RAYLROADS

TENERAL SUPERINTEND'TS OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia AND

Augusta Railroad Co. Wasaberox, N. C., June 7th, 1872.

特養語画語 強縮 第四条 CHANGE OF SCHEDULE The following Schoolule will go into effect at

2.25 A. M., Sunday, 9th instant . DAY EXPRESS.

NIGHT EXPRESS (Daily), Sunday excepted Leave Wilmington. 5.45 P. M.
Arrivo at Phorence. 11.38 P. M.
4 " Columbia. 3.45 A. M.
Leave Columbia. 10.35 P. M.
Arrive at Phorence. 2.00 A. M.
4 " Wilmington. 8.00 A. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company,

OFFICE OF GRANGAL SUPRIMENTANDENT. Wilmington, N. C., June 8, 1872.

符音音曲器結晶話話記載

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Monday, June 10th, Passenger Trainson the W. & W. Railrend will run as tollows: MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Union Depot daily (Sundays excepted Rocky Mount at 2.11 P. M.

Weldon at 3.50 P. M.

Loave Weldon dally (Sundays excepts

Arrive at Rocky Mount

EXPRESS TRAIN

Leave Union depet, daily, at 10 40 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro at 3.00 A. H.
Blooky Mount at 4.56 A. M.
Welton at 6.00 A. M. ** Welton at . 6.50 A. M.

**Arrive at Hooky Mount at . 7,10 P. M.

** Goldbillord at . 8.88 P. M.

** Union Depot at . 3.10 A. M. Mail Train makes close connection at Wel-don for all points North via Ray Line and Ac-quia Creek routes.

87 Express Train connects only with Acquia Creek touts. Fullman's Palace Sleeping Case on this Train. 28

Freight Trains will leave Wilmington tri-weekly at 6.00 A. M. and arrive at 1.40 P. M. Espress Freight Trains will leave daily (Sun-lays excepted) at 5 P. M. and arrive at 11 A. M. JOHN F. DIVINE,

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERFORD RAILROAD CO.

OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER AND GEN'L SUP T. Wilmington, N. C., April 10th, 1872.

19 智能 医动物 电电路 电电路 CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

Baurinburg 8.48 A. M.

"Lumberton 11:07 A. M.

"Abbettaburg 12:20 P. M.

"Wilmington 3:30 P. M.

"Wilmington at 7:15, arriving at Wilmington at 5:30 P. M.

Pesides one or two timber trains as required or the current business.

by No TRAIN ON SUNDAYS.

LT Tri-weekly STAGES between Lilosville ed Charlotte on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and returning on the sitemate days.

THROUGH TICKETS to Charlotte nit 516. Staging only 55 miles. Rands good a Summer. S. L. PREMONT. Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

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STEAMSHIP LINE.

COMPOSED OF THE PIRAT CLASS STRANSHIPS REBECCA CLYDE, Capt. CHILDS. LOCILLE PRICE. Will hereafter sall from Baltimore and Wil-mington EVERY FIVE DAYS.

THE STEAMSHIP BOLIVAR will mil from wharf, foot of Chestnut street, THURSDAY MORNING, January 11th. For freight engagements apply to A. D. CAZAUX.

LORILLARD'S STRAMSHIP LINE FOR NEW YORK. SAILING TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS FROM NEW YORK, AND WEDNESS BAYS AND SATURDAYS FROM WILMINGTON.



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assengeers taken. ht apply to BARRY BROTHERS, Agents. may 20

VOUNGER'S,"

"ALLROP'S," and "McEWAN'S.
The above celebrated brands of ALE can al ways be found at my store.

A fresh supply by Steamer "Regulator" to-

JAS. I. METTS, 57 Market Street.

WALNUT STANDING DESKS.

Secretaries, Extension Coat Racks. Book Racks, Music Stands and Quartette Tables, on hand and for sale low by ORANT & COWAN.

Dealers in Furniture and Crockery,
Front St., between Market and Princes
Wilmington, N. C.

Advertisements occupying One Inch of space will be inserted in 310 Newspapers in the SOUTHERN STATES

overing thoroughly the States of Maryian Belaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Seeth Carolina, Georgea, Ada-louna, Missiosippi, Louisiana, Arkan-sas, Tennassee, Kentucky and Missourt,

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This list compelies from 30 to 40 more papers than the lists of either of the other agencies, and has the following special advantages:

1st. A higher grade of newspapers with larger circulations than any similar List extant.

