

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Saturday Morning, October 2, 1875.

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EDITORIAL NOTES.

A MICHIGAN colony is to settle in Florida in October.

The Mexicans celebrated the anniversary of Mexican independence, which was declared on September 16, 1810.

De LOVICK PIRSON, of the Southern Methodist Episcopal Church, is 100 years old, and yet preaches with force and vigor.

THE Marquis de Pradez Comta, ex-officer of the body guard of Charles X, died recently in Paris, at the advanced age of eighty-two.

A MONUMENT will be erected over the grave of the poet-journalist, John R. Thompson, in Richmond, Va., on the 23d of October.

BEN HILL, of Georgia, recently said at a public meeting in Georgia, that just at this time there ought to be but little political speaking in the South.

The beautiful Nelson is ill in Paris, at the Hotel de l'Athenée; mortal trouble is the cause, her lord and master, Mr. Lee, having left for parts unknown they say.

The commission of Alexander White, of Alabama, to be Chief Justice of Utah Territory, has been signed by President Grant. Another force bill

REV. DEWITT TALMAGE says he knew a man named Platt who was afflicted with lameness, and was cured by Dr. Cullis, of Boston, by prayer and the imposition of hands.

MR. HART-BORNE, the great English traveller, states that there is a wild tribe, named Meddas, living in the interior of Ceylon, that are about five high, live on water and roast monkeys and are incapable of laughter.

MINISTER WASHBURN has been spending the summer at his beautiful villa at Montmorency. His third son, Pitt, has just passed his preliminary examination in Paris for the medical school.

PROF. MARSH has in his possession a fossil bird, found in the West, which has teeth, and he concludes that the creature was an intermediate form between the bird and the reptile, and that its discovery supplies one of the missing links in the Darwinian theory.

AT Liberty, Virginia, on the 15th inst., a monument was unveiled over the remains of a large number of Confederate officers and soldiers. Addresses were made by J. A. Early, John Goode and D. H. Maury, and a poem, written by Mrs. J. M. Davis, of Texas, was read.

In a letter to Dr. Kellogg, of a late date, Edwin Booth, says: "I am getting well rapidly; have been three times out driving. I cannot use my arm, nor can I yet inflate my lungs without pain. My engagements must be deferred two weeks from October 4th, for I must be perfectly sound before I begin work."

THE Philadelphia Sunday Press claims to have authentic information that Charlie Ross is alive, and that he will shortly be restored. Westervelt is to be sentenced and then pardoned on condition of disclosing the whereabouts of the abducted boy. The Press is not at liberty to give its authority, but places implicit reliance in the story.

CINCINNATI is exercising its mind with a new proposition for the education of young women in useful occupations. The suggestion is that a fund of \$5,000 or more shall be raised, to be used as a capital from which poor but honest girls shall be entitled to borrow sufficient sums to pay their board during a term at the normal school or while they are fitting themselves for a trade.

Mrs. KEECH, an old lady—nearly eighty—exhibited at the fair in Washington county, New York, a piece of worsted work six feet long and four broad, representing the death of George Douglas on the battle field, after he had aided Mary, Queen of Scots, to escape from Lochleven Castle. Mrs. Keech worked ten hours each day for eighteen months upon the embroidery. The work contains twenty figures of men, women and horses, and required 1,857,000 stitches.

THE CONVENTION.

This journal has given to the bands of Mr. J. T. Pittard, so a proprietor, with Col. E. R. Dill as editor. Col. Pittard has given his best to the readers of the journal, and with him, we wish that the readers may never grow less, but on the contrary, be increased.

The weekly edition of the Herald is no stranger to the chair editorial, and his graceful pen has adorned the columns of many of the journals of North Carolina, with its witty, gay, vivacious, He promises his readers to make the Herald a "readable, acceptable, and agreeable newspaper," and ask them "what they are going to do about it?" We answer for them:—Increase the list of subscribers.

