CRIST & KEEHLN, PROPRIETORS.

THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1892.

Entered as second class matter at Pos Office at Salem , N . C.]

NOTICE THIS! We continue the names of all old subscribers. We earnestly desire that THE PRESS shall continue its weekly visits to them. When convenient call and see us. We will be much gratified to meet you. Remember that all accounts with us for subscription to THE PRESS begin with

APRIL 28th, 1892. Mr. T. F. CRIST is our regular subscription agent. Correspondents will please address their letters to "THE PEOPLE'S PRESS." Agents can learn something to their ad vantage by writing us.

The circulation of THE PRESS is 1,000 copies for the present. From indications this number will soon be left in the shade. Advertisers should note this. Correspondence is solicited from all sec tions. We ask for anything and everything that will prove useful or interesting to our

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR : ELIAS CARR, of Edgecombe.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR: RUFUS A. DOUGHTON, of Alleghany.

OCTAVIUS COKE. of Wake. FOR AUDITOR :

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE :

ROBERT M. FURMAN, of Buncombe FOR TREASURER : . DONALD W. BAIN,

of Wake. FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH. of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL: FRANK I. OSBORNE, of Mecklenburg.

FOR JUDGE OF TWELFTH DISTRICT GEORGE A. SHUFORD, of Buncombe.

CHARLES B., AYCOCK, ROBERT B. GLENN.

The Candidate and the Issue Ten-



"We denounce the continued in human outrages perpetrated upon

- Harper's Weekly says: "The Republican situation is much more embittered than the Democratic."

-"In political music nowadays there is a little too much "Hail to to the Chief" and not enough " My Country "Tis of Thee."-N. Y. Herald,

that Mr. Blaine's chagrin over his failure to secure the nomination is greater than when Mr. Cleveland nized as the standard unit of comtriumphed over him in 1884.

-It is claimed that Mr. Blaine's defeat may be ascribed to the desire to-day, has always been found the of the colored delegates to have the force bill again brought to the front, Mr. Blaine being heartily opposed ruling powers in revolutionary or

-By the death of Col. Polk and the overwhelming defeat of Blaine, which involved the political destruction of Mahone, three remarkable and eccentric figures were removed from the political arena within 24

-The three important questions them of the hour are tariff reform, civil service reform and the currency. The strength of Mr. Cleveland as a political factor lies in his well-known position in respect to all three of a candidate holding their views upon the currency question.

-Harrison and Reid form a symmetrical ticket. Reid's paper, the New York Tribune, is the most rabid sectional and protectionist sheet in the Union, and was on that account the acknowledged organ of the present Administration. That the head of the Administration and the editor fore altogether appropriate.

Death of Col. L. L. Polk.

National Farmers' Alliance, died at sues would have gone quite to the Garfield Hospital in Washington bog, as the Confederate and Conti-City last Saturday morning at 11:15 nental bills did. But in 1862 a new o'clock. Col. Polk was well known plan was adopted in which the stain this community. The Progressive ple value of money was recognized. Farmer, of which he was the editor In regard to that plan Mr. Sherman was printed in this office for a year. says: In 1877 he joined the Farmers' Alliance, and was twice elected President of the National Farmers' Altalked well, and was fond of talking | ting down the recently.

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

The first perceptible results of the nomination of Harrison and Reid at Minneapolis have been that the price | the United States. of stocks and bonds have risen and

the price of cereals declined. The reason for the advance in the price of stocks and bonds is that Wall street approves of Harrison's pronounced hostility to the debasement of the currency, and the reason for the fall in the prices of cereals is that Wall street disapproves of his "protective" policy.

