

"CASCARETS" ACT ON LIVER, BOWELS

No sick headache, biliousness, bad taste or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box. Are you keeping your bowels, liver, and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets...

Warning About Water Pipes. Now is the time that fires are caused by householders attempting to thaw out service pipes...

A Trial Gave Instant Relief—Never Disappoints—Great Kidney Remedy

Being broken down in health, suffering with kidney trouble, despairing of ever being well again...

Yours very truly, P. E. NELSON, Marbury, N. C.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of July, 1909. EDMUND B. NORVELL, Notary Public, Cherokee County, N. C.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You. Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle...

Do you subscribe to the theory that there is something good in the worst of us? asked the philosophical person.

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT, BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Lustrous and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You.

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse."

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp.

Unprofitable. Lott—One never loses anything by keeping an engagement punctually.

Some folks think that castor oil should follow a dose of Vermifuge. Not so with Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot."

Acquiescence. "I'd like to see you try to kiss me." "Well, you know, I always try to do anything you like."

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head. Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing dizziness or ringing in the head.

The war in Europe has made it necessary to employ women at night in the factories of England.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 45 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

THE WEEK'S EVENTS

Important News of the State, Nation, and World Told in a Few Lines for Your Convenience.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

A Condensed Record of Happenings of Interest From All Points of the World.

Washington. In agricultural products the year 1916 was the greatest in the nation's existence, the value of which is reported by the department of agriculture to have been \$13,449,000,000.

The state department has borrowed the cruiser Des Moines from the navy department to bring more than one thousand American refugees out of Syria and Palestine. The refugees will be taken to Barcelona, Spain for trans-shipment to the United States.

The entente allies, in a note addressed by Arthur Balfour, British foreign minister, to Ambassador Spring-Rice, and delivered to the state department, amplify their reply to President Wilson's peace note by explaining in detail why they believe it impossible at present to attain a peace which will assure them such guarantees as they consider essential.

Petrograd (Russia) correspondents say it is reported in the Russian capital that Sergius Sazonoff, former foreign minister, has been appointed Russian ambassador to Great Britain. The post of Russian ambassador to Great Britain was made vacant recently by the death of Count Beckendorff.

Admiral Dewey, the nation's Spanish-American war hero, who cut the cable and captured Manila and presented the Philippines as a Fourth of July offering, is dead in Washington. He was the ranking naval officer of the world, eighty years old and had seen sixty-two years of active service in the navy.

Sovereignty over the Danish West Indies, after half a century of negotiations, will pass to the United States, with the exchange of ratifications of the purchase treaty by Secretary Lansing and Danish Minister Brun.

Spreading a dragnet over the financial district of New York, the house rules committee extended the peace note leak investigation to a general inquiry into the stock market. At an executive meeting the committee considered the advisability of employing expert counsel familiar with financial affairs to conduct the examination of witnesses.

It is also planned to ask congress to make an extension of time to report.

Domestic. More than twenty-five thousand National Guardsmen now on the Mexican border have been designated by Major General Funston for return home and muster out of the federal service, under the order issued by the war department. All these organizations will be started homeward as soon as transportation facilities can be provided.

A New York dispatch says that the American commission for relief of Belgium is preparing for at least another year's work and the necessity of raising approximately \$150,000,000 more will be discussed by the commission in New York.

The departure of 25,000 troops now on the border will leave between 45,000 and 50,000 men of the Guard still in the federal service doing border patrol.

Crops alone in 1916 were worth more than crops and animal products combined in any years in the history of the United States prior to 1912.

A Wellton, Ariz., dispatch announces that Lieut. Col. Harry G. Bishop and Lieut. W. A. Robertson, missing army aviators, exhausted from walking four days in the wilds of Sonora, Mex., without food or water, were found more than thirty-two miles to the south of the border by a civilian searching party from Wellton.

A posse of ten men which left Okmulgee, Okla., in search of alleged bank robbers, returned with the dead bodies of Oscar Poe, Will Hart and Harry Hart. The men killed were engaged in a battle with the posse eight miles southwest of Okmulgee. The chief of police of Okmulgee was the only member of the posse to receive an injury, and he was but slightly wounded in the hand.

