severing an important German line of communication. It claims to be pushing the scattered German forces, composed for the most part of reservists, toward the southeast.

Military authorities in France consider the position of the German armies critical. The army which was south of the Argonne Forest, they argue, hardly can retreat eastward, owing to the danger from the strong French forces of Verdun, while the mountainous character of the Argonne district renders retreat due north impracticable. The left wing of the Germans, they believe must retreat in a northwesterly direction.

The people cherish the hope that the Belgians may succeed in clearing the Germans out of Brabant, when the entire German army would be obliged to retreat on Luxembourg, an operation which they liken to the passing of a large stream through a narrow bottle neck.

### Russia Beats a Million.

In the battles proceeding in Galicia and Russia Poland, success appears to cling to the Russians. They are reported to have won a decisive victory at Krasnik and Tomaszow Thursday. The Austrian and German armies are estimated at forty divisions of infantry and eleven of cavalry, totaling more than a million men, and reinforced by several German divisions. The Russians describe their line as extending over several hundred miles. (A verst is about 1/2 of a mile.)

Fighting has been proceeding continuously since August 25th, and the Russians claim to be winning both in Poland and Galicia.

Vienna says the Austrians were successful during the first stages of the fighting in Galicia and took 10,000 prisoners, but that they were obliged to withdraw from Lemberg and concentrate in a better position, because the northern wing of the Austrian army in Poland was threatened by greatly superior numbers.

The chief of Raw Russia, which is proceeding, apparently will prove the crucial test of the Austrian army. Archduke Frederick of Austria is with the army there. A message from sources near the front to Austria declares the result of the Galician operations will determine whether the Austrian army will continue to be a factor in the war. Austria is reported to be enrolling her last classes of reservists.

### German Fleet Cruising.

Copenhagen, via London, Sept. 13.—(4:40 a. m.)—A dispatch from Raumo, Finland, says that according to statements by pilots and fishermen, a German fleet has been cruising for the last two days in the waters south of the Aland Islands. The fleet includes seven dreadnaughts and cruisers of the Friesland class, two big cruisers, four torpedo boats of the first class, and many coal and repair vessels. Aboard the cruiser Blucher the flag of Chief Admiral Prince Henry, of Prussia, was hoisted.

London, Sept. 14.—10:10 p. m.—Except for the army which has been attacking Verdun, the German forces in France have fallen back all along the line, according to the French official reports issued this afternoon.

From Nancy to the Vosges they have withdrawn from French territory, while on the extreme right General Von Kluck and General Von Buelow continue to retreat to the northeast before the French and British, even giving up their

(Continued on page four.)

## Gambling in Catholic Churches.

### A Specimen of the Holy Catholic Religion. Similar Conduct Likely Anywhere.

From the Menace.

Carter H. Harrison, Roman mayor of the city of Chicago, has given us an example of what we may expect if Rome succeeds in her purpose to make America Catholic, and if the offices of the nation are ever filled with men of his type.

He has decided that the Roman Catholic church in Chicago may gamble, in violation of law, and that the police shall not attempt to enforce the anti-gambling laws of Chicago against the churches, but that they must be enforced against gambling houses other than Catholic.

We glean this information from the following startling article taken from the Chicago Daily Tribune of August 4th: Round and round it goes. Where it stops nobody knows, etc.—Ballyhoo Ballad.

Mayor Harrison announced yesterday that the churches of Chicago could run such gambling games as they choose.

The mayor put his announcement in such terms that his lifting of the embargo in behalf of bazaars may be interpreted as a victory for the appealing church officers with a large interrogation point.

Chief of Police Gleason stopped the operation of paddle games and wheels of chance at amusement parks. When he was asked about the possible extension of the order to church bazaars he answered that it applied to them as well. Mayor Harrison supported the chief in this assertion.

But yesterday the mayor made a statement. "At first," he said, "I made no distinction between the paddle wheels at parks and those at church socials and bazaars, but since so many inquiries and protests have come to me I have decided to leave the question of morals and ethics to the church people."

"If churches want to run these 'vicious gambling games' it is up to them. I have notified Chief Gleason that it will be improper for him to issue permits to churches so they may operate their games of chance, but he may ignore their violations."