In both particulars Wall street is right. In order to explain this we must inquire into the nature of money and the influence of the fallacies relating to it upon business the protective policy being one of the fallacies, and the legal tender humbug, another. Practical men, as most unscientific

have generally regarded money as equivalent to wealth; and hence, to use the words of Adam Smith, the different nations have studied every means of accumulating gold and silver in their respective countries sometimes by prohibiting the exportation of money and giving bounties on the exportation of other commodities, and sometimes by imposing restrictions on the importation of everything but money in the hope of producing what has been called "a favorable balance of trade;" that is, a trade in which the commodites imported being always of less value than those exported, the difference is paid in money. The results have been discord, war, frauds, punishment and poverty. These nations have treated the wealth of their cusprofit, and an advantageous market as a curse instead of a blessing. Refusing to profit by the peculiar advantages in respect to climate, soil, or industry, possessed by their neighbors, they have in an equal degree been deprived of their own. This fal lacy operates, therefore, by the forcible prevention of men from using their skill and capital to the best advantage in the operations of production and exchange, which is equivalent to enforced idleness of laborers, enforced waste of raw mate-

sided view of the subject. In one sense money is the ordinary exponent of price; in another it is a mechanism for concentrating, storing and American citizens for political readistributing wealth upon those prinsons in certain Southern States of ciples which have been developed in the business of banking; in still another sense it is only one item of wealth, and even in this respect it has three distinct forms of value,-1st, as a measuring instrument; 2d, as the essential part of the mechanism of banking; and 3d, as a highly useful material, convertible into other forms of wealth like other staple articles, independently of its price--Reports from Bar Harbor say rating and banking features. Of course, we are speaking now of that

rials, and the loss of opportunity.

money which is universally recogparison in the price-level. Now, from the fact that such money, like the pound sterling of most acceptable tender for debt, as says well as for the price of an article, the bankrupt governments, have usually

issued bills of credit, couched in the terms of the money-tables, but being only promises to pay in moneyhave called such bills money, and made them a legal tender. Two instances of this kind have

happened in this country since 1860. Mr. Sherman thus speaks of one of

gress) convened on the 4th of July, liams asking him the above ques-1861, we had to issue our demand tion. We had no time for consideration about the raising of taxes or the security of bonds. We issued these questions. All tariff reform- \$50,000,000 of demand notes, payable ers who are at the same time civil on demand. We did like every revservice reformers naturally prefer olutionary government has always done; like our fathers in the Revolutionary war did when they issued their scrip, which was finally worth nothing, and was redeemed at one cent on the dollar. We did as the French did when they issued their assignats, which were swept away without being paid at all. We did as the Confederate States did when they issued their Confederate scrip, which is not now worth one cent for

These notes started at once toof the Tribune should be placed on wards the bog of repudiation like all Boddie, L. I. the same Presidential ticket is there- other irredeemable paper money. But for the fact that Congress came to its senses, and refused to ignore ington. the staple quality of money, this pa-Col. L. L. Polk, President of the per currency and all subsequent is-

"We provided for the issue of the meeting about July first when they legal-tender United States notes that will elect some one to fill the chair are still in existence. We did not of stenography, typewriting and telliance. He was also twice elected President of the Remist Association agree to pay them at any fixed time. egraphy. President of the Baptist Association | we supported them by receiving of the State, one of the largest and most influential religious organiza
we supported them systems of the state, one of the largest and them for for all purposes except cussing suggestive name for a newspaper. We'll have to hew very close to the tions of North Carolina. Col. Polk's of paper money beyond a certain line to deserve it, but we are in it, amount would destroy our credit; and the cost to you is only \$1.50 per personal appearance was good. He that we must finally depend upon year. was a popular speaker, fluent, some- borrowing money of the people of times eloquent and of easy delivery. the United States, and perhaps of In social intercourse he was affable, the civilized world, to aid us in put-

toms, not then amounting to a very large sum, should be collected in coin

and that this coin should be set apart to pay the interest on the public debt of

"That simple provision was the most important measure adopted during the civil war, because that gave us the means of paying the interest on our bonds; and when we came to sell the bonds after this provision was made we were able to sell them at 6 per cent., and finally at 5 per cent, receiving United States of irrigation and reclamation of arid notes in payment, and paying the in- lands. phillippie against railroad interference terest of the bonds in gold or silver with the election of United States Senacoin, which were then equivalent.

