The Daily Journal.

VOL. XVI--NO. 175. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 21, 1867. WHOLE NUMBER 4,588.

THE DAILY JOURNAL.

ENGELHARD & PRICE, Proprietors.

Terms of Subscription:

Daily Paper, one year, invariably in advance,			$10 00
" six months,	"	"	5 00
" three months,	"	"	3 00
" one month,	"	"	1 00
Weekly Paper, one year,	"	"	3 00
" six months,	"	"	2 00

All letters on business connected with this office must be addressed to the proprietors.

Rates of Advertising:

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of $1 per square for the first insertion; $3.50 per week; and $8 per month.

Ten lines or less are counted as a square. Longer Advertisements in proportion.

Advertisements inserted every other day are charged as new at each and every insertion.

Advertisements ordered on the *inside* will be charged 50 per cent. additional to above rates.

Marriage, Death and Obituary Notices are charged as Advertisements.

No publication reflecting upon private character will be allowed in our columns, either as advertisements or otherwise.

☞ No publication made without a responsible name.

THE DAILY JOURNAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY, APRIL 21, 1867.

GENERAL SICKLES' ORDER No. 10.

"HEADQUARTERS, SECOND MILITARY DISTRICT, CHARLESTON, S. C., April 11th, 1867.

"GENERAL ORDERS, No. 10.

"The general destitution prevailing among the population of this Military District cannot be relieved without affording means for the development of their industrial resources. The nature and extent of the destitution demand extraordinary measures. The people are borne down by a heavy burden of debt; the crops of grain and garden produce failed last year; many families have been deprived of shelter; many more need food and clothing; needful implements and auxiliaries of husbandry are very scarce; the laboring population in numerous localities is threatened with starvation, unless supplied with food by the Government of the United States; the inability of a large portion of the people to pay taxes leaves the local authorities without adequate means of relief; and the gravity of the situation is increased by the general disposition shown by creditors to enforce, upon an impoverished people, the immediate collection of all claims.

"To suffer all this to go on without restraint or remedy is to sacrifice the general good. The rights of creditors shall be respected; but the appeal of want and suffering must be heeded.—Moved by these considerations, the following regulations are announced: They will continue in force, with such modifications as the occasion may require, until the civil government of the respective States shall be established, in accordance with the requirements of the Government of the United States.

"The Commanding General earnestly desires and confidently believes that the observance of these regulations, and the co-operation of all persons concerned in employing fairly and justly the advantages still remaining to them, will mitigate the distress now existing; and that the avenues of industry, enterprise and organization thus opened, will contribute to the permanent welfare and future happiness of the people.

"I. Imprisonment for debt is prohibited; unless the defendant in execution shall be convicted of a fraudulent concealment or disposition of his property, with intent to hinder, delay and prevent the creditor in the recovery of his debt or demand.—And the proceedings now established in North and South Carolina, respectively, for the trial and determination of such questions, may be adopted.

"II. Judgments or decrees, for the payment of money, on causes of action arising between the 19th of December, 1860, and the 15th of May, 1865, shall not be enforced by execution against the property or the person of the defendant.—Proceedings in such causes of action, now pending, shall be stayed; and no suit or process shall be hereafter instituted or commenced, for any such causes of action.

"III. Sheriffs, Coroners, and Constables, are hereby directed to suspend for twelve calendar months the sale of all property upon execution or process, on liabilities contracted prior to the 19th of December, 1860, unless upon the written consent of the defendants, except in cases where the plaintiff, or in his absence his agent or attorney, shall upon oath, with corroborative testimony, allege and prove that the defendant is removing, or intends fraudulently to remove, his property beyond the territorial jurisdiction of the court.—The sale of real or personal property by foreclosure of mortgage is likewise suspended for twelve calendar months, except in cases where the payment of interest money, accruing since the 15th day of May, 1865, shall not have been made before the day of sale.

"IV. Judgments or decrees entered or enrolled, on causes of action arising subsequent to the 15th of May, 1865, may be enforced by execution against the property of the defendant; and in the application of the money arising under such executions regard shall be had to the priority of liens, unless in cases where the good faith of any lien shall be drawn in question. In such cases the usual mode of proceeding adopted in North and South Carolina, respectively, to determine that question shall be adopted.

"V. All proceedings for the recovery of money under contracts, whether under seal or by parole, the consideration for which was the purchase of negroes are suspended. Judgments or decrees entered or enrolled for such causes of action, shall not be enforced.

