THE DAILY JOURNAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1871.

Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad.

We do not intend that our citizens shall lose sight of this important work if we can help it. The efforts of a certain ring of disputable men to get possession of the road through the Legislature; their defeat by another ring equally disreputable, and the great injury to the credit and future prospects of the road, have been a source of much anxiety to the true friends of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad, and of the city of Wilmington. It must be a source of congratulation to every one that its management has been taken from the control of one who was not only manifestly incompetent, but corrupt. We trust that it has been withdrawn entirely from the arena of party politics, and that its affairs will be managed upon a business basis, and with a view to its early completion. Beyond doubt, when finished the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad will do as much as any other similar work in the State, to add to the wealth of North Carolina, and do more for the prosperity of Wilmington than all the other railroads and improvements which have been completed or projected for its benefit. It would therefore be unnatural if we should not do everything in our power to sustain this great work, and to uphold the hands of those who have control of it, if we believe they are honest and zealous in their efforts to further the completion of the road.

A very casual examination of the map will show the incalculable advantages to be derived by Wilmington by the completion of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad. By its completion we desire to be understood as referring to its connection with the Kentucky and Tennessee system of railroads. The filling up of the gap between the Pee Dee and Charlotte is a consummation devoutly to be wished, not only because it will add so much to the business of the road, but will give it credit and resources to push its Western end through the mountains.—This road will furnish the shortest line from Memphis and Louisville to the ocean, and by means of the Air Line Railroad from Charlotte to Atlanta, which will be built, the distance to Atlanta will be decreased, and the country on that railroad, for many miles south-west from Charlotte will be tributary to this road and to Wilmington. Should these connections be made who can estimate the extent of our trade with the Mississippi Valley. Wilmington would sell West India products especially to a vast and populous section of country which now has no commercial intercourse with us, and would sell and ship their products in return.

No business man, or any one who is interested in the prosperity of our city, can contemplate the advantages to be derived through the completion of this road, and which can be accomplished, without determining to do all in his power to further this object. The game is too important, the stakes are too great. We cannot afford to lose. Our prosperity is too much bound up with this work to be indifferent spectators of the struggle through which it is passing.

When the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad had been finished to Cumberland its means were not sufficient to penetrate the vast mountain range which rose up as a mighty barrier between it and the Ohio river. For years Cumberland remained its Western terminus. The road languished; its credit failed; many of its friends abandoned the enterprise as hopeless. Baltimore stood paralyzed. Its commerce was limited, its population and wealth increased slowly. The city had no connection with the interior except by routes that brought it into competition with New York and Philadelphia. A few leading men, appreciating the difficulty, undertook to complete the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. They succeeded, and the entire city felt its influence. Commerce increased, population followed, real estate advanced, and new life and energy was infused into every department of business. Since the completion of that road the prosperity of Baltimore has been almost without parallel in the world.

What the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is to Baltimore the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad will be to Wilmington. Its affairs are in no worse condition than were those of that road, nor is its credit at a lower ebb. If its affairs can be upheld now and its credit restored it can be speedily pushed forward, and when completed will do for us in equal proportion what the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has done for Baltimore.

Ex-President Cowan, who has done so much for this great work, and would have placed its success beyond question but for the corrupt interference of the politicians who controlled the State immediately after its reconstruction, in his report to the Stockholders in 1867, after speaking of the advantages the Western connections of the road would give to the road itself and to the city, says:

"We hope, however, that we have said enough to convince you that our road is destined to form a part of a great national highway, over which an immense traffic will pass, and that it constitutes an important link in a great chain, which cannot be omitted without materially damaging, if not destroying, the chain itself. We have, then, a future of boundless prosperity spread before us; and our road becomes an indispensable public necessity. No matter, then, what changes may take place in the country, or in the government, or among the people—no matter what disasters may befall us, or to what future and losses we may be subjected, we feel an abiding confidence that this very road, eventually, must and will be built. If we should fail then the contribution of circumstances which are now coming together to aid us—if the road should pass into other hands, and every dollar of our stock be wiped out by law—if all which we have done should be undone—if every man, woman and child should be driven out of the country, and strangers fill their places, THIS ROAD WILL STILL BE BUILT, because THE PUBLIC NECESSITY

[illegible]

shamelessly repudiated; we have seen our available means, at one time abundant for the entire completion and equipment of the road, depreciated to an extent which rendered them valueless for our purposes; but the intrinsic merit of the work, its necessity, its boundless future, its certain prosperity have triumphed over all difficulties, and sustained us under every disadvantage."