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Circulation being the Main Test of Values, and the Only Gauge of Prices in this Business, it is Generality that it rounds be a few and the control of the second of the se Reonoug for Advertisers to ceall Themselves of our Lists, even at Higher Proportionate Rates, Rather than use the Crude

Cambinations of other Parties. These considerations coupled with the fact that the average price per paper of our Lists is considerably LOWER than all the others serve

UNPARALLELED SUPERIORITY! of the advantages we offer.

Equa 19 favorable quotations made for any single State. Copies of Lists, Circulars, Estimates, and 18 it information furnished on application. Business not confined to any Lists, but embraces the best secular and religious newspapers of the country. Established 1867. Apply to the

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GREAT SOUTH ERN ADVERTISING AGENCY OF

Griffin & Hoffman,

NO. 4 SOUTH STREET. BALTIMORE. We refer by permission to: Messrs. Walter R. Martin & Ge., Richmond. Va.; Ex-Gov. M. L. Bonbam, of South Carolina; Gen. P. M. B. Young, M. C., Cartersville, Ga.; H. F. Lawton, Rej., Cashier Exchange Bank, Macon, Ga.; Mr. H. A. Schroeder, Pres. Southern-Bank, Mobile, Ata.; Hon. Jefferson Davis, Momphls,



THE CREAT BLOOD PURIEIER soming powerful invigorating PROFESTIESS A PLEASANT DRINK. These Bitters are positively invaluable in ALLSKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS ? They purify the system, and will cure ... DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY. Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,

THIS DISEASES PINED PORTE AIN T and are a preventive of Chills and Fever. PISTASES OF THE KIDNEY & BLADDER All yield to their powerful efficacy. L COOD FOR THE MENTAL ORGANIZATION

Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet. HEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VIGOR to the wasted frame, and correct all PRECULARITY OF THE BOWELS

Will save days of suffering to the sick, and CURES NEVER WELL PEOPLE The grand Panacon for all the ills of life,

TRY ONE BOTTLE The Standard Physicians there PRESCRIBE IT IN WITTERS TEMALE COMPLAINTE In Young or Old, Married PRACTICE CEMPAA. or Single, these Bitters are unmeans of saving life.

TRY ONE BOTTLE. ADRIAN & VOLLERS, Wholesale Agents, Wilmington, N. C. dood-ly w

OST, STRAYED OR STOLEN. From Middle Sound, June 19th,

one small dark, red and white Cow-small purtion of horns sawed off. Also, one dark red Calf, about 6 months old. A liberal reward will be paid for their delivery to me here or at JAMES I. METTS.

N O T I C EI

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Directors of the W. & W. Railroad Company for the issue of a new certificate for eight shares of Capital Stock in said Com pany, in lieu of certificate No. 1948 for that number, issued to Mrs. Eliza R. Hid. DUBRUTZ CUTLAR,

Administrator of E. R. Hill.



AGENTS FOR NORTH CAROLINA. QUARANTEED PERFECTLY PURE AND OF THE HIGHEST GRADE.

EMPTY SPIRITS BARRELS.

A large lot of, both Country and New York Packages, for sale by

DEROSSET & CO june 11 HOTEL FOR KRNT.

The ROCK SPRING HOTEL IS of-For particulars, apply to

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LIVERPOOL AND LONDON & GLOBE

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ASSETS

HELD IN THE UNITED STATES BY

AMERICAN DIRECTORS NOW AMOUNT TO

\$3,640,449.62.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF

THOS. GREME,

General Agent. North side Princess street, between Water and Front streets, Wilmington, to whom all applications far Agencies should be addressed.

JOHN WILDER ATKINSON'S

INSURANCE

Wilmington, N. C.

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES!

QUEEN, of Liverpool and London

MARINE INSURANCE. MERCANTILE MUTUAL of New York. Ellwood Walter, President, april 13

MERCHANTS AND MECHANICS' INSURANCE COMPANY,

JOHN WILDER ATKINSON, General Agent, No. 4 North Water St., Wilmington, N. C. 160-1f

GUARDIAN

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.

