

16,846,000 LACKING FULL-TIME JOBS

Labor Gets Report On Unemployment

San Francisco.—An estimate that 16,846,322 persons were either unemployed or working only part time in the United States the first three months of 1934 was announced here by a Boston delegate to the American Federation of Labor convention on the basis of a government-sponsored survey in Massachusetts.

The total of actually unemployed was placed at 9,326,514 by Robert J. Wyatt, representing the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor, who made public the report to the A. F. L. convention.

The results of the survey, he said, indicate previous estimates of the total unemployed or working only part time are "far too conservative."

Massachusetts was taken as the basis of the survey because conditions in that state were believed fairly representative of the entire country.

A house-to-house canvass in Massachusetts disclosed, Watt announced, that of 1,808,840 persons able and willing to work, 34.5 per cent, or 624,526 were "either un-

employed or working only temporarily on a part time basis" the first quarter of 1934.

Allowing that Massachusetts is a fair state for comparison, these figures were carried out to indicate the total similarly situated in the country as a whole.

Census statistics for 1930 placing the total persons employable in the United States at 48,829,920 were used in arriving at the total national estimate.

Latest previous estimates by the A. F. L. placed those unemployed or temporarily employed on government relief projects in the nation at around 10,000,000, while the United States Chamber of Commerce as recently as last August estimated approximately 5,000,000 lacked jobs.

Expresses Doubt About Cotton Certificate Market

Southern cotton growers will hardly be able to sell all of their surplus tax-exemption certificates this year, says Dean I. O. Schaub of State College.

The surplus certificates will cover 1,639,474 bales, he said, while the overproducers will need only enough certificates to cover 431,223 bales.

This means that growers with surplus certificates which are not sold this year will be allowed to hold them over until next year and use them in the selling of tax-free cotton.

In other words, said the dean, if a grower holds over one certificate and then gets a Bankhead allotment of three bales next year, he can raise four bales (selling three of them under next year's certificates and the fourth under the certifi-



New Budget Head
WASHINGTON . . . Daniel W. Bell (above), is now acting Director of the Federal Budget, on appointment by President Roosevelt following the resignation of Lewis Douglas of Arizona.

cate he held over.

Growers with surplus certificates may sell or better them at the rate of four cents a pound to a neighbor who has excess cotton. If they have no such neighbor, they may turn them over to the county agent, who will place the certificates in the national pool, where as many of them as possible will be sold. The unsold certificates will be returned to the growers, who can hold them over until next year.

Schaub advised against the growers selling surplus certificates at less than four cents, since this is the price established by the secretary of agriculture. The certificates will be worth four cents next year, he added, or perhaps more.

After the house has been thoroughly cleaned, about all the difference the men can see is that they can't find the things they want.

The prudent man will have work to do at the shop Saturday afternoons now, as if he comes home he may get set to work beating the rugs.

Bulletin On Pastures Issued At College

The value of pastures and methods for starting and maintaining a good sod have been set forth in a bulletin recently published by the State College extension service.

The authors, E. C. Blair, extension agronomist, and A. C. Kimery, extension dairyman, have gone into detail in outlining the growing of various types of pastures in different parts of the State.

Pastures can be used to control erosion and at the same time provide nutritious feed for live stock. The authors point out the need of erosion control in this State, where the damage is said to amount to about \$70,000,000 a year.

Pasture grasses contain proteins, minerals, vitamins, roughage, water and other things needed in livestock feed. When animals are not working, they can be turned into a good pasture and kept in good condition without other feeds. When animals are working, the amount of concentrated feed they need is much less if they have access to a pasture.

Pastures do best on heavy, rich soils, but the grasses will also grow on less fertile soils and farmers who wish to save their most fertile soil for other crops may make use of their less fertile soil by putting in pasturage.

Three types of pastures are common to this State: mixed grasses, carpet grass, and Bermuda grass. The first two are good on soils of medium or good fertility. The latter will thrive on fertile soils and do well on less fertile land.

One of the important considerations is to provide a mixture of grasses, if possible, that will supply grazing throughout the year, except the months of extreme cold weather.

Copies of the bulletin, extension circular No. 202, may be obtained upon application to the agricultural editor at State College.

The American people seem to believe in paying their debts, provided someone lends them the money to do it with.

Fine thing for the country to "turn the corner," but better not turn it so fast on two wheels that it runs into a pole.

Eradicate Disease In Dairy Market

Studies made by the North Carolina experiment station and the veterinary division of the state department of agriculture is helping dairymen rid their herds of bang's disease, according to Dr. C. D. Grinnells, in charge of dairy research at State College.

Veterinarians and dairymen over the State have been working with the experiment station and the veterinary division during the past five years, he said, and deserve credit for much of the work done.

The only way now known to eliminate the disease is to remove from the herds all animals which are infected. This means that dairymen have frequently had to slaughter some of their best animals, Dr. Grinnells said, but they have made the sacrifice in the interest of the future.

At present there are about 115 herds in the State which are known to be free from the disease, including 55 which are complying with the regulations governing the award of accredited herd certificates.

To aid in the fight against the disease, which is sometimes known as contagious abortion, the U. S. bureau of animal industry is now paying indemnities to dairymen who sign agreements to comply with the regulations: that infected animals be slaughtered, that safekeeping be exercised in the purchase of new animals, that good sanitation be maintained, and that herds be retested so that any reinfections may be discovered.

Under the agreements, the government will pay not more than \$20 a head for grade animals and not more than \$50 a head for registered purebred cattle, Dr. Grinnells said. The owner will be allowed to keep the salvage value of the animal slaughtered.

TO HOLD CELEBRATION

At a meeting of the Albemarle merchants association held this week it was voted unanimously to hold a Halloween celebration there Wednesday, October 31, starting at sunset. For the last several years the day has been observed by a mammoth parade and general celebration, drawing thousands of participants and spectators.

Hauptmann Indicted For Kidnap-Murder Of Baby Lindbergh

Flemington, N. J.—Bruno Richard Hauptmann was indicted for the kidnap-murder of Baby Charles A. Lindbergh by a Hunterdon county grand jury Monday.

The text of the indictment read: "The grand inquest for the state of New Jersey in and for the body of the county of Hunterdon, upon their respective oaths present, that Bruno Richard Hauptmann, on the first day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-two, with force and arms, at the township of East Amwell, in the county of Hunterdon aforesaid and within the jurisdiction of this court, did wilfully fel-

liciously and of his malice aforethought, kill and murder Charles A. Lindbergh, Jr., contrary to the form of the statutes in such case made and provided, and against the peace of this state, the government and dignity of the same.

"(Signed) Anthony M. Hauck, Jr., prosecutor of the pleas."

The kid element will never be satisfied with football fields without good knotholes in the fences.

Although housecleaning was thoroughly done last spring, the women folks seem to think it must be done all over now.

CAREWORN!



- AND THEN SHE SMOKED A CAMEL!

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CONGRESSMAN

FROM THE 9th DISTRICT

Will open the Rowan County Democratic Campaign with an Address at the Rowan County Courthouse, on **MONDAY, OCT. 15TH AT 8 O'CLOCK P. M.**

THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED

Rowan County Executive Committee