Shall we fail to build this great work? Self-interest alone can decide the question for us. We own as individuals and as a corporation a very large amount of stock. But even this is a very insignificant consideration compared to the benefits to be conferred. *Its completion is vitally important to the future growth and wealth of Wilmington.*

The President and Board of Directors are honest and capable. They embrace leading business men of our city and the interior. The Chief Engineer and Superintendent is a man of great ability and vast experience in the management of railroads. These officers are determined to do all in their power to push forward the work. The remnant of the securities, we are satisfied, will be used to the very best advantage for this purpose, and the credit of the road will be strengthened by the honesty, intelligence, economy and industry with which its affairs will be managed. Let every friend of the road give them a helping hand and the work can be accomplished and its ownership and control secured to our own people.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES FOR THE JOURNAL.

For General Market Reports see Commercial Intelligence on Third Page.

NOON TELEGRAMS.

WAR IN EUROPE.

PARIS ON THE WANE.

FROM WASHINGTON—CONGRESSIONAL.

LONDON, Jan. 11—5:30 P. M.

Important news is just received from Versailles. The German columns operating against General Chanzy have driven him within one mile of LeMans, after a series of engagements, in which one cannon, three mitrailleuse and two thousand prisoners were captured.

The loss of General Werder's army, at the storming of Villeneuxel was only two hundred killed and wounded.

A large German army is being formed in the Eastern Department of France, which will be under the special command of a distinguished officer, and includes the corps of General Von Werder, General Zastrow and others.

From Washington—Proceedings of Congress, &c.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12.

The Senate is discussing Ocean Cables.

They passed a bill to-day regulating the transportation of cattle. It provides how long they may be kept in cars and hours for feeding and watering.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Select Committee on decay of American Commerce have ordered their Chairman to report favorably on the bill establishing a steamship line between New Orleans and Mexican ports.

The effort to unite the Republicans of Missouri has so far proved ineffectual and there is but little prospect. Blair's chances are still best, and he is the foremost man in pure Democratic caucus. A liberal republican German paper, published in Jefferson City favors Blair.

The ice in the lower harbor at St. Louis is broken. Navigation south will be resumed today. Immense quantities of produce and provisions are waiting transportation.

The Missouri Editorial excursion of ladies and gentlemen, left St. Louis yesterday for New Orleans and Mobile.

Many person in Tennessee, including Judges of the Supreme Court, attorney of the United States, and several Magistrates, have been indicted for holding office in violation of the 14th Amendment.

A bill is pending in the Tennessee Legislature to provide counsel to defend them.

The Indiana Legislature has elected the proprietor of the Indianapolis daily Sentinel State Printer.

Three persons perished in a burning hotel at Walton, Boone county, Ky.

The Ohio Legislature has defeated the bill forbidding bibles in schools, by a vote 14 to 75.

FOREIGN SUMMARY.

The Germans represent the firing from the Paris forts to be flagging.

Versailles advices report Gen. Chanzey to be retreating.

At all points the bombardment of Paris continues vigorously.

There is anxiety at Liverpool for the safety of the steamer Brooklyn.

The *Herald* special reports that the French works at Bellancourt have been destroyed.

Fort Nogent has recommenced firing, and 14 guns of Fort Jessy have been dismounted.

Shells have been thrown into Paris and at Lyons Railway Station.

It is rumored that the Hospital of the invalids has been hit.

None of the French forts have yet been reached. Their capture involves an advance in the open field.

Paris will fall from hunger and weariness, never from artillery.

Madame Cespedes left the President in the interior several days before her capture and was awaiting a vessel on which to embark and leave the Island. The same dispatch makes Madame Cespedes speak in the highest terms of the kind and gentlemanly treatment from the Spaniards.

Valmeceda has abolished all courts martial except for treason, rebellion and sedition.

The King telegraphs to the Queen on the 11th that the bombardment is slow in consequence of the snow storm and heavy fog.

Pesonne has capitulated with three thousand prisoners.

Gen. Werder defeated Bourbaki on the 9th, south of Vesoul, and took eight hundred prisoners.

NIGHT TELEGRAMS.

WAR IN EUROPE!

LONDON, Jan. 11—10 P. M.

Balloon advices from Paris this evening, have been received.

Many slight engagements are reported near Malmaison and Revil, also on the line of the Paris and Strasburg Railway, in all of which the Germans were repulsed with considerable loss.

Thousands of bells from the Belgian guns fall during night in the suburbs of Paris, creating havoc in all directions, killing some women and children, and striking ambulances, museums, school houses, etc.

The population of Paris is more than ever resolute in its intention to resist to the utmost.

No facts are entertained of surrender, as Gen. Trochu has issued a proclamation to the citizens to the effect that the city of Paris will not capitulate.