ORGANIZED 1859. POLICIES IN FORCE \$5,000,000

Special Features. Annual Dividends, applied to reduce Premi-um or increase Insurance. All Policies non-rour artanta after two an-AND W. GH.L. President.
EVERETT CLAPP.
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Secretary and Actuary.
HENRY C. CLENCH,
Assistant Secretary.
18AAC HUTZLER & CO., General Agents

A. J. HILL, Jr., Agent,

WILMINGTON, N. C.
Office on Market Street, two doors West of
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Du. T. F. WOOD, Medical Examiner,

Studwell Brothers 17 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

Trade, Southern

Have a complete stock in all lines, including their popular Granite State Bals., Kip Ploto Shoes, and Women's Peb. Bals. Orders solicited and carefully filled

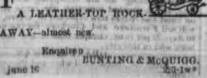
at lowest market rates. J. E. MOONE, Salesman.

QUARANTINE NOTICE On and after June 1st, 1872, the following Quarantine Regulations will be enforced:

All vessels from ports south, of Cape Fear will stop for inspection at the Quarantine Sta-All ressels having sickness on board on arrival, or having had sickness on board during the parsage, will stop for inspection at the Quarantino Station.

Vessels not included as above may proceed to Pilots and Masters of vessels will please take W. G. CURTIS, Quarantine Physician. 2ff - 2awtistNov Thu&Satch

DOR SALE CHEAP A LEATHER-TOP ROCK.



The Daily Journal

WILMINGTON, N. C. SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1872.

MONDAY, August 24, 1868.

ADDRESS The Republican members of the Legisl ture of North Carolina, upon carnest and careful deliberation, have resolved to issue to the people of the State the following address on the condition of our public

affairs, and to ask for it a calm and unpre-

judiced consideration: FELLOW-CITIZENS: In response to our election by you, as members of the Legis-lature, we have been in session for a short time, and have done such things as seeme to us to be necessary to organize the new State government, and set it to work; and without doing much that is indispensible to be done soon, we have adjourned, in order that we may return to you for confidence and advice, that we may proceed cautiously and wisely. We are your Representatives—you elected us. You are our friends, and we are yours; and under ordinary circumstances, we should expect your confidence and assistance. But the enibarrassments now around us are extraordinary and peculiar, and give us extraor-

dinary claims upon you for assistance and support. WAR THREATENED.

For, we tell you in the utmost frankness and with deep feeling, that the greatest possible danger overhams the Government, and we believe that another war is egr tainly in the near future, unless the people arouse themselves to avert it. When, in the early history of the country, we had a Revolution, and at the end of it, had to form new Governments, the matter was found to be deficient enough, even with the people united and desirous of forming good governments. But how is it now? We have had a war and a new Government is to be formed. If we were united and anxious to form the best Government we could, it would be difficult enough to do it. But, instead of being united, we are bitterly divided, and a very large portion of the people, many of whom have been, and some of whom now are, in high positions of trust, declare that the State government, as at present organized, is illegal and void, and intist be overthrown by force of arms immediately after the election this Fall.

DUPLICITY AND BAD PAITH. The persons and the party, who thus declare, went into the late election as caudidates for the offices of the Government as if everything was valid. And so everything would have been valid if they had been elected. But, fulling in the election they forthwith declared us who were elected to the L and other offices in the State, and took an oath to support the Constitution, now say that the Constitution which they swore to support is no Constitution at all; that the Legislature of which they are members, and in which they are receiving their pay, is no Legislature at all. That you have no Governor, no Judges, no Sheriffs, or other officers, and that everything which has been done, or is now doing, is illegal and void; that your property and lives are without protection, and that anarchy pre-vals. It is so extraordina y that such a state of things should exist, that we would expect you to be slow to believe it, and therefore we proceed to lay before you the

THE PERSIDENT'S POLICY REPROTED.

After the war ended, three years ago, the President of the United States suggest ed that if the people of the State would meet in Convention and frame a constituthe State might be admitted back into the Union. The people accordingly called a Convention, which framed a Constitution, and that Constitution was submitted to the people to be ratified, but just before the election the same class of persons who tiow say that the present Constitution is void, said then that that Constitution was void, and they induced the people of the State to reject it. That Constitution was the old Constitution under which we had always lived, with some alterations. Notwithstanding there were no radical changes in it, yet its rejection by the people was demanded and accomplished.

THE HOWARD AMENDMENT REJECTED. Congress then said that, if the State would adopt the "Howard Amendment," which left the question of suffrage with the State, to regulate as it thought proper it might be restored to the Union. the State, under the lead of the same class of men, who now declare the Government void, refused to adopt the Howard Amend-

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACTS RENDERED NECESSARY.

