

CONVENTION

Election, August 5th, 1875.

- FOR DELEGATES: DAVID S. COWAN, J. N. STALLINGS, WILLIAM HARRIS, etc.

If, in spite of protest and challenge, an illegal vote is polled, let the proper affidavits be at once made before the proper officer...

Remember that the election law requires "That when a voter is challenged at the polls upon demand of any citizen of the State it shall be the duty of the Inspectors of the Election to require said voter before being allowed to vote to prove by the oath of some other person known to the judges the fact of his residence for thirty days previous thereto in the county in which he proposes to vote."

Remember also that the election law says: "No elector shall be entitled to register or vote in any other precinct or township than the one in which he is an actual or bona fide resident on the day of election, and no certificates of registration shall be given."

SAMPSON COUNTY. Hon. J. M. Leach will address the people of Sampson, at Newton Grove, on Friday July 30th, and at Clinton, July 31st.

WHICH PARTY WILL THE PEOPLE TRUST?

The Legislature of North Carolina, in accordance with Article XIII, of the Constitution, has by a two thirds vote of the members of each House called a Convention...

Is the first place, does the Constitution need changing, or is it already as good as we wish? Can we say as did the stout old English Barons said as Runnymede, "We are unwilling to change our laws." The white man's party says now as it has always said that the Constitution imposes many grievous burdens upon the people, so that it needs to be changed in many and material respects.

Nor is this the only reason why the negro party ought not to be trusted. Indeed, even if it were unequivocally in favor of amending the Constitution, the people ought not to trust them. Why? First, because the negro party has already been tried and proved wanting. It was the negro party that imposed upon us the present Constitution with all its expensive machinery, its numerous officers and its complicated system of Government...

have been uncessing in its efforts to amend and alter it. It has sought to do this both by Convention and by Legislative amendment, and the people know that the negro party...

Nor was the wasteful extravagance in the expenditure of their money the only evil that befall the people under the rule of the negro party. Then was there danger to person as well as to property. It was the negro party that with Holden as Governor, and Kirk as Commander, made open war upon the people, overrunning the land with spies, and out-throats and assassins; that threw into crowded prisons, in the hot days of summer, without any warrant of law whatsoever, the purest and best men in the State; that hung innocent men by the neck until life seemed extinct, without other warrant of law than the order of Kirk's brutal cut-throats; that swayed oward and traitorous submission the highest judicial officers in the State; that organized military tribunals to try and shoot innocent men by drum-head court-martial like dogs. It was the negro party, by its infamous and infernal prosecutions in the Federal Courts, spread grief and anguish, sorrow and distress, throughout large portions of the State, driving hundreds and hundreds of good citizens into exile, while their unprotected families remained at home in utter, absolute poverty. Who has forgotten the other hundreds and hundreds, who, unable to fly, were dragged to Raleigh, hundreds of miles from their homes, charged with the possession of the whisky laws, of the in-klux laws, or of the tobacco laws? what white man or what white woman in all the land has either forgotten or forgiven these infamous, these infernal outrages.

White men of North Carolina, do you realize that the party that inflicted all this danger upon you, is the party that is now asking you to give it control of the Convention. Remember, fellow white man; that the negro party imposed the infamous Constitution upon you. Remember that they put infamous men over you to administer it. Remember that in defiance of all law and of all liberty, they defied the great writ of habeas corpus. Remember that, but their defeat at the hands of our indignant people, they stood ready in 1870 to shoot your best and purest citizens like dogs.

As it was in the past, so will it be in the future, if the negro party shall come into power. Beat yourselves, then, white men of North Carolina. No matter whether you think of your lives, your liberties or your homesteads, no matter whether you think of your wives, your mothers, your sisters, or your daughters, or whether you care like you think only of your own selves, can you doubt for a moment, whether to choose the white man's part or the negro party, the white man's rule or the negro rule?

TAKE CARE MUST COME, OR HOME-STEAD MUST GO. The Constitution does not protect the homestead from the sheriff's hammer. Taxes must come or homesteads must go. Dishonest, incompetent officials, and extravagant, wasteful expenditure of the people's money, render high taxes inevitable. But the troubles in North Carolina do not arise merely from incompetent and corrupt officials. If every office holder in the State was as pure as a vestal virgin, the people would still groan under grievous burdens, for the reason that the Constitution, the organic law of the State, is so bad that it is impossible to have an economical Government in accordance with its provisions.