BERGRAVE, January 11.

Official announcement is made that the Germans on the 10th, redoubled their efforts against the army of Chanzey, who was pressed on all sides, and retired to his original position. The action was hotly disputed. One of the French brigades resisted incessant attacks of the enemy for six hours. The losses were considerable on both sides.

General Bourbaki, commanding the army of the East, telegraphs that his troops passed Tuesday night in driving the enemy from houses in Villeneuxal.

Advices from Lille represent the army of the North advanced beyond Bordeaux.

LONDON, Jan. 11—Midnight.

A dispatch from Lille states that Faidherbe surprised the rear guard of the German army. Thirty of the enemy were killed and fifty-nine taken prisoners. The French did not lose a man.

The French army has again entered Dapaum.

LONDON, Jan. 12—6 A. M.

A dispatch from Versailles says a large fire is raging within the outer walls of Paris, on the north side of the city.

From Washington—Proceedings of Congress, &c.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12

SENATE.—A memorial was presented from one thousand women, headed by Mrs. General Sherman, against female suffrage

A House joint resolution was introduced appropriating $250,000 for the improvement of the Louisville and Portland Canal and $341 0 0 for the completion of Des Moines Rapids.

Mr. Chandler said that the river and harbor bill, with the estimates for all these improvements, would be reported within four weeks, and that this should take its chances with the rest. After an extended discussion a motion to refer was rejected and the bill passed. It goes to the President.

A commission was authorized to investigate the claims for Indian depredations in Kansas and Nebraska.

The bill relieving members of Congress from the importunity of office-holders was discussed to adjournment.

HOUSE.—The Military Committee was ordered to investigate West Point affairs.

The House then went into committee on appropriations and repealed the order publishing laws in newspapers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Silas A. Strickland, of Nebraska, has been nominated Governor of Utah Territory.

Bishop Simpson declines the Dominican Commissionership.

Alex. H. Connor has been confirmed Governor of Idaho.

The Secretary of the Treasury decides that all rum, gin and whiskey imported into the United States since January 1st, 1871, is subject to a duty of $2 50 per proof gallon, under the laws of Congress. This is a disappointment to importers, who expected the decision would place a duty on those liquors the same as that on imported brandy, vice $2 per proof gallon.

From New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

A writ of attachment has been issued for Gen Neill, Commandant at Governor's Island, for refusing to surrender a minor, who was enlisted against his parents' consent.

The investigation of charges against Rev. Mr. Lanahan, Assistant Agent of the Methodist Book Concern, has been commenced.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S C, Jan 12.

The House of Representatives has passed the following resolutions which were introduced by a negro member:

WHEREAS, Certain bills are now being considered in Congress providing for general amnesty to all persons now laboring under political disabilities by reason of their participation in the late rebellion; and

WHEREAS, In our judgment ample relief is afforded such persons by the third section of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution; therefore.

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, Senate concurring, that our Senators in Congress be instructed, and our Representatives be requested, to vote against all such laws granting general amnesty and relief to persons now under political disability.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and resolution be transmitted to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Much excitement prevails among members of the Legislature, at Columbia, owing to the disturbed condition of affairs in the upper counties of the State.

The ultra Radicals, under the lead of Elliott, negro member elect, of 42d Congress, charge the whole responsibility of the troubles upon Governor Scott's administration, in not organizing colored militia and declaring martial law.

There is a strong talk of impeaching the Governor. The more moderate Radicals and Conservatives and the Lieutenant Governor, support the policy of Gov. Scott, which is understood to be to send only U. S. Troops to disturbed counties, if military force is required at all.

The citizens of these counties have held large public meetings in the interests of law and order.

The Senate has tabled the anti-amnesty resolution adopted by the House.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

LONDON, Dec. 11.

There was a colliery explosion near Sheffield in which there were twenty six killed.

BY THE HAVANA CABLE.

HAVANA, Jan 12.

Zena, rebel bearer of despatches, captured with Madam Cespedes, has been executed.

The wife of Juarez, the Mexican President, is dead.

Petrification.

W. B. Bain, M. D., writes as follows to the Lancet, on the subject of Dr. Marini's preparations of the human body:

"Having handled some of the preparations in Florence, last autumn, I am able to say that he is the inventor of a mode of turning the human body or any part of it into stone, in any attitude that may be desired. I enclose the photograph of a Senator of the Italian Parliament taken four months after his decease, in which he is represented seated in his chair with his clothes on, just as when alive, his eyes retaining in an astonishing degree the vivacity of life. I also enclose the photograph of a table, the slab of which is formed of a piece of human body—brains, muscles, etc., all turned into stone, and which, when struck by me, sounded as a marble table. I also inspected a lady's foot, likewise petrified, and which had every appearance of marble, until upon close inspection, the texture of the skin was apparent. Dr. Marini showed me, too, some specimens of the human body, which were in a sound and perfect condition, preserved for years. He assured me, also, that the week before he had dined off a duck which had been killed months previously. The foot of a mummy was in his apartment as at the time of life, and the toes were perfectly flexible. I am perfectly certain that these preparations are genuine, and of high value."