"That was the fulcrum upon which our whole financial system rested." The coin in sight made the bonds into which the notes were convertible at will, a reasonable basis of banking; and that was the vital point of the experiment, since banking is the heart of the monetary system of the world. Yet, that feature, as Mr. Sherman says, is men are fond of calling themselves, the very point which is now attacked by the visionaries, who think that we could have issued greenbacks without limit to carry on the opera-

And the same visionaries, mistaking the shadow for the substance, now hold that all we have to do in order to have plenty of money in this country is to issue paper dollars or silver dollars ad libitum, and make them a legal-tender.

The protective system hampers men in the production of wealth the legal-tender system compels them to give up what they have accumulated for less than it is worth, often for practically nothing. Any special' interest which demands a protective tariff or legal tender law. does so because it receives an extomers as a source of loss instead of clusive benefit, a bounty in no wise to be distinguished in its elements from that which the Tuscan bandit receives from his victim. But even the bandits regard their practices as an honorable sort of thievery"; and so the beneficiaries of the legislation based upon these two fallacies being 'honorable men, all honorable men," one more, and perhaps for centuries to come will do more to retard than all other causes put together. ing and destructive of all political out the formality of paying duty. forces because it is sustained by All this arises from taking a onegreat special interests capable of cer wheat to be 99.9 per cent of the

> -Harrison received 274 votes at Minneapolis from States and Territories which will not give him a single electoral vote; 260 of these being from States whose vote was cast for Oleveland in 1888. From the States that cast their votes for Harrison in 1888, he received at Minneapolis only 230 votes. His strength in the Convention lay with the negroes and the office-holders.

The county convention of the People's Party of Guilford County Congressional Convention to be held at Durham to day, and also to the State Convention of that party to be called hereafter. The Workman

"Ex-Sheriff Stafford made a speech in which he favored the support of Congressman Williams. He thought Williams was standing to the Alliance principles and the best thing they could do was to vote for him. "L. J. W. Jones, of Brown Sum-

and the same is thrown into the House, for which candidate will he vote, Democrat or Alliance?' "This was carried, and the Secretary, with Dr. Jones' assistance, "In the special session (of Con- wrote a letter to Congressman Wil-

The State Normal School.

President C. D. McIver went to Greensboro Saturday where he attended a meeting of the directors of the State Normal and Industrial School. The Board made the following selections to fill chairs in the faculty of that institution:

President Charles D. McIver, the chair of Science, Art and History of Teaching; Prof. Edwin A. Alderman. the chair of History and English

Mathematics-Miss Gertrade W Mendenhall, B. S. Natural Sciences-Miss Dixie Lee Bryant, B. S. Ancient Languages-Miss Viola

Physical Training-Miss Miriam . M. D. Vocal Music-Miss Bessie Worth-

Industrial Art-Miss Melle Fort. Domestic Economy-Miss Edith McIntyre.

All selected are Southern-born women except Miss McIntyre, who is from New York State, and Misses Mendenhall, Boddie and Worthington are North Carolina women.

The Board will hold the next ters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.—Price 50 cts, and \$1 per bottle at V. O. Thompson's, Win-

Reeding a tonic, or children who want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion,
Bliousness, Liver Completes and Neuralgie.

Late News at the Seat of Government

The Week in Congress. Comparatively little work was done in Congress during the past week owing to the excitement accompanying and foliowing the Minneapolis convention. The absenteeism in the Senate was especially conspicuous. Much of the time was taken up in making speeches. Senator Dolph, of Oregon, discussed the question Senator Call, of Fla., delivered a

tors. The Senate passed the urgent deficiency bill, appropriating nearly \$8,000,-000. The legislative and agricultural appropriation bills were referred to the appropriate committees, and the House oill to admit Arizona and New Mexico as States was sent to the committee on territories. Silver speeches were made by Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, and Mr. Jones, f Arkansas. The anti-option bill was received and laid on the table .- The most important action of the House was in passing the anti-option bill. The bill to forfeit lands granted to aid in the construction of railroads was considered and laid aside. The agricultural appropriation bill was given final consideration and passed. Various measures were passed amending the statutes, including the bill to dispense with proof of loyalty during the cival war as a requisite to being restored or admitted to the pension roll (applying to a few survivors of the war of 1812), and the bill defining murder and manslaughter in places and on waters under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States. The House committee on interstate and foreign commerce adopted the report of the subcommittee of five, recommending that

Sixty-three new army officers have just graduated at West Point. George W. Childs, of Philadelphia,

ing Railroad deal.

an investigation be made into the Read-

has arrived home after his extended Leutenant Samuel C. Lemly has been appointed Judge Advocate General of the Navy, to succeed Colonel W. B. Remy, who was retired on June 4.

