The Daily Journal.

VOL. XX—NO. 211. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING. JUNE 3, 1871. WHOLE NUMBER 5,864

INSURANCE.

Wilmington North Carolina

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICERS:

JOHN W. ATKINSON.....President.
JOHN DAWSON.....Vice-President.
S. D. WALLACE.....Secretary.
Dr. E. A. ANDERSON.....Medical Director.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

No restrictions on travel or residence.

New mode of monthly payments of premium.

No extra charge upon the lives of Females.

Policies incontestible.

may 14 194-1ych

INSURANCE ROOMS!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS TO THE Citizens of Wilmington indemnity against Fire and Marine losses by insurance upon favorable terms in the following leading Companies:

SECURITY INSURANCE COMPANY of New York,
CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY of New York,
NORTH AMERICAN F. I. COMPANY of New York,
NORTH AMERICAN F. I. COMPANY of Hartford,
ANDES INSURANCE COMPANY of Cincinnati,
FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY of San Francisco.
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY of Richmond

Upon desirable risks we carry full lines, with rates as low as those of any reliable and prudent Companies.

Appy to JOHN WILDER ATKINSON, General Fire and Marine Insurance Agent. No. 5 North Front street

may 14 194-1ych

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS!

NEW PRICES.

I WILL OPEN, ON SATURDAY NEXT, April 15th, 1871, at No. 8 North Front street

(FINLAYSON & BRO'S OLD STAND)

an entire new Stock of

Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES

— AND —

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Which I propose to sell at exceedingly

LOW PRICES

and will not spare any effort to please everybody.

Having a thorough knowledge of this line of Business, it will enable me to offer inducements to my patrons.

GIVE ME A CALL.

Respectfully,

B. LEHMAN.

april 14 169-3moh

Raleigh National Bank of N. C.,
RALEIGH, March 20th, 1871.

THIS BANK, (under a resolution of the Stockholders and authority from the Comptroller of the Currency) has opened Books at their Banking House in this city for subscriptions to the increase of the Stock to half a million dollars, being the Authorized Capital.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.

mar 23 149-6m Sat-ch

THE GREAT SOUTHERN Wedding Card Emporium of Baltimore.

Visiting Cards, Monograms, &c.

Designed and Engraved by first-class artists. 25 DIFFERENT STYLES of INITIALED PAPER. Sent by mail to any address. STORK & WRIGHT, Stationers, Engravers, &c. 161 W. Balto. St. Baltimore, Md. It will save you money to get our Price List and Samples of work.

april 6 164-eod6mch

LIVER REGULATOR.

Simmon's Liver

The symptoms of Liver complaint are uneasiness and pain in the side. Sometimes the pain is in the shoulder, and is mistaken for rheumatism. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness, bowels in general costive, sometimes alternating with lax. The head is troubled with pain and dull, heavy sensation, considerable loss of memory, accompanied with painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. Often complaining of weakness, debility and low spirits. Sometimes many of the above symptoms attend the disease, and at other times very few of them; but the liver is generally the organ most involved. Cure the Liver with

DR. SIMMON'S

Liver Regulator.

A preparation of roots and herbs, warranted to be strictly vegetable, and can do no injury to any one.

It has been used by hundreds, and known for the last 40 years as one of the most reliable, efficacious and harmless preparations ever offered to the suffering. It takes regularly and persistently; it is sure to cure

Regulator,

Dyspepsia, headache, jaundice, costiveness, sick headache, chronic diarrhœa, affection of the bladder, camp dysentery, affections of the kidneys, fever, nervousness, chills, diseases of the skin, impurity of the blood, melancholy or depression of spirits, heart burn, colic or pains in the bowels, pain in the head, fever and ague, dropsy, boils, pain in the back, &c.

Prepared only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Druggists, Macon, Ga.

For sale only by JAS. W. LIPPITT & CO., Wilmington, N. C.

feb 10 115—1ych

RAILROADS.

Wilmington, Charlotte & R. Railroad,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 16, 1870.

SCHEDULE FOR EASTERN DIVISION.

Passenger Train leaves Wilmington daily (Sundays excepted) at.....7.00 A M
Arrives at head of Road.....4.00 P M
Leaves head of Road, in Anson county, at.....6.30 A M
Arrives at Wilmington.....3.30 P M

Passengers leaving Wilmington on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, make close connection with Stages at head of Road, and stopping at night in Wadesboro', arrive in Charlotte the next evening.