It was an idea of a minister down the country, at the conclusion of a marriage ceremony, to use in his prayer for the bridal couple the sentence, "Suffer little children to come unto me."

A Chicago Dutchman has been fined $10 for stealing a baby from a fellow countryman, on the street.

Chinese artists are frightfully faulty in perspective, but they know how to draw fans.

STATE NEWS.

BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL.

The *Robesonian* enters on its second volume on the 25th instant.

About 100 negroes left Tarboro last Wednesday, for Louisiana.

G. G. Grady's newly organized railroad circus is to perform in Charlotte on the 17th instant.

General Alfred Dockery has purchased Colonel T. J. Morrisey's farm near Lumberton, for $10,000.

The Sheriff of Robeson county sold three thousand acres of land, last Saturday, for $13,

There was a fire in Tarboro' last Monday night. Fortunately, the damage was comparatively light.

The negro Crofford, who was run over by an engine at Charlotte, a few nights since, and whose legs had to be amputated, has since died.

Married, in Baltimore, on the 5th inst., by Rev. T. B. Sargent, D.D., Rev. S. Milton Frost, D.D., formerly of this State, and Miss Juliet P., daughter of the late Charles Klausen, Esq., of Baltimore.

The Lumberton *Robesonian* learns that a mulatto named Sinclair Lockleer, supposed to be connected with the Scuffletown gang of outlaws, was arrested and lodged in jail at Fayetteville on Thursday last. He had on his person, when captured, several pistols and $84 in money.

The Wilson *Plaindealer* is offered for sale, the editor, Mr. C. S. McDaniel, having retired from its management, and assumed control of the office of the *Reconstructed Farmer*, in Tarboro. *Zions's Landmarks* will be issued from the same office, following the course of the publisher.

Benjamin Chambers, a native of North Carolina, but for the past thirty-five years a resident of the District of Columbia, died on Saturday. He was for many years the engraver for the State Department, and was an inventor of much note. Among his inventions was the banded gun, known as the Parrott gun. He was a faithful, intelligent citizen and an honest man.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.—Owing to the continued severe indisposition of the editor, who has been in poor health for the past year and a half, the publication of this paper was not resumed immediately after the holidays and will not, we understand, make its appearance before the latter part of this month. In the meantime a new outfit of type has been furnished, and the Carolinian will next make its appearance in a new dress, and remodeled and improved in other respects.

Tarboro' *Southerner*.

FRUIT BRANDY.—Some idea of the extent of the fruit crop of our State may be had from the following official figures relating to distillation in this, the second Congressional District:

Over 65,000 gallons of fruit brandy were made during the past season, principally in the counties of Pitt, Edgecombe, Wilson, Wayne, Green and Lenoir.

The Government tax on the amount of brandy thus produced amounted to more than $40,000, and the total value of this product, including the tax, is over $160,000.—Tarboro' *Southerner*.

Chinese Servants in New Jersey

Mr. Robert Beattie, the woolen manufacturer of Little Falls, who has had much trouble with his domestics, procured two Chinese for house servants. The Paterson Press says:

"Formerly he employed two 'girls' to do the household work and then the ladies of the family had to do half the work themselves, or it would go undone; on washing days a third woman had to be employed, and even then his family had to do all the cooking. Three weeks ago two young Chinamen were introduced instead of the two girls; the men went quietly, but steadily, about their work, never needing to be shown but once how to do a thing, and never forgetting to do what was to be done, and gradually they took upon their own sholders all the house-work, leaving the family nothing of the kind to do. On washing-days they get through by three in the afternoon, and at the same time doing all the other housework; the next day they iron, and all their laundry operations are in the very best style. Notwithstanding all this, these heathen are inclined to complain that they haven't enough to do, and want to bake for the family, besides! Their cooking is excellent and very clean. They always prepare the materials for breakfast over night. These men are about 18 years old, and dress in a sort of 'composite order' of costume; but their hair is arranged in strictly Chinese fashion, with a long cuspendant. They eat the same food as other people about them. Only one of them readily understands English, and he speaks it but little. They do not practice any heathen customs, at least not openly. These two men were hired at San Francisco by Mr. Beattie for three years (they would not contract for longer than five years), for $16 per month, gold. He also paid their traveling expenses to Little Falls, which will make their labor cost an average of $18 per month, gold, during three years of their service."

