

Wilmington Daily Journal.

WILMINGTON, N.C.

Tuesday Morning, October 1, 1875.

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EDITORIAL NOTES.

The annual salary of Abdul Azim, Sultan of Turkey, is \$10,000,000 in gold. Grand Vizier Mahmoud is content with \$150,000 gold.

FLORIDA has developed a new attraction in the shape of a volcano. It is in Gadsden county, and manifests itself by smoke issuing from a huge rock. For Iceland or Honolulu this would not be considered any "big thing" in the way of a volcano, but for a lowland State like Florida it will do.

Miss LOUISA ALCOCK, it is said, has made \$60,000 from her books. The first contribution to the press for which she received money was a story contributed to the Boston *Saturday Evening Post*, some twenty years ago, when she was quite a young lady.

The approaching marriage of Rev. Bishop Hare, of Niobrara, and Miss Kitti Wolfe, is announced. The bride elect is credited with being the richest woman in America, her annual income being estimated at over \$1,000,000. The lady in the grand daughter of the celebrated Peter Lorillard.

Mr. JOHN McLEAN was asked if it might not be the policy of his party in Ohio to run Allen for Governor, and if successful, to supplant Pendleton for the Presidency. He said: "No. That would neither be fair nor feasible. If Allen is elected he will be the first, last, and only candidate of Ohio for the Presidency." Washington McLean expressed the opinion that the New York Sun would become the national organ of the Democratic party.

HON. L. Q. C. LAMAR is to deliver a lecture in Boston sometime in November on "the two races of the South and their relations to the people." So says Beecher's man Redpath, the manager of the Boston Lyceum. Mr. Lamar will have to take his views of the races from an advanced or higher law standpoint to please the good people of the Hub.

The French Prince Imperial is to make a tour of the world, "for political reasons," a dispatch says. His partisans, doubtless, recognize the fact that they have been putting forward his pretensions in a rather pronounced manner of late, and want him to remove to antipodes, as if he had given up his ambition. He will appear at the proper time.

The Texas Constitutional Convention proposes two amendments to the United States Constitution—one for forbidding Congress to pass any bill, except appropriation bills, embracing more than one general subject matter to be expressed in its title; and the other permitting the President to approve some items of an appropriation bill and veto others if it seems best to him.

The greatest sale of prints ever made in America was concluded at the establishment of H. B. Claffin & Co., in New York, on Friday. In connection with some sales which were made on the previous day, over 7,000 cases of the most celebrated brands, were disposed of at prices lower than ever made before, ranging from 5¢ to 25¢; the terms being net sixty days, or two per cent. off ten days. Every State in the South and Southwest was represented at the sale.

One of the grandest triumphs ever achieved by the Democracy was winning from the Statute Book the law authorizing imprisonment of a man for debt. Until 1823 a man in debt was treated as a felon, and imprisoned in a common jail till the debt was paid. Richard M. Johnson, the Democratic United States Senator from Kentucky, introduced a bill in the Senate to abolish imprisonment for debt on judgments taken in the courts of the United States. After years of struggle, imprisonment for such debts was abolished, through the combined action of the Democracy in Congress, and it is wholly owing to the Democratic party that men in debt are not now treated like felons. This scrap from history, remarks the Cincinnati Enquirer, is worthy of consideration.

THE MANUFACTURING INTERESTS.

We shall be very glad if the Convention can find some way to exempt manufacturers from taxation for a certain number of years, and to impose such a tax as will not be imposed upon that body of us, who we have been earnest and courageous advocates of this policy, believe in the favor that extends to us. Our surprise will be broad east upon the waters."

As such able and careful gentlemen as Messrs. Avery, of Butte, and Bassett, of Anson, have introduced ordinances looking to this end, it may be that the object desired can be effected without violation of the oaths which have been taken by the delegates. We shall be rejoiced. But without having investigated the matter closely, we have thought that, unfortunately, one of the restrictions was directly in the face of this exemption. We hope we are mistaken.

CABINET ELEMENTS.

