

The Journal

VOL. 11.—NO. 298. CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA—WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 28, 1862. WHOLE NUMBER 3,374

BY FULTON & PRICE, PROPRIETORS.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE CONVENTION PASSED THE ORDINANCE OF SECESSION.

THE MILITARY OPERATIONS OF THE WAR, DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF ITS EXTENSION, FROM THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE ORT ACT BY MAJOR ANDERSON, DECEMBER 20TH, 1861.

DECEMBER 20.—The South Carolina State Convention passed the Ordinance of Secession.

DECEMBER 23.—United States Army. He spikes the guns, burns the gun carriages, and retreats to Fort Sumter, which he occupies.

DECEMBER 27.—Captures of Fort Mifflin and Castle Pinckney by the South Carolina troops. Capt. Chesler surrenders the revenue cutter Albatross.

JANUARY 3.—Capture of Fort Pulaski by the Savannah troops.

JANUARY 3.—The Arsenal at Mount Vernon, Alabama, with 20,000 stand of arms, seized by the Alabama troops.

JANUARY 4.—Fort Mifflin, in Mobile Bay, taken by the Alabama troops.

JANUARY 7.—Virginia Legislature met—Alabama Convention met—Mississippi Convention met.

JANUARY 9.—The steam ship Star of the West fired into and driven to the South Carolina batteries Morris Island. Failure of the attempt to reinforce Fort Sumter.

JANUARY 10.—Fort Jackson, St. Philips and Pike, near New Orleans, captured by the Louisiana troops.

JANUARY 11.—Alabama Convention passed the Ordinance of Secession.

JANUARY 13.—Capture of the Pensacola Navy Yard, and Forts Barrancas and McRae, by the troops from Florida, Alabama and Louisiana. Major Chase shortly afterwards was captured at the Fort Pickens commences.

JANUARY 15.—Surrender of the Baton Rouge Arsenal to the Louisiana troops.

JANUARY 16.—Georgia Convention passed the Ordinance of Secession.

JANUARY 17.—The Louisiana Convention passed the Ordinance of Secession.

JANUARY 18.—The Texas Convention passed the Ordinance of Secession.

FEBRUARY 2.—Seizure of the Little Rock Arsenal by the Arkansas troops.

FEBRUARY 4.—Surrender of the Revenue Cutter Cass to the authorities of Alabama.

FEBRUARY 4.—Confederate Congress met at Montgomery—Peace Convention met in Washington City. Virginia election for members of State Convention held.

FEBRUARY 10.—General Taylor transfers the Indian property in Texas to the State authorities. Col. Wm. P. S. A. surrenders San Antonio to Col. Ben. McCulloch and his Rangers.

FEBRUARY 12.—Inauguration of President Davis at Montgomery, Ala.

MARCH 1.—The Revenue Cutter Dodge seized by the Texas authorities.

MARCH 3.—Gen. Beauregard assumes command of the troops besieging Fort Sumter. The works set on fire, and the fort surrendered to the South. The Massachusetts regiment fires on the people, and many are killed. The mercenaries are also shot. Great excitement follows, and the Maryland people proceed to burn the railroad bridges and lay up the tracks.

APRIL 2.—Capture of the Federal army at Indiana, Texas, by Col. Van Dorn, Confederate States army. The Federal officers released on parole.

APRIL 20.—Attempted destruction of the Norfolk Navy Yard by the Federal authorities. The works set on fire, and several ships scuttled and sunk. The Federal troops retreated to Fortress Monroe. The Navy Yard subsequently occupied by the Virginians.

APRIL 20.—Harper's Ferry evacuated by the Federal troops under Lieut. Jones, with the destruction of the armory by fire. The place occupied by Virginia troops.

JUNE 18.—Battle of Boonville, Mo. The Missourians, under Gov. Jackson and Gen. Price, defeated by a superior body of the enemy, commanded by Gen. Lyon.

JUNE 18.—Serious fight at New Creek, near Romney, Va. Col. Vaughan, with a body of Virginians and Tennesseeans, routs a body of Federals, killing a number. No Confederates killed.