The Double Babe.

The Mount Gilead Register has this about the Ohio double babe:

"The double-headed, triple-limbed, quadruple-armed babe is prospering finely, notwithstanding reports to the contrary. Learned physicians and surgeons who have visited this wonderful freak of nature claim that it will eventually walk, and that its prospects for living are as favorable as those of any child of the same age. We had the pleasure of seeing this child (or these children) on Tuesday of last week. The features of one are more than ordinarily handsome, the other ordinarily good looking, and both are very intelligent.—When we entered the house one end of it (the child) was crying lustily and the limb belonging to it was kicking around quite lively, while the other end was sleeping soundly. In a short time both ends were sleeping, and a few moments later both ends were awake."

The German Democratic journals are making some pungent and wholesome comments upon recent events in Georgia. The New York Staats Zeitung explains the matter thus:

The host of thieves and scoundrels who were imported from the North, and who, assisted by Federal bayonets, usurped every power in the State, had become so overbearing and audacious, and the individual rapacity of these bandits had created so many animosities among themselves, that the break up had become unavoidable. The measures adopted in the reconstruction of Georgia, moreover, were even devoid of any shadow of principle or justice. Every one in the State and at Washington had become convinced that by the reconstruction of Georgia it was only intended to put the public treasury and the railroads under the control of the Blatical politicians, and even a number of negroes, less grasping than the New England Parties had represented, understood the condition of this State and determined to deliver it from that voracious host of gamblers."

From the Mobile Register, 7th.

Mutiny of a Negro Crew at Sea—Assault Upon the Captain and Mate—The Carpenter Knocked Senseless—The Second Mate thrown Overboard—Disappearance of Four Mutineers.

The ship Lizzie Fennel, from Havana, to James H. and John Wylie & Co., arrived in the bay yesterday, with one of the crew in irons, in consequence of a mutiny, in which the Captain and chief officers were badly injured, and the second mate thrown overboard.

Capt. A. W. Deering, of the Fountain, who towed the ship in, brings up the following report:

REPORT OF THE SHIP LIZZIE FENNEL, FROM HAVANA, TOWARDS MOBILE, U. S.

January 1st, 1871, was towed to sea by the steam tug Union. At 10 a. m. left the harbor at Havana, discharged the steamer, and made all possible sail; everything peaceable. At ten p. m., M. Carr, chief officer, called two men aft to heave the log, and while in the act of doing so the two caught him and tried to heave him overboard. He sung out, and I (the Captain) went on the poop to see what was the matter, when one of these men let go the mate and ran at me, and knocked me down with a slungshot. I then got down in the cabin to get a revolver, when they again attacked the mate, but this time five of them. He getting inside the cabin door, one of them struck him with an iron bolt, causing a fearful cut on the top of his head. He got down in the cabin and got a pistol and fired one of two shots. They all ran in the forecastle and shut themselves in. We then found the carpenter on deck insensible, and his head cut in a fearful manner, and Francis Main, the second mate, missing. We kept watch until daylight, and got the men out of the forecastle one by one and found four of the crew missing, and one of the crew, now on board, saw them heave the second mate overboard. The four missing men jumped overboard also, taking with them their chests. Their names are James Brown, Aaron Cromartie, James Austen and Ockar (Oscar?) Small. These men were the ringleaders, and one other, who is now in irons; his name is James Brown; he is one of the fire who tried to heave the mate overboard; but I believe them all guilty, with the exception of one Reuben Richardson. Their intention was, I am told, to rob the ship, set her on fire and make their escape in the boats. The men now working, their names Joseph Meltrie, John Sowerby, Abraham Jones, Jos. Segar, Wm. Frederick, Joseph Friend and Reuben Richardson. Position of the ship at the time of the occurrence, lat. 24 deg. 30 minutes N., long. 83 deg. 5 minutes W. Arrived in Mobile bay 11:40 a. m., January 6th.

DENNIS MAHONEY, Master.

These are all the particulars we have at present succeeded in obtaining concerning this affair, in which the manner of the disappearance of the four men will strike the reader as a rather mysterious circumstance. The Lizzie Fennel is a new ship, and belongs to St. Johns, N. B. The sailors were all negroes.

Two Thousand Deaths a Week in Paris.

