# The Daily Journal.

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DAILY JOURNAL.
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## THE DAILY JOURNAL

*WILMINGTON, N. C.*

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1869

### The Cotton Supply.

Review by the London Times

The London Times, of the 14th instant, has an editorial on the subject of the cotton supply, which was transmitted by cable on Saturday, wherein it says:

A curious aspect has just been given to the question of the cotton supply. Just as the association for promoting this object is holding its usual meeting, a merchant writes us that Manchester alone is responsible for the scarcity it suffers. With all its wealth, enterprise and confidence, it has never invested a penny in the cotton field. The conclusion of the outside world obviously is, that those who know most about cotton planting can never pay. Their caution sets in others, and cotton culture is discouraged. If the Manchester spinners would establish a cotton company, with a large capital employed in the heart of India, things would be different; but they stand aloof and refuse to risk their money in adventure, and when cotton comes to them they drive it down to a losing point.

The association urge the establishment of large cotton fields in Ethiopia, but the recommendation, though interesting to growers, has little effect to cause more cotton to be grown. Cobden and his friends maintained it was not the duty of the manufacturer to concern himself with the South, but merely to offer a sure and steady market for the produce. If India undersold America by a farthing in the pound on equal quality, she would command the Lancashire market. The true policy of the manufacturer was to keep the market open and give preference to the best cottons.

How these doctrines ended we need not say, but the singular complaint of our correspondent lends illustration to argument. He resents the practice of the manufacturer in driving down the price. It is not natural for the buyer to cheapen the article. Does not the remark strengthen the argument that the same people ought not to be buyers and sellers? His figures state that the average Indian cotton, formerly bringing four pence per pound, now brings ten pence, and it may be many years before it is lower than seven pence. If this means that seven pence would remunerate and satisfy Lancashire, the mighty question may be near its solution. Remembering that the cardinal question is price, and that cotton stuffs can be sold to the markets of the world, and that the money to recompense the grower and spinner comes from the pockets of the weaver, it is useless to grow and spin if it cannot be sold in quantity and at prices to remunerate all concerned.

Up to the time of the American war these conditions were fulfilled. The South produced and Lancashire manufactured so cheaply that the article commanded the markets of the world. The price of India cotton is now two and-a-half times greater than formerly, which is enough to demolish the whole trade. No wonder that looms are idle. Cheap goods and dear cotton are incompatible. Until cheap goods are produced trade cannot revive. If the average of 7 pence pays the grower, there is no reason why industry should not revive. A protective tariff will not always prevail.

If the prices spoken of will satisfy consumers and remunerate producers there is nothing to prevent the speedy revival of production and consumption. But between the spinner and the grower must necessarily exist ordinary commercial antagonism. Cotton is now at 10 pence instead of 4 pence, because American competition is reduced. The price can only be abated by a return to large and more regular supplies. If India be our feeder it can only be on terms of free and open trade. Cotton-growers must be prepared for a revival of American industry and the competition of the whole world. In such a race India would have great advantages, which, if measured by the judicious action of the government, it is probable that Indian agriculture and British industry might be established on broad and permanent prosperity.

John L. Thompson, clerk in the post-office of the University of Virginia, charged with robbing the mail of several money letters, has been examined before United States Commissioner Chahoon, at Richmond, and sent on for trial before the United States Circuit Court.

### The True System of Farming.

Trying to do too much is a common error into which the farmer often falls. His great eagerness in striving to be rich is doubtless the cause of his error. He is ambitious and energetic, and forms his plans on a large scale, too often, perhaps without counting the cost. He buys a large farm and wants to be called a "large farmer," without understanding or considering the true elements that constitute a real farmer. He fancies the greatness of that profession, as is too often the common estimate, to be in proportion to the number of acres, not to say cultivated, embraced within the boundaries of his domain. The fact is now being spread abroad, that a large farm does not make a man either contented or happy, but on the contrary, the reverse of all these, unless well tilled, when his labor is rewarded by ample crops and fair success in the various departments in which he is engaged. No farmer can realize the full benefits of his profession without adopting a thorough system of culture. His success, commensurate to his wishes, always depends upon the manner in which he prepares his grounds, plants his seed, and rears his stock. Neither of these departments, which may be considered the cardinal ones of his profession, will take care of themselves. The soil may be rich, but it needs culture. His seed may be sown, but it should be in due time, and always on soil well prepared and of a suitable quality for the production of the crop desired. His stock must be constantly cared for—it derives its thrift from the soil, and sends again to that soil the sustenance it requires; but this is not done in a loose or haphazard way. The farmer's care is required, and all his better judgment must be exercised in keeping up this system of reciprocal benefits that may be realized by every intelligent and industrious farmer.

Thorough cultivation and systematic attention to all parts of his business is indispensable to a good degree of success.—The very corner stone to this whole system of farming, is to do what you do thoroughly—nature will not be cheated, and never gives full returns to the half way work that is practiced by vastly too many calling themselves farmers. If the land has been worn, the extent of that exhaustion and the food required must be first considered. When ascertained, the full measure of these requirements must be given, to bring out full returns. If the farmer has but a small stock, and consequently but a small amount of manure to replenish his land, it is obvious that but a small farm can be supplied with it; and good judgment at once dictates that to cultivate properly a large farm, artificial fertilizers must be used if good crops are obtained. And so with the labor, two men can not suitably till one hundred acres of land, when the labor of two men, and perhaps four, might be profitably employed on seventy-five acres.

