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Wm. H. STEWART, ED. AND PROP.

William Wyatt
THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

The Charleston Row

One Man Killed and Four Wounded Over Charleston Primary.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 15.—A pistol battle in which one man was killed and four others shot, broke up a meeting of the Democratic City Executive Committee here today when the votes at last Tuesday's primary were to be canvassed. A Nation Guard Company which, with fixed bayonets, helped the police to restore order, tonight still was patrolling nearby streets. The man killed was Sidney J. Cohen, a reporter for the Charleston Evening Post. He was shot through the lung. W. A. Turner, an insurance agent, and W. E. Wingate, superintendent of the changing, were seriously wounded. H. L. Wilensky, a city meter inspector and Jeremiah O'Brien, inspector of weights and measures and a member of the executive committee, received minor bullet wounds. Six arrests were made.

Today's trouble was the culmination of a bitter political campaign, which ended last Tuesday in a primary held while several companies of the National Guard were kept in readiness to suppress possible disorders.

One of the six men arrested, Max Goldman, a marine engineer, tonight was in a hospital suffering from a severe blow on the head. Others arrested are: H. J. Brown, ice-wagon driver and former policeman; H. J. Healy, former police sergeant; Conrad Steender, deputy sheriff and J. J. Beuken, keeper or a cemetery. The charges were preferred against any of them.

Governor Manning at Columbia, immediately upon being informed of the shooting, ordered the Washington Infantry to the scene, and with fixed bayonets quickly cleared the streets in the vicinity of the building. Later the militiamen aided civil authorities in patrolling the streets and remained on duty late tonight.

The entire Second Regiment, located here, was held in readiness at its armory. Governor Manning ordered local dispensaries closed.

There were only small groups of men on the streets tonight and no outward evidence of more disorder.

The militia is under command of Colonel E. M. Blythe of Greenville in the absence of Adjutant General Moore, who is attending the rifle matches at Jacksonville.

Charleston had been prepared for trouble since last Monday night when Governor Manning ordered four companies of State Guardsmen and three divisions of naval militia held in their armories. Tuesday, primary day, passed quietly, however, and at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning the guardsmen withdrew. Followers of Mayor John P. Grace, an aspirant for re-nomination, charged that Governor Manning was unnecessarily trying to interfere with the primary.

Unofficial returns showed that Hyde had been nominated by a majority of 19 votes out of more than 6,000 cast. More than 100 votes were contested by the Grace adherents and the city executive committee met today to canvass the returns.

Bitterness engendered by the campaign, the presence of the militia on primary day and the closeness of the vote created such a threatening atmosphere that many extra policemen were detailed in and in front of the building where the meeting was to be held today. The building was crowded and a large crowd in front was held in check by the officers.

Just as the meeting was to be called to order, a fight started in a hallway adjoining the committee room fired a shot and the real fight was on. Several pistols were brought into play and as the firing continued amid the scramble to escape, yelling and cries of

U. S. Recognizes Carranza.

Gets on Normal Footing With Mexico After Lapse of Nearly Three Years.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Diplomatic relations between the United States and Mexico will be formally renewed tomorrow after a lapse of two years and eight months by the formal recognition of Venustiano Carranza as the chief executive of the de facto government of Mexico.

Secretary Lansing and the Ambassadors from Brazil, Chile, and Argentina, and the Ministers from Bolivia, Uruguay and Guatemala constituting the Pan-American conference on Mexican affairs, met today and decided upon the form in which their respective governments would present recognition and fixed tomorrow as the time for the act.

Each Government will address to General Carranza a letter or note of recognition to be delivered to Eliseo Arredondo who will leave here Wednesday or Thursday to convey in person the letters of recognition from the several governments.

With the decision on the form of recognition the Pan-American conference on Mexican affairs adjourned.

