

# THE PEOPLES PRESS.

VOL. XV.

SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY, JUNE 22, 1866.

NO. 45

L. V. BLUM,  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.—TWO DOLLARS a year in ad-  
vance. One Dollar for six months.  
These rates include all who are in arrears.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

ONE DOLLAR per square (12 lines or less)  
for first insertion, and 50 cents for every  
subsequent insertion.

Longer advertisements in proportion.  
Obituary notices, Resolutions adopted by Orders,  
Societies, &c., or anything of a personal nature,  
will be inserted as advertisements, and charged  
accordingly. The money must accompany the  
manuscript.

## J. L. FULKERSON'S COLUMN.

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST  
AND  
BEST ASSORTMENT OF  
NEW SPRING GOODS!

WILL BE FOUND WITH

J. L. FULKERSON,

On Main Street, Four Doors  
below the Bank,  
SALEM, N. C.

BEING encouraged, by the liberal patronage  
received during the past season, to increase  
my stock of Goods, I now respectfully announce  
to the public, and to my friends in particular,  
that I have received and will continue to receive  
throughout the season, from New York and Phil-  
adelphia, a LARGE AND WELL SELECTED  
STOCK OF GOODS, which I invite your at-  
tention. Having purchased late in the season  
and at greatly reduced prices, I can therefore  
sell you goods CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.  
That it will be to your interest to make your  
purchases of me, you will acknowledge after ex-  
amining my stock of Goods, where you will find  
a good assortment of

## FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

SUCH AS

Printed Merinos and Cashmeres, plain and figured  
Dressings, plain and figured Poplins, Gays and  
Mourning Dress Goods, Merinos and Alpaca, Black  
Dress Silk, English and American Prints, Clothing  
Cloths and Shawls, Gray and Fancy Colored Socks,  
Flannels, plain and heavy twilled Flannels, Extra  
heavy Cotton Flannels, Head Linen and Gingham,  
Bleached and unbleached Shirting and Sheetings,  
Bleached and unbleached Colored Drills, Tick-  
ing and Blankets, Britishes, Cambrics, X Muslins,  
Lace and Swiss Muslins, Nainsook and Book Mus-  
lin, White and Black Robinet and Muslin, Cotton,  
Linen and Silk Laces, Quilted Cambric, assorted,  
White and Col'd Paper Cambrics, Bird's Eye Scotch  
Paper, Richness's best Irish Linen, Linen-works  
and stitched Bosoms, Gents' Ready-made Shirts,  
Gent's Marine Drawers, Shirts and Half Shirts, also  
Merino Vests, Ladies' and Children's Balloons and  
Hoop Skirts, Ladies' and Children's Wool and Cot-  
ton Hose, Ladies' Corsets, Collars and Cuffs, Gent's  
F. perard Linen Collars, Worked Handkerchiefs and Scarves,  
Linen Cambric, Cotton and Silk Handkerchiefs,  
Barage and silk Veils, Alexander's Kid Gloves,  
Fish-head, Silk and Thread Gloves.

A good assortment of Cloths, Cassimers, Sat-  
nets, Tweeds, Jeans and Vesting.

A large stock of

## NOTIONS.

such as plain and fancy Head Nets, Neck Ties,  
Suspenders, Combs, Brushes, Soaps, Perfumery,  
Buttons, Thread, Tapes, Pins, Needles, Wire and  
Barber Hair Pins, Pages and T. imings, Violin  
and Guitar Strings, Buck Purses and fine Pocket  
Books, &c., &c.

A large variety of Ladies' Belts,  
plain and fancy, plain and fancy Ribbons,  
Blouses, Flowers, &c., &c.

A lot of STATIONERY, consisting of Cap, plain  
and gilt edged Note Paper, Envelopes, Blank  
Books, Pass Books and Memorandums, Copy  
Books, (Selling) Books and Primers, Receipt  
Books and Post Folios, German and English  
Almanacs, Pen-ink, Pens, &c., &c.