The chief of police has been notified, says the mayor, that he should not issue regular gambling permits to the churches, but if they wish to gamble, which they do, they are not to be interfered with by the police department.

We presume that the same ruling will apply in the case of the churches which wish to sell liquor. They will probably not be given license like the ordinary saloon, for a church saloon is an extraordinary saloon but they can run without being molested by the police department. Is it right, Mr. Harrison?

The first thing we know Catholic churches will take the places of all the saloons, gambling dens and houses of prostitution to avoid the law governing such enterprises.

This is Romanism in Chicago since Chicago has been made Roman Catholic, Mr. Deceit Citizen! How do you like it?

### An Editor Assaulted.

E. W. Bunker, secretary of the National Protestant League and managing editor of the National Protestant, with offices in the Davidson building, at Sioux City, Iowa, was assaulted by an unknown man and felled by a sandbag in the toilet room on the fourth floor of said building on August 18th, and is reported to be in a critical condition as a result of his wounds.

It is reported that a stranger had visited the offices of Mr. Bunker earlier in the day and informed him that if he did not quit publishing the National Protestant immediately somebody would get him, and departed without leaving any clue to his identity.

Mr. Bunker believes that the man who gave him the warning and the one who assaulted him are one and the same person, and it is presumed that he is some enraged fanatic who belongs to the "holy Roman church and probably the knights of Mob and Murder."

This kind of treatment is what Romanists term "muscular Christianity," and the kind of Christianity that is sealing the doom of the priesthood and the Roman church in America. The only question is, just how many lives are to be sacrificed before the people wake up to the truth of what Romanism is and what it stands for before they will summon enough courage to rise up in their

might and wipe this damnable scourge from the face of the earth.

To the credit of the state high school board of Minnesota, be it noted that they have refused to violate the constitution of that state at the behest of Archbishop Ireland. When his nibe insisted upon their violating the state constitution by allowing the so-called sisters to wear their papal uniforms while teaching in the schools, the board stood by the state law and adopted a rule more explicit than ever. Now, if they will discharge every enemy of public education from service in the public schools of Minnesota, their good work will be complete.

If the papists are given a share of the school fund, as they demand, the Jews, Infidels, Rationalists, Buddhists, Mormons and every sect conceivable can consistently demand the same thing. The result would be such a division of school funds as to destroy the public school; and that is what the papists are working for. "Peter's wife's mother lay sick of a fever." Peter, therefore, was a married man. Being such is it not the least bit strange that he should be selected as the head and foundation of a celibate priesthood?

## Cancer, What you Need to Know About it

Cancer killed over 1,200 North Carolinians last year. One woman out of every eight and one man out of every fourteen that reaches forty years of age dies from cancer. At present 90 per cent of cancer attacks prove fatal. This is largely because they were not recognized early and removed by a competent surgeon. Cancers usually appear at some point of local irritation, such as a corn-stay on the breast or a cigar-stump or pipe on the lip.

Be on the lookout for cancers. Any painless lump appearing on the body should be explained by a physician. A lump on the breast that does not disappear in two weeks should be examined at once by a doctor. Moles, warts or marks on the body, which begin to change in appearance or show signs of irritation, should be completely removed. Don't wait to be absolutely sure it is a cancer before you act. It may be too late then, and other parts of the body may be similarly infected by that time. The chances of cure are very high with early operation, but these chances decrease with every day of delay. Don't waste time with advertised cancer cures. They don't cure. An early operation is practically painless, and the only reliable means of curing the disease.

### To Prolong Life.

Take no chances. With whiskey or other alcoholic drinks. With cigarettes or other tobacco products. With "dopes" or other poisonous drugs. With the sowing of wild oats or other forms of vice.

### Heart for Glynn

William Randolph Hearst, of yellow journal fame, is out in a signed editorial in the Chicago Examiner in defense of Governor Glynn of New York, and is "supporting him for re-election."

Glynn is the Roman Catholic, Nit of Columbus governor who recently said in public that "Catholics should band together and show, instead of the teeth of the lamb, the fangs of the lion."

Glynn has already shown the fangs of the lion, in that he has appointed none but Roman Catholics to office since he has been governor and if we are not mistaken William Sulzer and the American party are going to pull Glynn's fangs at the general election in November, provided Glynn gets the democratic nomination, and not one believes now that he will fail.