Congress then said, well, if the white ome back to the Union, we will authorize the colored citizens to vote, who never voted before; and under that law another convention was held, another constitution formed, submitted to the people and ratified by more than 20,000 majority; and under that Constitution, the present State Government is organized, and we have been admitted back to the Union, and now ought to be at peace and trying to retrieve our fortunes.

STILL DISTURBING THE PUBLIC PEACE. But now we find these same men saying : "This Constitution and Government voting it down. They failed to vote down they will tear it down by force, Why would they do this? Because, they say, this is a white man's government and colored men are permitted to vote. COLORED SUPPRAGE A MEDE PRETENT.

But then we call your attention to the fact that they rejected the Constitution three years ago, which had no colored vote in it. They rejected the Howard Amendment which had no colored vote in it, and so they would reject this if it had no colored vote in d. The secret is, they hate the government, and many of them love strife, confusion and war. We proceed to offer the proofs that flose persons who flow assume the name of Democrats, but who are in reality, as a general fluing, the same old secession and war party, mean to break up the government by force of arms, and that war must follow the attempt.

THE PROOFS. I. The first proof we offer is the declar

ation of the President, Andrew Johnson in a preclamation, which he issued on the 7th July, 1868, he speaks of the present

Governor of this State, as the man " who writes himself Governor," thereby meaning to say that he is not the rightful Governor. And in a recent message to Conthe State governments organized in those States under the acts of Congress for that purpose and under military control, are Hlegitimate and of no validity whatever."— Thus it appears that the President of the United States clearly and distinctly declares that the present State government is null

II. Again, the Democratic National Convention, which nominated Seymonr and Blair as candidates for the Pres and Vice-Presidency of the United States, in their platform say that, "The recon-struction acts (s. called) of Congress are usurpations and unconstitutional, revolu-tionary and void." So the whole Democratic party have thus declared that the present State government is null and void.

111. Just before the said Democratic National Convention met, Gen. Blair was requested to say whether he would necept nomination for the Vice-Presidency He answered in a letter which was pul

lished, in which he declared that if he was nominated it must be with the understanding that the reconstruction acts were unconstitutional and that the State govern ments reconstructed under them were null and void, and that they must be overthrown by force. We quote his own words as follows: "If the President elected by the Democracy enforce, or permit others to enforce, the reconstruction acts, the Radicals, by the accession of twenty spurious Sanators. and fifty representatives, will control both branches of Congress, and his andminis-tration will be as powerless as the present one of Mr. Johnson. There is but one way to restore the Government and the Consti-tution, and that is for the President elect to declare these acts mull and void, compain the army to undo its usurpations at the South, disperse the carpet-bag State Gov-ernments, allow the whi'e people to reorganize their own governments, and elect Senators and Representatives." Thus it will be seen that the nominee

for Vice President not only declares the State Governments vold, but says distinctly that the President elect must declare them null and void, and must disperse them at the point of the bayonet, and that he must do this of his own head without any law, and against the power of Congress, which and against the power of Congress, which is the law-making power, and without suggesting any reference to the Supreme Court, which is the proper and only tribunal to pass upon Constitutional questions.

All of which would be a clear usurpation of power by the President and revolutionary in its character, dent, and revolutionary in its character, and would inevitably result in lumediate bloodshed and civil war. And he also says that he regards this as the only issue in the presidential election. Nor does the then, we have already stated that, three years ago, the President did send an army here, and by terrible devastation and blood

tunity of forming their go shed, he overthrew the governments which were then existing, and permit of the white people (not a colored man among them) to form a Constitution. But these men, not then satisfied with that proceedng, persuaded the people to reject the Constitution, for the same reason that the nom-ince for Vice President now says the present goverment must be overthrown, viz because it was unconstitutional, filegal and void. Gen. Bla!rand the party which supports him, now demand that the operation attempted to be carried out by the President three years ago, shall be again attempted by the President elect of that party. Will these

Southern allies of the Democratic party, who rejected that plan of the President three years ago, because, as they said, it was unconstitutional, fflegal and void, now think better of it, retrace their steps, eat their ewn words, and assist in the consummation of what they then so bitterly denounced? Their pretended opinions and wishes fully indicate the wisdom and patriotism of those whom they vindictively denounced and vilified three years ago, for sustaining the proposed mode of establishing a government in this State. Should they succeed in having the existing government of the State again broken up by the army, under the order of the President, do they mean, in good faith, to reverse their action of three years ago? Or are their present professions a mere shift of necessity, a faithless pretext to produce civi strife, confusion and war, for the chance of realizing amidst another sterm of terror and blood their discreetly concealed, but ever cherished hopes of the final success of

the "lost cause." And so it is, that we are to have no peace. No matter what is done or who does it, these same men move upon the prejudices and distress of the people, and say that is not what ought to be, but something else is. And here it is to be noted that while they have opposed everything that has been done by others to restore the country, they have done nothing themselves, nor do they now propose anything but another

war. It seems that the only remedy which the Southern wing of the party believes they purposely dodged saying so. They adequate or desirable is, amid the confusion they seek to inaugurate, to find some possible opportunity again to raise the flag of treason, establish their still longed-for Confederacy, and to restore slavery.