"VI. All advances of moneys, subsistence, implements and fertilizers, loaned, used, employed or required for the purpose of aiding the agricultural pursuits of the people, shall be protected.—And the existing laws which have provided the most efficient remedies in such cases, for the lender, will be supported and enforced. Wages for labor performed in the production of the crop shall be a lien on the crop, and payment of the amount due for such wages shall be enforced by the like remedies provided to secure advances of money and other means for the cultivation of the soil.

"VII. In all sales of property under execution or by order of any court, there shall be reserved out of the property of any defendant, who has a family dependent upon his or her labor, a dwelling house and appurtenances and twenty acres of land for the use and occupation of the family of the defendant; and necessary articles of furniture, apparel, subsistence, implements of trade, husbandry or other employment, of the value of five hundred dollars. The homestead exemption shall inure only to the benefit of families—that is to say, to parent or parents and child or children.—In other cases, the exemption shall extend only to clothing, implements of trade or other employment usually followed by the defendant, of the value of one hundred dollars. The exemption hereby made shall not be waived or defeated by the act of the defendant. The exempted property of the defendant shall be ascertained by the Sheriff, or other officer enforcing the execution, who shall specifically describe the same and make a report thereof in each case to the court.

"VIII. The currency of the United States, declared by the Congress of the United States to be a legal tender in the payment of all debts, dues and demands, shall be so recognized in North and South Carolina. And all cases in which the same shall be tendered in payment, and refused by any public officer, will be at once reported to these Headquarters or to the Commanding Officer of the Post within which such officer resides.

"IX. Property of an absent debtor, or one charged as such, without fraud, whether consisting of money advanced for the purposes of agriculture, or appliances for the cultivation of the soil, shall not be taken under the process known as 'Foreign Attachment;' but the lien created by any existing law shall not be disturbed, nor shall the possession or the use of the same be in any wise interfered with, except in the execution of a judgment or final decree, in cases where they are authorized to be enforced.

"X. In suits brought to recover ordinary debts, known as actions *ex contractu*, bail as heretofore authorized, shall not be demanded by the suitor, nor taken by the Sheriff or other officer serving the process. In suits for trespass, libel, wrongful conversion of property, and other cases known as actions *ex delicto*, bail as heretofore authorized may be demanded, and taken. The prohibition of bail in cases *ex contractu*, shall not extend to parties about to leave the State; but the fact of intention must be clearly established by proof.

"XI. In criminal proceedings, the usual recognizances shall be required and taken by the proper civil officers heretofore authorized by law to take the same; *Provided*, That upon complaint being made to any magistrate or other person authorized by law to issue a warrant for breach of the peace, or any criminal offence, it shall be the duty of such magistrate or officer to issue his warrant upon the recognizance of the complainant to prosecute, without requiring him to give security on such recognizance.

"XII. The practice of carrying deadly weapons, except by officers and soldiers in the military service of the United States, is prohibited. The concealment of such weapons on the person will be deemed an aggravation of the offence. A violation of this order will render the offender amenable to trial and punishment by Military Commission. Whenever wounding or killing shall result from the use of such weapons, proof that the party carried or concealed a deadly weapon, shall be deemed evidence of a felonious intent to take the life of the injured person.

"XIII. The orders heretofore issued in this Military Department, prohibiting the punishment of crimes and offences by whipping, maiming, branding, stocks, pillory or other corporeal punishment, are in force and will be obeyed by all persons.

"XIV. The punishment of death in certain cases of burglary and larceny, imposed by the existing laws of the provisional governments in this Military District, is abolished. Any person convicted of burglary; of larceny when the property stolen is of the value of twenty-five dollars; of assault and battery with intent to kill; or of any assault with a deadly weapon, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term not exceeding ten years nor less than two years, in the discretion of the Court having jurisdiction thereof. Larceny, when the value of the property stolen is less than twenty-five dollars, shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term not exceeding one year, in the discretion of the court.

"XV. The Governors of North and South Carolina shall have authority, within their jurisdictions respectively, to reprieve or pardon any person convicted and sentenced by a civil court, and to remit fines and penalties.

"XVI. Nothing in this order shall be construed to restrain or prevent the operation of proceedings in bankruptcy, in accordance with the acts of Congress in such cases made and provided, nor with the collection of any tax, impost, excise, or charge levied by authority of the United States or of the provisional Governments of North and South Carolina; but no imprisonment for overdue taxes shall be allowed. Nor shall this order or any law of the provisional governments of North or South Carolina operate to deny to minor children, or children coming of age, or their legal representatives, nor to suspend as to them, any right of action, remedy, or proceeding, against Executors, Administrators, Trustees, Guardians, Masters or Clerks of Equity Courts, or other officers or persons holding a fiduciary relation to the parties or the subject matter of the action or proceeding.