Since recognition was agreed upon a week ago, official reports show that a material change for the better has taken place in Mexico; that railroads and telegraph lines are being rapidly repaired and that conditions are fast becoming normal in many places. Thousands of troops hitherto under Gen. Villa have taken advantage of the offer of amnesty and laid down arms and Secretary Lansing and the Pan-American diplomats feel that a fair start has been made toward restoration of peace and reconstruction, the success of which depends upon the administrative ability of Carranza and his advisers.

Tomorrow's action will mean the immediate proclamation of an embargo on arms in accordance with the joint resolution passed by Congress in March 1912.

European governments will be notified by Secretary Lansing of the Washington government's action in extending recognition and it is understood most of them will follow the lead of the United States.

An American ambassador to Mexico has not yet been selected, but it is believed one of the United States diplomatic representatives in one of the Latin American countries probably will be chosen.

wounded, some one threw three ballot boxes out of the window.

Cohen was shot as he was making for a window to escape when a pistol for which two men were fighting was discharged.

Whether any of the wounded were really participating in the fight had not been made known tonight.

When the shooting was heard by those in the crowd outside the building, trouble was threatened there for a time. The extra force of police held the crowd in check while a hurry call was sent to Sheriff Martin and a message sent to Governor Manning. The governor immediately ordered out the Washington Infantry and the company was on the scene within an hour and a half after the first shot was fired. The governor then ordered that the entire second regiment be held ready.

The ballot boxes thrown from the windows were recovered and so far as known tonight none of the boxes in the room was missing. It was said tonight the executive committee would count the ballots tomorrow and announce its decision.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's
The Old Standard Grove's Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Bile, Purifies the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 25 cents.

Great Good in Your Store

Retailer who Makes Farmers Feel Easy in his Place of Business Succeeds.

Charlotte Observer.

How do you greet the farmer when he comes to town? Is your greeting such that he feels that he is not one of us? Or is he made to feel that he is in town, among his people, and with his friends?

The making of the marring of the town depends greatly upon your attitude toward the farmer when he favors you with his visits.

He is the backbone of the community, and without his aid and encouragement yours would be an unprosperous business community.

The townsman is no better than the man from the farm, and the farmer can claim no superiority over the townsman.

All are human beings, with the same aims and purposes in life, endowed with the same brains of intelligence.

In fact all are brothers of a common community, the only difference being that one lives in town, where life is a little more diversified, while the other breathes God's pure air in the green fields of the country.

Let all remember that they are brothers, and sisters, and cousins, and that the welfare of the one is vital to the success of the other.

When you ride out into the country the farmer extends the hand of fellowship, bids you welcome, and hands you a hearty "come again."

It is a delightful characteristic of the man from the farm, for his greeting is sincere and his invitation is from the heart.

But what of you when the farmer comes to town?

Is your welcome on the same high plane as his?

Is he made to feel and realize that your smile is for him, and not for the contents of his purse?

You of the town are proud of the farmers of your community, and of their wives and the daughters.

They are men and women of a high order of intelligence, whose integrity is beyond question, and whose thrift, and energy, and perseverance is transforming our countryside into a hive of industry and wealth.

They are builders one and all. But we fear that we of the town are often forgetful of the great duty that we owe to them for their loyalty and generosity in support of the local business community.

We ourselves know of the high regard in which we hold the farmers of the community, but we doubt if the farmer knows of the warm sentiments which we entertain toward him.

And this is because we think much and say too little. It should not be so.

Let us of the town cultivate a more friendly and neighborly spirit, let us open up our hearts that the farmer may look within, for we are but one big family and should dwell together in unity and brotherly love.

Let us act as we feel, and give the farmer to understand that he is of us, as well as with us.

We need each other for a prosperous farming community makes a live town, and the prosperity of the towns adds life and enjoyment to the countryside.

That Chinaman who told the Peace Congress at San Francisco that China is being forced to become a military nation by the aggressions of other nations, and has been compelled to import followers of the Prince of Peace from Christian lands to teach heathen China how to turn plowshares into swords and pruning hooks into spears, in self defense, that Celestial delivered himself of what the late Major Jack Hall of Rowan county would have called a "surbinder."—Statesville Landmark.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Painful, itching, and burning piles cured in 6 to 14 days. No surgery, no medicine. The only application gives ease and relief. 25 cents.