Through tickets to Charlotte, $10

Five hundred mile tickets can be purchased at the Ticket Office in Wilmington, Lumberton, Laurinburg, Rockingham and Wadesboro', for FIFTEEN DOLLARS. These are especially useful for business men and families.

Two regular Freight trains per week Leave Wilmington on Tuesdays and Fridays at 7:35 A. M., and arrive at Wilmington on Mondays and Thursdays at 5:00 P. M.

S. L. FREMONT, Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

feb 17 121-tf

Post please copy.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, WIL., COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA R. R. Co. WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 3d, 1871

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

AFTER THIS DATE THE FOLLOWING Schedule will be run by trains on this road:

DAY EXPRESS TRAIN (Daily.)

Leave Wilmington (Union Depot)	4:30 A. M.
Arrive at Florence	10:00 A. M
Arrive at Kingsville	1:30 P. M
Leave Kingsville	2:25 P. M
Arrive at Florence	5:41 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington	11:20 P. M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN (Daily.) Sunday exc'd.

Leave Wilmington	7:10 P. M
Arrive at Florence	1:43 A. M
Arrive at Kingsville	9:00 A. M
Leave Kingsville	3:45 P. M
Arrive at Florence	11:05 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington	6:10 A. M

JNO. C. WINDER, Gen'l Sup't.

feb 5, 1871 111—

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD CO., OFFICE GN'L ENG. AND GEN'L SUP'T, WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 21, 1871.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, the 22d instant, trains on this road will leave Wilmington at 6:00 a. m. and 11:50 p. m.; and arrive at Weldon at 8:05 a m. and 3:00 p. m. Leave Weldon 10:00 a. m. and 7:35 p. m.; arrive at Wilmington 4:10 a. m. and 6:45 p. m.

The day trains will not run on Sundays.

S. L. FREMONT, Eng. & Supt.

jan 22 99-tf

Wm. H. Horstmann & Sons,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Dress Trimmings,
BERGMANN & CO'S
Zephyr Worsted,
GERMANTOWN WOOL,
Small Wares, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.,
Upholstery, Blind, Shade, and
CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
HEARSE AND COFFIN TRIMMINGS.
PHILADELPHIA: Fifth & Cherry Sts., | NEW YORK: 412 Broadway.

Horstmann Brothers & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Military, Regalia, Church, Theatrical, Masquerade,
—AND—
COSTUMER'S GOODS,
Flags and Banners,
AGENTS FOR THE
United States Bunting Company,
Fifth and Cherry Sts., Philadelphia.

mar 3 133 3m1taw

LIME---LIME.

1500 BARRELS FRESH LIME, now landing Ex. Brig MANZANILLA. For sale at lowest market rates.

LOTS FROM WHARF

will be sold VERY LOW FOR CASH.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.

may 15 136 tf

ALL STYLES OF JOB WORK NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY EXECUTED AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

THE DAILY JOURNAL

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1871.

From the Richmond (Va.) Whig.

THE PRESS EXCURSIONISTS.

THEIR TRIP TO NORTH CAROLINA.

CORDIAL RECEPTION AND SPLENDID ENTERTAINMENT AT GREENSBORO'.

Eloquent and Patriotic Speeches of Hon. A. A. Hopkins, of New York, and Ex-Gov. Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.

GREENSBORO', N. C., May 31, 1871.

The excursion party of Northern editors *en route* hither yesterday, in response to the invitation of the Mayor and Common Council of the town, were met at Reidsville by a committee of reception, consisting of His Honor, Mayor Sloan, and Messrs. Albright, Balsley, Bogart and Colline, of the Council.

The following named gentlemen, constituting the committee of entertainment, also took the train at Reidsville, and were presented in turn to the members of the excursion party, viz: Messrs. J. J. Scales, B. J. Gretter, C. J. Yates, J. H. Gilmer, Wm. L. Scott and Hon. R. P. Dick. The train arrived at the depot at 1:45 p. m.—On the platform of the station the Mayor introduced Mr. P. F. Duffey, of the Greensboro' Patriot, who addressed to his brethren of the craft some very handsome

WORDS OF WELCOME.

To this address Mr. Parker, vice president of the excursion party, and Hon. Mr. Selkreg responded in the happiest manner. One very interesting feature of the scene which ensued, after the formal speeches were made, was the crowding in of the farmers on all sides to shake hands with the "Yankees." I have never witnessed an occasion of exactly this kind before, but certainly on no other occasion have I ever seen a more spontaneous and generous

OUTBURST OF THE POPULAR HEART.

