

The Daily Journal.

VOL. 11.—NO. 144.

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA—WILMINGTON, N.C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1862.

WHOLE NUMBER 3,221

BY MULTON & PRICE, PROPRIETORS.

J. M. MULTON, Editor. A. L. PRICE, Associate.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—
Daily Paper, one year, invariably in advance, \$10.
Weekly, \$1.50.

The paper will be discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for unless renewed.

All letters on business connected with this paper, be directed to the proprietors.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Will be inserted at FIFTY CENTS per square of ten lines or less, for the first insertion, and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per square for each repetition.—CASH IN ADVANCE.

Advertisements inserted as Special or Bishop Notices are charged one-half more than above rates—eight lines (double) or less counted as a square.

Advertisements inserted every other day are charged 25 cents per square for each insertion after the first.

No publication made without a responsible name.

The Southern Republic.
The Permanent Constitution of the Confederate States of America.

We, the people of the Confederate States, each State having its sovereign and independent character, in order to form a more perfect Union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity—invoking the favor and guidance of Almighty God—do ordain and establish this Constitution for the Confederate States of America.

ARTICLE I.—Section 1.

All legislative powers herein delegated shall be vested in a Congress of the Confederate States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors in each State shall be citizens of the Confederate States, and have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature; but no person of foreign birth not a citizen of the Confederate States shall be allowed to vote for any officers, civil or military, State or Federal.

2. All advertisements inserted as Special or Bishop Notices are charged one-half more than above rates—eight lines (double) or less counted as a square.

3. All advertisements inserted every other day are charged 25 cents per square for each insertion after the first.

4. No publication made without a responsible name.

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. L. HOLMES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HAS removed to the centre office of JOURNAL BUILDINGS, next door West of his former location. October 17th, 1861.

36-ff

EMPIRE & ALLEN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

HAVE removed their office from Front to Princess street,

HOTEL BUILDINGS, formerly occupied by H. L. Holmes Esq.

October 17th, 1861.

PETTEWAY & MOORE, ROGER MOORE,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

G[02, 1861] No. 23 North Water St., Wilmington, N.C.

LOUIS B. ERHARDT,
DRUGGIST AND PRACTICAL PHARMACIST,

WILMINGTON, N.C.

Keeps constantly on hand, a select stock of Drugs, Medicines, Domestic and European Chemicals, Paints and Toilet Articles, Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes, years, etc.

Particular attention paid to PRESCRIPTIONS, FAMILY MEDICINE, CHURCH SERVICES, etc.

Residence immediately under the "Carolina Hotel."

July 12, 1861.

G. C. & W. J. MUNRO,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

C. No. 22 North Water Street,

WILMINGTON, N.C.

JOSEPH H. BLOSSOM, CYRUS S. VANANDER,

G. H. BLOSSOM & CO.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WILMINGTON, N.C.

H. D. ELLIERS,
WHOLESALE GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

W. G. CHANT, and DEALER IN NAVAL STORES,

Water and Market streets, Wilmington, N.C.

April 24, 1861.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Successors to Murray & Evans,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,
WATER STREET,
WILMINGTON, N.C.

Z. M. MURRAY, D. H. MURRAY, J. E. MURRAY.

February 1, 1862.

125-ff

JAMES C. GREENE,
JAS. C. MITCHELL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, office second story
Both Water and Market streets, Wilmington,
where they are prepared to attend to all their
business.

All business connected with them will be received
of them.

C. H. BROWNING & CO.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N.C.

Office over Mr. J. A. Willard's Store, Entrance to Second

Princess and Water streets.

March 9, 1860—1861.

UNION DISTILLERY,
WILMINGTON, N.C.

A. H. VAN BOKHEM, PROPRIETOR.

All kinds of Naval Stores purchased, manu-

tured and sold.

Wharves and Storage Bunkers, the Company

in rates.

Jan. 2, 1860—100-ff.

J. M. BROWNING & SON,
WILMINGTON, N.C.

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS, AND
DEALERS IN HARDWARE, COTTRY, IRON, STEEL, NAILS,
AND IMPLEMENTS, &c.

J. Z. COX, W. F. KENDALL, J. S. KENDALL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 11 & 12, North Water St.

March 12th, 1861.

T. C. & H. G. WOOTTON,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N.C.

March 1, 1861.

WALSHIER BREWERY,
(Successor to Walker Morris & Co.),

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
45 MARKET STREET, WILMINGTON, N.C.