Ten members of the House committee on military affairs, accompanied by the Government historian, Bachelder, are examining the Gettysburg battlefield this week for the purpose of locating the lines of General Lee's army.

The Department of Agriculture reports that the amount of American corn imported into Germany during the quarsuch legislation has for centuries ter ending March 31 was nearly 5,000,esponding quarter of last year.

The United States Treasury agents at the improvement of man's condition | Chicago have just finished an unsuccessful search for a gang of smugglers who have been bringing many fine blooded It is the most insidious, demoraliz- Canadian horses across the border with-A bulletin issued by the Department

of Agriculture states the acreage of winbribing intelligence to circumvent actual area of last year; spring wheat, 100.3 per cent; rye, 99.2 per cent of last year's breadth, and oats, 99.1 per cent. A rumor that the retirement of Secretary Blaine would probably result in the return of Senor Montt as Chilian Miniser is not believed at Washington. The disagreement between the two was a question as to the details of personal ne-

> A cotton crop report issued by the Agicultural Department, states that the average percentage of area in comparison with the actual acreage of last year is 83.5. The average condition of the crop was 85.9-the lowest average, with one exception, since 1874.

When asked as to the truth of the New York Times' report that he had withdrawn from the contest for the Presidential nomination, Senator Hill said: "On the eve of a National Convention I do not propose personally either to admit or met in Greensboro last Saturday. It deny any sensational canard which may elected delegates to the District be circulated by political enemies. have nothing to say."

Jesse James' Slayer Killed. "Bob" Ford, the slayer of Jesse James was shot and killed by Deputy Sheriff Kelly in Ford's dance hall at Creede, Kelly and Ford had a quarrel in Pueblo in February last, and ill feelings has existed between the two men since, Kelly was standing in the doorway of Ford's dance hall, when an unknown man was seen to hand him a double barrel shotgun, after which Kelly stepped inside the hall and called "Bob. Ford, who was about five feet away mit, wanted this question put to turned around, at the same time reach-Williams, 'If in case there is no ag for his hip pocket. Kelly raised his election for president by the people | gun and fired a load of buckshot full in Ford's neck, and severed the windpipe and juglar vein, killing him instantly. Kelly gave himself up and refused to

Minister Coolldge at Paris. President Carnot sent two carriages in charge of Count d'Ormesson, introducer of the Diplomatic Corps, to the Hotel Westminster to convey the Hon. T. Jefferson Coolidge, the new American Minister to France, who arrived in France Saturday last, and the principal officials of the American Legation to the Palace the, Elysee. The carriages were escorted by a detachment of cavalry as a guard of honor. Troops were drawn up in the courtyard of the palace, and as the minister alighted from his carriage arms were presented and drums were ruffled. The French President gave the aew American minister a very cordial

New Panama Canal Scheme Advices from Panama under date of June 8, received in New York, say it is currently reported that an American syndicate is at present negotiating to sake the canal works as they at present exist. There is no doubt that efforts are being and will continue to be made to revive the scheme in which so much money has been sunk.

Electric Bitters. This remedy is becoming so well Its Wonderful Effects on the Liver, known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Other chairs will be filled at a later | Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipa-tion and Indigestion try Electric Bit-

> ston, and J. F. Shaffner's, Drugstores, Bucklen's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chil-blains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price

25 cents per box.

For sale by V. O. Thompson, Winston and J. F. Shaffner, Salem,

HARRISON AND REID.