The faintest sound becomes so pronounced by the aid of an improvement on the sound amplifier perfected by R. B. Abbott, instructor of physics at the University of California, that the fall of a feather makes a noise like a wrestler striking the mat.

New York bankers are endeavoring to float another \$250,000,000 loan for Great Britain in this country. This is the third flotation, including the Anglo-French, of British loans made in the United States since the outbreak of the European war.

Fifty persons were seriously hurt, three probably fatally, when half the population of the little town of Harford, Pa., was trapped by fire in the Odd Fellows' hall, a frame structure, during a wedding reception and dance. An oil lamp fell and exploded and soon the entire floor was blazing.

Bills reinforcing Tennessee's prohibition laws by prohibiting lockers and making it unlawful for any person to have intoxicating liquor for sale in his possession were sent to Governor Rye by the legislature, and will become effective just as soon as the governor affixes his signature.

Mexican. The news received in El Paso, Texas, is to the effect that actual withdrawal operations are under way at El Valle, the southern outpost of the punitive expedition in Mexico.

Predictions are that the entire punitive expedition will arrive in Columbus, N. M., shortly. All supplies billed to Americans in the Casas Grandes-Colonia Durbano district and sent to Juarez for transportation over the Mexico Northwest railroad have been ordered held at Juarez.

It is stated in El Paso that no further shipments of supplies will be made to the punitive expedition in Mexico.

It is apparent at Colonia Durbano, field headquarters for General Pershing's column, that a withdrawal movement is under way.

European War. Throughout Sunday, January 21, thousands of persons flocked to East London (England) hoping to satisfy their curiosity as to the effect of an explosion in the munitions factory there. None of them, however, was able to obtain a near view of the scene, owing to rigid police regulations, and could only wander through the cutting streets where most of the windows were shattered by the concussion.

Newspaper reporters who were allowed to approach near the scene of the explosion in London describe what was formerly the site of the explosive store as a hole a hundred yards across and eighty feet deep with masses of earth, iron and all sorts of wreckage covering an area of about six acres around the hole.

On the whole, aent the explosions in East London, one is struck by the number of people killed. Judging from the fact that most of the factories were nearly empty and from the known proportion of casualties in certain houses, it does not appear that the death roll will exceed 300.

The British and Turks in Mesopotamia have been engaged in vigorous fighting along the Tigris river in the vicinity of Kut-el-Amara (Garden of Eden). Both London and Constantinople war offices make claims to successes for their troops.

A British official communication announces that northeast of Kut, British troops have driven the Turks from a small strip of land they were holding on the right bank of the Tigris and that King George's men are now in control of an entire trench section on a front of 2,500 yards to a depth of 1,100 yards.

In the capture of Nanesni, on the Sereth river, in Roumania, hard fighting of a hand-to-hand character took place in the streets. In withdrawing from the village German batteries raked the Russians as they made their way across the bridges over the Sereth, inflicting heavy losses on them.

On the line in France near Loos the British in a daylight raid blew up German dugouts, causing many casualties among the occupants.

Artillery duels are reported to be violent in the Verdun sector. The minister of the Brazilian marine has received a telegram from the captain of the port of Pernambuco, Brazil, declaring the previously reported declaration of the commander of the Brazilian steamer Maranhao that he encountered two cargo vessels accompanied by two auxiliary ships, believed to Germans, all flying the American flag, is true.

George Bernard, the middleweight champion pugilist of France, was killed while making a flight. He enlisted at the beginning of the war when 19 years of age.

The Greek cabinet has discussed at length a British proposal to lease the Greek merchant marine. It was decided to take measures to assure the retention of the number of ships necessary to provide the foodstuffs which Greece requires.

The Russians announce the following captures during 1916: Officers 8, 770 men, 420,000 guns, 525 machine guns, 1,661 trench mortars and mine throwers, 421. This shows a total of 428,000 officers and men.