JUNE 24.—Fight in Lancaster county, Va. A force of Federal marauders lands on the shore of the James River and committed depredations. They are driven off and several killed by a company of Virginians.

JUNE 25.—Riot in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in consequence of the hay harvest. A dozen Hessians each at the same moment, Captain Pickard by mortally wounded.

JUNE 25.—Brilliant affair near Romney, Captains Richard and Turner Ashby, of the Fauquier company, with a handful of followers, but to pieces fifty of sixty of the enemy, routing the cavalry and burning the camp. Several of the enemy were killed.

JUNE 27.—Engagement at Mathias Point, between the Confederate troops and the United States steamer Freedom. Captain Ward of the Freedom killed. Marshal Johnston, at the head of the Lincoln Government, and incarcerated in Fort Mifflin.

JUNE 28.—Skirmish near Alexandria, Sergeant Hanes, of Richmond killed.

JUNE 28.—Extraordinary exploit of Colonel Thomas, of Maryland. Disguised as a French lady he takes passage on the steamer St. Nicholas, from Baltimore to Washington. During the voyage he throws off his disguise, and in company with his accomplices seizes the steamer. Coming to the Great Branch killed, Seige retreats to Seacroft, the whole fleet into Frederickburg, in triumph.

JULY 1.—The real Patterson crosses the Potomac with the Federal army near Williamsport.

JULY 2.—The Baltimore Police Commissioners, by order of General Banks, they are confined in Fort Mifflin, and afterwards removed to Fort Lafayette, (New York.)

JULY 2.—Blockade of Galveston (Texas) commenced.

JULY 2.—Battle of Hatteras, in the Potomac, between General Patterson's army and the Southern advance under Colonel Jackson. After a sharp fight the Confederates retired.

JULY 4.—Skirmish near New Port News. Lieutenant Colonel Drexler, of the Louisiana Cavalry, killed by the enemy.

JULY 5.—Battle of Cartersville, in Southwestern Missouri, between the Missourians under Governor Jackson, and the Federal army under General Sigel. The Federals badly defeated. Gen. Grant's brother killed. Seige retreats to Seacroft.

JULY 7.—Engagement at Aquia Creek between the Confederate batteries and an United States steamer.

JULY 9.—Engagement near New Orleans. A United States vessel driven off by the batteries on Ship Island.

JULY 10.—Skirmish at Fort Fisher, N. C. between the Confederate and a U. S. steamer.

JULY 12.—Battle of Rich Mountain, in Western Virginia. Defeat of Col. Program by the Federal army under Gen. McCulloch. Retreat of General Grant.

JULY 13.—Battle of St. George, in Western Virginia. The Confederates routed and five hundred captured by General McCulloch. General Grant killed.

JULY 17.—Battle of Scurry Creek, on the Kanawha, between the Confederates under Col. Patton and 8000 Federals, under Col. Low. The Federals defeated, and three of their Colonels taken prisoners.

JULY 18.—Battle of Bull Run. The Federal army attack the Confederate line, and after several hours fighting are driven back to Centerville with heavy loss. Major Harrison, Virginia Volunteers, killed.

JULY 21.—Battle of Manassas. Decisive defeat of the Federal army, under Gen. McClellan, by the Confederates under General Johnston and General Beauregard. 28,000 strong; enemy, 22,000 strong. The enemy fly panic stricken to Washington. Heavy loss of life on both sides. The Confederate Generals Lee and Barlow killed. Confederate loss in killed and wounded 1000. Federal loss in killed, wounded, and missing about 15,000 men.

JULY 24.—Capture of four prizes of Cedar Keys, Florida, by the Confederate steamer Madison. Lieut. Selden, U. S. A., and nineteen sailors, taken prisoners.

JULY 25.—Battle at Mesilla (Arizona), between the Federal army and the Confederate order Col. Baylor. The Federals defeated and fly towards Fort Stanton with a loss of thirty killed.

JULY 25.—Surrender of 700 Federal troops to Col. Baylor, U. S. A., at Fort Stanton.

JULY 30.—Retreat of General Wise in Western Virginia. He reaches Gauley Bridge, near Lewisburg, in safety.

AUGUST 1.—General Magruder commences his march down the York Peninsula.

AUGUST 2.—Engagement of Galveston between the Confederate Battery and a Federal steamer. The latter threw several shells into the city.

AUGUST 7.—Burning of Hampton (Virginia) by order of General Magruder.

AUGUST 10.—Skirmish of Oak Hill in Missouri. This glorious victory was gained by the Confederate troops under General Ben. McCulloch, over the Federal army under Gen. Lyon. Each side numbered about 10,000 men. Lyon was killed and the Federals routed with great slaughter. General Sigel conducts the retreat towards Rolla.

AUGUST 10.—Skirmish at Mathias Point. A boat load of Federals from the United States steamer Resolute landed and were fired upon by the Confederate troops. Five were killed, when they retreated.

AUGUST 18.—The Confederate privateer Jeff. Davis went ashore on St. Augustine bar, and was lost.

AUGUST 20.—Fight at Hawk's Nest, Western Virginia, between Wise's Legion and the Eleventh Ohio Regiment. The enemy fled after losing 60 in killed and wounded, Gen. Wise's loss one man killed.

AUGUST 25.—Masson's Hill, near Alexandria, occupied by the Confederate army.

AUGUST 25.—General advance movement of Beauregard's army upon the Federal lines on the Potomac.

AUGUST 27.—Fight at Bailey's Cross Roads, near Alexandria. The Confederates rout a body of the enemy and take a number of prisoners. Five Federals captured at least 1000.

AUGUST 27.—Battle of Cross Lanes in Western Virginia, between the Confederate forces under General Floyd, and the Seventh Ohio Regiment under Col. Tyler. The enemy terribly cut to pieces, with a loss of 1500 killed, wounded and missing. Col. Tyler was the first to run. Our loss 3 killed.

AUGUST 28-29.—Battle of Fort Hatteras. The Confederate entrenchments on Hatteras Island attacked by the Federal Commodore Stringham and General Johnston. After a bombardment of twenty-four hours the commander of the Confederates, Commodore Barron surrendered. The enemy captured 631 prisoners, and carried off to New York. The island occupied by the Federal troops.

SEPTEMBER 2.—General Fremont issues a proclamation in St. Louis, confiscating the slaves of rebels.

SEPTEMBER 2.—Skirmish at Big Creek, on the Kanawha. The enemy driven back.

SEPTEMBER 7.—The Confederates under General Pillow occupy Columbus Ky.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Battle of the Gauley, at Carnifax Ferry, near Kanawha, Virginia. General Rosser captured General Floyd's position with 15,000 men. After several ineffectual attempts to carry it, he fell back baffled and disheartened. At least 150 of the enemy were killed and 250 wounded, as his force was well protected. At night, fearing that Rosser might cross above and attack him in the rear, Floyd retreated.

SEPTEMBER 11.—Battle of Lewisville on the Potomac. Several regiments of Federal troops under Col. Isaac J. Stevens, of the New York Seventy-ninth, marched on Chain Bridge on a reconnaissance. They were attacked by the Confederates under Colonel J. E. B. Stuart, and after a sharp fight, fled in full confusion. Federal loss, 3 killed and 9 wounded. Confederate loss, none.

SEPTEMBER 11.—Battle of Toney's Creek, on the Kanawha, Wise's cavalry, under Colonel Glasgow, defeat the enemy, whose loss is 20 killed and wounded. Clarkson also took 50 prisoners and lost not a man.

SEPTEMBER 13.—Colonel John A. Washington, of Virginia, killed in skirmish in Western Virginia.

SEPTEMBER 19.—Battle of Barboursville in Kentucky, between 800 Confederates under General Zollicoffer, and 1800 Federals. The enemy routed as usual with a loss of 60 killed and 3 prisoners.

SEPTEMBER 20.—Battle of Lexington in Missouri. The Missouri troops under General Price having besieged the city of Lexington, at last forced the enemy under Colonel Mulligan, to surrender. Our loss in the series of battles amounting to 3,500 prisoners, including Colonel Bragg, Marshall, Redding, White, Grover and 119 other commissioned officers, 3 pieces of artillery, 3 mortars, 790 horses, \$100,000 worth of commissary stores, large quantities of arms and munitions, and other property. He also recovered the great seal of the state, and the public records, and \$500,000 in money.

SEPTEMBER 23-24-25.—Heavy skirmishing on Sewall Mountain, Western Virginia, between Rosecrans and Wise. Two Confederates killed.

SEPTEMBER 25.—Battle of Alabama, in New Mexico. Certain Company, with 111 Texans, defeated a large body of United States regulars, under Col. Roberts, with great slaughter. Copwood's loss, two killed.

SEPTEMBER 29.—Col. J. W. Spaulding of Wise's Legion, killed while on a scouting expedition in Western Virginia.

SEPTEMBER 30.—Hopewell, in Kentucky, taken by Gen. Buckner, C. S. A.

OCTOBER 1.—Capture of the Federal steamer Fanny in Raleigh. Forty-five Federals taken prisoners and \$100,000 worth of stores captured.

OCTOBER 2.—President Davis visits the Confederate army at Manassas.

OCTOBER 3.—Battle of Greenbrier in Western Virginia, between 1500 Confederates, under Gen. Harbold, and 8000 Federals, under General Reynolds.

AFTER six hours' battle, the enemy withdrew, leaving Jackson still master of the ground. Jackson's loss 50 in killed, wounded and missing. Enemy's loss, least 250.

OCTOBER 5.—Retreat of Rosecrans from Sewall Mountain. He fled with his whole army to the other side of the Gauley. Twenty miles distant.

OCTOBER 6.—The Chickamaucos Races, on Roanoke Island, N. C. An entire Indiana Regiment chased twenty miles by Col. Wright's Tenth Georgia Regiment. Thirty-two Federal prisoners and valuable munitions of war captured. Col. Wright's loss one man, who ran after the enemy cannot be full exhausted. The Northern papers claimed magnificent Federal victories. Thousands of rebels killed.

OCTOBER 9.—Battle of Santa Rosa Island, near Port Picken. The Confederates under General Anderson, of South Carolina, make a successful attack on Billy Wilson's 22nd, routing the cavalry and burning the camp. Several ran off in his shirt. While retreating to Pensacola, fifty of the Confederates were killed.

CONFEDERATE SUCCESSSES.

Dates.	BATTLES.	Confederates killed.	Confederates wounded.	Confederates captured.	Federals killed.	Federals wounded.	Federals captured.
Feb. 19	San Antonio	00	00	00	00	00	160
Mar. 12	Fort Brown	00	00	00	00	00	100
Apr. 17	Fort Sumter	00	00	00	00	00	00
Apr. 17	Fort Mifflin	00	00	00	00	00	100
Apr. 17	Fort Mifflin	00	00	00	00	00	600
Apr. 17	Fort Mifflin	00	00	00	00	00	160
May 31	Fairfax Court House	1	2	4	6	0	0
June 1	Cartersville	00	00	00	00	00	00
June 5	Pike's Point	00	00	00	00	00	00
June 10	Great Bethel	1	7	0	150	150	0
June 16	Vienna	00	00	00	00	00	100
June 17	Kanawha City	15	35	00	50	50	100
June 20	Cartersville	00	00	00	00	00	00
June 20	Cartersville	2	3	00	15	00	00
June 21	Mathias Point	00	1	00	6	10	00
July 2	Haynesville	2	12	00	67	85	53
July 3	Cartersville	70	250	00	60	200	00
July 7	Scurry Creek	2	1	00	60	180	00
July 18	Bull Run	13	45	3	290	300	20
July 21	Manassas	353	1200	60	1000	2500	100
July 25	Manassas	60	60	00	16	20	00
July 28	Fort Stanton	00	00	00	00	00	00
Aug. 10	Springfield	265	800	30	1000	1200	300
Aug. 15	Mathias Point	00	00	00	00	00	00
Aug. 20	Hawk's Nest	1	00	00	00	00	00
Aug. 27	Cross Lanes	3	00	00	00	00	00
Sept. 10	Galveston	00	00	00	00	00	00
Sept. 10	Galveston	00	00	00	150	350	00
Sept. 10	Galveston	00	00	00	5	6	00
Sept. 11	Cartersville	00	00	00	00	00	00
Sept. 11	Cartersville	00	00	00	00	00	00
Sept. 11	Cartersville	00	00	00	00	00	00
Sept. 11	Cartersville	25	72	00	120	300	00
Sept. 11	Cartersville	2	60	00	00	00	00
Oct. 1	Cartersville	4	31	15	100	100	45
Oct. 1	Cartersville	60	60	00	00	00	00
Oct. 1	Cartersville	20	42	19	20	30	32
Oct. 1	Cartersville	00	00	00	00	00	00
Oct. 1	Cartersville	27	114	40	600	800	70
Nov. 1	Cartersville	95	275	117	400	200	200
Nov. 1	Cartersville	6	8	00	219	100	00
Nov. 1	Cartersville	00	00	00	40	50	00
Nov. 1	Cartersville	00	00	00	00	00	00
Nov. 1	Cartersville	1	2	00	7	0	10
Nov. 1	Cartersville	1	6	00	10	20	00
Nov. 1	Cartersville	00	00	00	1	00	26
Dec. 1	Cartersville	25	66	00	100	200	00
Dec. 1	Cartersville	4	10	00	30	45	0
Dec. 2	Cartersville	12	2	00	70	120	18
Dec. 2	Cartersville	2	1	00	10	20	10
Total		909,306	238,840	7614	8177		

RECAPITULATION.

Confederate Loss.	Federal Loss.
Killed.....1134	4911
Wounded.....3345	7831
Prisoners.....1497	8177
Total.....2976	20,909

That we have not overrated the Federal loss is proved by the following extract from the Washington correspondence of the New York Times, of a late date.

By returns at the War Department up to the 20th December, I learn that the mortality in our army since the war broke out will reach 22,000. The number killed in battle, skirmishes, &c., is about 11,000, the number wounded 17,000. The number of prisoners in the South and deserters amount to 6000.

It is the means of ascertaining the Federal losses by the numerous smaller engagements, picket skirmishes, &c., during the year, we might easily carry the number of killed and wounded up to the figure indicated in the New York Times.

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

COX, KENDALL & CO.
AGENTS FOR THE RICHMOND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, are receiving every week Cotton Yarns and Sewing Machines.
Jan. 1st, 1862. 98-11

ALEX. OLDFHAM,
(Successor to Stokley & Oldham.)
DEALER IN GRAIN, PROPRIETOR OF THE CAPE FEAR FLOUR AND FLOUR MILLS, AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Feb. 6, 1862.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
THE undersigned have this day entered into a General Commission and Mercantile Business, under the firm of Stokley & Co.
Mr. D. Cashwell is our duly empowered Attorney for the transaction of any and all business of the firm. Office in Parsley's Row, North Water Street.
JAMES STOKLEY,
C. W. OLDFHAM.
Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 1, 1862. 127

H. L. FOLGEMES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HAS removed to the centre office of JOURNAL BUILDINGS, next door West of his former locality.
October 17th, 1861. 36-11

EMPIRE & ALLEN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
HAVE removed their office from Front to Princess street, in the JOURNAL BUILDINGS, formerly occupied by H. L. Folgemes.
October 17th, 1861. 36-11

LOUIS S. ERAMBEAU,
DRUGGIST AND PRACTICAL PHARMACEUTIST.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Keeps constantly on hand a select stock of Drugs, Medicines, Domestic and European Chemicals, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes, &c.
Particular attention paid to PRESCRIPTIONS, FAMILY GROCERIES, MEDICINE CHESTS, &c.
No. 12, 1859. 263-11

JOSEPH B. BLOSSOM, CURS & TANAPRODOR,
J. B. BLOSSOM & CO.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
June 28, 1861. WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. J. COX, W. F. KENDALL, & CO. J. B. KENDALL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 11 & 12, North Water St.,
March 12th, 1861. 107-11

WALKER BISHAM,
(Successor to Walker Moore & Co.)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,
66 MARKET STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.

MELLEN & MITCHELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
CORN, PEAS, OATS, BEANS, WHEAT, BRAN, OIL MEAL,
CRACKED CORN, BROWN RICE & COW FEED;
No. 12, 1859. 186-11

SANTER AND NORTH RIVER HAY,
No. 2 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
February 13, 1862. 186-11

HARRISON & HOWELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SOLDS HERRING, & C. HOWELL, W. W. HARRISON,
Oct. 1st, 1861. 186-11

ALCOHOL.
I AM now distilling a superior article of 90 per cent. ALCOHOL, which I offer for sale at reasonable prices. Apply to
M. McNEELY,
April 1, 1862. 174-11

FLOUR.
ALEXANDER OLDFHAM is constantly manufacturing the BEST FAMILY FLOUR, at the CAPE FEAR FLOUR MILLS, WILMINGTON, N. C. For sale at the Mills, and at their Store, No. 5 South Water Street. In whole barrels and half barrels: in bags containing one-half; in bags containing one-fourth; in bags containing one-eighth; They keep constantly on hand, at the Mill, and at their Store, FRESH GROUND MEAL, HOMINY, CRACKED CORN, COW FEED, SHORT CORN, &c. &c. They also keep for sale: CORN at wholesale and retail; OATS at wholesale and retail; PEAS at wholesale and retail; HAY at wholesale and retail; MARSHALL'S FINE SALT in sacks; Liverpool ground ALUM SALT, in sacks; North Carolina FLOUR on consignment.

Will be inserted at FIFTY CENTS per square of ten lines or less, for the first insertion, and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per square for each repetition—CASH IN ADVANCE.

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Advertisements inserted every other day are charged 37 1/2 cents per square for each insertion after the first. No publication made without a responsible name.

GENERAL NOTICES.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST BRIGADE,
ARMY OF THE PAMUNNY,
CAMP CAMPBELL, July 12, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDER,
No. 113.

ALL persons belonging to the army of the Pamunny, absent without leave, will report immediately for duty to their respective commanders, or their names will be dropped from the rolls and they considered as deserters. Those that are sick will be required to send a Surgeon's certificate weekly.

By order of Col. J. Whittaker,
JOHN C. PUGH, A. A. G.,
377-1m

TO THE PUBLIC.
THE Montgomery Mining and Manufacturing Company of Alabama, are making and selling a limited amount of Copperas, and a solution composed of Blue Stone, Copperas and acid sulphuric Acid; at the low price of twenty cents per gallon by the barrel, for the solution when delivered at the mine. The expenses of transportation being added to other points. They will deliver at Talladega, Selma, Mobile, West Point, Montgomery or Columbus, Ga. The above solution, at its present strength, will admit of three or four pound chemical water being added, and is believed by experiment to prevent the rust or stain in any process heretofore used with Copperas at eighty cents per lb. at the mine. Transfers to the States. The Company is anxious to supply information can be furnished when desired.

W. H. TAYLOR,
Pres. L. M. & M. Co., Montgomery, Ala.
References—Gov. J. G. Shorter, the Judge of the Supreme Court, the Judge of Probate of Montgomery county, the Hon. Thos. H. Watts, Richmond; the Messrs. Hives, Batts & Co., Mechanics and Major White, Mississippi.
July 28th, 1862. 271-5m

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF NEW HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.
THE TAX LIST FOR THE YEAR 1861, has been placed in my hands by the Clerk and is now ready for inspection and payment. Those who owe tax, either for 1860 or 1861, will confer a favor by calling and getting immediately, as I have but a short time to make up the State tax.

Respectfully,
June 25, 1862.—344-11 W. T. VANN, Sheriff.

COTTON AND WOOL CARDS,
OFFICERS MILK SACHES,
STOCKS OF ALL KINDS,
SHOE BRUSHES AND BLACKING,
SHERRY COMBS OF ALL KINDS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
CARTERS AND STRAPS,
ALL KINDS OF CHAINS,
PADDLES AND BOW