REPUBLICANS RENOMINATE HARRI

SON AND HONOR AN EDITOR. Result of Last Week's Proceedings at Minneapolis-Harrison Defeats Binine

and Mckinley and Whitelaw Reid Displaces Morton The Platform.

The Republican National Convention, which met at Minneapolis on the 7th inst., renominated Benjamin Harrison for the Presidency on Friday, the 10th inst., and concluded its labors on Saturday, the 11th inst., by nominating Whitelaw Reid, of New York, for the Vice Presidency. Hon. J. Sloat Fassett, of New York, was temporary chairman of the convention, and Hon. Wm. McKinley, of Ohio, its permanent chairman. But one ballot was taken, which resulted as follows: Benjamin Harrison, 535; James G. Blaine, 182 1-6; William McKinley, 182; Thomas B. Reed, 4; Robert T. Lincoln, 1. Whitelaw Reid

was nominated for Vice President by ac-The platform adopted was as follows: We reaffirm the American doctrine of protec. tion. We call attention to its growth abroad. We maintain that the prosperous condition of our country is largely due to the wise revenue legislation of the Republican Congress. We believe that all articles which can not be produced in the United States, except luxuries, should be admitted free of duty, and that on all imports coming into competition with the products of American labor there should be duties levied equal to the difference between wages abroad and at home. We assert that the prices of man ufactured articles of general consumption have been rejuced under the operations of the tariff act of 1890. We denounce the efforts of the Democratic majority of the House to destroy our tariff laws by piecemeal, as manifested by their attacks on wool, lead and lead ore, and we ask the people for their judgment thereon. We point to the success of the Republican pol-

ley of reciprocity, under which export trade has vastly increased and new and enlarged markets have been opened for the products of our farms and workshops, We remind the people of the bitter opposition of the Democratic party to this practical business measure and claim that, executed by a Republican administration, our present laws will eventually give us control of the trade of the world. The American people, from tradition and inter-

est, favor bimetallism, and the Republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money, with such restrictions and under such provisions, to be determined by contemplation, as will secure the maintenance of the parity of values of the two metals, so that the purchasing and debt paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall be at all times equal. The interests of the producers of the country, its farmers and its working men, demand that every dollar, paper or coin issued by the Government, shall be as good as any other. We commend the wise and satriotic steps already taken by our Government to secure an international conference to adopt such measures as will insure a parity of value between gold and silver for use as money throughout the

We demand that every citizen of the United States shall be allowed to cast one free and unrestricted ballot in all public elections and that such ballot shall be ogunted and returned as cast; that such laws shall be enacted and enforced as will secure to every citizen, be he rich or poor, native or foreign born, white or black, tion, the free and honest popular ballot; the just well as the just and equal protection under the laws, as the foundation of our republican institutions. And the party will never relax its efforts elections shall be fully guaranteed and protected in every State. We denounce the continued inhuman outrages perpetrated on American citizens for political reasons in certain States of the

We favor the extension of our foreign commerce; the restoration of our mercantile marine by home built ships, and the construction of a and the honor of our flag; the maintenance of the most friendly relations with foreign powers entangling alliances with none, and the protection of the rights of our fishermen. We reaffirm our approval of the Monroe doctrine, and believe in the achievement of the manifest destiny of the republic in its broadest sense. We favor the enactment of more stringent laws and regulations for the restriction of criminal, pauper and

contract immigration.

We favor efficient legislation by Congress to protect the life and limbs of employes of the railroad companies engaged in carrying interby the respective States that will protect employes engaged in State commerce and in mining

The Republican party has always been the champion of the oppressed, and recognizes the dignity of manhood irrespective of faith, color or again. nationality. It sympathizes with the cause of home rule in Ireland, and protests against the ersecution of the Jews in Russia. The ultimate reliance of free popular government is the intelligence of the people and the maintenance of freedom among men. We de

clare anew our devotion to liberty of thought and conscience, of speech and press, and approve all agencies and instantenentalities which con tribute to the education of the children of the land, but while insisting upon the fullest meas union of church and State. We reaffirm our opposition declared in the Re publican platform of 1888 to all combinations of capital organized to control arbitrarily the con-

indorse the action taken on this issue, and ask for such further legislation as may be required to remedy any defects in existing laws and to We approve the policy of extending to towns and rural communities the advantages of the free delivery service now enjoyed by the large cities of the country, and reaffirm the declaration contained in the Republican platform of 1888, pledging the reduction of letter postag.