A large stock of

## HATS, CAPS & BONNETS.

consisting of Men's and Boys' Wool and Fur  
Hats, from the cheapest to the finest; Ladies'  
and Misses' Jockey Caps, Shakers and Bonnet  
Frames, &c., &c.

The Largest, Finest and cheapest stock of

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

For sale in this section of country since the year  
1861; among which the men will find the finest  
French Calfskin Boots,  
as well as the cheap and heavy Ditching Boots.  
The greatest also once more have Boots at a  
reasonable price. The Ladies' and Misses' will  
be pleased to find the finest and most fashionable  
Shoes, at greatly reduced prices. No one but  
will have to do without Shoes, now, as I have  
them from the smallest infant's size up to the  
largest extra size women's and men's shoes.  
GENT'S SHOES, of every description, for Chil-  
dren, Ladies and Men, at a reasonable price.

## CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

Plate, Dishes, Bowls, Saucers, Tea and Coffee  
Trays, Teas, Pitchers, Bases and Basins, &c.

blers, Molasses Cans, Salts, &c., &c.

## Also a good assortment of LOOKING GLASSES.

In the **HARDWARE** line will be found  
Table and Pocket Cutnaws, Razors and Razors  
Straps, Barber Knives, Shears and Scissors,  
Tea and Table Spoons, Tea Kettles, Coffee Mil-  
Meal Sieves, Ladles, Frying Pans, Shovels and  
Tongs, Candle-sticks and Snuffers, Match Safes  
and Pepper Boxes, Pad Locks, Door Locks and  
Latches, NAILS, Tacks, Screws and Hinges,  
Shoe and Nail Hammers, COLLINS' AXES and  
Hatchets, Shovels, Spades and Forks, Curry-  
combs, Hatter Chains, and Trace Chains, Horse  
and Mule Shoes, and Shoeing Nails, Rasps, Files,  
Gimblets, Sandpaper, &c., &c. The best qual-  
ity of COTTON CARDS, Whitmore's No. 10,  
and many other articles in this line too tedious  
to mention.

I also have an assortment of IRON and STEEL  
consisting of Hoop and Band Iron, assorted  
widths, Rod Iron, assorted sizes, Nail Rod and  
Horse-shoe Iron, as well as the common Farm-  
ing Iron, Blister Steel, Sugar Steel, and Cast  
Gears.

## Of Groceries,

I can furnish you the best quality of Rio Coffee,  
Black and Green Tea, Chocolate, brown, clarified  
and crushed Sugar, Ess. Coffee, Pepper, Spice,  
Ginger, Cloves, Mace and Cinnamon, Starb. So-  
da, Cakes and Candles, POWDER, SHOT and  
Perfection Caps, LIVERPOOL SALT, by the  
sack or retail, for cash or barter. Also a lot of  
fine VALENCIA RAISINS, Common as well as  
fine FRENCH CREAM CANDIES.

I also have DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-  
STUFFS, PAINTS, Spis. of Turpentine, Win-  
dow Glass and Putty, Indigo and Madder, of a  
superior quality, as well as Copperas, Alum,  
Extract of Logwood, Ven. Red Yellow and Green  
Paint, Saltpetre, and Brimstone, Citrate Magnesia,  
Cod Liver Oil, Castor Oil, Epsom Salts, Rhu-  
barb, Paregoric, Laudanum, British Oil, and  
Camphor, Essence of Mint, Cinnamon and Le-  
mon, Flavoring Extracts and Cream Tartar.—  
Also Dr. Hoofland's celebrated German Bitters,  
Sanda's Sarsaparilla, Wright's Indian Vegetable  
and Dr. Strong's Compound Sensitive Pills, QUIN-  
INE, &c., &c.

I also have the famous CONCENTRATED LYE, one  
pound of which will make 15 gallons of Soft  
Soap in a very short time. Also a nice article of  
common pale Soap, in one pound lumps, Match-  
es, &c., &c.