A Berlin dispatch announces that a British steamer, the Yarrowdale, was taken into a harbor (name of the harbor not given) on December 31 as a prize by a prize crew of sixteen men. The Yarrowdale carried 469 prisoners, the crews of steamers captured by a German auxiliary cruiser in the Atlantic.

The cargoes of the captured vessels consisted of foodstuffs, including 6,000 tons of wheat, 2,000 tons of flour and 1,500 horses.

The Germans made a rich haul in the latest capture of vessels in the Atlantic. The Yarrowdale had on board 117 motor lorries, one motor car, 6,300 cases or rifle cartridges, 30,000 rolls of barbed wire and 3,330 tons of steel bars, besides a quantity of bacon and sausage.

The British troops in France have hit the German line hard at two places and have succeeded in making slight gains.

The Germans announce that the taking of the Yarrowdale into a harbor December 31 has been kept secret for military reasons purely, and is only made public because of the statement made by the British admiralty on January 17.

Great Britain's reply to President Wilson's peace note includes this sentence: "So long as Germany remains the Germany which without a shadow of justification overran and barbarously ill-treated a country it was pledged to defend, no state can regard its rights as secure if they have no better protection than a solemn treaty."

The allies say that international law as it is now interpreted can never prevent war, and that some form of international sanction must be devised which does not now exist, which would give any pause to aggressors.

These are the ships that the ententes admit have been sunk, captured or destroyed by the Germans in the recent past: British—Dramatist, Radnorshire, Minieh, Netherbyhall, Mount Temple, King George, Georgic, Voltaire; French—Nantes and Asmieres. At any rate the whereabouts of these vessels is unknown, and it is conceded that they are lost.

WILSON PROPOSES LEAGUE FOR PEACE

MAKE MONROE DOCTRINE WORLD DOCTRINE, SAYS PRESIDENT IN ADDRESS TO SENATE.

APPEARS BEFORE SENATE Discusses Nation's Foreign Relations.—Declares That Lasting Peace in Europe Cannot Be a Victory For Either Side.

Washington.—Whether the United States shall enter a world peace league and, as many contend, thereby abandon its traditional policy of isolation and no entangling alliances was laid squarely before Congress and the country by President Wilson in a personal address to the senate.

For the first time in more than a hundred years, a President of the United States appeared in the senate chamber to discuss the nation's foreign relations after the manner of Washington, Adams and Madison. The effect was to leave congress, all official quarters and the foreign diplomats amazed and bewildered. Immediately there arose a sharp division of opinion over the propriety as well as the substance of the President's proposal.

"Staggering," "astounding," "the noblest utterance that has fallen from human lips since the Declaration of Independence" were among the expressions of senators. The President, himself, after his address, said: "I have said what everybody has been longing for and has thought impossible. Now it appears to be possible."

The chief points of the President's address were: That a lasting peace in Europe cannot be a peace of victory for either side.

The peace must be followed by a definite concert of power to assure the world that no catastrophe of war shall overwhelm it again.

That in such a concert of powers, the United States cannot withhold its participation to guarantee peace and justice throughout the world.

And that before a peace is made the United States Government should frankly formulate the conditions upon which it would feel justified in asking the American people for their formal and solemn adherence.

It is clear to every man who thinks," the President told the senate, "that there is in this promise no breach in either our traditions and our policy as a nation, but a fulfillment rather of all that we have professed or striven for."

President Wilson's address was sent to American diplomats in the belligerent countries last Monday, two days before the United States received the note from Minister Balfour, of the British Foreign Office, supplementing the Entente reply to his peace note, and on the same day that German Foreign Minister Zimmermann declared it was impossible for the Central Powers to openly lay down their terms.

The President's address was intended as an open message to the world of the conditions under which he would urge the United States to enter a world federation to guarantee future peace. There is nothing in the address or in the instructions accompanying its presentation that will of itself necessitate an answer, according to the Administration view but some response nevertheless is expected from both groups of belligerents.

Fear of a "leak" surrounded the sending of the address abroad with such secrecy as has seldom been equalled in the State Department. Only President Wilson, Secretary Lansing and the men who transmitted it are known definitely to have been aware of it.