FALL RIVER.—There were no further riotous demonstrations yesterday, but the quasi hostile attitude was maintained on either side—the mill owners insisting upon their extravagant conditions and the large majority of the operatives preferring beggary to submission to form, has seem to them disastrous. It is not yet obvious how the trouble is to end or how the illegal and obstinate parties to this unfortunate dispute are to come to any agreement.

Recuperation from the physical bereavements which the war left in its sanguinary path, was possible to energy and patient industry; but the demoralization of mind and principle which followed in its wake and survived the clash of arms, have been nursed and protected by the operations of an government that has been impermeable to the corrective influence of public opinion. It was the accumulating outgrowth of a tempest of passion and excitement incident to the closing scenes of an armed internecine conflict, and was intended to release the restraints which a refined civilization had imposed upon the people of the Commonwealth in their social and political relations. It has given free rein to impious natural proclivities which the rule of public opinion and the law, would in an ordinarily well governed State, hold in check.

To whatever department of the State government we turn, we find that the Constitution has opened up the road to corruption, and that that road has been pursued by swift footed travelers, with audacity and shamelessness distinguished for their iniquity.

In the Gubernatorial chair—on the Supreme Bench—on the Circuit Bench

—in the offices of the Judges of Probate, and the clerks of the Superior Courts—in the Boards of the County Commissioners—in the Township governments—in the offices of the Justices of the Peace—wherever we turn, we find that the miserable instrument amend, has hedged about the paths of crime and corruption, and that along those paths it is no great task to find the footprints of many who have walked therein.

The Convention, thus far, has shown a thorough appreciation of many of the great faults of the instrument, and have taken the matter of reform firmly in hand. It has taken a bold stand towards the reformation of the Judiciary system, and we tritantly hope that it will but take one more step in the same direction. We turn back with longing eyes to the past, and reverently lift them up in contemplation of the purity, the learning and the ability, of a Judiciary which was once the brightest jewel in the coronet of our good old mother—sighing that we may again turn into the "old paths."

The Conservative party have at last turned to turn aside the political mean vandals, and to close the list of the Pandoran box, ere hope, its last great treasure, had fled. This hope animates, while it leads us to expect, that the Convention when it shall adjourn, will present to the people for their ratification, a Constitution which will restore our Judiciary to its ancient glory and renown.

OUR LIVING AND DEAD.

The marked improvement which this magazine presents with each succeeding number must be a source of self-gratulation to the editor, as it should be a source of pride to every reading North Carolinian. The October number contains a great variety of entertaining and instructive literature: Rev. John Park's "Soldier's History of the War;" Gen. Clingman's and Col. Marshall's "Report of the Engagement near Goldsboro;" Mr. Kingsbury's further illustration of the "Valor of North Carolinians at the Battle of Gettysburg;" Gen. Terry's very interesting account of "Terry's Fort Blunder;" Johnson's "Further discussion of the 'Evidence of the Mecklenburg Declaration'; Poems by the late Henry Linwood, and James B. Randall;" Col. John H. Wheeler's commencement of a "History of the Ashe Family of North Carolina;" Mr. Kingsbury's "critique of Teasly's new drama—"Queen Mary;" the continuation of Mrs. C. W. Harris' charming story—"Margaret Boswell;" Gen. Clingman's fine literary address upon "Religious and Popular Orators;" besides many other choice and interesting articles of prose and poetry, combine to make up one of the most readable numbers of this most excellent periodical. It is truly a magazine of literature and information. It deserves, and will obtain, a liberal patronage throughout the South.

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SEE DEE HEROLD.

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Ma. STEPHEN, the largest man ever

born in Tennessee, died in Greenville,

at that State, last week. He was, but

nineteen years of age, and had not

been bent by an attack of rheumatism,

would have been nine feet high. His

boot was eighteen inches long, and

one of his hands was about the size of

four ordinary ones. He could sit on

a chair and pick up anything these

feet from him. His head measured

about fourteen inches, and his chest

7½ feet in circumference. His coffin

was 8½ feet long, 26 inches wide and 24

feet deep.

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