The party went up the street headed by the band, and were shown to apartments in the Benbow House. As I am pressed with more important details, I shall have to pass over the minor events of the day.

Ex-Governor Zebulon B. Vance was among the guests at the Hotel, and the excursionists were presented to him in turn. The entertainment in all its features was perfect. The interesting feature of the day was the after-dinner speeches.—That of Mr. N. H. Hotchkiss, the leader of the party, was characteristic, that is to say, it was in every respect an admirable "off hand" effort.

As illustrating the views and sentiments of our visitors, I have reported in full the excellent speech of Mr. Hopkins of the New York Rural Home. Mr. Hopkins is a pronounced and influential Republican.

Speech of Mr. A. A. Hopkins.

Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen of Greensboro:

I feel highly honored by being called upon to respond in behalf of my brethren of the press, although I could wish that some one of the many older than myself were accorded the task—some one who could do fuller justice to the occasion.

We have come among you, gentlemen, on an errand of peace. Speaking in the language of our craft, we have left our "shooting sticks" behind us; and had we brought them they could shoot nothing worse than "coin," which I think your people would hardly object to. But dropping phrases of the types,

WE HAVE COME AMONG YOU AS FRIENDS.

At the outset our purpose in this excursion was largely one of recreation,—This, however, has taken on a different character as we have journeyed southward—has deepened and intensified into a profound responsibility. We come from the rich rural districts of New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and we shall go home to tell the thousands whom we daily and weekly preach to, of what we have seen and heard. We have everywhere received most hearty hospitality. Virginia's brave sons have met us with warm handclasps, in which we have felt the heart throbbing to the very finger tips; their fair sisters have entertained us as only the most accomplished could do. Leaving the cold North to look for Summer, as I told some of my friends, we seem to have chanced upon

A SUMMER OF THE HEART,

wherein all kindly affections do bud and blossom, and we shall expect these will bear beautiful fruit.

The region of country we represent is one vast swarming place. Men are continually going out from the great States of New York and Pennsylvania, in search of homes. They go where their general interests may be best served, where they may build up social life with all that is purest, best and worthiest.

Will they come to North Carolina? It is possible, because of what we may tell them. Rest assured, gentlemen, that we shall speak of our observations in all honesty, with the intent to deal justly by all. You want

OUR MONEY, OUR INDUSTRY, OUR ENERGY.

It is possible you may have somewhat of each, as the result of our visit to this place. We realize, then, that the responsibility devolving upon us is not a light one, and I would impress this truth even more deeply upon my brethren of the press.—An impression has somehow gone abroad that while the press is a mighty power, it is not always careful of the truth. Now, I would have it ground into the common belief that editors have consciences. There is growing up in the world a mammoth tree of knowledge, the leaves of which go rustling down wherever civilization reaches—white winged leaves, speckled with little dots of black, which tell wonderful stories. These leaves are the newspapers. They are found in every home; their stories have an audiory all over the land. And for this reason they should be true stories, told not alone for the telling, but

TO MAKE MANKIND THE BETTER

and the nobler, humanity more grandly human, individual interests more closely in sympathy with the common weal. Such will be the character, I am certain, of whatever we may publish concerning the South. We shall tell the truth as we see it, anxious only for the general good, and hoping for the happiest realization.

In behalf of our delegation, gentlemen, I tender our heartfelt thanks for the welcome you have given us. We come as friends; you meet us as friends. And if it be our pleasure to meet again on some future day, may we then strike hands as brethren of one common country, happy in one common interest, grateful to one common God.

Ex-Governor Vance's Speech.

Ex-Governor Vance of North Carolina being then called upon, said:

Gentlemen of the Northern Press: When I say to you, that I am happy to welcome you all here to-day, I do not use the mere *forms* of courtesy, but speak the words of sincerity and truth. It is a happy idea that has suggested this trip. It is said in Scripture, when the question was asked, can anything good come out of Nazareth? Philip said, "Come and see."

It is a happy thing for us that this corps of the conductors of the public press, the fourth estate of the realm, acknowledged in times of civilization and liberty to possess greater powers for good or evil than any other institution in the land, shall see for themselves and report accurately to their thousands of readers what they saw and heard in North Carolina. This occasion is also one of greater importance, for the reason that it is the first time since the war that we have received

A VISIT OF COURTESY AND FRIENDSHIP

from the people of the North. It is what the newspapers say of Vallandigham's platform, "a new departure." Heretofore, we have been visited only by armed soldiers. This kind and courteous appeal to our better feelings will not be without its fruits. We appreciate it highly, and it will have far greater influence in reconciling the country than all the armies and all the pains and penalties which can be imposed upon us. If we were not more susceptible to kindness and conciliation than to force, we would not be worthy of the name of freemen.