While the President was speaking, copies of his address had been forwarded to belligerent countries for the information of the foreign offices, and were being prepared for representatives of neutral Government here.

MARINE IS KILLED IN FIGHT IN DOMINICAN REPUBLIC. Washington.—A night fight between native bandits and American marines in the Dominican republic, resulting in the death of one and the severe injury of another, was reported to the navy department. Captain Knapp, commanding the American cruiser forces, reported the fight occurred Saturday night in the vicinity of the Porvenir sugar plantation near Macoris, the scene of two similar encounters recently.

POLAND WANTS TO BE RECOGNIZED BY UNITED STATES. New York.—Resolutions calling upon President Wilson to take immediate steps for the recognition by the United States of the government of the Kingdom of Poland, "which, in accordance with international law and on territory liberated from occupation by the Russian military, already has begun its work for the welfare and happiness of the Polish nation," were adopted here by the Polish national defense committee.

RUSSIA PURCHASES MUCH EQUIPMENT HERE. New York.—Purchase in the United States of refrigerating equipment to the value of \$30,000,000 to conserve and develop along economic lines the fresh beef and dairy industry of Russia, has been authorized by the Russian-American conservation and industrial stock company, backed by the Russian government, according to J. H. Quirk, of Moscow, who arrived here on the steamship Bergensford from Bergen.

25,243 OF NATIONAL GUARD SENT HOME

MAJOR GENERAL FUNSTON DESIGNATES COMPANIES WHICH ARE ORDERED HOME.

NOW AWAITING FACILITIES As Soon as Railroad Provides These, Movement Will Begin.—About 50,000 Will be Left on Border Patrol Duty.

Washington.—More than 25,000 National Guardsmen, now on the Mexican border, have been designated by Major General Funston for return home and muster out of the Federal service, under the order issued by the War Department.

All these organizations will be started homeward as soon as transportation facilities can be provided. Their departure will leave between 45,000 and 50,000 men of the guard still in the Federal service doing border patrol.

War Department officials continue to withhold comment on reports that the movement of General Pershing's regulars out of Mexico soon will be under way, and the statement announcing the guardsmen designated for relief does not connect these orders with the withdrawal plans in any way. The understanding has been, however, that with the return of the expedition in Mexico, and re-adjustment of the border patrol, all of the state troops gradually, would be sent home.

The department's statement said: "General Funston has selected these organizations chiefly in accordance with the rule of returning first those troops longest in service on the border. To some extent, however, this rule could not be followed without unequal weakening of the border guard, and the departures from it are so explained. The total strength of the organizations selected is 25,243."

The guardsmen designated for return and muster out include: North Carolina—First Infantry.

South Carolina—Troop A, cavalry; company A, engineers; field hospital company.

Tennessee—Ambulance company, No. 1; field hospital, No. 1. Virginia—Second Infantry.

CONGRESS MAKES EFFORT TO SPEED UP LEGISLATION. "Leak" Probe Transferred.—Try to Avoid Extra Session.

Washington.—With the peace note "leak" investigation transferred to New York, Administration leaders in Congress believe the attention of members generally now can be concentrated upon the clogged legislative program.

House and senate leaders are just as anxious as President Wilson over the press of important business remaining on the calendar. No secret is made of the fact that all of them earnestly desire to avoid an extra session, if it possibly can be done.

Responding to the President's personal appeal for action on important legislation, the steering committee will meet and endeavor to arrange a program for the remainder of the session and for longer day and possible night sessions. A caucus of Democratic senators will be called during the week to ratify the suggestions.

SWITZERLAND STIRRED BY GERMAN ORDER. Berne, Switzerland.—The German measure prohibiting all importations, news of which was received here unexpectedly, caused considerable comment throughout Switzerland. The government will make remonstrances to Berlin as the entire economic situation of the country is affected by this species of blockade.

MACKINSEN CAPTURES BRIDGEHEAD POSITION. Berlin, via Sayville.—The entire bridgehead position at Nanesni, on the Sereth Line in northern Rumania, fell into Field Marshal von Mackensen's hands with the town.

