The Daily Journal.

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THE TELEGRAMS.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

Congress in Perpetual Session.

Russia Looks Before She Leaps

GOVERNOR OF KENTUCKY RECOGNIZES NICHOLLS AS GOVERNOR OF LOUISIANA.

Maddox "Ousted" from His Position by the President.

Electoral Commission at Work.

Noon Reports.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—In the electoral commission this morning Congressman Field spoke in support of his objection to the count of the Republican vote of Florida.

Before the committee on privileges and powers Maddox said he did not approach Pickett and Walker until after his interview with Secretary Cameron; no proposition had been made witness to deliver the Wells-West letter for money considerations; he required further time for the production of the letter; the letter is in the hands of a prominent Republican witness; if allowed until to-morrow he was willing to give the present location of the letter, but the committee by vote refused to receive the information, as witness said it would endanger its production; Maddox went to New Orleans to examine the canvass for himself; he felt satisfied that the vote of the State had been cast for Tilden, the election having been as fair as any could be; witness delivered a letter from Wells to Grant which was intended for submission to the cabinet; Well's wanted protection in the discharge of his duty; the President said Wells should receive such protection, that he wanted a fair count and an honest declaration of the count. The examination then moved into Maddox's personal affairs.

HOUSE.—The House met at 10 and still continues yesterday's session. A bill is pending to enable the House and Senate to break the perpetual session so as to give regular days for legislation under the present electoral law. All legislation will bear date of Thursday until the count is completed.

SENATE.—The Senate during the morning hour passed a bill reported by the committee on finance for the punishment of persons making or having in possession dies, moulds, &c., for manufacturing counterfeit coin.

Mr. Ingalls, of Kansas, introduced a bill to enable Indians to become citizens of the United States. Referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The Grand Jury yesterday presented an indictment against Theodore R. Wetmore, Vice President of the Security Life Insurance Company, for embezzlement and grand larceny; and Robert L. Case, President, Robert L. Case, Jr., Secretary, and Isaac H. Allen, Secretary, for perjury. Judge Gildersleave immediately issued bench warrants for the arrest of all the above named, which were placed in the hands of officers for service. Mr. Wetmore did not sign the annual statement of the company and no indictment could be found against him for perjury as in the case of the other officials who affixed their signatures to false statements. Mr. Allen war at the office of the company yesterday as usual and will not make any effort, he states, to avoid arrest. He has, however made provisions for bail when the time comes. Other officers of the company have not been seen about the office for some time.

A Bloomington, Ill., disports that a man named Jno. Pierson in jail there has confessed that he murdered Hon. Murray McConnell at Jacksonville, in February, 1869. Mr. McConnell was found in his office with his head crushed.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 2.—Information comes from Frankfort that Gov. McCraig of this State, has recognized Nicholls as Governor of Louisiana by issuing a requisition upon him for the return to Kentucky of Maurice O. Schwab, arrested in New Orleans for an alleged fraud committed in Louisville.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 3.—The Superior Criminal Court has issued an order on Packard's Secretary of State to deliver the election returns to the Grand Jury. The Secretary of State replied that the records in his office don't show that the Judge is elected. The Secretary will consider an attempt to enforce the writ in violation of statu quo, and refer the matter to Packard. Packard has pleaded in suit against him in Nicholl's court.

EUROPE.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—A *Times'* Berlin dispatch says Servia is willing to raise fortifications at Deligrade and Alexinatz if Turkey leaves other fortifications in her hands. The mobilization of Russian guards is resolved upon. A brisk correspondence is proceeding between Russia and Germany. Russia wants to know whether she could enjoy the fruits of a victory if she achieved one.

MADRID, Feb. 2—Spain and the United States are negotiating a revision of the treaty of '95, securing civil trials in Cuba unless taken in armed rebellion.

Night Reports.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The Secretary of the Treasury was absent from the Cabinet meeting to-day.

Senator Thurman is suffering from neuralgia.

Among the Oregon telegrams is the following:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 8.

Judge Strong, Salem, Oregon:—Tilden has 185 votes including one from Oregon. A. S. HEWITT.