This is the great error in farming. Two men strive to do what four can hardly do, and thus thousands of acres are run over, half tilled, and producing half crops. The land is run over till worn out, sustaining year after year the unnatural tax, till its energies are entirely exhausted, and it fails to yield even a feeble crop, because its life is worn out. Much of the soil of Virginia and other Southern States is a type of this. Thousands of acres are entirely useless and exhausted, and will ever remain so, till the first elements of its power are returned to it. This process is going on in many of the Western States.—The soil is treated like an inexhaustible mine; the tillers crying give, give, give! till in a few years it will have nothing to give. The boast of the West is, large farms and large fields of grain; plough, sow and reap, is the business of Western farmers, drawing out the very life of the soil, sending away in the heavy exports that are constantly going onward, without returning to the soil the food it requires to make it productive.

The light that is being spread abroad on this subject is beginning to correct this practice to some extent, but in most instances very little is returned to the soil to keep it alive, till after several years of continual cropping, it manifests signs of exhaustion and ultimate barrenness. When tillers of the soil understand their true interests, they will cultivate no more land than they can do well. Fifty acres of land for tillage, brought to a high state of cultivation, pays better than one hundred run over in the way that many do.

Jefferson *Farmer.*

### Reports from Cuba.

Victory for General Jordan.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—Letters from Cuba, received here last evening, give advices up to the 5th. Gen. Jordan gives the following account of the action near Holquin: Valmaseda, being reinforced, determined to surprise the insurgents. His movements were promptly reported to General Jordan, who prepared to meet him. A small force sent out to reconnoitre, and if the enemy appeared, to lead them into an ambush, which had been prepared, where General Jordan and one thousand awaited them. General Valmaseda met the advanced party and attacked them. They retreated to the main body, who received the Spanish force, more than double their number, with such earnestness that they were thrown into such disorder that it was found impossible to reorganize them.

This success was followed up by a charge, which forced a disordered retreat. The success of Gen. Jordan was complete. The colored militia impressed into the service broke on the first attack, and nearly all deserted to Jordan. This fight, it is asserted, has destroyed the army of Valmaseda, and given the Cubans control of the entire Holquin district. The Spanish loss is estimated at 170 in killed and wounded, and over 700 in deserters and prisoners.

It is reported that the slaves throughout the island are manifesting symptoms of insubordination and sympathy with the Cespedes government. They are joining the insurgents by the hundreds and thousands, determined to secure the advantages of the decree of liberation issued by Quesada at the commencement of the struggle for independence.

These men, it is said, make good and efficient soldiers. Gen. Quesada, in the Puerto Principe district, these letters state, is nearly ready for an attack on Nuevitas, with a force sufficient to secure success. General Lesca has been restored to command there, and the dissensions between the regulars and volunteers have increased to such an extent as to render his force almost entirely unreliable. Unless Gen. Lesca is reinforced it is not believed he will risk a contest. Vessels sufficient to remove his troops are concentrating in front of the city.

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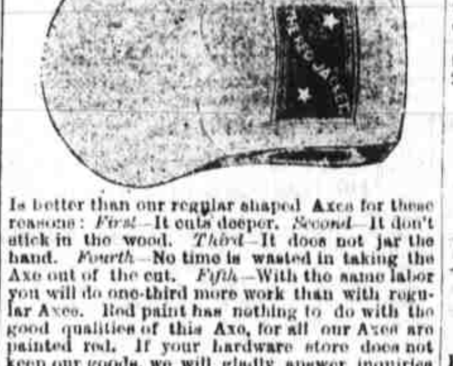


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*DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.*

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions this of bad blood is founded in truth. To say nothing of those humours that are hereditary, we can easily see how the blood may become bad from imperfect Digestion or failure of excretion, and how this may influence the process of Nutrition, and thus influence all the functional activities of the body.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues lose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in *roughness* of the skin; then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are affected with scrofula in some form.

Persons suffering from any bad humor are very liable to have it settle on the Lungs or some other vital organ. The only safe rule is to remove the Blood poison at once, before it settles itself upon some vital point.

When the blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO, KOSKOO,

AS A

LIVER INVIGORATOR,

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

BEING THE ONLY KNOWN MEDICINE

That EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver, *instead of copious purging it gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the sides, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, &c.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of WONDERFUL EFFICACY in the CURE of diseases of the KIDNEYS and BLADDER. IN THESE AFFECTIONS IT IS AS NEAR A SPECIFIC *as any remedy can be.* It does its work *kindly, silently,* and SURELY. The RELIEF which it affords is both *certain* and *perceptible.*

*DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.*

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys cannot estimate the *importance* of their *healthy action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters, which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys except through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO! KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS (as numbers of certificates will show,) in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful ratio.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows: A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, &c., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, &c., &c.

CONCLUSION.

Suffering reader, do not think that because you have tried other remedies, you cannot be cured—but recollect that God, in his Providence, has not afflicted His children with pain and disease without at the same time giving them something in the Great Garden of Nature that will cure them.

Have no hesitation in writing to me, and stating your case in full, and I will answer you promptly.

KOSKOO!

Is NOT a *secret quack* remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, &c.

THE BEST AND MOST POPULAR MEDICINE IN USE.

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PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

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aug. 6 [illegible]