

The Ward Committees of the Wilmington Democratic Association are requested to meet at the Committee Room on Tuesday evening, the 6th inst., at 7 o'clock. A full attendance is earnestly solicited, as business of importance will be brought before the Committee.

J. D. BELLAMY,
President.

May 5th.

DIED.

In Marion District, S. C., on the 21st inst. Dr. W. G. WILLKINGS, of Wilmington, N. C., aged about 50 years. Lost to the community in the full promise of a glorious career, for man could be more deeply or more gloriously regretted than our deceased friend. Brave, ardent and generous, gifted by nature with a long and useful life before him, the prospect of a long and honorable career. That career has been cut short, the promise of his life unfulfilled; and he has gone down to the grave before his time; but his memory will long survive in the hearts of his friends, and the turf that rests over his cold form will be kept green by the sobbing tears starting from eyes that knew him not in life.

Our intimate acquaintance with Dr. Willkings was of comparatively recent date, and arose out of community of political feeling. But we soon learned to love and respect the man for himself, and we now mourn him as a personal friend. It is for those who have known him best and loved him best that this notice and inadequate tribute to his memory would find its noble and adequate place. His memory will long survive in the hearts of his friends, and the turf that rests over his cold form will be kept green by the sobbing tears starting from eyes that knew him not in life.

To-Day.

Saddened by a great calamity in our midst, we have no heart to-day for political discussion. Overpowered by feelings beyond our ability to express, we know that mere words would be out of place. Standing in heart by the freshly opened grave of a valued friend, whose warm grasp yet thrills through our frame, can we be expected to raise a shout of contest or victory? Duty to our principles alone impels us, but in sorrow or in joy that feeling should predominate. We trust that it will prove so to-day—that though assented, the Democrats are not disheartened. Now is not the time to speak of recent events—Now is not the time to harrow up hearts yet bleeding—and we forbear. That God who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb, will be the comforter and sustainer of the bereaved ones in their deep affliction. Let us trust that His helping hand will not be withheld—that He will pour balm into the bleeding wounds—that He will bind up the broken hearts of those whose sorrow is more than they can bear.

Old Bull.—This celebrated Violinist will give a Concert at the Masonic Hall to-morrow night. All who love to hear good music will go. His reputation needs no bringing up from the Press—he is known, and his talents are fully appreciated wherever he performs. We clip the following from the New Orleans Crescent City. The programme for to-morrow, will be found in this day's Journal.

Old Bull's Tactics.—The two concerts given last week by this great artist, were successively given in his fame and creditable to the musical taste of our citizens. Old Bull's renown is so world-wide, his reputation so firmly established, that no praise from our pen can add to it. Call him an artist is not enough; he is more than that. He is a great genius who, untrammelled by the rules of art, pours forth his inspirations in a flood of melody which touches and exercises every emotion of the heart. In his hands the violin speaks the feelings which inspire him—and which they grace or grieve, his feelings become art, and his art, his feelings. His playing is not only a study in itself, but a study in the life of the artist, while her charming manners and social virtues have made admirers for the lady, as her talents have made admirers for the artist.

Her Scholastic, the performer on the cornet a piston, made a decided impression. His playing exceeds anything we have ever heard. His execution is wonderful, with his rich and sweet tone is perfection itself. His playing is not only a study in itself, but a study in the life of the artist, while her charming manners and social virtues have made admirers for the lady, as her talents have made admirers for the artist.

Exchange.—We have neglected to notice, at an earlier date, the fact that our banks have recently reduced their rates for selling Northern Exchange to one per cent. premium. This is now the ruling rate.

Democratic Meeting.—Sat. Match. PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—A large Democratic meeting was held here this evening, preparatory to the municipal election on Tuesday next. Henry Dinear, a German, who was committed on a charge of picking pockets during the recent fire-burgling himself in Moyamensing prison this morning. A large amount of funds was found upon his person, which led to the discovery that he was possessed of means, showing that the charge was entirely a mistake.