"XVII. Any law or ordinance, heretofore in force in North or South Carolina, inconsistent with the provisions of this General Order, is hereby suspended and declared inoperative.

"By Command of Major General D. E. SICKLES,
J. W. CLOUS,
Capt. 38th U. S. Inft.,
A. D. C., & A. A. A. G.

OFFICIAL:
J. W. CLOUS, Aid-de-Camp.

From the New York Sun.

Breakfast Table Poisons—Tea and Coffee—What we Think we Drink and What we Drink.

A case now before the Court of Appeals has developed some curious facts in regard to what the public commonly suppose to be coffee. The dispute arises from a failure of a certain machine to do, what the inventor claimed for it. The beauty of this machine was a peculiar and miraculous power of restoring, "when properly applied to damaged coffee, much of its original freshness and flavor." The machine, "when properly used," would, it is alleged, "turn out" two hundred and nine bags of coffee a day. It would be interesting to know precisely what raw material was used in this ambiguous sort of mill, but nothing is mentioned beyond blacklead, sand and soapstone. These are nice ingredients for the breakfast table, but they only assist in giving weight and color to the wretched compounds which such machines "turn out" under the name and disguise of coffee. If the public knew one-half the trash that enters into the composition of what is commonly sold as ground coffee they would be struck with astonishment and disgust. Among the most innocent and refreshing of these is old coffee grounds, which constitute a valuable vehicle for the reception of "original freshness" by the combined influence of chemistry and machinery.

Chickory is another of the least deleterious ingredients of adulteration. Beyond these the public had better not prosecute their inquiries, until at least they have resolved to give up the use of all such coffee. An analysis of the vile compounds called coffee would bring some strange facts to light. The ingredients used for such mixtures may be divided into two classes—the innocent and the poisonous. The former are for the most part disgusting alike to the fancy and the palate, such as the second-hand refuse of other people's coffee pots, and various roots and grains. The latter, or poisonous class, is smaller in bulk, but the materials are selected from the drug store with reference solely to fragrance, flavor, color and weight, and without the least regard to their unwholesome qualities. Many of them are absolutely poisonous, and we are assured by a physician that much sickness and distress are caused by the daily use of cheap substitutes for coffee. The same is true of three-fourths of what is sold and drank as tea. The consumption of tea and coffee is so enormous that immense fortunes are realized by this class of adulterations. For tea, a great variety of native leaves are so ingeniously substituted as to almost defy detection.

Senator Johnson and the Mexican Question.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—After the Senate had to-day voted to go into executive session, Senator Johnson rose to introduce a resolution, but it was declared not then in order. The resolution, it is said, recites various points in Mexican affairs, and concludes with an expression somewhat in the way of appeal to the Liberal government in behalf of Maximilian and his army should they fall into the hands of the troops of that republic—in other words seconding the efforts of the executive in the same direction.

The Hartford (Conn.) merchants have petitioned the city government for an ordinance requiring foreign merchants and manufacturers, or their "drummers," to procure a license before selling merchandise in that city by sample or otherwise.

Major General Shaler, of New York, has declined, in advance, a testimonial to which several thousand dollars had already been subscribed, on the ground that it might hereafter embarrass him in the discharge of his official duties. It is a rare case, and worthy of imitation.

A young rat was making observations in a basket of clams at Gloucester, on Monday night, when he inadvertently put his tail between the shells of one of the clams and was held a prisoner, being found the next morning.

The Paris horse meat butchers sell about eighty horses a week now, and expect during the Exposition to double that number.

Twenty-five thousand persons from other States and counties visited Florida last winter.

The Jews are contemplating the establishment of an insurance company in New York with a large capital.