Before the privileges and elections committee Gen. Anderson knew nothing of Hayes in Vernon parish or the destruction of the returns. Anderson had known Maddox to shake hands with him, twenty-five years. Never had two minutes' conversation with him. Did not hear in New Orleans of any proposition from Gov. Wells to sell out the State. Gov. Wells gave witness no information of a conversation with Maddox. Well never spoke to witness of money for witnees or negro members of the board.

HOUSE.—No action on the bill to break the continuous session.

The House was engaged all day in a committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill. The proposed reduction of the salaries of Senators and members from $5,000 to $4,500 was rejected. It was much ridiculed.

The committees only got through with 12 of the 75 pages of the bill.

SENATE.—The bill passed barring claims against the United States, which the bureau officers were authorized to examine and pass if presented within six years.

The Pacific Railroad sinking fund was postponed.

A recess was taken till 10 o'clock to-morrow.

The flag floats over both Houses, indicating a continued session.

The leading members of Congress say should the President send his message to Congress advising earlier resumption than 1879, that no action be taken.

There is no disposition to interfere with the finance at this time, as there is every probability that the happy issue about to be reached will virtually anticipate legislation.

J. H. Maddox is succeeded as special agent of Internal Revenue by Colonel S. E. Chamberlain now of Virginia, but formerly of the regular army. The change was made to-day at the instance of the President.

Gen. Anderson was not present when the returns of Vernon Parish were opened.

Question by Mr. Burchard—Is it a fact that negroes are on the Board?

Gen. Anderson—There are two said to be colored persons.

In the Cabinet to-day, the contemplated message of the President was the main feature. The message is prepared.

The Electoral Commission met, when the Court announced that two objectors on each side would be allowed to speak on each case. The word case means a State.

There is no provision for replies.

Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, followed Mr. Field on the Democratic side.

Kasson and McCrary followed.

This closes the objectors.

To-morrow evidence will be received and the case will proceed under the management of the lawyers.

Kasson argued strongly against going back to the Returning Board.

There is nothing in the proceedings to indicate how soon a decision will be reached.

LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

From the Observer.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 31.

By Troy: A bill to protect the farmers from imposition in the purchase of fertilizers. Referred to committee on agriculture and manufactures.

By Cabe: Bill to require ninety days residence in towns to enable persons to vote. Referred to judiciary committee.

By Troy: Bill to provide for the collective publication of agricultural statistics. Referred to committee on agriculture and manufactures.

Mebane of Rockingham introduced a bill stating that it was a measure looking to more speedy jail delivery than now obtains, which he deemed the great need of our people. That though he introduced the bill he did not claim that it was his individual production, but that of a committee of Lawyers and prominent men, among whom were Messrs. Graves and Rose, of the House, and Senator Cose of Chowan, and with whom he had the honor to participate in preparing the designated scheme of courts That the bill would be held subject to the control of the caucus. He asked that the bill be read by its title and take its place upon the calendar. Title of bill, "an act to provide for an Inferior Court in the several counties of the State," to be entitled "The Court of Common Pleas."

The bill was ordered to be printed.

Folk, by permission, introduced a bill to construct and establish the Western Insane Asylum. Referred to the committee on the Insane Asylum.

Also a bill to give widows further time to dissent from their husbands' will. Referred to the committee on the judiciary.

A message was received from the House of Representatives, proposing that the number of Trustees for the University should be twenty instead of twelve, as proposed by the Senate on yesterday. The proposition of the House was concurred in on motion by Scales.

THE SPECIAL ORDER

Was the education bill reported by the committee on education. It provides the machinery for putting in operation the late amendments to the Constitution on the subject of fines, penalties, &c., requiring them to be paid to the respective County Treasurers, to be held, together with all funds raised by taxation for school purposes, subject to the order of district school committees. Districts are to be laid off by the county boards of education (county commissioners) to suit the different neighborhoods, and by them a committee is to be appointed for each district, similar to the plan before the war, which committee is to hire his own teacher and have charge of its own school. An apportionment of all school funds, including the tax for the current year, is to be made on the first Monday in September among the different districts, so that each one will know exactly how much money will be to its credit on the 1st day of December, the Sheriff being required, under heavy penalties, to pay all school money by that date to the County Treasurer.