The Fire in Philadelphia.—Further PARTICULARS.—The Philadelphia papers of yesterday considerably reduce the estimated loss by the fire in that city on Wednesday night. The ledger puts it at \$607,200, on which there was an insurance of \$388,200. The North American sets the loss down at nearly the same sum. At one time about 150 buildings were on fire, 44 of which were consumed. The principal losers, with their insurance, are as follows:

Loss.	Insurance.
Jessup & Moore, \$55,000	\$31,000
Levick, Raisin & Co., 50,000	50,000
Calb Cope, 45,000	25,000
C. C. Davies & Co., 42,000	25,000
Richard R. Levick, 40,000	40,000
W. W. Knight, 12,000	12,000
Wilcock, Rogers & Fraley, 30,000	30,000
Sellers & Penneck, 31,000	31,000
Edward Semans & Co., 28,000	20,000
M. F. Clark, 25,000	16,000
Mr. Fairbanks and others, 18,000	18,000
Bagley, Woodward & Co., 17,000	17,000
Wickersham & Walker, 17,000	17,000
Turner & Fisher, 16,000	10,000
Estate Mrs. R. Howell, 11,000	11,000
Joseph Seal, 11,000	11,000
Friends' Select School, 8,000	8,000
Pennyacker & Flynn, 8,000	5,000
Samuel Croft, 5,000	5,000
George Bruder, 5,000	5,000
Mrs. Adela Cooke, 4,500	5,000
Acheson, Rommel & Fry, 3,500	3,500

Mr. John R. Groff, who was crushed to death by a falling wall, was a printer by trade. Two other firemen are missing, and supposed to have been killed at the same. A young man named Kennedy, better known as "Charlie Cushman," is also said to be missing. Wm. Bowen, a member of the United States Engine company, was slightly injured at the same time. Also, a member of the Philadelphia Hose company, Edward A. Nuttall, of the Franklin Engine company, was slightly injured on the head by a falling wall. John E. Farner, a member of the same company, was badly burned in the right eye. David S. Rush, president of the Friendship Engine company, was badly crushed.

U. S. FINANCES.—For the quarter ending the 31st of March the receipts into the U. S. treasury amounted to \$13,379,018, including \$16,737,114 from customs, and \$1,450,073 from public lands. The expenditures for the same time reached \$16,922,267, of which \$1,137,437 was on account of the public debt, redemption of stock loans, &c.; \$5,377,243 on account of the war department; \$2,794,800 for the navy, and \$5,220,786 for civil, miscellaneous and foreign intercourse.

From the London Morning Star, of April 7th. English views of the Effects of a War with the United States. Three years ago a war with Russia was an improbability. There was a diplomatic difference with an exchange of diplomatic views, as such confidential as controversial, about a third Power, but between the English and Russians there was no quarrel. They came into contact as the customers of one another. The Russians supplied us with grain, timber, hemp, fax, and other articles, and we supplied them with cloth and cutlery, and were the means of conveying to their coast the bulk of their trade. We had been, with only slight interruptions, friendly for three hundred years. Together we had fought what our fathers called the great battles for European freedom, and having won it, had together maintained the peace of Europe, almost unbroken, for nearly half a century. The statements of both were on the most friendly terms. But long formed habits of peace and friendship were broken through, all the highest considerations of morality were disregarded, and the nation was hurried into war, for an abstract, remote, and hypothetical contingency.

What happened as to Russia, may come to pass as to the United States. We have a dispute with them concerning ourselves, diplomatic notes are exchanged in no friendly spirit, and misguided politicians, from their attachments to an obsolete theory and old prejudices, are ready to hurry the two nations into an exterminating war. England might as well war with Scotland, or Middlesex with Lancashire, as the following facts will show.

From the ports of the United Kingdom, last year, 1502 American vessels, of 1,234,740 tons, carried away cargoes of woollens, cottons, silks, cutlery, and iron, and into our ports, 1,278 American vessels, of 1,217,743 tons, brought cargoes of cotton, corn, and provisions. The whole foreign trade of the empire, inward and outward, was carried on by 15,370,265 tons of shipping, of which the American shipping, representing 2,452,492 tons, constituted nearly one-sixth, and was more than two-thirds of all the other foreign shipping of the world which entered our ports.