Sulzer has the Tammany crowd on the run at this writing, and if the good people of New York will stand by him he will give the state the only genuine cleaning it has had in a quarter of a century. —The Menace.

### Po-Do-Lax Bantishes Pimples.

Bad Blood, Pimples, Headaches, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., come from Indigestion. Take Po-Do-Lax, the pleasant and absolutely sure Laxative, and you won't suffer from a deranged stomach or other troubles. It will tone up the Liver and purify the blood. Use it regularly and you will stay well, have clear complexion and steady nerves. Get a 50c. bottle today. Money back if not satisfied. All Druggists.

## A Double Suicide.

### C. B. Howell and Lizzie Griffin Found Strapped Together in a Lake at Charlotte.

C. B. Howell, night foreman of the Seaboard shop here, and Miss Lizzie Griffin, formerly an operator in the Monroe Telephone Exchange, were found dead in the lake in Lakewood Park, Charlotte. A leather strap bound the bodies together.

Howell went to Charlotte last Saturday night, Miss Griffin went later. They were together in a hotel, were seen together on street cars and suburban electric cars last Tuesday and Tuesday night. Miss Griffin's people here had Chief of Police T. B. Lancy write to the Charlotte police to be on the lookout for the man and woman as it was thought they were going on an excursion to Richmond.

Yesterday some boys found a boat on the lake in Lakewood Park, near Charlotte, and in the boat was clothing, a man's coat and hat and a woman's coat, hat, handkerchief, handbag and powder-puff. In the man's coat pocket a gold watch, twenty-five dollars in cash and a note reading: "We are in the lake. All through love," was found. The note is in the handwriting of a woman and to it are the names C. B. Howell and Lizzie Griffin. In the woman's coat pocket a necklace and four dollars were found.

As soon as the clothing was found officers were notified and work of dragging the lake commenced and it was kept up until late last night. When searchers went to the lake early this morning they found the bodies floating on the waters of the lake, a leather strap binding them together.

Mr. Howell made his home in Salisbury for a time, working in the shops at Spencer, and is well remembered here. His sister, Julia Howell, lives in Salisbury opposite the court house. The interment of Howell was in Charlotte and Miss Griffin was taken to Monroe.

## Germans' Stood Fire of Terrible Nature.

Paris, Sept. 11.—4:30 p. m.—An idea of how the Germans were harassed by artillery fire during their retreat was obtained on a visit to the fields near Meaux, the scene of a severe fight yesterday. The German infantry had taken a position in a sunken road on either side of which were stretched, in extended lines, hammocks, some of them natural and some the work of German soldiers.

Besides many bodies were 40 or 50 empty cartridge shells while fragments of clothing, caps and knapsacks were scattered about. This destruction was wrought by batteries three miles distant. Straggling clumps of wood intervened between the range had been determined by an officer on an elevation a mile from the gunners. He telephoned directions for the firing and through glasses watched the bursting shells.

The sunken road was littered with bodies today, sprawling in ghastly fashion, the faces almost had the same greenish gray hue as the uniforms worn. The road is lined with poplars, the branches of which were severed by fragments of shells and strewn among the dead. In places whole tops of trees had been torn away by the artillery fire.

### Serbia is Enthusiastic.

London, Sept. 10.—11:40 p. m.—Reuter's Rome correspondent sends the following, received in Rome from Nish, Serbia: "The taking of Semlin has caused great enthusiasm throughout Serbia. The people are proud that their army after seven weeks of war, not only has prevented a powerful enemy capturing Belgrade, but has inflicted humiliation on them by forcing them to evacuate their base of operations against Serbia."

"The victory has had a wonderful moral effect on the army and people."

### Stop That First Fall Cough.

Check your fall cough or cold at once—don't wait—it may lead to serious lung trouble, weaken your vitality and develop a chronic lung ailment. Get a bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey today; it is pure and harmless—use it freely for that fall cough or cold. If baby or children are sick give it to them, it will relieve quickly and permanently. It soothes the irritated throat, lungs and air passages, loosens Phlegm, is antiseptic and fortifies the system against colds. It surely prevents cold germs from getting a hold. Guaranteed. Only 25c at your druggists.