to one cent at the earliest possible moment. We commend the spirit and evidence of reform in the civil service and the wise and consistent enforcement by the Republican party of the laws relating to the same. The construction of the Nicaraugua Canal is of the highest importance to the American people, both as a measure of national defense and to build up and maintain American com-

United States Government. We favor the admission of the remaining Territories at the earliest possible moment, having due regard to the interests of the people of the Territories and of the United States All the Federal officeholders appointed in the Territories should be selected from the residents thereof, and the right of self government should be accorded as far as possible. We favor the cession, subject to the home stead laws, of the arid public lands to the States and Territories in which they lie under such Congressional restrictions as to disposition, reclamation and occupancy by settlers as will secure the maximum benefits to the

people.
The World's Columbian Exposition is great national undertaking, and Congress lation in aid thereof as will insure a discharge of the expense and obligations incident therete and the attainment of re-ults commensurat; with the dignity and progress of the nation.

We sympathize with all wise and legitimate efforts to lessen and prevent the evils of intemperance and promote morality.

Ever mindful of the services and sacrifices of the men who saved the life of the nation, and the progress of the men who saved the life of the nation.

of the men who saved the life of the nation, we pledge anew to the veteran soldiers of tha Republic a watchful care and recognition of their just claims upon a grateful people.

We commend the able, patriotic and thoroughly American administration of President Harrison. Under it the country has enjoyed remarkable prosperity, and the dignity and honor of the nation at home and abroad have been faithfully maintained, and we offer the record of pledges kept as a guarantee of faithrecord of pledges kept as a guarantee of faith ful performance in the future.

LEMON ELIXIR. Stomach, Bowels and Kidneys.

For Biliousness, Constipation and Malaria, take Lemon Elixir.
For Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Headache, take Lemon Elixir.
For Sleeplessness, Nervousness and Heartfailure take Lemon Elixir.
For Fevers Chills and Dobility take For Fevers, Chills and Debility, take Lemon Elixir.

Ladies, for natural and thorough organic Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.

Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir will not fail you in any of the above named diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach, kidneys or bowels.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga. 50c, and \$1 bottles at druggists.

CONSUMPTION CURED. An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 350 Pewers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

A TYPICAL SUMMER HOME

THE ZINZENDORF Winston-Salem, North Carolina

It is situated 1,100 feet above sea-on hill from which the land seems to flow down to the valleys which lie around it in every direction. So that on the warmest days it is fanned by whatever breeze may move the leaves. It is surrounded by porches 18 feet wide keeping always a most grateful shade. The Halls are high pitched and 10 feet wide. The rooms large and airy. The boilers, laundry, bakery and kitchen are cut off from the living part of the house. The water is pumped fresh from springs walled and piped and protected by deep shade. A perfect waste pipe carries to the rapid creek half a mile away and eighty feet below its basement.

THE ZINZENDORF is the best ventilated, best drained and best arranged hotel in the South and occupies the most notable situation East of the Blu Ridge. 1t is also

as it has the best Electric car system in the South at its doors, putting it only 5 minutes from the passenger depots of the Richmon & Danville and Norfolk & Western Rail way, the two best known Southern systems, on direct lines with New York, Washington, Cincinnatti, Memphis, Atlanta, Savannah, Charleston, Wilmington, Norfolk; the quickest schedules and completest trains. t is only 12 hours from Washington, Norfolk, Wilmington, Charleston, Atlanta, Knoxville. It is accessible. It has double daily trains, telephones and telegraphs. This is the situation. Ask for Excursion tickets from your station.

THE HOTEL ITSELF is a model of convenience. It has elevators, electric lights, hot and cold public and private baths on every floor. Electric bells, most approved fire escapes and apparatus.