You can also have a very superior article of  
FINE COGNAC-BRANDY,  
AND PORT WINE,  
or medicinal purposes.

Amongst my stock you will find a lot of  
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,  
such as Buckets, Tubs, Wash-boards, Baskets  
and Chairs, Choke-pins, Wood Spoons, Cocoa  
Dippers, &c., Also Red Cords and Candle Wicks.

## SHOE FINDINGS,

such as Shoe Pegs, Lasts, common and patent  
Lard Hairs, Sewing and Pegging Awls, Shoe  
Thread, Bristles, Eyelets, Gum and Shoe Wax.  
I would also invite your attention to my stock  
of LEATHER, which consists of light and heavy  
Sole Leather, Galf Skins, French Morocco,  
Brush Goat Skins, and Striped Binding.

I also have many other articles too tedious to  
mention, all of which are sold on the most reason-  
able terms.

## I WILL BE A CANDIDATE FOR

everything that can again be disposed of, such as  
GRAIN, FLAX-SEED, BEES-WAX, DRIED  
FRUIT, RAGS AND FUR.

Bring in your Rags, they are as good as Cash.  
Let all the boys go at trapping; for the Fur they can  
get Boots, Shoes, Hats and Clothing.

In conclusion I will say, that I am thankful  
for the very liberal patronage thus far enjoyed,  
and that by fair dealing I hope to merit a continu-  
ance of the same.

J. L. FULKERSON,  
Salem, N. C., May, 1866. 19-17

A REFINED TASTE would appreciate  
nothing more than a present of fine PHOTO-  
GRAPH ALBUM, which you will find at  
a reasonable price at J. L. FULKERSON'S  
Cheap Store.

Where a fine collection of the finest Photographs,  
by the best artists only, may also be found.—  
Persons wishing a choice selection for their  
albums will find the finest portraits of prominent  
men and women, Specialties, Statuary and Grace  
ful Figures, of the finest styles only.—Nothing  
common will be offered.

A LOT OF CHOICE SEGARS, SMOKING  
and Chewing Tobacco, and Scotch Snuff will  
also be found with  
J. L. FULKERSON.

## Land For Sale.

I WOULD SELL my Tract of Land lying on the  
Yadkin river, containing 303 Acres, adjoining  
the lands of Nicholas Williams, Sr., and Joseph  
Williams.

NOEL WILLIAMS, Jr.,  
May 12th, 1866. 20-17

## JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND  
dispatch at the SALEM PRESS OFFICE.

Soda Fountain for Sale.

A. T. ZEVELY,  
Salem, May, 1866.

## VALUABLE

## MILL AND LANDS

## FOR SALE.

INTENDING TO  
remove West, the sub-  
scribers offer for sale  
their valuable MILLS with 42 ACRES OF LAND  
on Middle Fork, 2 1/2 miles South of Salem, N. C.  
The Mill-seat is one of the best in all this section.  
There is 11 feet head, estimated to be equal to  
30 horse power. There is one Corn and one  
Flouring Mill, propelled by two 8 feet oversho  
wheels. The machinery nearly new.

One Saw Mill with vertical wheels in  
running order. The mills are on a short canal,  
not far from the dam.

Those wishing to buy, will call and see for  
themselves.

S. H. & L. O. LAUGENOUR.

ALSO.  
The subscriber offers for sale 30 ACRES OF  
LAND, with good Orchard, adjoining the above  
mentioned Mill Tract, on the East.

Also on the West, 32 ACRES, with Woodland,  
Orchard, Meadows, and with bottom in cultiva-  
tion.

Also 63 ACRES, 1/4 mile down the creek  
from said Mills, nearly half good bottom, with  
a good FRAME DWELLING HOUSE AND  
BARN.

S. H. LAUGENOUR,  
Forsyth Co., N. C., May 19 1866. 40-3m

## A List of Letters

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE AT  
Salem, N. C., June 1st, 1866.