North Carolina has been singled out for criticism, for what reason Heaven only knows, in an especial manner, within the last twelve months. She has always heretofore been considered one of the most orderly and law-abiding of all the Southern States. The misfortune is that

THE EXIGENCIES OF PARTY POLITICS

have rendered it necessary that we should wash our dirty linen in public.

From the pulpit, the press, the bench—from the stump and the Executive has gone forth exaggerated accounts of every offence committed against the law in the State, and each of them has been attributed to partisan purposes. From these sources the impression has gone forth that we are a band of lawless barbarians.

Where are the communities where there are no violations of law? It is certainly not New York, nor Pennsylvania, nor New Jersey. It is not in America.

There may be communities where the civil and political rights of all citizens are undisturbed; there doubtless will be a time when halcyon peace will brood over the whole land, and there will be none to molest or make afraid; but it will not be before the millennial trump sounds. Now, sirs, a man cannot go out and rob his neighbor's henroost in peace, or maul his enemy in old-fashioned style without being accused of a design to violate

THE INTEGRITY OF THE REPUBLIC.

It is referred to at once as a desire to raise another rebellion. Why, gentlemen, the idea of another rebellion by a people who have been so completely subjugated, is absurd. It is true we have disorders among us—no reasonable man will pretend to deny it; nor would any reasonable man expect anything else. I challenge the History of the World to show where a people who have endured the horrors of such a terrible civil war for four long years, whose

POLITICAL, SOCIAL AND MORAL CONDITION

had been so completely upturned, whose wealth had been so destroyed, whose sons had been so slaughtered, whose every feeling, sentiment and prejudice had been so trampleed on, have submitted to it all with so much quiet and so little disorder. If you expect us to exhibit more obedience and patience than we have, I am sure you pay us a compliment, which perhaps you do not intend, for it attributes to us the possession of virtues which I know you would not look for in your own people.

Again I repeat we are most happy to see you here to learn of these things for yourselves "and not another." I am only sorry that you cannot go farther and stay longer, in order that your information may be more complete and accurate. Of course, when we are preparing to entertain visitors, we put our best foot foremost, and our households are swept and garnished; but there is nothing among us that we would not desire you to see.

A gentleman who preceded me assured you that the best wine had been kept for the last of the feast, in alluding to his reception here. I beg to assure him that you are only entering into the edge of the wine district, and that the farther you go into North Carolina the better.

Greensboro' is an ambitious little city, and does very well considering all things; but if you will go with me ninety five miles southwest of this to the city of Charlotte, to which place my colleagues and myself are authorized to invite you, in the county of Mecklenburg, we will show you

THE NATAL SPOT OF AMERICAN LIBERTY

and Independence. If you desire it we will have the K. K. K. ordered out in full force for your entertainment, headed by the Grand Cyclops himself. (Laughter.) I can say for myself, and I believe for all the people of North Carolina, with sincerity and truth, that we desire, pray for, agonize for, not reconstruction only, but reconciliation with the people of the North.

You must remember that we claim as great a part in the past glories of the Republic as belong to you. Remember that the people of North Carolina stood side by side with those of Massachusetts and New York in the "times which tried men's souls." Remember that our soil is covered with the battle fields of that great revolution, and its bosom is filled with the dust of as many heroes and as noble who perished in that struggle as ever gave their blood to the cause of Liberty.

There is no reason why, if you would give us a chance, we should not strive for the

HONOR AND GLORY OF THE COUNTRY

as well as you. It only needs that we be truly reconciled. It is not well for a people to continue strife after the contest is ended. It is not well for one side to cherish exclusively traditions that would fill the other with rage or sorrow. You have your heroes of the great civil war in whose praises we cannot cordially join; we have our heroes whose glories you cannot sing, but there are common traditions and common heroes who belong to the whole American people, in whose praises we can all unite. Let us cherish those and meet on this common ground.

I propose to you this day in the name of the people of North Carolina to assist in

[CONCLUDED ON SECOND PAGE.]

CONVENTION ACT.

An Act Entitled "An Act to Submit the Question of Convention,' or 'No Convention,' to the People, and to Provide for the Election of Delegates."