There is no return of the English shipping which assisted in carrying on the trade of the United States in 1855, but in 1851, the tonnage of our vessels that entered and left the several harbors of Boston, New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New Orleans, was 1,161,504, while the total tonnage engaged in the trade of the States in that year was 6,563,867—so that our shipping carried on one-sixth of their trade.

The total value of our exports to foreign countries amounted in 1854 to 63,332,528, and of this sum 21,410,362 was to the United States. In 1853 the amount was 23,658,427. The value of the imports of the United Kingdom from the States, as given in the returns of the United States, was in 1853, 24,200,000. Our own returns for 1855 put down the real value of our imports from all parts of the world at 143,850,505. The separate countries are not distinguished, but the cotton imported was valued at 20,822,715, of which amount six-sevenths, or 6,064,850 cwts., out of 7,947,856 cwts. come from the United States. The grain, meal and flour imported was valued at 16,600,000, of which one-fourth, or, say in value, 4,000,000, came from the United States. From them we receive most of our unmanufactured tobacco, and the value imported in 1855 was 1,306,957. These few details will suffice to give an idea of the extent of our trade with the States. It amounts to one-third of our whole export trade, and probably to about as large a proportion of our whole import trade with foreign countries.

Great Britain and America have a common language and a common literature. It has been estimated that nearly 12,000,000 of the free white population of the States, out of nearly 30,000,000 who inhabit them in 1850, were derived since 1790 from emigrants and their descendants. Very recently, when the Germans have gone in great numbers to the States, the bulk of this immigrant population has been derived from the United Kingdom. Like the population of Middlesex, the population of the States is composed of individuals from every part of our common country, mingled with a large foreign element, and the preponderancy of the English element is equally shown in both places by the use of the English language, the reading of English books, and the performance of English plays. The Governments are different, but the people are identical, so that a war between the two would, in the strictest sense of the words, be a civil war.

The reader may possibly imagine what would be the condition of England were one-sixth of all its foreign shipping that enters its ports cut off, one-tenth of its shipping unemployed, the bulk of its imports of cotton, grain, flour, tobacco, and provisions stopped, one-third of its export foreign goods tried or one-fifth of its total exports put on a stand, and on the whole, not less probably than one-fourth of our industrious population thrown out of employment, no longer producing wealth for the landowners and wealth for the State, but falling as paupers on the national resources for support, and as paupers breeding criminals. In 1812 and 1813, when the political intercourse with the States was about one-fifth only as large as at present, the celebrated Orders in Council, which first checked our trade with the States, and afterwards caused a war which for a short period wholly suspended it, carried ruin into our manufacturing districts. Mills were stopped, hands discharged, riots ensued, and murders, followed by executions, were the climax of the disorder. That was the consequence of the suspension of only a small part of our trade.

In 1812 the Americans had about 1,000,000 tons of shipping, now they have got upwards of 3,000,000 tons, or rather more than we have, and their ships are known to be among the finest in the world. The total population of the States was then about 8,000,000; it is now 25,000,000. Then they gave us a great deal of trouble. We might, perhaps, as some idle people amongst us boast, now sweep their commerce from the seas, but they, in turn, would sweep ours. A large portion of the great mercantile marine of the two countries, no longer employed in supplying their mutual wants, would be converted into instruments of mutual destruction. There would be a maritime war in every sea. Our West India Colonies, dependent, in a great measure, for food and lumber on the States, would be exposed to great privations and to great depredations, and might take into consideration whether they should not declare themselves a neutral State. Our own coasts would tempt numerous attacks, and we should ourselves suffer, as we have not suffered for many centuries, the horrors of partial invasion and actual warfare.

May God forbid that the language of any politicians, or of any portion of the press of England, should ever bring about a civil war between two nations so circumstanced.