Elisha G. Anderson	Mrs. Mary S. Ibel
Samuel Albertson	Miss Doline Idle
Joseph Brown	Miss Elizabeth Jones
Miss Sallie Bodenshamer	Miss Martha Jerald
Col John E. Brown	Isaham H. K. Kelly
L. M. Biel	Miss Mary Jane Long
Miss Louisa Brown	E. L. Liebbeck
Bill Balfance (Freedman)	Miss Sarah Ellen Lancas
John H. Chamoblin	M. M. Martin
J. M. Crump	J. J. M. Mohr
Mr. Dye	Miss Elizabeth Mock
Miss Fannie Edmondson	F. J. Bumgarner
Miss L. J. Hanes	John F. Scott
John P. Hedgecock	Smith J. Sapp
Miss A. J. Hanes	Mrs. Mary Snipes
N. G. Whittington	Edward Swain
George B. Walker	Johnnes Vest
Miss H. A. Young	Johnnes Vest

Two cents are due on advertised letters.  
A. T. ZEVELY, P. M.  
Salem, N. C., June 1st, 1866.

## GOV. WORTH'S CIRCULAR.

To the People of North Carolina.  
Having been elected by you as your Govern-  
or in November last; for a term, which will  
expire on the 1st of January next, and believ-  
ing that my administration has met your ap-  
proval, I announce myself a candidate for  
re-election in August next.

I do not propose to canvass the State. The  
constant pressure of Executive duties, many of  
which grow out of our anomalous political  
condition, require my constant attention. If  
the practice of canvassing the State at any time  
before be a wise one, I am sure I could not do  
it at this time, without detriment to the pub-  
lic interest. Nor do I deem it expedient to  
address to you an extended circular. My past  
life and actions furnish the best guaranty you  
can have as to my future conduct. Let me then  
I invite your candid scrutiny.

Upon some of the matters now engaging  
public attention, I deem it my duty to present  
my views.

I think the chief attention of a State Execu-  
tive should be directed to State Affairs; but in  
our present unfortunate condition it is proper,  
and it will be expected that I shall give you  
my views on National affairs.

As a part of my early education, I was re-  
quired to commit to memory and recite that  
portion of the farewell address of the father of  
his country, in which he so earnestly warns us  
to indignantly "shake up the first dawning  
of any attempt to alienate any portion of our  
country from the rest." This became a fixed  
sentiment with me. The preservation of the  
Union has been the polar star of my political  
life. In the circular by which I announced  
myself as a candidate for the honorable posi-  
tion which I now fill, I referred to the fact  
that I had offered, in the House of Common-  
in 1851, resolutions denouncing secession;  
that as a Senator in the General Assembly of  
1860-'61, in a former minority, I constantly  
combated every thing which I thought tended  
to disunion; voting in May 1861, with only  
two others, against the call of a Convention.—  
I referred also to a circular which I addressed  
to my constituents in January 1861, when the  
question of Convention or no Convention was to  
be decided by their votes. In which I urged  
them not to be deceived by the cry that the  
Convention was to be called to "save the  
Union," that it was called to "destroy it."  
I then cited among my constituents the  
celebrated speech of Andrew Johnson, then  
Senator from Tennessee and now President of  
the United States, in which he denounced with  
equal fervor the secession and Southern  
warriorism.

There are 48,497 negroes in the Southern States the number exceeds 131,000.

as cordially as I can.

In my circular of last October, I stated to  
you that I had always looked back on my  
course in all these transactions with great satisfac-  
tion. In the ensuing election many of you  
who had always concurred with me, and many  
who had formerly differed with me in these  
views, voted for me. All who voted had re-  
cently renewed their allegiance to the United  
States by taking the oath prescribed by the  
President's amnesty proclamation, and cer-  
tainly and doubt that they took this oath with  
the honorable and sincere purpose faithfully to  
discharge it. All desired that our former rela-  
tions with the Union should be speedily  
restored. I regarded the nodal vote for me  
by many of those who had maintained the  
doctrine of secession, as an assurance with  
their recent pledge of loyalty to the United  
States, and as a token of respect for my  
official political record, and hence I received  
it as a great gratification.