COPLICATED QUESTION IS LIKELY TO BE RAISED. Washington.—The German Admiralty statement that neutral subjects in the crews of vessels captured by the German raider in the South Atlantic "have been removed as prisoners of war," will raise a complicated question if any Americans are among them. It was said that if American officials abroad did not clear up whether Americans were among the prisoners, an inquiry would be addressed to the Berlin Government.

MNTN ARE KILLED WHEN CHEMICAL PLANT EXPLODES. London.—A portion of the area of London was shaken severely when a chemical plant in which munitions were manufactured, was the center of a series of explosions, scattering destruction over a considerable section of the district in which the works were located. There is no evidence that the explosion was other than the result of a fire, such as that to which any factory is subject. Forty bodies have been recovered.

CAPTAIN AND CREW LOST WITH VESSEL. Newport News, Va.—Captain Mitchell and 21 men of the British steamer Cabotia sent down October 30 by a German submarine, perished on the night the ship was torpedoed, according to T. W. Edgar, who was chief officer on the Cabotia. Edgar is here on the British steamer Kelvinbrae. He says that the crew left the Cabotia in four boats one of which was commanded by the captain. Two of the boats were picked up.

STATUE FOR MITCHELL

General Carr Discusses His Plans For Carrying Out Weighty Task Assigned Him.

Durham.—Gen. Julian S. Carr, who was commissioned by Governor Locke Craig as agent for the people of North Carolina to have erected a suitable monument on the summit of Blue Ridge Mountains in memory of Dr. Elisha Mitchell, has proached his pre-enthusiastic plans for the inception of this national movement. The monument of granite—to be a replica of the Washington memorial—will necessitate the expenditure of \$151,000. The multiple agencies and institutions which take life of the scientist, minister and educator touché will be solicited to subscribe \$101,000 and the state and national governments jointly \$50,000.

Opportunities for contributions will be extended to every individual and institution but the campaign at once takes on a systematic appeal. Ten grouped organizations will be solicited in the aggregate with definite sums named:

The University of North Carolina and the twelve colleges of the state, \$10,000; the boys and girls of the state through the agencies of public and private schools, \$10,000; colored children of North Carolina will donate \$1,000; alumni of Yale University (Dr. Mitchell's alma mater), \$10,000; the American Association of Scientists—10,000 in number—\$10,000; churches North and South—especially the Presbyterian church in which Dr. Mitchell was elder and minister, \$10,000; Western North Carolina through the offices of North Carolina citizens, counties and cities at least \$150,000—possibly more. Visitors and tourists, \$10,000; other patriotic and generous citizens, \$20,000. The total aggregates \$101,000.

The nation-wide appeal of General Carr, with particular reference to the people of North Carolina, emphasizes the magnitude of the undertaking and the worthiness of the cause. The letter says in part: "Impelled by a sense of duty and deep feeling of pride in everything that concerns the honor and prosperity of our state, I have accepted from Governor Craig a commission to act as agent for the people of North Carolina in erecting on the summit of the Blue Ridge Mountains a suitable monument in memory of Dr. Elisha Mitchell."

"It is proposed to protect the grave by a handsome covering of granite or marble; and to erect nearby, on land belonging to the state, a replica of the Washington monument. Nothing short of this would be worthy of the state, the mountain, and the great man who gave his life to its exploration and measurement."

"An unlimited supply of granite, already at hand on the summit of the mountain, will reduce the cost to half what it otherwise would be. Still, the enterprise is gigantic; and it will require at least \$150,000—possibly more."

"The people of North Carolina are equal to this great achievement. Dr. Mitchell gave them forty years of his life in active, unremitting educational and scientific work. His name is enrolled high in the list of American scientists, teachers and discoverers. He was also a minister of the Presbyterian church and his whole life was marked by philanthropic public service, as well as by countless good deeds in private. The erecting of a great monument to his memory will appeal to thousands of hearts throughout the United States."

"Let us all unite and erect on the highest mountain in America east of the Mississippi river, a monument worthy of Mitchell, worthy of the mountain and worthy of the Old North State."