Not a Savage Vice.—At sunset yesterday a robin sang in a pine tree in the shady ravine beyond the Observatory, and made from his little throat music strong enough to bear upward man's spirit, to thoughts of the infinite and infinite goodness and justice. The dark green tree was alive with the rich hymn of the red-breasted bird. Hidden in its thick foliage, he sang as behind a screen in a sacred organ loft. His place could be heard, not seen. The veiled chorister compelled a pause at the fence side, and participation in this service of natural worship, in the great church of the open vernal air. Sweeter and sweeter—tenderer and more softening was the bird's hymn. It drew to the tree on swift wing, and in a flutter of excitement, another bird. It drew also something else. Stealthily of step, like a thief in the night—grown to man's years though not to manhood—with parted lips, and eyes eager though brutal and stupid—a creature in human form with a gun, crept towards the pine to murder the bird. Though his nature was vulgar and coarse, the fact that now was the Spring of the year, and the time for the pairing of robins and the making of nests, must long ago have pierced through it—yet he thirstily bunted with his eyes and uplifted muzzles for the redbreast that, unconscious of evil as was Eve in Eden, protracted the evening song. The brutal fellow raised the piece to his shoulder, followed by a prayer from the beholder that the barrel would burst in his grasp if he fired. A rescue! The top of the pine moved, and in company lovingly close

the married birds flattered away unseen of the evil one, avoiding death and averting a crime. The look of the huffed villain would have been a feast for the entire Humane Society. No red savage, from the Florida everglades to the Oregon shore, would kill a robin in the spring of the year. This is a vice of the blackguards and the cockneys of civilization. Shame on them!

A COMPLIMENT TO THE MOHAMMEDANS FROM THE ARCHBISHOP.—The Archbishop of Paris has just directed to all the churches in his diocese a pastoral letter in which, occurs the following passage in reference to the Mohammedans: "This people is no longer the same, and will not disappoint our hopes of union. These are now its ancient hostility and wrath? It is one of our most faithful allies. It has opened its heart to the influence of Christianity; it is beginning to open its eyes to the true light; it will acknowledge before long its father and its mother. What is Mohammedanism at bottom but a sect of Christianity?"

SYMPATHY FOR BARNUM.—A large meeting to sympathize with Mr. P. T. Barnum in his present financial difficulties was held a few evenings since at Bridgeport, Connecticut. Mr. B. is former residence. Ex Mayor Hubbel was in the chair. Mr. B. Boles and others spoke feelingly of Mr. Barnum's misfortune, and expressed the hope that he would soon be able to extricate himself from the embarrassment in which a too confident reliance in the honesty of others had placed him. During the evening a long letter was read from Mr. Barnum, and much applause. After adopting a series of appropriate resolutions, the meeting separated.

The undersigned respectfully announces himself to his fellow citizens, of the County of New Hanover, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to a nomination by the Convention to be held at Long Creek, on the 29th day of May next. JOHN L. HOLMES, 1886.

The subscriber respectfully announces himself to his fellow-citizens of the County of New Hanover as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, and trusts that his efforts to discharge faithfully and acceptably the duties of the office will secure to him a continuation of their suffrages. JOHN A. HALL, 1886.

AIR-UNION BEEF.—Some very fine beef from Virginia will be found for four or five days at the Subscriber's Stall, at the West end of the Market House. J. I. KING, April 30th, 1886.

WILMINGTON SAVINGS BANK.—This Institution, located at the Bank of Wilmington, on Front Street, will be open for the reception of deposits on Wednesday of each week from 1 to 7 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday of each week from 10 to 4 o'clock P. M. JOHN A. TAYLOR, Pres't. May 1, 1885—2014

MARRIED. In Chapel Hill, N. C., on the 23d ultimo, by the Rev. S. S. Northrup, Mr. ANTHONY R. LEMAY, to Miss MARY A. CHASE, daughter of the late of Edward Crest, formerly of Salisbury, N. C. DIED. In this town, on the 31st inst. ANNE, infant daughter of J. E. and L. A. Keen, aged 17 months. In this town, on the 24th inst. Mrs. CATHERINE BOWDEN, aged 72 years.