I declared in my circular to you last fall,  
and I now repeat, that if elected, "as far as  
my official position would enable me to do it,  
both from inclination and conviction of duty,  
I should endeavor to soften the animosity which  
have grown out of the horrible war, now hap-  
pily ended. If some of us have grievously er-  
red, grievously have all of us sinned for it.—  
I shall endeavor to encourage a spirit of mutual  
forgiveness,—a return to habits of law and  
order, and steadfast attachment to the Union,  
which made us so great and prosperous a peo-  
ple while we adhered to the principles of Wash-  
ington." I have endeavored to act in conform-  
ity to these principles.

I refer to these prominent points in my  
political record and the circumstances under  
which you did not see the expediency of  
November, to counteract the unjust impression  
which many have sought to make, at home  
and abroad, that my election was a disunion  
triumph. The impression is greatly unjust to  
me, and as I believe equally unjust to every  
body who studies me.

My conduct in the discharge of my adminis-  
trative duties is known to you; and I have so  
recently had occasion, in my message to the  
General Assembly, to present my views in  
relation to State policy, which message was  
very extensively circulated throughout the  
State, that I deem it unnecessary to reiterate  
them.

Wise policy requires, in order to restore  
prosperity and order, that every citizen quietly  
and industriously pursue his occupation, and  
obey the laws of his country while they sit in  
force, however disagreeable some of them may  
be. If we would have peace and plenty we  
must look for them as the fruits of order and  
industry. The wisest legislation without these  
will be unavailing; and with them, the wisest  
legislation will but retard the return of pros-  
perity.

We are, as I think, unwisely and uncon-  
stitutionally excluded from the National councils,  
but the results of the war have made us power-  
less. It is unwise to indulge in denunciations  
of the dominant power, and not inconsistent with  
real dignity and proper respect, to abstain  
from intemperate remonstrance. Let us quiet-  
ly pursue our several avocations, and hope that  
Providence will ultimately guide the hands of  
our late foes to a peace becoming magnanimity  
and wise and generous statesmanship.

The great object of all good men and wise  
statesmen should be to modify the passions which  
have grown out of the late conflict, and by all  
their influence to endeavor to restore mutual  
reconciliation between the lately alienated sec-  
tions. The good of our whole nation requires  
sincere and unfeigned reconciliation. This can-  
not be if prosecution and mutual animosity  
be indulged. The sublime injunctions of Holy  
Writ which forbid the indulgence of malice,  
envy, we universal in their application.

In such a convulsion as that from which we  
are emerging, many will have received grievous  
injuries. No good can spring from the indul-  
gence of resentful feeling. Let every good  
citizen exact himself to repress it. Both phil-  
osophy and our religion rank "forgiveness and  
charity among the chiefest of virtues," and as  
there are few of us who have not occasion to  
ask forgiveness for our own sins, let us be mer-  
ciful to each other.

If you shall re-elect me as your Chief  
Magistrate, I appeal to my past conduct to  
sustain me in the assurance that I will do all I  
can to prove myself worthy of your repeated  
confidence.

JONATHAN WORTH.

THE FIVE CENT PIECE.—The new five cent  
coin which will soon be issued from the United  
States Treasury will prove of great economi-  
cally, it is said, in its size and its weight. It  
is to be of the same size as the three cent  
gold piece, and will be eight tenths of an  
inch in diameter, or so near to that differ-  
ence will be scarcely perceptible. Five pieces  
will be a straight line and counting them other  
will make the former more, and will crush  
the easy method of converting them into  
English money. Some of the coins  
will weigh a half cent, and will be useful in  
determining the postage on letters.

There are 48,497 negroes in the Southern States the number exceeds 131,000.