The War Drags Wearily On

Big Fighting is on Serbian and Bulgarian Soil. The Allies are "Going to" Help.

Oct. 17.—The French Government has announced the existence of a state of war between France and Bulgaria, dating from 6 a. m. October 16. This follows the British declaration made the previous night.

Almost co-incidentally comes the report from Athens that the French troops in Macedonia are engaged with 40,000 Bulgarians.

Already thousands of Anglo-French troops, who landed at Saloniki, are en route to form a junction with the Serbians or take up strategic positions against the Bulgarian advance.

A late dispatch from Malta, the British naval station in the Mediterranean, predicts that the Entente Allies in the next few days will send strong new forces to Saloniki for operations against the Teutons and Bulgarians. Hard pressed on the Save Danube front by Austro-German troops estimated at 280,000 men and fighting at various points to check the Bulgarians, the Serbians are anxiously awaiting Anglo-French assistance, but they are favored by weather conditions and natural defenses of the country with the result that the invaders' progress has not been pronounced.

Italian participation in the Balkan campaign apparently is no nearer than at the beginning of hostilities, but the Italians on the Austrian frontier have displayed renewed activity and according to the Italian official communication "by a bold and well-conducted operation took by storm the strong position of Proseguina."

This is an important strategic point, near Lake Garda and its capture was effected only after the heaviest fighting. The operation permitted the Italians to take up strong positions on the surrounding heights.

In the Western theater important operations have been in progress in Lorraine and the Vosges Mountains, and it is probable also that the Allied warships have been bombarding the Belgian coast as there was continued heavy gun fire in that direction throughout Sunday.

In the East the German offensive operations are being confined chiefly to the Riga and Dvinsk districts Berlin reports some advances. On the remainder of the Russian front the offensive apparently is in the hands of the Russian commanders. The Germans everywhere are showing signs of preparations for the winter campaign in that zone.

The British, French and Serbians have joined forces in the Balkans and attacking the Bulgarian town of Strumitsa, according to latest dispatches from Saloniki by way of Athens. The operations are being conducted vigorously and the advice add that the fall of Strumitsa is imminent.

Anglo-French forces just about the time of the outbreak of hostilities between Serbia and Bulgaria, were hurried northward from Saloniki to Giyegeli, which is directly south of Strumitsa. Apparently they are carrying out the previously reported plan of invading Bulgaria, in addition to assisting Serbia in holding back the Bulgarians.

Facts For Sufferers.

Pain results from injury or congestion. Be it neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, neuritis, toothache, sprain, bruise, sore stiff muscles or whatever pain you have yields to Sloan's Liniment—brings new fresh blood, dissolves the congestion; relieves the injury, the circulation is free and your pain ceases as if by magic. The nature of its qualities penetrate immediately to the sore spot. Don't keep on suffering. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment. Use it. It means instant relief. Price 25c and 50c. \$1.00 bottle holds six times as much as the 25c size.

The Tented City

A Wonderful Business System Controls Carl Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus.

The show grounds of the Carl Hagenbeck-Wallace Circus is a city within itself, lacking only a town council and a State charter. It has its own lawyers, postmaster, dentists, doctors, carpenters, painters, detectives, blacksmiths, wagon-makers, laundrmen, barbers, shoemakers, sailors, sail-makers, harness-makers, store-keepers and photographers. It supports a great hotel, in which thousands of meals are cooked and eaten every day in the week.

Twenty two tents that cover a small-size farm houses the circus in the day time. The largest tent is 540 feet in length, and among the biggest ever constructed. Six gigantic oak poles form the chief support. Any one of them is larger than the largest mast on a sea-sailing vessel; the smallest tent is the one used to house the circus barber shop. At night the circus is transported on a show train one mile in length and divided into three sections; another man sees the great institution in another city. In a single season the circus train travels almost 80,000 miles, making stops in about 200 cities and giving 400 performances. The big show has exhibited in every city of any size in the United States. While the Hagenbeck-Wallace Show is an American institution and entirely controlled by capital of this country, yet the show is equally well-known in the old countries.