"Spiridon" writes from Paris to the Boston *Gazette*:

The mortality has risen to 2,000 per week, of which small-pox is responsible for nearly five hundred. Young people and old people die in numbers, like forest leaves in October. Dysentery, typhus fever, diarrhea and bronchitis are extremely fatal. Nine hundred people had, in Paris alone, gone crazy by the first of November, in consequence of the harrassing hour in which we live. Since then the numbers have continued to increase until the madhouses have begun to overflow into the prisons. It is said to be still worse in the provinces, where the peasants see the savings of a life-time destroyed in an hour. Strange to say, the blows fall heavier on the young than the old. The former are on life's threshold. They have put the savings of their earlier years into a rented farm; the family has contributed to set him up; this one has lent money; that one has lent cow, sheep, hog and horse; another has contributed furniture; others have contributed agricultural implements. In instances innumerable cattle have been driven to the invader's shambles, and all the rest of the property is reduced to ashes or to splinters, good only for firewood. In debt, the sources of further supplies dried up, without a cent, these young men find themselves doomed to toil till life's meridian before they again find themselves where they were three months since!

The Queen's Railroad Carriage.

The saloon carriage used by Queen Victoria when traveling over the Great Western railway, after having done good service for more than twenty years, has just undergone a thorough refitting. The carriage is divided into compartments—the saloon and its retiring room. The walls are lined with silver gray silk, trellised with the tufts of the same material, and the roof is composed of raised flutes of silk, radiating from a centre, and interspersed with crimson and gray gimp designs, the whole being finished with massive crimson ropes, interwoven by gold.—The windows are fitted with silver-plated poles, from which depend green silk curtains, trimmed and looped up with green and white silk cord and tassels. The furniture is in luxurious taste, the royal sofas and footstools being covered with crimson brocaded silk, trimmed with gold and gray cord fringes, and the carpet is of crimson velvet. Altogether the decorations are very perfect—luxury without gaudiness being the prevailing feature.

The Methodist Recorder talks this bit of sense about pet names for adult women:

"We consider it a sickly sentimentalism, if not sacrilegious brass, to ignore the name sealed by the baptismal covenant.—How it would point a verse of Scripture to have it put in modern style, thus: 'Now, a certain man was sick, named Lazarus, of Bethany, the town of Mollie and her sister Mattie.'"

SPECIAL.

HOLLOWAY'S

VERMIFUGE CONFECTIONS.

Twenty years experience has proved this the most popular remedy with Physicians and Parents for those pests of Childhood—Worms. They are pleasant to take and always effective in expelling the Worms and toning the system up to its normal condition. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine have the signature of the proprietors on the wrapper of each package.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, Phila.

NO CURE! NO PAY!

HEISKELL'S TETTER OINTMENT

Will positively cure Tetter, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Pimples, Blotches and all forms of Skin Disease. Also, Sore Eyes and Eye Lids, Discharges from the Ear and Old Sores, no matter of how long standing, or the money returned by the proprietors.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, Phila.

Sold at 50 cents per box by all Druggists. Sent by mail for 60 cents.

CONSUMPTION POSITIVELY CURED!

UPHAM'S FRESH MEAT CURE

Will cure Bronchitis, Consumption, all Lung Diseases and Spitting of Blood, and strengthen and build up the system to its healthy condition. This has been tested by Prof. Trousseau in Two Thousand cases in the hospitals of Paris, in which it cured nearly every case, and in this country by the consumption of the Physician many hopeless cases have been restored to health.

One bottle will prove its efficacy.

Sold 75 cts per Bottle, or six for $4 50.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,

Philadelphia.

[illegible] 1y-eoltp

SPECIAL.

Defensive Medication.

Investigation is as necessary for the protection of the human body against disease when unhealthy influences are abroad, as iron armor and granite earthworks are for the protection of ships and fortresses when assailed by shot and shell.—Hence, it is desirable when those potent enemies of vitality, damp and cold, pervade the air we breathe, to put the system in the best possible condition to encounter them. The stomach is the organ by which every other organ is nourished and sustained, and therefore upon its vigorous and regular action depends, in a great measure, the capacity of the system to resist the assaults of the invisible enemies of health and life, by which, at this inclement season, it is surrounded. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an admirable tonic and regulating medicine for all seasons, is never more needed than in winter, when the torpifying influence of a chilly atmosphere affects all the vital functions, and renders the body extremely susceptible. By toning the digestive organs, and the liver, and the bowels with this unequalled vegetable specific, a physical condition is attained which seems to be proof against all varieties of temperature, and that is inimical in the air of winter. Defensive medication is a precaution which should never be neglected when danger is present, and therefore a course of the Bitters at this season is particularly desirable, especially for the feeble and sickly. As a remedy for biliousness, dyspepsia, nervousness, and bowel complaints, there is nothing comparable to this wholesome restorative.