Metts Succeeds Col. Rodman. Camp Stewart, El Paso, Texas.—Lieut. Col. John Van B. Metts, Second regiment, was promoted to be colonel of the Second, succeeding Colonel Rodman, whose resignation has just been accepted by the president. The appointment is very pleasing to the officers and men of the second.

Charlotte Gets Teachers' Meeting. Raleigh.—The executive committee of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly, in conference here, selected Charlotte as the place for the next annual session, Thanksgiving week, Raleigh, Wilmington and Asheville were other points considered.

NORTH CAROLINA BRIEFS. D. Q. Smyre, a Catawba county farmer, sold at Newton last week 50 bushels of wheat for \$100.00.

From present indications there will be many candidates for the office now held by Congressman George E. Hood, who represents the Third District. Solicitor C. L. Abernethy, of New Bern, has asserted that he will be strictly on the job when the time comes and it is understood here that Senator Matt Allen, of Wayne county, will also be among those present.

Another new cotton mill, for Gastonia has been chartered with a capital stock of \$400,000.

A commission was issued by Governor Bickett to C. M. Faircloth, of Clinton, promoting him from major to lieutenant colonel of the Second Regiment, to succeed Col. J. Van B. Metts, promoted to colonel.

The past railroad pay day in Hamlet was the largest in history, more than \$160,000 being paid out.

The Unionville High School building in Union county was destroyed by fire last week. This was one of first high schools established in the south.

Mr. W. J. Cameron, actuary of the North Carolina Insurance Department, has tendered his resignation to Commissioner James R. Young, to take effect February 1.

In number of trees North Carolina is superior to any of the other states of the past, with the exception of Florida and Texas, as compared with 328 for Florida and 198 for Texas. Georgia comes next with 134, and Alabama with 121. The big state of California has only 94 species. If all the woody plants are counted, North Carolina has about 450.

Good Health Makes a Happy Home

Good health makes housework easy. Bad health takes all happiness out of it. Hosts of women drag along in daily misery, back aching, worried, "blue" tired, because they don't know what ails them.

These same troubles come with weak kidneys, and if the kidney action is distressingly disordered, there should be no doubt that the kidneys need help. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped thousands of discouraged women.

A North Carolina Case

Mrs. W. B. Harrison, James St., Mt. Olive, N. C., says: "I had pains in the small of my back, with headache, a dizzy spell, and other annoying symptoms which troubled me, to the point of using Doan's Kidney Pills and they cured me. I consider them a splendid kidney medicine."

Get Doan's at Any Store. Box a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copper for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saitper for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Dose. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty. Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature

Aspen Wood

Conscientious Scruples. "A man doesn't necessarily have to smoke to enjoy a smoking jacket."

"No, but a smoking jacket is like a golf suit. A man feels that he ought to have some valid excuse for wearing it."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The Spirit of Victory. "Nothing can beat this," says a French journal, commenting on an article published by the Austrians in a little paper in Montenegro called the News of Cetinje. The little paper notes that on Mount Lovcen will be erected a colossal monument to recall to future generations the conquest by the Austrian armies of this Gibraltar of the Adriatic. The sketch of this work, presented to the Emperor Francis Joseph but a short time before his death by the artist, was approved by the aged ruler. It represents the Spirit of Victory. Its enormous hands are crossed upon a gigantic sword and it looks toward a horizon "beyond which now trembles the traitress Italy."

Where Dad's Down To. "Pa, the servant girl says she will leave if we don't give her more money."

"A right, ma. I suppose we'll have to do it, but I want you to know that you'll have to stake me to care now and then because that leaves me with sixty a week to struggle along on."

Apt to Starve. "A contributor to a magazine says he likes a wife fat?" "And his wife is fat?" "So I understand."

"Well, if he tries to support her by contributing poetry to magazines she won't stay fat long."

Evasive. "Does this automobile racing pay?" "Well, it does manage to raise the dust."

There has been No Increase

In the price of Grape-Nuts

Nor Any Decrease

In the Size of Package

Or Quality

Of the Food.