WHEREAS, The present Constitution is, in many respects, burdensome and oppressive to the people of the State, and is, in many of its provisions, ill adapted to their wants and condition; and whereas, the taxes required by said Constitution to be levied upon the citizens of the State by this General Assembly, are, in the judgment of this General Assembly, too grievous to be borne, and cannot be collected without effecting the ruin of our people; and whereas, the General Assembly, having reason to believe that a majority of the voters of the State are anxious to amend the said Constitution in many particulars, consider it their duty to adopt measures for ascertaining the will of their constituents, and to provide the means for carrying that will into effect when ascertained; therefore,

Section 1. *The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact*, That the Sheriffs of the several counties of this State shall open polls at the various precincts in their respective counties as now established by law on the first Thursday in August, A. D., 1871, when and where all persons qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly may vote for or against a State Convention, under the restrictions hereinafter prescribed; those who wish Convention voting a printed or written ticket, "*Convention*," and those who do not wish such Convention, voting in the same way, "*No Convention*;" also to open separate polls at the said time and places, for the election of delegates to the Convention to be assembled in the city of Raleigh at such time as is hereinafter prescribed, said polls to be superintended by the Registrar of the precinct, and by two judges or inspectors at each of said places of holding the election, to be appointed by the Commissioners of said counties respectively.

Sec. 2. That it shall be the duty of said registrars and said judges or inspectors, immediately after the closing of the polls, to count the ballots in the presence of such electors as may desire to be present, and make out a correct statement under their hands, of the polls at their respective places of holding said election, which shall be sealed up and returned to the Commissioners of their respective counties, by 12 o'clock on Saturday, after said day of election; *Provided*, The counties of Carteret, Dare and Hyde shall be allowed until Tuesday after the election to make their returns; and said Commissioners, (or any two of them in the presence of five or more of the citizens of said county,) shall compare said returns at the court house, or other place of holding court in their respective counties, and make duplicate statements of said returns, sworn to before some person authorized to administer oaths, which shall be deposited in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county; and if, for any cause, the return for any precinct be not in by three o'clock, p m., then and in that case the Commissioners shall adjourn without comparing the polls, to meet again on the following Tuesday at 12 o'clock, m., when the polls of the various precincts of that county shall be compared, and in the meantime they shall direct the Sheriff, or one of his deputies, to compel the attendance of the delinquent returning officer with the vote of his precinct. When the Commissioners have thus completed the comparison of the polls they shall make proclamation at the court house door of the vote cast for and against the Convention, and the names of the person or persons duly elected as delegates.

Sec. 3. The Register of Deeds for each county shall transmit by mail, on or before the 10th day of August, A. D, 1871, to the office of the Attorney General, under his hand, one of the certified statements provided for in the foregoing section and shall, on or before the same day give to the person or persons duly elected delegate or delegates a certificate of his or their election; and if for any cause there be no Register of Deeds in any county, the Commissioners of such county when they declare the result shall appoint one for this purpose.

Sec. 4. The Attorney General shall endorse upon the returns thus made to his office the time when the same were received, and shall file them away until the fourth Thursday in August, A. D., 1871, when they shall be opened and counted by the Attorney General, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the State, or any two of them; and the result shall be by them announced in such manner as they may deem best. If a majority of the votes be against a Convention they shall so declare in a proclamation, and in that case the delegates shall not assemble. But if a majority be for a Convention they shall so declare, and in that event the delegates elected at said elections in the various counties shall assemble in the city of Raleigh on the third Thursday in September, A. D., 1871, for the purposes herein declared.

Sec. 5. The elections shall be held in all respects in strict conformity to the existing laws of the State regulating elections for members of the General Assembly, and according to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 6 That the inspectors of election mentioned in section 1st of this act, shall be appointed by the Commissioners of each county respectively, at a meeting to be held on the first Monday in June, 1871, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and said Commissioners shall at the same time appoint a registrar of voters for each voting precinct or township, whose duty it shall be to revise the existing registration books of his precinct or township, in such manner that said books shall show an accurate list of electors previously registered in such precinct or township, and still residing therein, without requiring such electors to be registered anew; and such registrar shall also at all times, after his appointment, up to, and on the day of election aforesaid, keep open said books, and be at the polls on said day, with said books for the registration of any electors residing in such precinct or township, and entitled to registration, whose names have never before been registered in such precinct or township, or do not appear on the revised list; no certificates of registration shall be given, and no elector shall be entitled to register or to vote in any other precinct or township than the one in which he is an actual and *bona fide* resident on the day of election. Any person offering to vote, although his name may be on the registration books, may be challenged as to his right to vote on the day of election and the question shall be decided by the inspectors of the box and the registrar of the precinct or township, before the ballot is received.