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

CITY OFFICERS

Mayor—John Dawson.
Board of Aldermen—S D Wallace, H VonGlahn, J G Burr, Eli Murray, W H Lippitt, A Adrian, W A Wright, W S Anderson.
Marshal—Robert Ransom.
Special Deputy Marshal—R J Jones.
Clerk and Treasurer—T W Anderson.
Clerk of the Market——Hankins.
Chief Fire Department—R J Jones.
Chief Fire Wardens—B W Beery.
Fire Wardens—H Schulken, first ward; James Shackelford, second ward; B W Beery, third ward; W Burkheimer, fourth ward.
City Surveyor—W H James.
Wood Inspectors—F V B Yopp, J W Potter, —Thompson.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Chairman of County Court—Wm A Wright.
Superior Court Clerk—H A Bagg
Clerk of County Court—R B Wood, Jr.
Sheriff—Samuel R Bunting.
County Solicitor—John L Holmes.
Register—George W Pollock.
Special Magistrate—John J Conoley.
Special Court—S D Wallace, W S Larkins, John A Taylor, John A Sanders, John D Powers.
County Surveyors—James W Williams, John Moore.
County Trustee—Owen Fennell, Jr.
Constables—R L Sellers, J. Peterson, James H Philyaw, E. D. Hewlett.
Committee of Finance—S D Wallace, John A Taylor, John A Sanders.
Wardens of the Poor—John A Taylor, John A Sanders, Archibald McMillan, Isaac James, Luke B Huggins, W S Larkins.
Treasurer of Public Buildings—Samuel R Bunting.
County Ranger—O F Alexander.
Coroners—John C Wood, Daniel P Bland.
Standard Keeper—John C Wood.
Wreck Master—John A Sanders.
Entry Taker—John J Conoley.
Superintendents of Common Schools—S D Wallace, James Kerr, W S Larkins, John D Powers, R K Bryan.
Inspectors of Naval Stores—John S James, Archibald Alderman, James O Bowden, John C Bowden, Alfred Alderman, Thomas W Player, W J Price, B Southerland, J M Henderson, R G Johnson.
Inspectors of Timber, &c.—L H Bowden, James Alderman, George McDuffie, W M Munroe, E Turlington, H M Bishop.
Inspectors of Provisions, &c—D E Bunting, John W Munroe, George Alderman.

RAILROADS.

WILMINGTON & MANCHESTER R. R.
President—Henry M Drane.
Directors—John Dawson, Henry Nutt, O G Parsley, A J DeRosset, D S Cowan, Geo J W McCall, W E Mills, James G Burr, Richard Bradley, J Eli Gregg.
General Superintendent—William MacRae.
Secretary and Treasurer—W A Walker.
General Freight Agent—John L Cantwell.

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD.
President—B R Bridgers.
Directors—P K Dickinson, Wm A Wright, S D Wallace, Alfred Martin, A H VanBokkelen, Eli Murray, Ed Kidder, John Everett, W D Faircloth, John Norfleet.
Engineer and Superintendent—S L Fremont.
Secretary and Treasurer—J W Thompson.
Superintendent Transportation—Wm Smith.
General Ticket Agent and Clerk—Wm M Poisson.
General Freight Agent—G L Dudley.
Master Mechanic—M Hankins.

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERFORD RAILROAD.
President—Robert H Cowan.
Directors—S J Person, A H VanBokkelen, John A McDowell, Robert S French, Walter L Steele, Stephen W Cole, Samuel H Walkup, E Nye Hutchinson, Haywood W Guion, C C Henderson, A G Logan, A R Holmesly.
Superintendent—W. J. Everett.
Master of Transportation—W H Allen.
Secretary and Treasurer—T Alderman.
Master Mechanic—J B Gayle.
Freight Agent—W B French.

Legal Notices.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

NEW HANOVER COUNTY,

Court of Pleas and Quarter Session—March Term, 1867.

Philip Heinsberger and Herman B. Eilers, Executors of the last will and testament of Frederick W. Knohl. vs. Mary Knohl, widow of Frederick W. Knohl. } Petition for Account.

IT APPEARING to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant in this cause, resides beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court, that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Wilmington Journal, notifying the defendant to appear at the next term of this Court and answer the petition, or the same will be taken *pro confesso*, and heard *ex parte* as to her.

Teste. ROBERT B. WOOD, JR., Clerk New Hanover County Court.
april 10 165-1aw-6w.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—March Term, 1867.

George Z. French. vs. Thomas M. Cook and T. V. Foley, late partners under the firm of Thomas M. Cook & Co. } Original Attachment.

ON Motion it is ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the "Daily Journal," a newspaper published in the City of Wilmington, for the defendants to appear at this Court, on the second Monday of June next, and replevy or plead to issue, or judgment by default will be rendered against them.

Teste. ROBERT B. WOOD, JR., Clerk New Hanover County Court.
april 16 170-1taw-6t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—March Term, 1867.

Hedrick & Ryan, vs. L. A. McLaurin. } Original Attachment.