From L. F. J. Colburn, *Doctor of Dental Surgery, Newark, N. J.*

The popular dentifrice known as SOZODONT, besides being a very pleasant addition to the toilet, contains ingredients, that, if used according to the directions, will prove of the greatest utility to the health of the mouth and teeth.

☞ If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, stopping up of the nose, at times giving nasal twang to voice, partial loss of the sense or smell, taste or hearing, feel dull and stupid, have pain or pressure in the head, take cold easily, you may rest assured that you have Catarrh. Thousands annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, terminate in Consumption, or Insanity, and end in the grave. R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., is the proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy—a perfect specific for Catarrh, which he sends to any address, postpaid, for sixty cents. Sold by most druggists everywhere.

PAIN KILLER PROP. HENRY DAVIS & SON PROVIDENCE R.I. 1840 1870

The PAIN KILLER is by universal consent allowed to have won for itself a reputation unsurpassed in the history of medical preparations. Its instantaneous effect in the eradication and extinction of Pain in all its various forms incident to the human family, and the unsolicited written and verbal testimony of the masses in its favor, have been, and are its own best advertisements.

The ingredients of the PAIN KILLER, being purely VEGETABLE, render it a perfectly safe and efficacious remedy taken internally, as well as for external applications, when used according to directions. The stain upon linen from its use is readily removed by washing with alcohol.

This Medicine, justly celebrated for the cure of so many of the afflictions incident to the human family, has now been before the public over THIRTY YEARS, and has found its way into almost every corner of the world; and wherever it has been used, the same opinion is expressed of its medical properties.

In any attack, where prompt action upon the system is required, the Pain Killer is invaluable. Its almost instantaneous effect in Relieving Pain is truly wonderful; and when used according to directions, is true to its name, a PAIN KILLER.

jan 5 84-1m

The Celebrated

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water.

The most lasting, agreeable, and refreshing of all perfumes, for use on the Handkerchief, at the Toilet, and in the Bath. For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.

dec 13 65-eod-12mch

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. Harmless, reliable, instantaneous, does not contain lead, nor any *vitalic* poison to produce paralysis or death. Avoid the vaunted and delusive preparations, boasting virtues they do not possess. The genuine W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye has had 30 years untarnished reputation to uphold its integrity as the only Perfect Hair Dye—Black or Brown. Sold by all Druggists. Applied at 16 Bond St., N. Y.

feb 8 113-1y

NATHAN MAYER,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

Corner Market and South Water Streets,

(H. B. Ellers' old stand,)

Wilmington, N. C.

Keeps constantly on hand a fine and large assortment of LIQUORS and CIGARS, which he offers to the trade at the lowest New York prices.

feb 10 113-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. CRONLY, Auctioneer.

By CRONLY & MORRIS.

ON Thursday next, 19th instant, at 10 o'clock, a. m., I will sell at Exchange Corner, to the highest bidder, the commodious stern wheel steamer

"GENERAL HOWARD,"

with everything appertaining and belonging to her, as she now lies at the wharf of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford R. R. Co.

Length over all	166 feet
Breadth of Beam	29½ "
Depth of Hold	5 "
Draft	3½ "
Tonnage	144 63-100

Two Engines 15 good order; Cylinder 16 inches diameter, 6 foot stroke. Upper deck, saloon and passenger accommodations scrupulous and comfortable. Lower deck and hold for freight.

Terms at sale.

S. L. FREMONT,

Eng'r and Sup't W. C. & R. R. R.

jan 13 19—ts

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF B. & L. WEILL is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on as heretofore by B. Weill, who alone has the right to collect all debts due the late firm. B. Weill assuming all the responsibilities of the late firm. All parties indebted to the late firm will make payments to said B. Weill, who is alone authorized to sign the name of the late firm.

B. WEILL,

LOUIS WEILL.

jan 13 19—1t

DAILY DISTRIBUTION ON THE PERMUTATION PLAN.

No. 223, DRAWN AT 12 O'CLOCK M., Jan. 12, 1871.

43, 19, 15, 21, 4, 54, 61, 28, 12, 74, 1, 14.

No. 224, Drawn at 5 O'Clock P. M., Jan. 12, 1871.

5, 60, 27, 35, 46, 4, 17, 72, 12, 38, 63, 6, 76.

Witness my hand, at Wilmington, this day.

JOHN LEMBKE,

Commissioner.

jan 1 [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A CARD.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE public that the

NEWS BUSINESS

of the late T. M. Harris, will continue at the old stand on Front street, under my supervision, for the benefit of the family of the deceased, and would ask a continuance of former patronage.