MASONIC HALL. OLE BULL. We would most respectfully inform the citizens of Wilmington that he will give ONE GRAND CONCERT ONLY, on THURSDAY evening, May 6th. For this occasion he will be assisted by the following English Artists: The two favorite and talented young Prima Donnas, Miss ANNA SPINOLA, Miss ANNA VAIL, LOUIS SCHREIBER. The Great Cornet a Piston Player, and FRANK ROTH, The distinguished Pianist and Composer. PROGRAMME. Part I. Solo—Piano Forte—'Pagamento Rindia,'—C. F. Kohl. Grand Air—'Qui la Voce,' from 'Le Parv.' ANNA SPINOLA. (Belini) Solo—Cornet a Piston—Selections from the Opera of 'Mozartella,' with variations, arranged by—Schreiber. LOUIS SCHREIBER. Ballad—'Something to Love me,'—Hime. 'Something to love me, something to love me, something to smile upon and to care, something to fill up the void in my heart. That will not, when sorrow comes to me, depart. Something that loves me, not as summer winds love, As true as the star in the blue realms above. Something with instant thought to believe, That will not, like most of earth's proud ones, deceive' Solo—Violin, Grand Concerto Allegro, Adagio. ANNA SPINOLA. Paganini. OLE BULL.

Part II. Solo—Ballad—'Annie Laurie,'—Maxwell's folks are bonny, Where early falls the dew, And 'twas there that Annie Laurie, Gave me her promise true, 'Gave me her promise true, And never forget will I, But for bonny Annie Laurie, 'Till I lay me down to die.' ANNA SPINOLA. 'Pity Darling,' with variations, arranged and performed by—Schreiber. LOUIS SCHREIBER. Cavatina—'A Mid' Preigh,' nel 'Opera Otto Meni in due ore. Donizetti. OLE BULL. Solo—Violin—Capriccio on American Airs, including 'Arkansas Traveller,' 'Pop goes the Weasel,' and 'Last Ro'e of Summer.' OLE BULL. Grand Duo—'Lustria of Adajar,'—Guisteppt Lille. MISS VALENTINE and MISS VAIL. Solo—Violin—Introduction and Carnival of Venice. OLE BULL.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR. To be had at Mr. Whitaker's Book Store, and at the door. Shows open at 7 o'clock; concert commences at 8 o'clock. May 3—2025.

CONCORD CHAPTER NO. 1. REGULAR MEETING this Evening, at 7 o'clock. T. B. CARR, Secretary. May 5—2041.

WANTED—A BOOK-KEEPER. One who is a good accountant and can come well recommended may hear of a situation by addressing B. O., at the Journal office. May 3—2053.

PUTNAM'S MAGAZINE for May. For sale at May 3. S. W. WHITAKER'S.

LESLIE'S ILLUSTRATED PAPER for Saturday, May 10th. Received and for sale at S. W. WHITAKER'S.

NEW BOOKS. Among the New Books received this morning, we have a further supply of the following late works: Rogers's Table Talk, Ten Years among the Mail Bags, Courtes and Marriage by Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz; A Biographical Sketch of Henry A. Wise, with a History of the Political Campaign in Virginia in 1855, to which is added A Review of Parties in the Union, and a Statement of the Political Issues; distinguishing them on the eve of the Presidential Campaign in 1856. By James P. Hamblenton, M. D. Literary Criticisms and other papers; by the late Horace Binney Wallace, Esq., of Philadelphia. Appleton's Cyclopaedia of Biography, edited by Rev. Francis L. Havley, May 2d—1886. S. W. WHITAKER'S.

\$25 REWARD. RANAWAY from the subscriber, his servant JIM SHAW, a young dark mulatto, of light and rasher small figure; generally smiles when about to talk. He was nearly dressed in a black frock coat, and black pantaloons. The above-reward will be paid to any one who will deliver him to me, or secure him in any jail. JAMES F. McREE. [Commercial copy.]