They have been mighty to destroy, but feeble to build up. They tell us that every-thing is null and void, but their remedy tiatory measure, and he tells us in no upcertain terms how it is to be enforced .shall not stand." They defeated the Constitution three years ago by voting it down; they defeated the Howard Amendment by ever has been done, and begin anew. And let it be further noticed, the present Constitution, and now they say that this remedy was not proposed while the governments were being formed --not at all. They waited to take their chances in the elections to the Convention which formed the government, and many of them took seats in that Convention They then took their chances, along with the proper mode, Gen. Blair comes out and declares that they shall be put in by the bullet. And note further, that he is the man to do it. He knows what supplanting governments with bullets means, is war and nothing else. le was with Sherman, when he came into North Carolina, and dispersed the govern-ment and set up another in its stead. And affect the State governments. If uncons whom did they set up? Ask Governor tutional and void, they would be so deels Vance, and all the State officers, if they were not dispersed by Blair. Ask if he did not put Governor Holden in the same The only way in which they can be affect the State governor tutional and void, they would be so deels by the Supreme Court under the Admit tration of one President as soon as another.

position which he now occupies. Yes, fellow-citizens, itlair means what he says; is the one indicated by Gen. I he means war; he means to send the army into North Carolina and disperse the gov-

But then it may be asked, suppose Blair does mean war, yet the mass of the party do not intend war by voting for him. Grant it. But if you elect him, you put him beyond your control. The people generally, we know, do not want war any more than they did not want war any more than they did in 1860. But do you not know that fifty, yea, a dozen politicians, put in power, can precipitate a war in spite of the people? And note, especially, that while the New York Democratic Conven-tion had twenty-two ballots before they could agree upon a candidate for President, yet, with Blair's letter before them, and upon the single lesse which he presented, of breaking up the Government by force, they nominated him unanimously upon the first ballot; and he is now uniformly endorsed by the whole party.

But then it is said that while it is the

purpose to overthrow the Government as Blair says, yet there need be no bloodsbed. As soon as the President takes the army to it must be war. In a nation of fre break up the Government, let Congress who love liberty, no man can doubt the resay not a word, let the governments all disperse, and then everything will be peaceable, and no more
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blood will be spilt than may be " rel happen? Does the history of the world overthrown peaceably? Overthrow the government peaceably? Repeat the terrible story of the late war! The government before before the late war! ments were then to be overthrown peaces bly. But were they ? A pocket landker chief was then to wipe up all the blood! but soon, all the handkerchiefs and all the cloths were insufficient to bandage the wounds. Depend upon it, when the President takes the army, which he has no right to take for any such purpose, to de atroy the governments which Congress and the people have formed, Congress and the people have formed, Congress will not stand idle, nor will the governments.—
There will be fighting; and when it is announced that the purpose is to deprive 4,000,000 of people of liberty, the fighting will be terrible, and the shedders of blood will be round about your houses, like the locusts of Egypt. How different from all this is the sentiment of Gen. Grant, "let us have peace."

IV. After the late elections, and when the time had arrived for Gov. Holden to take possession of the office, the ex-Provithe people have formed, Congress will not

olden may be thrown out and Gov. Worth will still be Governor. The Scatinet, the leading organ of the party in this State. also approved Gov. Worth's course, and copied the above article. Another leading Democratic journal, the New York World, in an article copied by the Sentinel, and headed "The Right Spirit," says that if the coming elections are not conducted as they think they ought to be, and the result is different from what they think it ought to be, then the Democrats will appeal to "physical strength." The precise language is, "If they exclude us from the polls or refuse to count our votes, we shall be none the less a majority, and having the preponderance of physical strength, the Democratic party will be found so wanting in manhood, as to be ruled by a reckless, usurping minority." Now, what does thus threat of "physical force" by the Demo-cratic party mean? It means what the words plainly declare, that, if they are not satisfied with the election this fall, they will not be ruled by what they call a usurping minority. They say now that Congress is a usurping minority, and they mean to declare that if they cannot change things

by the ballot, they will by the bullet.