ON Motion, it is ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the "Daily Journal," a newspaper published in the City of Wilmington, for the defendant, L. A. McLaurin, to appear at this Court, on the second Monday of June next, and replevy or plead to issue, or judgment by default will be rendered against him, and the property levied upon be condemned and sold to satisfy the plaintiff's debt and costs.

Teste. ROBERT B. WOOD, JR., Clerk New Hanover County Court.
april 16 170-1taw-6w

Groceries

FOR CASH.

We offer great advantages to CASH BUYERS OF GROCERIES,

At GEO. MYERS', 11 and 13 Front Street, CHAS. D. MYERS, Agent.

april 17

PORK AND BACON.

50 BARRELS Heavy New Mess Pork,

13 Tierces Prime Sugar Cured Hams,

6 Hhds. Prime Western Shoulders,

4 Hhds. Clear Sides,

now landing ex-Steamship "Pioneer" and for sale from wharf at lowest market prices by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.
april 16 170-1w

COTTON YARN.

10 BALES COTTON YARN, 7 to 10 lbs., on consignment, for sale by WORTH & DANIEL.
april 14 169-5t

GLUE! GLUE!!

3 TONS best English Glue, landing from Steamship Fairbanks, for sale in lots to suit, by WORTH & DANIEL.
april 14 169-5t

Railroads.

NOTICE.

OFFICE SEABOARD & ROANOKE RAILROAD COMPANY.

IT has been understood by the Officers in charge of transportation via the Seaboard Inland Freight Route, that letters addressed to the Railroad Agent at Portsmouth on the subject of freights, are unanswered, and that in consequence causes of delay are not explained, and claims for losses and damage unsettled; and as the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company, who are the forwarding agents for the line, are satisfied that these causes of complaint are not due to their agents, but to the inaccuracy of the mails, in order to test this subject the Manager of the Seaboard and Roanoke Road requests that whenever persons have written to the undersigned, Agent of the Seaboard Road, and after waiting a reasonable time for a reply have not received it, that they will address a letter enclosing a duplicate of the letter they had previously addressed to the agent. If this is complied with, and the Manager of the Seaboard Road receives the letter, he gives assurance that it shall be promptly investigated and replied to.

This Air Line Freight Route claims to be the most expeditious and direct route, and avoiding to a great extent "marine insurance," also the cheapest freight route between the Northern cities and North and South Carolina.

As freight consigned by the Companies' connecting steamers is forwarded from Portsmouth within twenty-four hours after being landed, there is no reason for delays, and although freight may sometimes be missent, it will, in such case, be promptly traced, and if not found, will be paid for. The Companies forming this line cannot be responsible for the rapid transportation of freights or for charges upon it unless sent from Boston by the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Company, end of Central Wharf.

From New York by the Old Dominion Steamship Company, Pier 37, North River.

From Philadelphia, by Clide's Steamers, 14 Delaware Avenue, or via the Annamissic Line Depot, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, and from Baltimore via the Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock.

For freight to the Seaboard Company by Schooners or other Steamship lines, the Companies cannot be responsible until landed on their wharves.

Persons writing about freight that has not reached them, will please be careful to state the date of shipment, by whom shipped, from what place, by what line of Steamers, and if possible enclose a copy of the through receipt to

JAS. W. McCARRICK, Trans. Ag't Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va.

J. M. ROBINSON, Managing Director and General Superintendent.
march 26 152-1m

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R.

OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER & SUPERINTENDENT, WILMINGTON, Nov. 3, 1866.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, the 5th inst., the following fast Schedules of time will be run over this Railway:

GOING NORTH.

Leave Wilmington	4 35 A. M.	and 11 05 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	9 25 A. M.	and 2 57 P. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2 00 P. M.	and 6 35 P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Weldon	11 00 A. M.	and 7 35 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	3 00 P. M.	and 11 50 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington	8 00 P. M.	and 4 30 A. M.

Close connections are made by both trains going South.

The 5 A. M. train from Wilmington, and 11 A. M. train from Weldon, do not run on Sundays.

Close connections are made by the 11 05 A. M. train both ways between New York and New Orleans.

By the train that leaves here at 11 05 and the one that arrives here at 4 30 A. M., close connections are made between New York and New Orleans. Connections are made by the other trains, but require more time. To go North, by Bay Line, leave at 5 A. M. To go by ANNEMESSIX, leave by the 11 05 A. M. train. Either train connects by Richmond.

Close connections at Goldsboro' with the N. C. trains by the 5 A. M. train and by either to Newbern.