Latterly, since the carpet-baggers have fallen into such disrepute even among the Southern negroes, what few of these negroes who still keep their heads above the surface are endeavoring to make themselves respectable by an effort to drag down every prominent man who is not a citizen of the State in which he lives.

Of course our people as well as those at the North know full well what are termed carpet-baggers, and they cannot hide their crimes and their infamy behind such thin devices.

Lately, the clavichord Senator Brown, of Georgia, had occasion to refer to these vermin as a species of Mississippi and the New York *Herald* attempted to misrepresent him in his use of the word "carpet-bagger." In an explanatory letter he gives in a few words the definition of the term so well that we republish it with pleasure:

To the Editor of the *Herald*: At editorials in a recent issue of your paper does me an injustice, which is a matter of small consequence, but a gross infringement of the Democracy of Mississippi and the New York *Herald* attempted to misrepresent him in his use of the word "carpet-bagger." In an explanatory letter he gives in a few words the definition of the term so well that we republish it with pleasure:

The New Orleans *Bulletin*, invokes

the establishment of manufactures in that city to give employment to the y thousand unemployed men and women in the city. There are 12 regiments of young people, there who

would like to work at manufactures.

CALL AND EXAMINE

the well selected stock of English and American Felt and Table Cutlery,

POWDER, SHOT AND GUNS,

GUNS, PISTOLS AND CARTRIDGES

Prepared at

Nath'l Jacobi's

HARDWARE DEPOT.

THE JACOBI AXE.

YARD OF SILK CUT TO WIDTH

GRASS BLADES AND HOOKS,

IRON AND BRASS,

SEAS AND GLOUCESTER,

Bedded price at

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HARDWARE DEPOT,

PAINT, OILS AND GLASS,

RIBS, SPOTS AND BUBBS,

BARBERS AND COOKS,

SHOES AND BETRAY

NATHANIEL JACOBI'S

HARDWARE DEPOT,

NO. 9 MARKET ST.

sep 26 1875

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BALTIMORE, MD.

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BOARDERS AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG

LADIES.

Principals—Mr. and Mrs. M. Gray, and Mrs.

General John Pugh.

The French language spoken and taught.

sep 26 1875

THE CONVENTION JUSTICE TO THE EAST.

We welcome the able assistance that

the Newark *Journal*, of *Yankee*, the Albany *Times*, of *Harbor Southerner*, and the Roanoke *News* are

rendering us in calling the attention

of the Convention to the sufferings

of the negroes of the East.

Without relief, which this body

alone can give us, we are indeed, with

out hope. Surely, our people of the

western and middle portions of the

State, will not leave us longer a prey

to the ignorant and corrupt men who

are robbing and impoverishing us!

Relief is a vital necessity with us, and

in the name of justice and humanity,

we appeal to our friends for it. In

ourselves, we are helpless, and our

sufferings are past endurance.

Upon this subject the Roanoke

News, in the course of an able argument,

says:

Now we propose to speak plainly,

so long as this system of county govern-

ment is continued, there is great

danger of the negroes and their allies

controlling the politics of the State.

If the white men of Eastern North

Carolina had been divided like

the white men of Western North Carolina,

the State could never have been re-

duced from the hands of the corrupt

men who well nigh brought her to

ruin. But the white men of the East,

although absolutely excluded from all

political government, have adhered to

principle with a fidelity not surpassed

in the history of the United States,

and have voted almost as a unit, for

the Conservative nominees. This

county gave Merrimon for Governor,

the highest white vote it had ever

pollled; it did not poll more than twen-

ty-five white votes against him. We

think he had the highest white vote

ever polled in the East, and the loss

of his election must be attributed to the

defection of the West.

The state of things cannot always

be the same, and the white men of the

East cannot always consent to be bowers of wood

and drawers of water for their more

neighbors.

Postponement.

On October 1st, the date of the

convention, the date of the election

was postponed to October 15th.

By order of the Mayor.

JOSH T. JAMES,

Chas. A. Price.

GENERAL AGENT.

WILMINGTON, N.C.

1875.

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