VI. The North Carolina Democratic
Convention which assembled in Raleigh on the 18th August, in the first resolution of its platform, endorses Gen. Blair as man of "sound political principles," and "recommends him to the hearty support of the people." It also approved the platform of the Na-Democratic Convention which declared the State governments void-And it is to be especially noted, that the said Democratic Convention utters not a word of disapproval of Blair's letter. On the contrary, they fully endorse his "principles" as "sound." It is true, they do say, "they desire and intend to bring about these wholesome changes by peaceful means of the ballot-box." course they do desire to do it by peaceful means, if it can be done peacefully. They would be demons, if they preferred war to peace. But suppose they cannot effect the changes by peaceful measures—how then? will they stop at that? If so, why did they not say so? They do not say so. They take especial pains not to say so. Read their resolutions, and it is apparent that knew of Blair's letter. They knew of the terror it was spreading over the country. How easy, and proper would it have been, therefore, for them to have said, we do not approve of that letter! What they do say in substance is, that they desire to accomplish their purposes peacefully if they can, but at all events they must be accomplish-ed; and if it cannot be done peaceably, they do not deem it prudent to suggest at ed; and if it cannot be done peaceably, this time. General Blair suggests an ini- then let Blair come on. He is the right

man. "His principles are sound."

But suppose nothing else had been said by anybody, except that the State government is void and must be overthrown. The question would immediately occur, how is it to be overthrown? The election of a President of the United States, no matter of which party, does not affect the validity of the State governments.

Suppose the election was over and the Democratic candidate was elected, would not the State governments remain pre cisely as they are? Of course they would the colored and whites, to get control of the Legislature, the Executive and the Judiciary, and all the county offices. They State government of North Carolina. Gov-Judiciary, and all the county offices. They had full tickets for all, but failing to get into the offices by the ballot, which was The Legislature for two or four years, and

Under the forms of law, the result of the

the Presidential election cannot possibly

usurp the constitutional jurisdies powers of the Supreme Court, d the forms of law, take the archand, and by force and bloodshe his own political opinions and wis law of the land. And such are the proposed and the purposes avoured itiair. And his party endersed hims York, and his party endersed him. litair. And his party endorsed him at York, and his party adherents in I Carolina, solemniy resolved in their Convention, that he and his principle a sound. They leave us no room to d The will of the President elect is to the place of a decision of the Sep Court, and the army is to be a country. Court, and the army is to be " comp consequences what they may. If all quietly submit to this usurpation, peace. But if Congress or the State crument, or the law-loving and lawing portion of the people, resist the overthrow of the Constitution and laws, and the tyranny of a Military Dictatorship.

sided over the Convention which put the Blair unanimously on the first bal-lot. He assented to and ap-proved the whole, and stands pledged before the country and to his party, in the event of his election, to declare the State governments in the South illegal and void, and to council the trans to executive the and to compel the army to overthrow them at the point of the bayonet. It is true, in his letter accepting the nomination of the Convention over which he presided, he Convention over which he presided does not in words endorse Blair's le and he prodently refrains from violent lar guage. But he does not intimate in the

military that he must do so. He then vacated the office under a written protest, in which he said: "I do not recognize the validity of the late election, under which you and those co-operating with you claim to be invested with the civil government of the State."

V. One of the leading vention says so. Governor Worth says endorse Blair and his principles as "sound."
It is necessary to the peace and safety
of the country for the people to discounts
nance and rebuke this bold and defiant V. One of the leading organs of the Democrats in North Carolina, approved the protest of Governor Worth, and said he was still the lawful Governor of the S at , and that his protest might be useful in the fature :

What does that mean? It means that Gov. Holden may be thrown out and Gov.

Hence the unusual and desperate the unusual and desperate the unusual and desperate. Hence the unusual making to deforts which they are making to definite. Illis election would place the Making. It is a legislative branches of the cut've and Legislative branches of a confidence, improve the public credit, and secure the general peace and quiet of the of the last three years has resulted fre bitter antagonism between Congress and the President. To continue this antagonism four years longer, by the election of condition of affairs, and be fras serious and incalculable dangers, who wish stability and peace, wou plore such a result in the approaching elec-tion. But those who hope to attain their ends amid the uncertainties of turmoil and strife, are resorting to every means in their power to bring about such a result.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

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