B. L. HARRIS.

jan 13 19—1t*

NOTICE,

CAME INTO THE ENCLOSURE of the subscriber on Saturday, Jan'y 7th, 1871, a dark brindle mottled Cow (no horn) with white spots, and a red Calf. The owner is requested to prove the property and pay charges. For particulars, apply to James & Brown.

ROMULUS WADDELL.

Hilton, Jan. 12, 1871. 19—3t

BRIDAL PRESENTS

AT THE LIVE BOOK STORE ALWAYS ON hand:

PIANOS, CHROMOS,

and numerous other things of high value, and suitable for ladies, especially for those about to leave the "carpet," and take up their abode in a cottage of love, or "Love in a Cottage." All the same! Music is as good here as elsewhere. Chromos are as beautiful too. The Changed Cross is present also when one is

"— wearied with the conflict and the strife,
And all the needful discipline of life,"

to impart fresh vigor, and to feed the soul. Ho brides, and grooms, or vice versa. Come! see! buy!

HEINSBERGER.

jan 12 90—

READ THIS.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE ORDERS for COAL must be accompanied with CASH. We are compelled to require this to save expense of clerk to render and collect bills.

Price, per ton,	$9 00	delivered.
Price " ½ "	4 50	"
Price " ¼ "	2 50	"

WORTH & WORTH.

jan 5 84-tu&w

HORSE BLANKETS.

LAP ROBES, HARNESS, SADDLES, TRUNKS, &c.,

At J. S. TOPHAM & CO'S.,

No. 8 South Front street,

Wilmington, N. C.

oct 28 27—

OMNIBUS AND BAGGAGE WAGON FOR CITY PASSENGERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL hereafter run an Omnibus and Baggage Wagon to and from the Union Depot for the accommodation of passengers to and from any part of the city. All orders left on the slate at Mr. J. A. Mebane's Drug Store, at Southerland & Steagall's Stables or at the Purcell House, will be promptly attended to.

SOUTHERLAND & STEAGALL.

jan 12 90-1m

YOU CAN GET IT NOW.

BUCK EYE PEARL HOMINY!

OWING TO THE INCREASING DEMAND for the Pearl Hominy, I have purchased another Mill, and now have in successful operation, two of the celebrated

BUCK EYE PEARL HOMINY MILLS

at the

CAPE FEAR FLOUR AND PEARL HOMINY MILLS,

and am prepared to furnish a superior article at a reduced price—say 25 cents below Baltimore.

Our regular wholesale customers will be promptly supplied at $1 75 per bushel, free of drayage.

SEED OATS AND SEED RYE.

ALEX. OLDHAM.

jan 12 90—

FOR NEW YORK.

REGULAR LINE.

THE FAST SAILING PACKET Schooner

JOHN,

Captain WILLIAMS,

will have quick despatch as above.

For freight, apply to

WILLIAMS & MURCHISON.

jan 12 90—

Childrens Overcoats,

MENS GARRICKS, MENS OVERCOATS,

HANDSOME BUSINESS SUITS,

ELEGANT DRESS SUITS,

at a very small margin on COST.

MUNSON & CO.,

City Clothiers.

jan 11 89—

CLINTON MALE ACADEMY.

THE NEXT SESSION WILL BEGIN ON THE 2d Monday of January, 1871, and continue twenty weeks. Tuition: $19 50 and $22 50.—Board can be had at from $11 to $12 50 per month. Send for circular giving full information.

GRADY & HOLMES.

dec 15 97-3wdwtwtwch

GRAPE VINES.

ELLIS & CO. CONTINUE TO SELL SCUPPERNONG, Flowers, Thomas and Sugar grape plants, and will fill orders by Express C. O. D. Address

ELLIS & CO., Whiteville, N. C.

87-1w&3tw*

SIXTY-FIVE FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN Piano Manufactory Wm. Knabe & Co., manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Pianos Norfolk, Baltimore, Md. These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained an unparalleled pre-eminence, which pronounces them unequalled.

Their Tone combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of Intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale.

Their Touch is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos.

IN WORKMANSHIP

They are unequalled, using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.

☞ All our Square Pianos have our New Improved Overstrung Scale and the Agraffe Treble.

☞ We would call special attention to our late improvements in Grand Pianos and Square Grands, patented August 16, 1869, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.

Every Piano fully warranted for five years. We have made arrangements for the Sale Wholesale Agency for the most celebrated Parlor Organs and Melodeons, which we offer, wholesale and retail, at lowest factory prices.

WM. KNABE & CO.,

Baltimore, Md.

aug 17 [illegible]