1TS SERVICE is done entirely by white help, waiters and chambermaids under well trained matrons, and is scrupulously neat, quick and rapid.

THE TABLE s prepared under the immediate eye of the Manager, Mr. E. S. Boswell, whose long service in the New York hotel and at the Manhattan Club won him much reputation in this special office. It contains the best that can be bought, served in the daintiest and most appetizing fashion, and is already commended far and wide. The meats are selected and cooled in large refrigeratorsthe breads are baked in the house by one of the very best bakers in the country, the fowls, vegetables and fruits from the farms in this country, and the milk from the registered herds of H. E. Fries.

THE LAUNDRY the completest turned out by the famous Dolph firm and is managed by a successful

s in charge of gentlemen, and every department of the hotel is under a competent head who directs quietly and pleasantly. AMUSEMENTS.

This is the hotel where one can live in the most delightful ease and comfort. Sitting in the Eastern verandahs the outlook is the Western portico the country lies below Every noise is such as comes from the country—the pleasing prospect of wood-land and grass-fields, orchard, meadows and thickets twisted with vines, free from dis tracting cares.

Leading from the hotel are miles of macadamized roads that make driving a pleas ure as well as a recreation, and which lead to many interesting and beautiful scenes and quarters. An hour will carry you along the windings of the admirable West End boulevard, past its parks into the center of the manufacturing district where thousands of hands are employed in a hundred occupations, down miles of Belgian block streets, through the elm-lined streets of Salem, by the famous Moravian church and the grand old School, across the iron bridge spanning Wachovia Brook to the beantiful Sunnyside views and parks; or eassing the Military School and trotting over the hills that command the wonderfu views of the Pilot, Blue Ridge and Sauratown that are had from the Zinzendorf, you come to the Marienbad and Mystic Parks where are several newly discovered mineral prings, making much reputation, thence hrough North Winston across the car lines over the beautiful East Side into its table land filled with white, neat cottages then returning through the city home

THE MINERAL WATERS. Too great stress can not be laid on the mineral waters. They are most valuable, and are daily effecting remarkable cures. The Mystic waters, so called because of the omance of their discovery, have not been known three months, but have already acquired great local celebrity, and on a single day not less than one hundred vehicle filled with people visited them to drink in new health. The State Chemist, Dr. H. B. Battle, gives the following analysis: Calcium Carbonate

Calcium Sulphate. Sodium Chloride. Magnesium Carbonate Potassium Sulphate. Oxide of Iron.

The Marienbad waters, so called because they so nearly resemble the famous Marien bad waters of Germany, are also of recen discovery and are fast making much reputation. These waters will be kept fresh from the Springs at the Zinzendorf for the SALEM CHALYBEATE SPRING.

Several years ago Mr. Adam Butner procured an accurate analysis of the well known Salem Chalybeate Spring, which has been preserved by Dr. J. A. Butner, and from which it appears that the solid constituents of the water are as follows: 2,545 grains of Iron, 0.111 grains of Lime, Bicarbonates. 0.33 grains of undetermined matter, principally Magnesium.

This is an excellent iron water, and its reedom from all deleterious matter is especially conspicuous. It has proved for gen erations a most efficacious tonic and has been much frequented by people from the lower country. If this water had been in the hands of private owners its merits by iberal advertising would have made it bet ter known than many similar waters of national note, but it is the property of the Moravian Church-that modest and liberal body of Christians whose delight has been to give it to whoever would without money. and its only advocates have been its bene ficiaries. A well man soon forgets his cure. But even these alterative, renovating and conic waters cannot build up the depleter system unless the impulse they give nature s sustained and preserved by the auxilliary forces of pure, bracing air, animating and cheerful surroundings, wholesome food properly prepared and temptingly spread, and sweet downy beds that full to complete bodily rest.

The waters, the air and charming scenes

are all at Winston-Salem. The delightful creature comforts are at Well or weak, you will find a hospitable

home, and most careful attention. They cost you only what is reasonable.

Respectfully,

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