WE THINK WE ARE JUSTIFIED IN SAYING. That no other Pills, or remedy for Liver Complaint, has so great a success, the reputation now enjoyed by Dr. McLean's Celebrated Liver Pills. As an evidence that they will cure, read the following certificate from a lady residing in our own city. New York, January 23, 1882. This to certify that I have had the liver complaint for six years, and never could get any medicine to help me until I commenced using Dr. McLean's Celebrated Liver Pills. I can now say to the public, that they have completely cured me; and I do hereby recommend them to all persons afflicted with a diseased liver. They will cure. Try them. MARIA EVANS, No. 38 Leveson street. Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. McLean's Celebrated Vermifuge, manufactured by Fleming Bros., Philadelphia. For all other Vermifuges, the names are worthless. Dr. McLean's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. Sold in Wilmington, by W. H. LIPPIST. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS. April 28—1886.

CAN EPILEPSY BE CURED? We think the following letter from a respectable citizen of Mississippi will answer the question, and remove all doubts from every unwiser mind. GREENSBORO, Miss., June 5, 1885. Dr. Seth S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.—Dear Sir: I take great pleasure in relating a case of spasms or fits, cured by your invaluable Pills. My brother, J. J. Ligon, has long been afflicted with this awful disease. He was first attacked while on a military campaign. He would have one or two spasms at one attack at first, but as he grew older, they seemed to increase likewise. Up to the time he commenced taking your Pills, he had them very often and quite severe, prostrating him body and mind. His mind had suffered seriously; but now, I am happy to say, he is cured of those fits. He has enjoyed fine health for the last five months past. His mind has also returned to its original brightness. All this I take a great pleasure in communicating, as it may be the means of directing others to the remedy that will cure them. Yours respectfully, &c. W. P. LOON. No person who is suffering from Fits or Spasms, should neglect sending to Dr. Hance, after this, for a supply of his invaluable medicine. His prices are as follows: one box \$3; two \$5; twelve \$24—sent by mail free, on the receipt of a remittance. Address SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. April 29—4816.

THE GREAT RUSSIAN REMEDY. EVERY mother should have a box in the house handy in case of accidents to the children. Redding's Russia Salve. It is a Boston remedy of thirty years' standing, and is recommended by physicians. It is a sure and speedy cure for Burns, Piles, Bells, Corns, Felons, Chilblains, and Old Sores of every kind; for Fever Sores, Ulcers, Itch, Scald Head, Nettle Rash, Bunions, Sore Nipples, (recommended by nurses,) Whitlows, Sties, Festeris, Flea Bites, Spider Stings, Frozen Limbs, Stuck Rheum, Scurfy, Sore and Cracked Lips, Sore Nose, Warts and Flesh Wounds, it is a most valuable remedy and cure, which can be testified to by thousands who have used it in the city of Boston and vicinity for the last thirty years. In no instance will this salve do an injury, or interfere with a physician's prescriptions. It is made from the purest materials, from a recipe brought from Russia—of articles growing in that country—and the proprietors have letters from all classes, clergymen, physicians, and others of every kind; and others who have used it themselves, and recommended it to others. Redding's Russia Salve is put up in large tin boxes, stamped on the cover with a picture of a horse and a disabled soldier, which picture is also engraved on the wrapper. Price, 25 cents a box. Sold at wholesale and retail in every country, or may be ordered of the wholesale drug agent, REDDING & CO., Proprietors. Agent for Wilmington, N. C.—S. W. WHITAKER. Feb. 26 1714—2646m

A PREPARED BREATH.—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth whiter than alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate that their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth-brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." It will remove tan, pimples, and freckles from the skin, leaving it soft and delicate. Use a few drops, or two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning. SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of Balm of a Thousand Flowers, rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only Fifty Cents. FETTERER & Co., proprietors. For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by S. W. WHITAKER, Agent. Feb. 19th, 1886. 141-6m

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.—A retired Clergyman, restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to know the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Direct the Rev. JOHN M. DUNN, No. 36 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. (April 14, 1886—188-1m)

THE MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS IN THE Wilmington Gas Light Company, advertised for Monday 5th, at the Bank of Wilmington, is postponed to Thursday, 8th inst., at the office of Capt. Gilbert Potter, at 10 A. M. F. J. LOED, Sec'y. May 3d.—2054f

LOST.—(Supposed to have been taken from our Wharf, by the Steer "Lizbeth," well advertised in one barrel White Key, marked G. H. over W. Whoever has it will confer a favor by returning it to RUSSELL & BRO. May 3

DISSOLUTION. THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name and style of Murray, Peacock & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Either partner will sign in liquidation. E. MURRAY, C. H. PEACOCK, C. H. ROBINSON. Wilmington, N. C., May 1, 1886.