Sec. 7. That if a vacancy shall occur by death or otherwise, of any person elected delegates as aforesaid, the presiding officer of the Convention shall issue his writ to the Sheriff of the county in which such vacancy may have occurred, after such notice as the Convention may order, to open polls to fill such vacancy under the same rules and regulations as hereinbefore prescribed for election of delegates.

Sec. 8. That said Convention shall consist of one hundred and twenty one delegates, and each county shall be entitled to the same number of delegates as members of the House of Representatives, under the present apportionment, and the county of Dare shall be entitled to one delegate.

Sec. 9. That said Convention shall have power to fix the pay of all its officers and members, and shall provide for other expenses to be paid out of the Treasury as it may direct.

Sec. 10. The said Convention shall have power to elect its officers, and shall be the judge of the qualifications and election of its members, who shall be electors of the State of North Carolina.

Sec. 11. The said Convention shall have power to consider and propose all necessary amendments and alterations to the Constitution, not inconsistent with the Constitution of the United States, except as is hereinafter provided, to-wit: The said Convention shall have no power or authority whatever—

1st. To offer or propose any amendment to, or alteration of, or in anywise interfere with, repeal or modify the Homestead and Personal Property Exemptions, as provided for in Article 10 of the Constitution of the State;

2d. To modify, repeal, or do any other act to restrict, impair or in any way interfere with the rights, privileges and immunities of any person in the State on account of race, color or previous condition, which are now guaranteed to him by the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution of the United States; or to propose any amendment to the Constitution of the State in any wise impairing or restricting said rights, privileges or immunities.

3d. To modify or repeal that clause in the present Constitution which provides for a Mechanics and Laborer's Lien Law;

4th. To pass any ordinance or ordinances legislative in their character, except such as are necessary for the purpose of submitting the Constitution as amended to the people for their ratification or rejection, and except ordinances in relation to the public debt and in relation to the Convention itself.

Sec. 12. That said Convention may revise the Constitution of the State, embodying in it such alterations and amendments as may be agreed upon, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act; but no such revised Constitution shall have any force or validity until the same shall have been ratified by a majority of the qualified voters of the State, to whom the same shall be submitted according to the mode to be prescribed by the ordinance of said Convention.

Sec. 13. That no delegate to said Convention shall be permitted to take his seat in said Convention until he shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation before any Judge of the Supreme or Superior Courts, or any Justice of the Peace of Wake county, to-wit: I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will faithfully maintain and support the Constitution of the United States, and will not either directly or indirectly evade or disregard the duties enjoined, or limits fixed, to this Convention by the people of North Carolina, as set forth in the act of the General Assembly passed in 1871, entitled 'An act to submit the question of Convention or No Convention to the people, and to provide for the election of Delegates, which act was ratified by the people:' So help me God.'

Sec. 14. That any Registrar or Judge, or Judges of election, appointed under the provisions of this act, or any County Commissioner, of Register or Deeds, or Sheriff, failing or neglecting to make the returns and perform the duties required of him by this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than six nor less than two months, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 15. Any person who shall knowingly and fraudulently register or vote or induce another to do so contrary to the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be imprisoned not less than six nor more than twelve months, or fined not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars; and any registrar of voters who shall make or cause to suffer to be made, any entry with intent to commit a fraud, shall be subject to indictment and liable to the same penalty.

Sec. 16. That the Joint Committee on Printing shall immediately have printed ten copies of this act for each Senator and Member of the House of Representatives, and shall have printed and transmitted by mail one hundred copies to the Board of Commissioners for each county, whose duty it shall be to furnish one copy to each Registrar in their respective counties, and one copy to the inspectors of election at each precinct before the day of election.

Sec. 17. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification, and shall operate as an entire suspension of the act ratified the 8th day of February, 1871, entitled "An act concerning a Convention of the People."

A NEAT AND SUITABLE HAT.

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OF NEW STYLISH AND

Soft Hats.

THOS. H. WRIGHT, No. 9 North Front St.

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CHATTLE MORTGAGES.

CHATTLE MORTGAGES, now ready and for sale at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

april 21 124—

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THAT PLEASANT COTTAGE ON N. E. corner Seventh and Dock streets, containing 4 Rooms, Dining Room and Kitchen in the house, building in the yard containing two rooms, a good well of water, Flower Garden, &c. Apply to S. H. corner same street.

may 0 207—tf

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