The wonderful creative ideas of Carl Hagenbeck and the remarkable system of B. E. Wallace are still the active principles of the management. Not a year has passed without improvement in the growth. On Wednesday, Nov. 8, the big show will come to Salisbury with an entire new equipment. The program that is offered is the best this season in the history of the organization. There are more than 400 artists on the list that offer new and sensational novelties and thrills. Fifty novelties will add fun. The Carl Hagenbeck trained wild animals will be seen in an immense steel arena. The circus-day festivities will be opened by an immense street parade at 10 o'clock in the morning on the day of exhibition.

To Raise Army of 800,000 in Six Years.

Washington, Oct. 16.—Employers throughout the United States, corporations, manufacturers, professional men, tradesmen and business men of all classes, will be asked to contribute, as their share in the national defense permission for their employees to engage without serious financial loss in two months military training during each of three years.

This is an essential part of the administration's plan for raising a citizen army of 800,000 men in six years which, with a regular army of 140,000 men and 800,000 reserves, would give a trained force, exclusive of State militia, of about 1,200,000 in the event of war.

The success of the plan, officials admit, depends not on the appropriations of Congress, for its cost will be comparatively small, but on the patriotic response of employers, to whom an appeal will be made to furlough as many men each year, at different seasons, as they can spare and who wish to join the proposed continental army.

Administration officials are confident that even though it is proposed to enlist only 125,000 men a year in the continental, or a total of nearly 800,000 in the first six-year period, more than that number would be attracted by the outdoor life of a military camp if they could be assured by their employers that their positions would not be lost or their earnings seriously decreased.

State News Items

News Concentrated for Those who Want to Know About Home Affairs.

The postoffice at Marshville was entered, the safe blown open and the contents stolen Friday night. The robber prized open the front door and the door into the work room, saturated the safe door with nitroglycerine and blew it off. About fifty dollars in money and one hundred dollars in stamps were stolen. As the robber took the money order book it was impossible to determine the amount of the loss, but the postmaster had deposited his money and about one thousand dollars in stamps in the local bank the afternoon before and the haul of the robbers was not great. No one heard the explosion except the station agent, who made an investigation, but seeing the postoffice door closed did not suspect any rouble there. He states that he heard an automobile leaving town just after the explosion. No clues were left to trace the robbers and nothing has developed to throw any light upon the guilty party.

Lewis Ramseur, colored, whose praying proclivities got him into jail is depending upon prayer to get him out of prison. And he is so firm in his faith that he refuses to leave the jail until the doors literally fly from their hinges. Arrested in connection with the death of a West Asheville white child with the parents of the boy and others of a strange religious sect on a charge of manslaughter a short time ago, Ramseur was the only member of the party who failed to give bond or who refused to employ an attorney. The sect prayed over the child and refused to allow physicians to attend it, allegations set forth, and Ramseur was one of the spiritual leaders of the sect.

Divine aid for the dying child. Although the charge is a serious one, a number of Asheville people who became interested in the negro's case arranged bond for him and employed an attorney. When the negro was released, he refused to leave his cell, stating that no man should get him out of jail. He maintained that God will look after his release and is patiently waiting for and praying for the falling away of the doors.

W. M. Kivitt, 49, a farmer, and his son Barns Kivitt, 10 years old, were literally blown to pieces at their home a few miles east of High Point Saturday by a dynamite explosion. Kivitt and his son together with a negro farm hand went to a field to blast stumps. The negro stated that he went into the woods a short distance away and there heard the explosion. Going back he looked for the man and boy but could not find them. After a search an arm and leg of the boy were found nearby, while parts of the father's body were scattered about the field for some distance. Bits of flesh were found among the limbs and on trunks of trees. Kivitt's head was blown from his body and the face of both victims were torn beyond recognition. Fragments of flesh and clothing were found on tree and ground for over seventy-five feet around. Hundreds have visited the scene of the accident. Kivitt's wife and eight children are frantic with grief. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon at the First Baptist church, of which the deceased was a member.