S. L. FREMONT, Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
Nov. 4. 17—tf
Papers substitute this for present notice.

WILMINGTON & MANCHESTER R. R.

OFFICE GEN. SUPT. WIL. & MAN. RAIL ROAD, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 12, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER THE 13TH MARCH, 1867, the following Schedule will go into effect on the Wilmington & Manchester R. R.:

EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington daily at	3 30	A. M.
Arrive at Kingsville "	1 20	P. M.
Leave Kingsville "	1 45	A. M.
Arrive at Wilmington "	10 48	A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington daily at	8 20	P. M.
Arrive at Kingsville "	8 00	A. M.
Leave Kingsville "	4 15	P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington "	3 59	A. M.

Close connections made by both Trains at Wilmington with the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, at Florence with the North Eastern Railroad for Charleston, and at Kingsville with the South Carolina Railroad.

WM. MACRAE, Gen'l Sup't.
Nov. 4—33-tf

OFFICE GEN'L SUP'T WIL. & MAN. R. R. CO., Wilmington, March 5, 1867.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

THE following rates will be charged on Grain from Wilmington

To Charleston	15	cts per bushel
" Cheraw	12	" " "
" Columbia	12	" " "
" Augusta	15	" " "

WM. MACRAE, General Superintendent.
march 6 135-tf

WIL., CHARLOTTE & RUTH. R. R. CO.,

WILMINGTON, March 20th, 1867.

THIS Company has no through freight arrangements to New York with any Steamship Company. Goods will be received and forwarded by earliest opportunity either way, and no charge will be made except such as the Company has to pay.

WM. H. ALLEN, Master Transportation.
march 21 148-1m
Wilmington Dispatch and Wabesboro' Argu copy 1 month.

Transportation Office,

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE & R. R. R. CO., Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 1, 1866.

FROM AND AFTER JUNE 1st, 1866, the Mail Train on this road will leave Wilmington at 7 o'clock, A. M., on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and arrive at Sand Hill at 3 o'clock, P. M. Returning will leave Sand Hill at 7 o'clock, A. M., on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, and arrive in Wilmington at 3 o'clock, P. M.

WM. H. ALLEN, Master of Transportation.
Nov. 1 30—tf

NOTICE,

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name of Russell, Ellis & Cox, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. The shipping and commission business will be continued in this city by RUSSELL & ELLIS.

JOSEPH B. RUSSELL, CHARLES S. ELLIS, JOSEPH J. COX.
april 1, 1867 159-1m

PHILADELPHIA CITY MESS PORK.

40 BARRELS Philadelphia new MESS PORK—handsome, bright and full weight. For sale from wharf by WORTH & DANIEL.
april 16 170-5t

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS

FOR SALE AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

Educational.

MRS. RANSOM'S FEMALE SEMINARY.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE SECOND TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the 3d of February and close on the 28th of June next.

A "Board of Visitors," composed of gentlemen whose names will be announced hereafter, has been invited. This Board will be present at the examinations, and will visit the Institution at other times to examine into all matters pertaining to the Seminary, and a full report of its observations will be made.

It is important that pupils intending to enter for the next term should do so as soon as possible.

For particulars, apply to

MRS. ROBERT RANSOM, Principal.
Jan. 28 104-tf

NEUSE RIVER ACADEMY

IS SITUATED in Wayne county, N. C., two miles north of White Hall and seven miles from Mosely Hall (Depot).

TERMS:

Primary Branches	$10 00
Sciences, &c.,	18 00
Languages, &c.,	25 00

Board can be had in highly respectable families for $10 per month. No incidental expenses.

PROF. B. F. GRADY, JR., Principal.
feb 8 113-tf

Mrs. E. A. Gillican

WILL open her School on Thursday, October 4th, on Mulberry, between 5th and 6th streets.
Sept. 29 2—

THE LADIES' DEPOSITORY.

IN VIEW OF THE CONTINUED AND INCREASING destitution at the South, and in compliance with requests both at home and abroad, a number of ladies of Baltimore have formed themselves into an Association, under the name of "THE LADIES' DEPOSITORY."

Its object is to receive needle and other work and to dispose of it solely for the benefit of its owners. Orders will also be taken at the Depository for any kind of work, so as to provide employment for those who have not the necessary materials.

As considerable expense will be incurred in providing a place of business and the requisite assistants, and as the enterprise cannot of course be self-supporting, the Association must depend upon the contributions of its friends. The annual subscription has been fixed at $5, and all who are favorably disposed are earnestly requested to give their prompt and liberal aid, by donations or otherwise, to help those who are doing their utmost to help themselves.