So long, then, as the present Constitution remains unchanged, high taxes are inevitable, even when the laws are administered by good men. What the result is when administered by bad men, the people know full well from past experience. The negro party, as the records show, spent in two years \$35,771,81 more of the people's money than the white man's party spent in four. Under negro rule it cost the white people of North Carolina \$490,576.90 a year to run the State government, while under the white man's rule, it has cost them only \$236,342.99 a year. A saving in one year of nearly ten times the cost of the Convention!

Now all this money was raised by taxation, and at least nine-tenths of it from the hard earnings of the white man. For every body knows the negro pays little or no property tax. Suppose for a moment, that when the Sheriff was going through their counties collecting these taxes, these hard working white men had not paid up, where would their homestead be now? Taxes must come, or homesteads must go.

Is it not incumbent then, on the people to see to it, not only that the officers in charge of these Governments, State and County, should be honest, competent, and economical, but that the Constitution which is to be their rule of action, should provide modes of Government, necessarily simplified, and expensive in their operation. Are not the systems for both State and County Governments provided by the Canby Constitution, complicated and expensive in their operation? It is safe to say that a large expenditure of money can not be avoided under the provisions of the present Constitution. But although much money was necessary to carry out the Canby Constitution, the negro party by its wasteful and corrupt expenditures far exceeded that amount. We have then a bad Constitution that makes taxes high, and with the negro party in power we have had officers who make taxes still higher, and taxes must come or homesteads must go.

What then does it behoove the white people of North Carolina to do if they would save their homesteads? The answer is easy. Let us change their Constitution as rapidly as possible, and let them drive from office every man who belongs to the negro party. When this is done we shall have a good government and good men to administer it. Under its benign influence men's lives, their liberties, and their property will be safe, and peace, and quiet, plenty and prosperity once more gladden their hearts. Then, and not till then, will the government be felt through the blessings it bestows rather than through the injuries it inflicts. And then and not until then will homesteads be safe in North Carolina.

THE UNIVERSITY - ITS APPROACHING SESSION. We have received a circular from the Secretary of the Board of Trustees announcing that the exercises of the University will be resumed on the first Monday in September next. With the exception of two weeks vacation at Christmas, the session or term will continue until the second Thursday in June 1876. The charges are for tuition sixty dollars for the term, and ten dollars for room rent. One half of the amount will be payable in advance, and the other half in January.

No young man of merit however, who is unable to pay the above amounts need fear to be deprived of the advantages of the University on that account. The object of the Trustees is as far as possible to put within the reach of all who may desire them, facilities for acquiring the highest education. The university is intended to be a school not merely for rich men's sons, but a place for the people and of the people, rich and poor alike. No boy need to stay away because he cannot pay his tuition and room rent.

The college buildings have been repaired inside and out, and rooms will be ready by the first of September for several hundred students. Good board can be had at the University for from twelve to fifteen dollars a month. As a general rule students should be sixteen years of age before entering the institution.

It will be seen from the above that the Trustees have sought to make the expense of getting an education at Chapel Hill as small as possible, and the character of the gentlemen who constitute the faculty gives ample assurance to parents and guardians that both the mental and moral training of their sons and wards will be duly cared for. It gives us the greatest pleasure therefore, to commend the institution to the people of North Carolina as in every way worthy of confidence and patronage.

ARE THE RESTRICTIONS BINDING?

What Judge Rodman says. Judge Rodman, of the Supreme Court, is a candidate for the Convention in Beaufort and Pamlico counties. He is, of course, well known to Judge Rodman is a most pronounced Radical. In his address to the voters of Beaufort and Pamlico, he says: I do not fear, as some Republicans profess to do, that the Democrats, if they have a majority in the Convention, will violate the restrictions on its powers imposed by the Legislature. I feel myself bound to observe them both by law and by a sense of faith and fair dealing.