After various unimportant amendments, with some discussion participated in by Senators Troy, Robinson, Robins, Mebane, of Rockingham, and the bill passed its second reading, and on motion of Scales, was made the special order on its third reading to-morrow at eleven o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

A bill to change the dividing line between the counties of Brunswick and Columbus, was taken up and passed its second reading. Under a suspension of the rules, the bill was read a third time and passed.

Richardson moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed its third reading and to lay that motion on the table. The latter motion prevailed.

Bill to repeal chapter 84 Public Laws of 1874-'75 (relating to rates of interest) and to regulate legal rates of interest was taken up as the special order for 12 o'clock M.

Singeltary occupied the floor in an extended argument in opposition to the bill.

At the close of Singeltary's remarks the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, on the consideration of the bill to provide for the collection of taxes by the State, &c., known as the Machinery Bill.

Pinnix, chairman of the committee, assumed the chair.

On motion of Bagley, those sections which are divided into subdivisions were considered by said sub-divisions.

At 12½ o'clock the consideration of the bill was resumed by taking up sections 9, 10, 11, 12.

At 20 minutes of 1 o'clock Kenan moved that the committee rise and report progress.

Henderson assumed the chair and Chairman Pinnix reported that the committee of the whole had had the Machinery Bill under further consideration but had not completed their labor and ask leave to sit again to-morrow at 12½ o'clock. The committee was granted leave as asked for.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 1.

Stanford presented a petition from many citizens of Wilmington, praying for the establishment of a new city out of a portion of Wilmington, to be known as Brooklyn. Referred to the committee on Corporations.

By Dortch: A bill to be entitled an act to authorize the commissioners of Wayne county to appoint a finance committee. Referred to the Judiciary committee.

By Mebane, of Rockingham: A bill to amend sec. 138, chap. 32, Battle's Revisal, so as to increase the punishment for speculating in county and State claims by county officials, their deputies, agents or employes. Referred to the Judiciary committee.

The bill of Finger to revise and consolidate the public school laws of the State, passed its third and final reading.

Senate bill 408, "A bill to be entitled an act to establish county governments," introduced by Folk, was taken up at 12 M. as the second special order of the day.

(First section declares the corporate powers of the counties. Second section provides for the election of three magistrates by the General Assembly for each city or incorporated town, and one for every thousand of population therein. Those elected at the present session should be divided in three classes, and hold their offices for 2, 4 and 5 years, and their successors for 6 years. The justices to elect the county commissioners who are to hold office for 2 years. The corporate character of townships is destroyed.)

Moore, col. of New Hanover, spoke with vehemence against the bill, and moved to postpone and make special order for the 12th February which, motion was not adopted.

Upon motion the bill was taken up and considered by sections.

Graham opposed the feature of the bill which provides for the election of magistrates by the General Assembly and assigned his reasons therefor.

Moore, col, of New Hanover, spoke again in opposition to the bill.

Cabe took the floor in advocacy of the bill, and spoke eloquently and earnestly in behalf of his people of the east. He begged for the passage of a bill by the General Assembly which would deliver those people out of the hands of the ignorant and corrupt, and relieve the people of the east from the oppression which they had for so long borne.

Moore, col, spoke again, and offered an amendment to the third section of the bill, providing that the election of the Justices of the Peace be left entirely to the people. Upon the adoption of the amendment he asked for the yeas and nays, and the call was sustained. The vote was taken and the amendment was rejected, yeas 11, nays 26.

Thorne spoke next in opposition to the bill.

An amendment offered by Coke, striking out the clause in section four, providing that vacancies occurring in the office of Justice of the Peace, between the sessions of the General Assembly, shall be filled by the Clerk of the Superior Court, was adopted.

A motion to adjourn was lost.

Mebane, of Rockingham, offered an amendment to section 5, providing that the Register of Deeds shall be ex officio clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, which was adopted.

Robins offered an amendment to section 5, providing that the Board of County Commissioners shall be three in number.

Green moved to adjourn and called for the yeas and nays. The call was sustained, and the vote being taken the Senate, by a party vote, refused to adjourn.

The question recurred upon the amendment of Robins, and it was not adopted.

Mebane, col, moved to adjourn, and Green asked for the yeas and nays. The call was sustained, and the Senate then, by a party vote, as before, refused to adjourn.

Mebane, of Rockingham, offered as ammendment to section 6, a proviso, that Commissioners should not have power to levy taxes, borrow money, remove sites of public buildings, purchase real estate, or construct or repair bridges the cost whereof would exceed $1,000, without the concurrence of a majority of the Justices of the Peace of the county, and that for the exercise of these excepted powers, and the Justices should meet and sit with the Commissioners on the 1st Monday of —— 1878, and annually thereafter but for such service should receive no pay.

He briefly explained his amendment alluding incidentally to a $12,000 bid which the Republican Commissioners had imposed upon his county in 1868, backed by the decision of the Supreme Court, and urged its adoption.

Moore, col, of New Hanover, moved to refer the entire bill to the Judiciary committee, and called for the yeas and nays. The call was not sustained and the motion not adopted.

Green moved to adjourn, which motion was not adopted.

The question recurred upon the amendment of Mebane, of Rockingham, and Holt offered an amendment striking out "$100" and inserting "$200," which was adopted.

Moore, col., of New Hanover, moved that the Senate adjourn, and asked for the yeas and nays. The call was not sustained and the Senate refused to adjourn.

Dunn moved to strike out section 7, abrogating sections 1, 2, 8, 4, 5, 10, 11 and 12 of article 7 of the constitution, and asked for the yeas and nays. The call was sustained and the vote being taken the Senate refused to strike out.

Coke ordered a substitute abrogating all of article 7 of the constitution inconsistent with this act, except sections 7, 9 and 13

Dunn, called for the yeas and nays and the call was sustained. The substitute was then adopted.

Green moved to adjourn, which motion was not adopted.

Section 8 of the bill was then adopted (the ratifying clause,) and upon the passage of the bill on its second reading the previous question was demanded. The call for the previous question was sustained, and the bill then passed its second reading by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs, Albright, Askew, Bingham, Cayo, Crawford, Cunningham, Dortch, Ferguson, Folk, Graham, Heilig, Holt, Latham Mebane, of Rockingham, Mercer, Robinson, Roberts, Shandifer, Scales, Standford, Stewart, Short, Williams, Wilson, York

NAYS—Bryant, Dockery, Dunn, Green, Hughes, Mabson, Moore, of New Hanover, Robins, Thorne, Wynne.

Yeas 25, nays 11.

Robinson moved that the Senate adjourn. Upon this motion Green asked for the yeas and nays. The call was not sustained, and the Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The bill to repeal chapter 84, laws of 1874—'75, (known as the usury laws,) and to regulate the rate of interest, was taken up as the unfinished business of yesterday, and passed its second reading after a long discussion participated in by Messrs. Staples, Pinnix, Lindsay in favor and Messrs. Austin, and Carter, opposed to the bill. The following is the second ballot; YEAS. Ardrey, Baxter, Beam, Bizzell, Bryson, Cale, Carter, of Hyde, Carter, of Warren, Clark, of Bladen, Council, Dunlap, Ewing, Fox, Gaither, Geffroy, Harrison Harris, Hartsell, Haynes, Hill, Hood, Houk, Hughes, Johnson, of Warren, King, Leach, Lindsay, McGehee, McIver, McLean, McRae, Maddrey, Moring, Ormond, Parish, Pinnix, Purnell, Quinnerly, Reynolds, Richardson, Rogers, Rush, Ryals, Shackelford, Sharpe, Shotwell, Simmons, Smith, Spake, Staples, Stephenson, Terry, Todd, of Ashe, Ward, of Bertie, Wilson, of Burke, Wilson, of New Hanover, Winslow, Yount.

NAYS.—Abbott, Austin, Aycock, Bagley, Braswell, Brown, Bunn, Carter, of Buncombe, Cary, Cobb, Crews, Davis, of Haywood, Ennis, Fennell, Graves, Henderson, Horton, Johnston, of Washington, Kenan, Lloyd, McBrayer, McCubbins, McClure, Moseley, Peel, Powell, Proffit, Ransom, Rose, Sams, Singeltary, Simpson, Todd, of Wake, Williamson, Wilson, of Transylvania.

[The bill leaves the rate of interest as it now is but modifies the penalties and forfeitures by conforming them in exact terms to the forfeitures and penalties prescribed in the National Bank act.

State News.

They are about to start a factory at Greensboro to grind sumac.

The Asheboro *Regulator*, which did effective service in Randolph county last campaign, has just closed its first volume.

J. C. L. Harris has tendered his resignation as Solicitor of the Sixth Judicial District to take effect after the spring term of the Court.

Raleigh *Observer* Feb. 1: Yesterday the Governor appointed J. Proctor Smith of New York city, and A. H. Noues of San Francisco, Cal., as commissioners of affidavits.

Judge Theodore W. Brevard, of Cleveland Springs, near Shelby, died Thursday night at the advanced age of 70. He is a near relative of Ephraim Brevard, author of the Mecklenburg Declaration.

The young ladies of Salisbury, with the view of aiding the University in the procurement of a new outfit of apparatus for the department of Natural Science, propose to give a play in about two weeks.

On Tuesday in a difficulty between the two young men at Oxford, Marcellus shot Rufus Noblin in the arm. Hunter, in attempting to leave, was pursued by a number of persons, among them a man named Russell Cooper, who, coming up ahead of the others, was fired on by Hunter, the ball taking effect in the hip. Hunter was arrested.

LOCAL NEWS.

INLAND CANAL.

Connecting Wilmington and Pamlico Sound.

We have taken the pains to examine the route of the proposed canal, in which Major Young and many of our citizens are interested. Taking a selfish view of the subject, we are assured that our city will be greatly the gainer by the success of the scheme, not speaking of the benefits that must necessarily accrue to the smaller towns and counties on the line of the canal.

The cost of the canal will be $12,000 per mile. The route is 32 miles.

Among some of the advantages that will flow from the canal are these:

The dangers of Hatteras will be avoided.

Wilmington will become the seaport of Newbern, thereby benefitting Newbern as well as herself.

The trade of the Eastern counties will come to Wilmington, and the corn and cotton that will be brought here at once will pay for the whole cost of the canal in a few years.

The fish and oyster trade will be worth thousands of dollars.

Eastern North Carolina will be opened to Wilmington. The planters will have a seaport of their own, and access to it at the most moderate rates. It will bring to our city the product of the vast timber lands on the New, White oak, Trent, and Neuse rivers.

The recourses of the swamp lands between Wilmington and New river will be speedily developed, and acres that now lie unused and desolate will be drained and made to grow the varied and remunerative products of our unparalled climate.

Below we give the proceedings of the meeting of citizens held last night at the City Hall, which was largely attended.

Mayor W. P. Canaday called the meeting to order and nominated Mr. A. H. VanBokkelen as chairman. Mr. VanBokkelen upon taking the chair explained the object of the meeting at length, setting forth the advantages which will accrue to Wilmington by the consummation of the project in view.

Mr. Walker Meares was requested to act as secretary.

Mayor Canaday moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to draft resolutions for the action of the meeting. Messrs. Edward Kidder, A. J. DeRosset and W. P. Canaday were appointed, who reported as follows:

WHEREAS, The opening of an inland communication by water to connect the northeast branch of the Cape Fear river with Pamlico sound will greatly benefit the entire country upon and accessible to the line of such connection, and advance the value of the lands owned by the State on and contiguous thereto, we the citizens of Wilmington, N. C., in meeting assembled

Resolve, That the Legislature of the State, now in session, be memorialized to grant to the New River Canal Company such tracts of land as are asked for by said company in Senate bill 82, session of 1876-'77, with such protection as may be necessary to the efficient completion and working of their line. Which was adopted.

The chair then read a memorial to the legislature which upon motion of Dr. M. J. DeRosset was adopted by the meeting and a committee appointed to obtain the signatures of the citizens to it.

Major Young by request addressed the meeting, giving them information relative to the proposed route, and showing that it was clearly to the interest of Wilmington to give countenance and aid to scheme.

The chair announced as the committee to procure signatures to the memorial: Messrs. M. J. DeRosset, P. Heinsberger and W. H. Green,

The thanks of the meeting were tendered to the chairman and Major Young for the interesting information placed before the meeting. On motion the meeting adjourned.

Bellevue Cemetery.

At a meeting held Thursday night, of the Directors of Bellevue Cemetery company, Mr. John C. Borneman was elected a Director in place of Mr. I. C. Weiseger, who tendered his resignation.

Resolutions were passed ordering that a new road be laid off and made inside of the inclosure, trees planted and the public grounds be laid off and beautified. It was further ordered that the fences be kept in good order and the ground cleared off on both sides of the fence to avoid fire in case the woods were burning. A meeting in regard to charter and increased subscription will be held Thursday the 15th inst.

Captured.

Yesterday morning about 11:30 o'clock a negro man went to the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad yard and offered a basket of carpenter's tools for sale. Mr. Quinn, the watchman, asked the fellow where he got them, whereupon the negro started off. Mr. Quinn summoned several of the Railroad employes and gave chase. They succeeded in overhauling him after running a few hundred yards. They then threw him down and bound both his hands and feet. Officer Gordon was sent for and soon arrived, when the burly negro was taken to the Station House, where he gave his name as Alonzo Elvi. He had in his possession six files, one brace, seven chisels, one screw-driver, one level, one punch, one whet-stone, one hatchet, a pair of boots (minus the legs), a rope, a bag and a basket.

Thursday night the wheelwright shop of Mr. Solomon Reeves, on Wright street, between 7th and 8th, was broken open and all the tools but two pieces stolen therefrom. The tools in the possession of Elvi were proven to be the property of Mr. Reeves. Mr. Reeves says the tools recovered are not one-sixth of the number stolen.

The Railroad men deserve commendation for their efforts on this occasion.

Meteorological Summary for January, 1877.

Mr. R. Seyboth, chief of the Signal Bureau in this city, furnishes the following information:

Mean thermometer, 46°1'; same month last year 51°9'; highest thermometer, 74°; lowest thermometer, 17°; monthly range of temperature, 57°; greatest daily range of temperature, 33°; mean daily range of temperature, 19°4'; mean of maximum temperature, 56°6'; of minimum, 37°2'.

Mean monthly barometer, 30,193 inches; highest barometer, 30,486; inches; lowest barometer, 29,435 inches; monthly range of barometer, 1,081 inches.

Total rainfall, 2.41 inches; number of days on which rain fell, 10; number of cloudy days, 5; number of clear days, 8.

Prevailing direction of winds southwest; total number of miles traveled, 6,172; highest velocity, 35 miles per hour; mean velocity 83 miles per hour.

Thermometrical.

The state of the thermometer at the various stations named below was observed at the signal office in this city at 4:30 p. m.:

Augusta, 71; Charleston, 66; Galveston, 65; Jacksonville, 74; Mobile, 67; New Orleans, 68; Norfolk, 64; Savannah, 69; Wilmington, 66.

Magistrates Court.

Wiley Willis was arraigned before Justice Gardner for larceny, but he was discharged.

CITY CURRENCY.

This is the last day of Superior Court.

It will be seen by reference to the Legislative proceedings that Brooklyn is ambitious of city honors and dignity.

The wharves have presented quite a brisk and lively appearance the past week. The whole river front has been lined with vessels of every rig except ships, receiving and discharging cargoes.

Cooper, the novelist, says that "we dig our graves with our teeth." A knowledge of the working hours of the compositors on a daily *morning* paper, we think, would convince that *they* dig theirs with their fingers.

Index to New Advertisements.

Edward J. Evans & Co.—Seeds, Plants and Bulbs.

P. Heinsberger—A new importation.

Giles & Murchison—Watt plows, full assortment

Raleigh *News* of Thursday: The trustees of the University held a meeting yesterday afternoon in the executive office. The attendance was quite large. The reports of the President and Treasurer of the institution were received. A resolution was passed providing for one straight session during the year, the whole vacation to be in the summer. Gov. Vance was chosen to deliver an address at the next commencement, upon the life, character and work of the late Gov. Swain.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seeds! Plants! Bulbs!

Sent BY MAIL, to any Post Office. Assortment large, prices moderate, and selection best. Send for priced lists. Merchants, druggists, and dealers supplied at lowest wholesale rates.

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Feb 2 tf