Information was received in Durham Monday of the accidental death of Wyatt Sheppard, a Durham boy, who was a daring actor with a circus touring New York State. Sheppard was exploiting his daring bravery in riding a motor drome when he tumbled to his death. He was a young man about 26 years old. He had been associated with this circus for some time.

In an effort to beat the Southern out of 15 cents railway fare to Glen Alpine, Sunday Joe Ledgion, a well-known Morganton negro employe of the Burke Tanning Company, paid a price which at

All's Capture Strong Positions

German Invaders Meeting With Greater Resistance in Serbia Than was Expected.

Oct. 18.—Maj. Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton has been relieved of the command of the British forces in the Dardanelles and called home to make a report to the war office on the Gallipoli campaign. He is to be succeeded by Maj. Gen. Charles Carmichael Monro, who has seen wide service.

The Dardanelles operations have not been as successful as the British war office and people would wish, and of late there has been much criticism because of the failure of the land and sea forces to make progress that seemed material to the ultimate aim of the expedition, which was to reach Constantinople.

Another important incident on the British side of the war is the resignation from the cabinet of Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster leader, who was appointed Attorney General last May on the formation of the coalition ministry. Disagreements are reported to have arisen between Sir Edward and other members of the Cabinet.

While the Serbians and Montenegrins in northern and western Serbia are strenuously contesting the march of the Teutons and on the east the Serbians are fighting hard against Bulgarian attacks, the Anglo-French forces to the south are declared in unofficial reports to be making progress in their efforts to bring relief to their harassed allies.

Report has it that Anglo-French troops already have occupied the important strategic town of Strumitsa in the extreme southwestern part of Bulgaria and that a landing has been made by them in Turkey, at Bursa, at the mouth of the Maritsa river, about 100 miles southeast of the Bulgarian port of Dedesghatch.

While Enos is a shallow water port at its environs are unhealthy owing to the marshy country the Maritsa river is navigable at this season of the year by barges as far as Adrianople. A short distance westward an invading force would be in close proximity to the Bulgarian railroad line running north through the territory recently acquired by Bulgaria from Turkey to Adrianople, the junction point of the road running from Belgrade to Constantinople which the Teuton allies are trying to secure control of in order to aid the Turks.

Both Berlin and Vienna claim their troops and those of Bulgaria are making progress in Serbia, but this progress is slow. Vienna claims that several additional vantage points have been taken by the Teutons and that the Bulgarians in the north have gained ground in the mountainous country and farther south have advanced over Egri Asaulka in their attempt to gain the Ukup-Nish Railway, the cutting of which probably would delay the progress of the French and British troops from Saloniki.

Artillery bombardments and fighting by means of hand grenades have been the sole methods of warfare along the French line; while on the Russian front the attempt of Field Marshal von Hindenburg to push through to Dvinsk has brought out the hardest fighting. Berlin asserts that good progress has been made by von Hindenburg to the south of Riga and that near Iloukist Russian positions extending over a front of nearly two miles have been captured.

Stubborn fighting continues in the Austro-Italian zone, with the Italians on the offensive. On the plateau of Dobrovo the Italians in an attack reached the Austrian entanglements at some places but Vienna says were finally driven off.

It will render him an invalid for life and most likely result in death, boarded a special between the tender and the lone car and went on his way about 40 miles an hour. But the special was not billed to stop at his destination, so he made a leap, which cost him both legs. The momentum and suction of the train caused him to be thrown or drawn beneath the wheels, one leg being cut off at the thigh and the other at the ankle, both legs being completely severed. He was taken to the hospital and it is said his recovery is doubtful.