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From the Charleston Courier.
The military operations of the war, during the first year of its progress, have been the result of the operations of the Federal army, under the command of General McClellan, and the Confederate army, under the command of General Lee. The operations of the Federal army have been characterized by a series of brilliant successes, which have resulted in the capture of the city of Richmond, the capital of the Confederate States, and the evacuation of the city of Washington. The operations of the Confederate army have been characterized by a series of brilliant successes, which have resulted in the capture of the city of Vicksburg, the capital of the Confederate States, and the evacuation of the city of Washington. The operations of the Federal army have been characterized by a series of brilliant successes, which have resulted in the capture of the city of Richmond, the capital of the Confederate States, and the evacuation of the city of Washington. The operations of the Confederate army have been characterized by a series of brilliant successes, which have resulted in the capture of the city of Vicksburg, the capital of the Confederate States, and the evacuation of the city of Washington.

June 19—Battle of Bull Run. The Confederates, under Gen. Jackson and Gen. Pender, defeated a superior force of the enemy, commanded by Gen. Lee. The Federal army, under the command of Gen. McClellan, was routed and fled in confusion. The Confederates pursued the Federal army for several miles, capturing a large number of prisoners and a great amount of arms and supplies. The battle was a decisive victory for the Confederates, and it marked the beginning of the war. The Federal army was routed and fled in confusion. The Confederates pursued the Federal army for several miles, capturing a large number of prisoners and a great amount of arms and supplies. The battle was a decisive victory for the Confederates, and it marked the beginning of the war.

June 24—The Federal army, under the command of Gen. McClellan, moved on to Manassas. The Confederates, under the command of Gen. Lee, followed them. The Federal army was routed and fled in confusion. The Confederates pursued the Federal army for several miles, capturing a large number of prisoners and a great amount of arms and supplies. The battle was a decisive victory for the Confederates, and it marked the beginning of the war. The Federal army was routed and fled in confusion. The Confederates pursued the Federal army for several miles, capturing a large number of prisoners and a great amount of arms and supplies. The battle was a decisive victory for the Confederates, and it marked the beginning of the war.

June 25—The Federal army, under the command of Gen. McClellan, moved on to Manassas. The Confederates, under the command of Gen. Lee, followed them. The Federal army was routed and fled in confusion. The Confederates pursued the Federal army for several miles, capturing a large number of prisoners and a great amount of arms and supplies. The battle was a decisive victory for the Confederates, and it marked the beginning of the war. The Federal army was routed and fled in confusion. The Confederates pursued the Federal army for several miles, capturing a large number of prisoners and a great amount of arms and supplies. The battle was a decisive victory for the Confederates, and it marked the beginning of the war.

June 26—The Federal army, under the command of Gen. McClellan, moved on to Manassas. The Confederates, under the command of Gen. Lee, followed them. The Federal army was routed and fled in confusion. The Confederates pursued the Federal army for several miles, capturing a large number of prisoners and a great amount of arms and supplies. The battle was a decisive victory for the Confederates, and it marked the beginning of the war. The Federal army was routed and fled in confusion. The Confederates pursued the Federal army for several miles, capturing a large number of prisoners and a great amount of arms and supplies. The battle was a decisive victory for the Confederates, and it marked the beginning of the war.

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