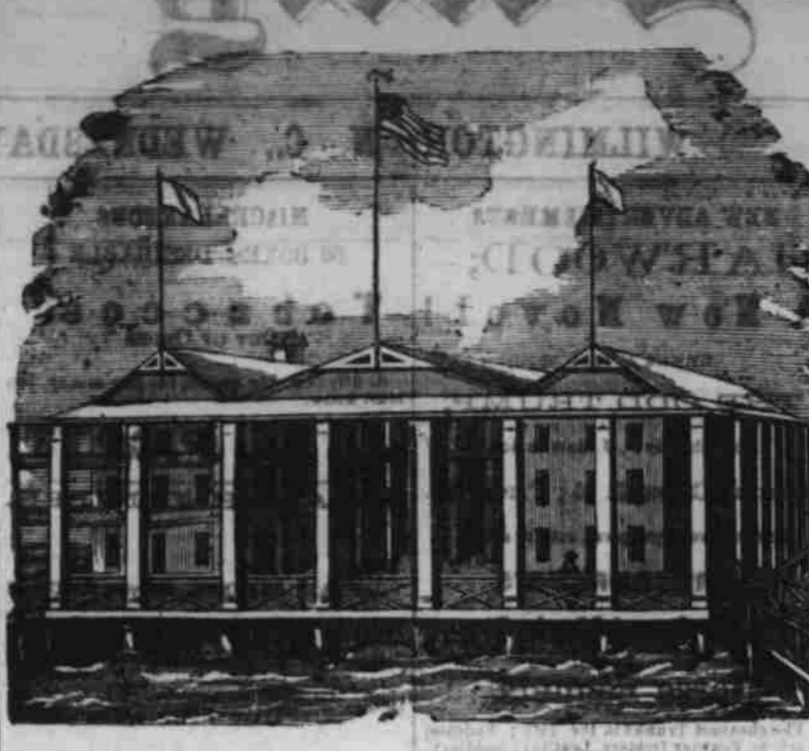
What will the candidates of the negro party, who talk so much about the inability of the restrictions imposed upon the Convention by the Legislature say to this opinion of their dearly beloved Judge? If Mr. Rodman is not good authority in a Radical camp then we know not who is.

Remember when these negro party candidates gas about the restriction not being binding, to ask them whether they know more law, or more Radicalism than their Radical Supreme Court Judge.

Richmond M. Pearson, Jr., at present United States Consul at Verviers Liege, Belgium, and who is at present on a three months leave of absence in this country, delivered the Alumni Address at Princeton (N. J.) College last week, he having graduated at that institution in 1873 with first honor in a class of 96. The New York Times thus speaks of him and his address: "He graduated in 1872. He is a son of Chief Justice Pearson of North Carolina, and is at present Consul at Verviers Liege in Belgium and is absent from his post of duty on a three months leave. His address was very fine one and was listened to with more attention than the audience vouchsafed to most of the other speakers."

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THE ATLANTIC HOTEL, A BEACHSIDE RESORT, BEAUFORT, N. C.



THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT, SO FAVORABLY INTERFERED TO THE PUBLIC last Summer by the new owner, Capt. F. H. Graham, is for the season of 1875, May 1st to October 1st, open to such Visitors only as the undersigned may be willing to admit to the family etc. He hopes to renew his pleasant acquaintance with all former guests of the Atlantic Hotel. The beautiful situation of the house affords all the pleasure of a regular resort, beside pleasure boats, fishing and well managed, for

NO DUST! NO FLIES!! NO MOSQUITOES!!! Bathing Houses are attached to the house, where guests may at once enjoy the exhilarating effects of salt water and pure air. Stay as long as you wish on the coast. The Music Hall and surrounding grounds afford the most pleasant retreat from the heat of the sun by day, and a brilliant court of Tennis and croquet. All the games for exercise and amusement to be found at inland resorts, beside pleasure boats, fishing and well managed, for

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- Hay-Hoop Iron-Glue-Spirit Barrels. 500 Bales N. R. and E. Hay, 400 Bundles Hoop Iron, 100 Bbls. Glue, 350 Second Hand Spirit Casks, For sale low by WILLIAMS & MURCHISON.

- MOLASSES--GUANO--NAILS--SHOT. 100 Hhd's. and bbls. New Crop Cu. Molasses, 200 Tons Guano Guano, 100 Tons Eureka Guano, 800 Kegs Nails, 200 Bags Shot, For sale low by WILLIAMS & MURCHISON.

The Carolina Household Magazine. AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY choice Literature, will be issued from the local newspaper offices commencing with January, 1876. The first number will be ready for mailing by December 15th, and the periodical will be published each succeeding month thereafter without interruption. No advertisement will be neglected which either talent or capital can command to render each issue an agreeable and instructive compendium of choice reading, by popular writers, both home and abroad.

The Carolina Household Magazine will be a large 32-page, eighty-four column monthly, handsomely printed in tinted colors and beautifully illustrated. It is a thoroughly southern enterprise and its success is already fully assured. The publisher means to make it a first-class monthly, that, once introduced to the family circle, is sure to be eagerly watched for and carefully preserved. Its "PORTRAIT GALLERY" will prove an attractive feature. The January number will contain a life-like picture of

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NOTICE. Carolina Central Railway, GENERAL FREIGHT DEPARTMENT, WILMINGTON, March 31st, 1875.

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april 2-30-75

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