The Association have taken the store No. 97½, Lexington street, and expect to be in operation by the 11th of February,

President
MRS. PEYTON HARRISON.

Vice President:
MRS. JOHN H. B. LATROBE.

Treasurer:
MRS. W. W. SPENCE.

Recording Secretary:
MRS. JAMES A. STEUART.

Corresponding Secretary:
MRS. THOMAS MURDOCH.

Managers:
MRS. CHARLES J. BAKER, 34 South Charles street.
MRS. J. J. BANKARD, East Baltimore street.
MRS. J. HARMAN BROWN, 76 Courtland street.
MRS. JOHN DUER, 147 Charles street.
MRS. A. D. EGERTON, 230 Howard street.
MISS FRICK, Charles street.
MISS FOTHERGILL, Garden street.
MRS. JOHN S. GITTINGS, Monument and St. Paul streets.
MRS. J. R. GOLDSBOROUGH, 234 Eutaw street.
MISS HARPER, 10 Cathedral street.
MRS. PEYTON HARRISON, 90 Read street.
MISS DORA HOFFMAN, Franklin street.
MRS. CHARLES HOWARD, Cathedral street.
MRS. HUNTER, corner Baltimore street and Broadway.
MRS. JOHN H. B. LATROBE, Read and Charles streets.
MRS. MERRICK, Monument street.
MRS. THOS. MURDOCH, Howard street.
MRS. READ, Mulberry street.
MRS. T. PARKIN SCOTT, 16 St. Paul street.
MRS. BAYARD SMITH, 101 Monument street.
MRS. W. W. SPENCE, Bolton street.
MRS. N. R. SMITH, Saratoga street.
MRS. JAMES A. STEWART, 103 Park street.
MRS. B. R. SPALDING, Charles street.
feb. 21 124-tf

REMOVAL.

DR. T. B. CARR has removed his office and residence to the South side of Market street, directly opposite his former place of business, where he is prepared to perform any operation belonging to his profession, with all modern improvements.—Charges in all cases will be moderate, and proportionate to the material desired.

Teeth extracted without pain.
Jan. 3 83—tf

MERCHANTS OF WILMINGTON

ADVERTISE IN THE SUMTER NEWS.

THE above named paper is published weekly in Sumter, S. C., which being immediately on the W. & M. Railroad in direct communication with Wilmington, and having a large circulation in the section in which it is published, is offered as a durable advertising medium.

Terms liberal.

Address DARR & OSTEEN, Proprietors.
feb. 10 115-tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having qualified as Administrator *de bonis non*, upon the estate of Samuel J. Beery, deceased, at the September Term, 1866 of New Hanover County Court, hereby notifies all persons having claims against his estate to present the same within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of a recovery.

All persons indebted to the estate of his intestate, are requested to make immediate payment.

JAMES B. McPHERSON, Administrator *de bonis non*.
Dec. 19 70—tf

A CARD.

THE Subscriber having refitted his Laboratory, is now prepared to make analysis of soils and fertilizers, or any substance that may be desired, which will be done on moderate terms.—Special attention devoted to Agricultural Chemistry.

Office Journal Buildings.

D. M. BUIE.
Wilmington, N. C., mach 1 131-tf

PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

A LARGE lot just received, consisting in part as follows:

English and American White Lead and Zinc,	15,000 lbs.
Assorted colors—Dry and in Oil,	7,415 lbs.
Window Glass,	300 boxes.
Linseed and Machinery Oils.	
Varnishes, Brushes, &c., &c.	

For sale at the lowest prices, for cash, at N. JACOBI'S, 9 Market street.
Dec. 28 77—

BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS,

"PSALMS and Hymns and Selections," "Psalmists," "Psalmody," "Hymn Books," and "Presbyterian Psalmodist."

Received at LOVE'S BOOK STORE.
feb. 19 122—

COOPERS WANTED.

TWO first class Spirit Barrel Makers can find steady employment by application to PETTEWAY & MOORE.
feb. 21 124-tf

FANCY GOODS.

COLLARS,
PARASOLS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
CORSETTS,
ENGLISH HOSIERY, &c.
HEDRICK & RYAN.
march 17 145-tf

Mercantile.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

AT

M. M. KATZ & CO.'S

23 MARKET STREET.

WE ARE OPENING A LARGE ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Consisting of

PRINTS from 10 cents per yard up,
POPLINS from 25 cents per yard up.
SILKS, GRENADINES, JACONETS, LAWNS,
MUSLINS, CHALLIES, MOZAMBIQUES,
BAREGES, GINGHAMS.