NOTICE. THE SUBSCRIBERS who form the Forwarding and Commission business as formerly, under the name and style of Murray & Peacock, and hope, by prompt attention to business, to receive the same liberal patronage bestowed on the old firm. E. MURRAY, L. PEACOCK. May 1—205-2m

FROM PRESBYTERIAN BOARD OF PUBLISHERS.—I received this morning, a supply of "Presbyterian Psalmists," "Psalms and Hymns" of the various sizes and styles of binding issued; "Confession of Faith;" "Catechisms for Young Children;" by Dr. Alexander's Practical Bookstore, N. Y. S. W. WHITAKER. May 2.

SCHOOL CULTURE.—in Reading, Speaking, Conversation. Designed for the use of Schools, Colleges, and Home Instruction; by William Sherwood. 1 vol. 12mo. Just published. For sale by S. W. WHITAKER. May 2.

ROGERS'S SERIES OF ROMAN HISTORY.—"The Republic of Rome," with illustrations; "The Republic of Rome" Just published. For sale by S. W. WHITAKER. May 2.

NOTICE. I HEREBY FOREWARN all persons from harboring or trading with my wife, Margaret E. Jacobs, under the penalty of the law, as she has left me without a cause. May 3, 1885.—[205-2f] SAMUEL JACOBS.

ON CONSIGNMENT. 25 BBL'S. Superior Old Monongahela Whiskey; 2 " Old Bourbon; 2 " Stump's Old Rye; 1 " Old Alleghany; 10 " Gin; 10 " Cognac Brandy. The above Liquors are sent as samples. Orders will be received and forwarded for lots to suit purchasers, by RANKIN & MARTIN, South Water Street. May 1st.—[203-6f]

SUMMER RETREAT. A L solicitation of my friends and acquaintances, that I have engaged and fitted up Mr. Hopkins' place on the Wilmington & Topsail Beach Road, about three miles from the city, and just far enough to be a pleasant walk. On arrival, I shall be most happy to wait on you with "LAGER" and other refreshments. I will open for the reception of visitors to-morrow. April 30th.—[202-1m] (Her. & Cem. copy in. and present bills to J. M.)

NOTICE. All persons indebted to the subscriber, either by note or account, will please pay up, as money must be had. All accounts standing over three months, interest will be charged. No accounts will run longer than ninety days hereafter. THOS. C. CRAFT, April 19th.—[48w] No. 48 Market St. A. B. MAYRER. MAYER & BLUM, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c., &c. WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC, that they have just opened the stores formerly occupied by Dr. D. DuPre, Jr., corner Princess and Water streets, where they intend to keep always on hand a full supply of the above. Dealers in the genuine article would do well to give them a call. They also keep constantly on hand a full stock of Domestic Liquors, such as WHISKEY, BRANDY and GIN. April 24—197.

MURFORD'S CELEBRATED LEMON SUGAR, prepared expressly for Family, Hotel and Ship use, from the best Lemons in a concentrated form, then crystallized with sugar, for the instant production of Lemonade. In this pure state it surpasses Lemon Syrup, and is more convenient and cheaper than Lemons, as it will not spoil in any climate. For Parties and Travelling, it is invaluable. The Sugar is neatly put up in canisters of 1 lb., each, (3 lbs. in a box.) For sale by GEO. HOUSTON. April 22.

LATEST DATES OF THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. New York Herald, Baltimore Sun, Albany, Young America, Police Gazette, Pictorial, Flag, Spiritual Telegraph. Received this morning. S. W. WHITAKER'S. April 28th.