J. D. ELLIERS,
ELLIS & MITCHELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
OEN, PEAS, OATS, RYE, WHEAT BROWN, OIL MEALS,
FRESH GROUND HOMINY, HORSE & COW FEED.

ALSO,
EASTERN AND NORTH RIVER HAY,
No. 2 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N.C.

February 10, 1861.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, WILMINGTON, N.C.

GEORGE HARRIS, A. J. POWELL, W. W. HARRIS.

NOTICES.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED have entered into Co-Partnership in the town of WILMINGTON, N.C., under the firm of COOPER & HERLAND & COLEMAN, for the purpose of buying and selling NEGRO SLAVES, where the highest cash price will be paid.

They also have a house in Mobile, Alabama, where they will receive and sell slaves on commission. Liberal advances made upon slaves left with them for sale.

D. J. SOUTHERLAND,
JAMES C. COLEMAN.

August 1st, 1859.

NOTICE.

SAMUEL B. JENNINGS and Loret Peacock will carry on the Commission and Forwarding business at the old stand of the late firm of Gwyer, Peacock & Co., under the name of Jennings & Peacock.

S. B. JENNINGS,
Loret Peacock.

June 11.

Go'daboro Tribune copy.

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WILMINGON IRON AND COPPER WORKS,
FRONT STREET, BELOW MARKET,
WILMINGON, N.C.

L. A. HART & JOHN C. BAILEY, Proprietors.

PRACTICAL BUILDERS of portable

machinery required power steam Engines, of any re-

spective size, of all kinds of timber, steel, iron, malleable

steel, castings, gristmills, grain gearwheels, and other

machinery made in any establishment. Work, save

and had a large variety of patterns for machinery now in gen-

eral use in the surrounding country. Will supply drafts of

all kinds of machinery and mill work. Turbine mills and

copper work in all its branches. All kinds of iron and

brass castings, flanges or manholes, at short notice. Old

machinery repaired and repaired. All work warranted to be as represented.

In connection with the above establishment, we have

had a large stock of rubber and leather belting, leather

packing rivets, and mill rocks and bolting cloth for grist-

mills. Mill Saws and Circular Saws of any size and gauge,

furnished at short notice.

Feb. 18.

A LARGE LOT.

O PLAYING CARDS. For sale at

Feb. 5th WHITAKER'S Book Store.

GOLD LAUREL: GOLD LAUREL!

NEW CONFEDERATE REGULATION. The Gold Laurel

is at

Feb. 10th, 1862.

BALDWIN'S.

3. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among

the several States, and with the Indian tribes; but neither, nor any other clause contained in the Constitution, shall ever be construed to delegate to the power to Congress to appropriate money for any internal improvement intended to facilitate commerce, except for the purpose of funding debts, bonds, and notes, and other aids to navigation on the coast, or the improvement of inland waterways and the removing of obstructions in river navigation, to all which cases such act as shall be laid on the navigation shall be imposed as may be necessary to pay the costs and expenses thereof.

4. To establish uniform laws of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies, throughout the Confederate States; but no law of Congress shall discharge any debt contracted before the passage of the same.

5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof and of foreign coin, and the value of the same.

6. To establish the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and currency coin of the Confederate States.

7. To establish post offices and mail routes; but the expenses of the Post office Department, after the first day of March in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty-three, shall be paid out of its own revenues.

8. To promote the progress of science and useful arts by securing to inventors the rights of their respective writings and discoveries.

9. To prohibit slavery in all the territories of the

Confederate States; but no person who shall be a citizen of the

United States, and who shall be a slave, shall be entitled to

any right or privilege of a citizen of the United States.

10. To deduce from the high seas, and to lay and collect

on the high seas, tonnage and poundage taxes and other

charges, and to make regulations for the same.

11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and

water.

12. To raise and support armies; but no appropriation

of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two

years.

13. To provide and maintain a navy.

14. To make rules for government and regulation of the land and naval forces.

15. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions.

16. To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for regulating the compensation of their officers and soldiers.

17. To exercise exclusive legislation, in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of one or more States and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of the government of the Confederate States; and to exercise like authority over all the territory or districts which may be ceded to the Confederacy by the consent of the State or States so ceded.

18. To make all laws which shall be necessary for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and for carrying into execution such incidental powers as shall be necessary for carrying into execution the same.

19. To make all laws which shall be necessary for the protection of the health of the people, and for the promotion of their welfare.

20. To provide a census every ten years, and to make rules for assessing direct taxes.