WHITE GOODS.

SILKS, MULL and BISHOP LAWNS,
NANSOOK, ORGANDIES,
JACONETS, EMBROIDERIES
THREAD and CLUNY LACES,
TABLE CLOTHS,
DIAPER,
LINEN and COTTON SHEETINGS,

SILK MANTLES,

BAREGE GRENADINES and ZEPHYR SHAWLS.

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS

PARASOLS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS,
SHOES
AND
NOTIONS.

In fact, every variety of Goods found in a first class Store,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

At prices to compete with those good and past old times.

M. M. KATZ & CO., 23 Market street.
march 31 157—

MILLINERY.

SPRING STYLES!

WE'LL OPEN ON TUESDAY, APRIL 2D, a full assortment of latest Styles

BONNETS,
HATS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS,
SILKS,
CREPES,
LACES,
TRIMMINGS.

Thanking the Ladies for the kind patronage heretofore extended to us, we hope, by our

STYLES

and

LOW PRICES,

to merit a continuance of the same.

M. M. KATZ & CO., 23 Market street.
march 31 157—

Country and City Retailers

WILL find it to their advantage before buying elsewhere to call and examine our very large and well selected STOCK OF GOODS, which we can sell at *very low* prices; consisting o

PRINTS,
DELAINES,
MERINOES,
SCOTCH PLAIDS,
BLACK and FANCY SILKS,
FLANNELS,
ALAPACAS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
BLANKETS,
CARPETING.

Great variety of WOOLEN GOODS and NOTIONS of every description.

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS AND SLIPPERS,

for Men, Ladies and Boys, in endless variet and of superior make and finish.

READY MADE CLOTHING

of every quality, make and finish—our own manufacture.

BROADCLOTH, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS

and Gents' Furnishing Goods just received.

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS AND VALISES,

and every description of Goods required in a Country Store.

These Goods being imported direct from Europe, by ourselves, are offered at lowest prices, and on most accommodating terms, by

SOL. BEAR & BRO., 18 Market street, Wilmington.
Oct. 25. 24-tf

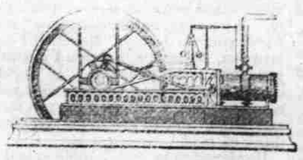
L. A. HART, JOHN C. BAILEY

Wilmington Iron and Copper Works.

HART & BAILEY, PROPRIETORS,

No. 17, Front Street, below Market,

Wilmington, N. C.



WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH, on short notice,

Brass and Iron Castings, finished and unfinished.

New Machinery made and put up.

Old Machinery overhauled.

All kinds of Patterns, Ornamental and Agricultural.

Will supply Drafts of all kings of Machinery and Millwork generally.

TURPENTINE AND WHISKY STILLS,

AND

COPPER WORK

in all its branches.

A full supply of Belting, Packing, Hose, Steam and Water Pipe and Fittings.

Machine Bolts, Nuts and Rivets, and all other articles generally found in a Machine Supply Store.

Also a large lot of Crucibles, from No. 36 to 100, and warranted good—will dispose of them below Manufacturers' prices. Terms Cash.
March 29. 154—tf

Laborers and Servants Furnished.

THE Undersigned is prepared to furnish at short notice, negro laborers for COTTON, RICE, TURPENTINE or other plantations, House Servants, Mechanics, &c., on reasonable terms.

Office corner Chestnut and Water Streets, over H. M. Barry's.

H. E. SCOTT, P. O. Box 199.
Wilmington, C., April 10. 165-1m*.

Dry Goods, &c.

A. & S. WITCOVER,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

NO. 15 MARKET ST., WILMINGTON, N. C.,

AND

MARION C. H., S. C.

As our Mr. A. WITCOVER has established a branch business at No. 24 Warren Street, New York, where all the CLOTHING sold by us is manufactured, solely for our own stores, thereby saving the first cost on them, if they had to be purchased already made. Parties visiting Wilmington, will find it to their advantage to call on the above named firm, before calling elsewhere. A liberal discount allowed to the trade.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET prices for all descriptions of FURS.

We are constantly making large shipments to Europe, being agents for the purchase of this material for large manufacturing houses, and are consequently in a position to pay more liberal prices than can be had elsewhere.

A. & S. WITCOVER, No. 15 Market street.
Dec. 29 78-tf

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGEN