

The Wilson Advance.

State Library

CLAUDIUS F. WILSON, EDITOR & PROP'R.

"LET ALL THE ENDS THOU AIMST AT, BE THY COUNTRY'S, THY GOD'S, AND TRUTH'S."

\$1.50 A YEAR CASH IN ADVANCE

VOLUME XXII.

WILSON, WILSON COUNTY, N. C., MAY 12th, 1892.

NUMBER 17.

Cash Catches The Bargains!



THE FINISHING TOUCH.

In putting the finishing touch to your toilet do you always see that your shots are in keeping with the rest of your makeup? The shoes may be better than the other garments and still be appropriate, but if they are not up to the raiment in style and quality the effect is unpleasant. Our shoes stand on their merits, and at the same time you will find the prices much below others for the same quality of goods.

New stock of Ribbons just received.

The Cash Racket Stores.

Nash and Goldsboro Streets.

THE WASHINGTON LIFE Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK. ASSETS - \$10,500,000. The Policies written by the Washington are described in these general terms: Non-Forfeitable. Unrestricted as to residence and travel after two years. Incontestable after two years. Secured by an Invested Reserve. Solidly backed by bonds and mortgages, first liens on real estate. Safer than railroad securities. Not affected by the Stock market. Better paying investments than U. S. Bonds. Less expensive than assessment certificates. More liberal than the law requires. Definite Contracts.

Horses & Mules.

I have now on hand a select lot of fine Horses and Mules at my Sale Stables on Goldsboro Street. The lot consists of

Fine Farm Mules

And excellent driving and draught horses. It is to your interests to see these animals before purchasing elsewhere. I will be glad to show them to you.

Respectfully,
J. D. FARRIOR.

J. C. LANIER.
PROPRIETOR
Wilson Marble Works
Wilson, N. C.

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

AN ENJOYABLE TRIP TO THE PLEASANT "LAND OF FLOWERS."

He was not born to be a plutocrat, but he has earned Tampa's Magnificence and Richness.

"Away down upon the Swanee river." I was called to come and take part in the Chautauqua at White Sulphur Springs in the beautiful land of flowers.

The State Normal College is there and I found a gathering of good people, notable people, earnest and refined people. I don't care where you go, you will find the teachers and preachers, the best people in any community, and so found them here and to their own number was added notable men and women from the surrounding country. Peace and good will prevailed and all received a cordial welcome from the good citizens of this quiet and village.

The recent completion of the Georgia Southern Railroad has brought this wonderful spring in easy reach of the outside world. A few hours is sufficient to drop you down from Atlanta and Macon, or to bring you up from Southern and Middle Florida. This bold gushing spring bursts out from its subterranean cavern and makes a river, Swanee river, that the poet, Foster, has immortalized in song. How many other sweet songs he wrote like Annie Laurie and the Cabin in the Lane, I do not know, but I know that he left a loving fragrant record behind him. We had many delightful addresses on this occasion. Literary, scientific and didactic, and much good was done and no harm.

These Chautaus are getting to be a feature of modern education, and blessed are they who can find time and inclination to attend them. They are refining and instructive, and will leave their impression upon the rising generation.

From there I journeyed to Orlando, the highest, cleanest and most beautiful town in Florida. Its picturesque beauty is a feast to the visitors eye and just now where the orange trees are all in bloom a feast to his nose as well. Orlando has recently solved the problem of having streets and sidewalks, for heretofore, the greatest drawback to the comfort of man and beast has been the depth and the dust of Florida sand. I don't know what genius discovered it, but already Orlando has several miles of her streets paved with a heavy coating of clay, and it has so far proved to be a wonderful success. It has not cost one-fourth as much as either gravel or wood would have cost and is better than either, for it does not wear into holes or sink, and the iron rolled and the sprinkler keeps it in an excellent condition. This peculiar clay is brought about seventy-five miles on the cars and costs only about \$1,000 a mile to dig and haul and put it down. Tampa is Mr. Plant's city, and he has spent millions on it and about it, but an Orlando man told me that Tampa recently sent a committee to examine their streets and see how it was done, and that Mrs. Plant told her husband that she wanted to go to Orlando to take a run. I know that this must be so, for I got it straight from Major Marks. I would like to live in Orlando, but nobody offered me a home with a lake an orange grove, and so I reckon I will have to stay where I am.

But I am now here in Tampa, the thriving growing city of the Gulf. I have heard of Tampa nearly all of my life. Richard Henry Wilde who wrote so sweetly and so sadly, in his poem: My Life is Like the Summer Rose, speaks of Tampa's Desert Strand, and that gave me an unfavorable impression. Later on Frank Goulding wrote the Young Marooners, and located Tampa as the place where the devil fish ran away with the boat, and the children and I didn't like Tampa for that. But all that must have been some other Tampa, not this one, for there is no desert strand nor devil fish now. Old settlers, however, do say that the Young Marooners landed three miles below here at Ballast Point, and that devil fish used to abound in that region. They say also that a gentleman named De Soto, landed here and luxuriated on fish and oysters and wild oranges and flirted with the Indian maidens and still was not happy, and went away to find "something better."

These same old settlers also declare that about sixty years ago a British ship pursued a pirate on this coast, ran her up into a narrow channel; this bay and could not follow her; that during the night the pirates took all their treasures and buried it somewhere in the sand, abandoned their craft and got away. The last of the pirates died a few years ago in New Orleans, and on his death-bed told the point where the treasure was buried; and they say that this coast has been dug up for five miles, and that folks are still digging. I reckon the Yankees were not here during the war, for I know they would have found it; they found everything we buried in North Georgia.

This town is rough yet, for it is bran new; but it has started out right, and is bound to be a beautiful city. Its main street is about one hundred feet wide, is paved with cedar blocks and has street cars that are first-class. It has electric lights, the stores are splendid and there are new buildings going up all about, including a fifty-thousand-dollar court house. The Cuban part of the city is called Yboc city (pronounced Ebo), and their population is about four thousand, all of whom are in the cigar business. There are four immense factories, with

about five hundred workmen in each. It is the funniest place to go to that I ever saw. There is a little pulpit in the center of the great, long room, and up there is an educated Cuban reading the daily news to the workmen. All listen while he reads in a clear, distinct, musical voice, and ever and anon they make known their appreciation, as something strikes them that they approve or disapprove. But they do not stop their work for a moment. This reader gets four dollars a day, and it comes out of the workmen's wages. It is their schooling—their education—and the result is that these Cubans are well posted in politics, religion, science and history.

The women do the nicest, cleanest work about the cigar business, but they have no reader, and they say that they prefer to talk. Some of them are quite pretty and some awful homely, and they are of all colors, from the Anglo-Saxon pink cheeks to the dark mulatto; I saw some wealthy Cuban ladies at the Tampa bay hotel, and they were stylish, beautiful and well behaved. Every race has its own polloi and aristoi, as the scholars say—its first-class and its second-class. As my darkey Bob said when he had served out his sentence as a convict, "Dar is good people an' bad people everywhar; dar is some folks in de pent'ner just as good as folks outen dar."

Fifteen thousand dollars a week is paid to these cigar-makers and it is all spent right here and keeps them lively. Then there is the wonderful Plant Hotel. The most magnificent structure that I have ever seen. It is beautiful and gorgeous beyond conception, and made me think of the Arabian Nights and Aladdin's lamp. I wouldn't put up there for pay, I'd be afraid that I would do something wrong or break something or misbehave or that the breeds and the ladies would look at me and wonder where I came from. My good friend, Mr. McFall, chaperoned me all over it, and looked and wondered, but I wouldn't have gone through it alone for ten dollars. Why, I would be afraid to eat at the table or sleep in the beds or move or sneeze or blow my nose, I never was born to be a plutocrat, or to have his hifalutin ways. But it is all right for rich folks, and I like to see them spend their money. These Tampa people say that Florida lives off of rich Yankees in the winter and yam potatoes in the summer, and that's alright. Thank the good Lord they can't buy the climate and take it off. I haven't seen or heard a mosquito yet. I haven't been too warm or too cold. It is just right, just delightful, and all that I regret is that my wife and my children are not here to luxuriate with me. I am going fishing tomorrow and I'll catch a tarpon I will send you a scale.

BILL ARP.

A Valued Document.

From the Chairman, Maj. Jas. W. Wilson, we have received the first report of the North Carolina Railroad Commission. It is a complete document, highly valued here. It shows that there are 67 railroads in the State, with a total mileage of 3,432 miles, every county in the State being penetrated by one or more roads, save Alleghany, Ashe, Clay, Dare, Graham Hyde, Pamlico, Transylvania, Tyrrell, Watauga, Yadkin and Yancey; 12 counties. The taxable property of the railroads, was assessed in 1890 at \$12,321,704, and in 1891 at \$18,423,298; showing an increase of \$6,101,594. An interesting feature of the report is a summary of the capital stock, earnings, &c., of the roads. This shows that the capital stock is \$36,911,313 in North Carolina. The funded debt in North Carolina is \$38,584,974. The current liabilities are \$3,879,476. The gross earnings in North Carolina in 1891, year ending June 30, were \$8,651,625, and the operating expenses in this State for the same period were \$5,532,841. The report covers the canals. These are the Albemarle & Chesapeake, 15 1/4 miles in Currituck the Fairfield in Hyde; the Norfolk and North Carolina (the Dismal Swamp); the Clubfoot and Harlowe, in Craven and Carteret. There are tables showing the total value of the 3,482 miles of railway track, which is \$16,467,270; of rolling stock, \$1,682,921; other property, \$524,756. No valuation per mile is given officially for the Seaboard & Roanoke, Raleigh & Gaston and Wilmington & Weldon; in a foot note the \$10,000 per mile is set down as a value per mile. The report gives a complete history of each railway showing also its organization, officers properly operated, capital stock, funded debt, assets and liabilities, income account, earnings from operations, general balance sheet, mileage, terminal points, surpluses and salaries freight traffic, accidents, &c., &c.

I feel it my duty to write you in regard to the benefit your Bradycrotine has been to my wife. Ever since a child she has been subject to the most dreadful headaches, usually several times a month. She has tried doctors from Maine to California but none could cure these spells running her course. Bradycrotine has not failed to effect a cure in a single instance, one dose usually being sufficient.—Oscar F. Frost, Monmouth, Maine.

The man who does all his praying on his knees doesn't pray enough.

Sunken eyes, a pallid complexion, and disfiguring eruptions, indicate that there is something wrong within. Expel the lurking foe to health, by purifying the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Cures Erysipelas, Eczema, Salt-Rheum, Pimples, and Blisters.

SECOND PRESIDENTIAL TERMS.

Views Upon the Subject by Two Distinguished Chief Magistrates.

When an election to office shall be the election by the voters of one of their number to assume for a time a public trust, instead of his dedication to the profession of politics, when the holders of the ballot, quickened by a sense of duty, shall have truth betrayed and pledges broken, and when the suffrage shall be altogether free and uncorrupted, the full realization of a Government by the people will be at hand. And of the means to this end not one would in my judgment, be more effective than an amendment to the Constitution disqualifying the President from re-election. When we consider the patronage of this great office, the allurements of power, the temptation to retain public place once gained, and, more than all, the availability a party finds in an incumbent whom a horde of officeholders, with a zeal of benefits received and fostered by the hope of favors yet to come, stand ready to aid with money and trained political service, we recognize in the eligibility of the President for re-election a most serious danger to that calm, deliberate, and intelligent political action which must characterize a government by the people.—Hon. Grover Cleveland's Letter of Acceptance August 18, 1884.

I proceed to state, in as summary a manner as I can, my opinion of the sources of the evils which have been so extensively complained of, and the correctives which may be applied. Some of the former are unquestionably to be found in the defects of the Constitution; others, in my judgment, are attributable to a misconception of some of its provisions. Of the former, is the eligibility of the same individual to a second term of the Presidency. The sagacious mind of Mr. Jefferson early saw a lamented this error, and attempts have been made, hitherto without success, to apply the amendatory power of the States to its correction. As, however, one mode of correction is in the power of every President, and consequently in mine, it would be useless and perhaps, injurious, to enumerate the evils of which, in the opinion of many of our fellow-citizens this error of the sages who framed the Constitution may have been the source, and the bitter fruits which we are still to gather from it if it continues to disfigure our system. It may be observed, however, as a general remark, that republics can commit no greater error than to adopt or continue any feature in their systems of government which may be calculated to create or increase the love of power in the bosoms of those to whom necessity obliges them to commit the management of their affairs. And, surely, nothing is more likely to produce such a state of mind than the long continuance in an office of high trust. Nothing can be more corrupting. Nothing more destructive of those noble feelings which belong to the character of a devoted Republican patriot.

When this corrupting passion once takes possession of the human mind, like the love of gold, it becomes insatiable. It is the never-dying worm in his bosom, grows with his growth, and strengthens with the declining years of his victim. If this is true, it is the part of wisdom for a republic to limit the service of that officer, at least, to whom she has intrusted the management of her foreign relations, the execution of her laws, and the command of her armies and navies to periods so short as to prevent his forgetting that he is the accountable agent, not the principal—the servant, not the master. Until an amendment of the Constitution can be effected, public opinion may secure the desired object. I give my aid to it by renewing the pledge heretofore given, that, under no circumstances, I consent to serve a second term.—President Harrison's inaugural message, March 4th, 1841.

THE SECRET CONFERENCE.

It Would Seem That Conservatism Prevailed After all.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 4.—The Age-Herald is furnished with the following as a correct statement of the Alliance conference proceedings: "The day has been spent in receiving reports from different States upon the situation. Perfect harmony seems to prevail, and a wise conservatism that will prevent any radical action governs the entire work. All present express a determined support of Alliance principles by their constituents, and seem disposed to keep the order entirely free from any partisan entanglements. In all probability the resolutions to be passed will favor preserving to members inviolate the fullest right and freedom to affiliate politically with any party, making support of Alliance principles the only test of fealty."

Later.—While a majority of the members of the conference, which adjourned this afternoon, are for enforcing their demands through the People's party, an element developed which was opposed to any action which would appear like interference with a member's right to vote the Democratic ticket if he wished to. The result of the deliberations is a long address issued to the order, in which it is set forth that it shall first be told to each applicant for membership in the order that his obligations shall in no way interfere with his political or religious liberty, and that the order has no right to take any partisan, political, or sectarian religious action.

NEWS OF A WEEK.

WHAT IS HAPPENING IN THE WORLD AROUND US.

A Condensed Report of the News From Our Contemporaries Gleaned Here and There For Busy Readers.

Patti sang in Richmond April 29th to a \$9,000 house. In 1851 Jenny Lind sang to an \$18,000 house. Whew!

The Pittsboro Record hears that a white girl only twelve years old was married in Chatham county a few days ago. The law of North Carolina expressly declares that the marriage of a female under fourteen years of age is void.

At the municipal election held for Rocky Mount on Monday, T. H. Battle was re-elected mayor for the sixth time, with the following board of commissioners: T. G. Hackney, C. W. Hammond, Dr. G. L. Wimberly, Zack Daughtridge and C. E. Wilson.

Mr. J. W. Phillips raised last year as the product of two sows, 4,200 pounds of meat. He has sold \$130 worth besides furnishing his plantation to the present, and has reserved plenty for his family for the balance of the year.—Rocky Mount Argonaut.

Sunday night May 1st, Tymon Purdie, a negro man who brutally murdered Ed Cain, a young white man, a few nights before, was taken from the Bladen county jail and lynched by 150 people by hanging him to a tree 300 yards from the jail.

Mr. Jesse Pitt, of Edgecombe county, who was cured of the Morphia habit in the Keely Institute at Greensboro, writes a letter in which he says he now has no desire for the drug notwithstanding his regular dose was 20 grains per day. Now he does not want it.

The cost of the trial of John C. Davis, the young lawyer of Wilmington, who swindled his clients out of about \$20,000, to New Hanover county is nearly \$2,000. Judge Winston has ordered the transfer of Davis from the county jail to the insane asylum at Raleigh. The sheriff has written to Superintendent Wood and ascertained if Davis can be admitted, and will in the meantime keep him in close confinement.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury. Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken directly upon the seat of the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggist, price 75c per bottle.

PLEADING FOR UNITY.

An Alliance Address Issued by the Birmingham Conference.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 4. While the majority of the members of the Farmers' Alliance conference, which adjourned this afternoon, are for enforcing their demands through a people's party, an element developed which was opposed to any action that would appear like interference with a member's right to vote the Democratic ticket if he wished to. The result of the deliberations is the following address issued to the order: To the Brotherhood of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union: We the presidents and executive officers of the States of Tennessee, Kentucky, Missouri, Texas, Louisiana, Virginia, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, West Virginia, and Florida, together with members of our national executive committee, national legislative committee, national judiciary committee, and President L. L. Polk having been called together in council to consider the reported peculiar conditions in the order in the Southern States, which has been believed seriously threatened that harmony, brotherly love, and unity of action so necessary to the success of our cause and the success of our order in these States, after counseling together and hearing detailed reports, rejoice to say to you that we feel greatly encouraged and inspired by the splendid spirit of unity and determined adherence to principle which pervades the order in nearly every one of these States, notwithstanding the combined efforts of our enemies to sow seeds of discord in our ranks pending the heated political contests local and national.

We therefore feel it our duty as servants of the people we represent standing upon the outposts and watch-towers of this, the greatest political revolution ever known to the nation, to say to you that we have entered a crucial period in the history of our great reform movement, in which the greatest adherence, earnest deliberation, and strict caution to our principles are necessary to preserve intact that organization which stands to-day as the sheet anchor and hope of millions of wealth producers in the great battle for the God-given rights of humanity.

You are congratulated upon the great harmony and unity of sentiment in regard to Alliance principles which prevail within your borders and upon the fact that a careful canvass of the subject at this meeting

has shown that practically the members of the order in these States stand squarely upon their demands, with the avowed determination of holding devotion to them above that to any method of action, and that to-day the number of those who so endorse the principles of the Alliance is much greater than ever before.

A sentiment also prevails, strong and uniform, that this great order as an organization is the greatest of all modern forces for the spread of reform education, and that its work must be perpetuated and encouraged in this high sphere, entirely free from any partisan entanglements. The only dangers which seem in any way to threaten a lack of the fullest development and prosperity of the order are those which attend the disposition of a few men and papers to publicly criticize and condemn others for their methods. This is not sufficient extent to damage the order, but it mars that perfect unity that should prevail and always injures all concerned and is contrary to the spirit of brotherly love and forbearance that should prevail. Another evil, which fortunately prevails only in a very few localities, is the disposition of members to seek political office, at the hands of their brethren, forgetting that principle of Alliance doctrine which declares that the office should seek the man not the man the office.

In consideration of these views as to the situation the following rules of action are suggested as well calculated to enable the order to go through the coming ordeal of a fierce political contest and come out strengthened and purified.

First. First a spirit of harmony prevail and let unity of action be the rule. Let none condemn a brother who stands squarely by the principles of the order or speak in any way disparagingly or disrespectfully of him because they may differ as the best methods of enforcing our principles. Grant to every brother honesty of purpose.

Second. Let fealty to the principle of the order be the true and only test of membership, and let those who value partisan affiliations more than their Alliance obligations be informed that their order demands strict and full devotion to its principles, and leaves each to his own choice as to methods, but that the method can in no case control the principle, and therefore all who affiliate should accept as supreme the principles of the order.

Third. Every member who takes the obligation always administered to those who join it is first told as a condition precedent, and upon which all that is to follow is predicated: "That it shall in no way interfere with your political or religious liberty." Therefore this order as such, or any of its branches, has no right to take any partisan, political, or sectarian religious action. We urge upon the brotherhood of reform organizations and all good citizens who believe as we do, that the enactment of laws based upon our demands is for the preservation of the free institutions of our Government, and to rescue the masses from degraded servitude; that they use all honorable means to secure the election of men to our national legislative council who stand pledged to work for the passage of such laws.

Finally, brethren, remember that devotion to our principles can only be emphasized and our influence made effective by voting for our demands at the ballot-box. We send greeting to the brotherhood in the North and great Northwest and assure them that our hearts beat in unison with them in their efforts for industrial freedom and we will stand by them in all laudable efforts to redeem this country from the clutches of organized capital, and that we will stand with them at the ballot-box for the enforcement of our demands.

Signed by all the members of the conference. Birmingham, May 4.

A man will defend a woman against everybody except himself.

A Disfigured Countenance. Many people who would scarcely notice an armless or legless man will instantly detect and remark on any blemish of the human face, and dive into all sorts of speculations as to its cause and attendant circumstances. If you doubt this assertion become possessed of a disordered optic and note how much attention it will invite. A black eye is generally avoidable, but blotches, pimples, and other scabulous and eruptive marks steal upon us without warning, and are frequently the first intimation of the fact that our blood is going wrong. A prompt and systematic use of P. P. P. (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium), will purify the blood, cleanse the skin and give back to the face nature's familiar, ruddy sins of health. Get it of your druggist.

Most girls like to regard themselves as cold and unapproachable. State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss Lucas county.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the sole proprietor of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

The greatest charm of a good woman is that she is so little like a man.

With a record like Simmons' Liver Regulator all should use it for the liver, kidneys, and bowels.

Young:-Bros.

Are making a great display of all kinds of goods suitable for Spring and Summer, and you will find it to your advantage to examine these styles, qualities and prices before doing your shopping.

Clothing.

Half the men are not half suited in suits. They put up with just about half their money's worth. It's better to ride a donkey that carries you safely than a horse that throws you. Fairy stories are entertaining, but they are not to be taken seriously. A streak of common sense clears the atmosphere like a streak of lightning. For common sense buyers we have a common sense suit. It's just the thing to buy now; it's just the thing to wear now; it's better than most and it's as good as any. Our prices are 'way down. We will save you some money if you will come and see us.

New Neckwear.

We have just received a large shipment of Men's Neckwear. Elegant goods, new shades and latest shades.

AsCots Puffs

Wide four-in-hands, Tecks, Regular four-in-hands, bows and ties. There is no superior line shown in the county. See our neckwear window—15c. gets the choice. Some of these scarfs are worth 75c.

Remember The Candle

Will be lighted on the 30th of this month. You get a guess free of charge with every purchase. If you are a good guesser you may get a nice suit or dress free of charge.

Respectfully,

YOUNG BROS.

W. E. WARREN & CO. FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS. (Successors to B. F. Briggs & Co.) OFFICE OVER FIRST NAT. BANK, WILSON, N. C.

DR. W. S. ANDERSON, Physician and Surgeon, WILSON, N. C. Office in Drug Store on Tarboro St.

DR. ALBERT ANDERSON, Physician and Surgeon, WILSON, N. C. Office next door to the First National Bank.

DR. E. K. WRIGHT, Surgeon Dentist, WILSON, N. C. Having permanently located in Wilson, I offer my professional services to the public. Office in Central Hotel Building.

Scotland Neck Military School, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C. Spring Term Begins January 25th, 1892.

IDEAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Two things aimed at: Health of body and vigor of mind. Charges reasonable. For information address, W. C. ALLEN, Supt.

JOHN D. COUPER, MARBLE & GRANITE Monuments, Gravestones, &c. 111, 113 and 115 Bank St., NORFOLK, VA. Designs free. Write for prices. 5-14-19.

FOR SALE! Old paper, 50 cents per hundred. Call at this office.

Some Men Pay

TEN CENTS FOR A CIGAR THAT IS NO BETTER THAN AN

Old Virginia Cheroot.

THEY ARE SOLD FIVE FOR TEN CENTS.

