

The Wilson Advance

\$1 A YEAR CASH IN ADVANCE.

VOLUME XXVIII.

WILSON, N. C., MAY 5, 1898.

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

NUMBER 18.

DIRECTORY.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

LOCAL TRAINS:

N. Bound.	S. Bound.
Between Florence and Weldon. No. 78. 2:35 P. M. Leaves Wilson.	No. 23. 2:20 P. M. Leaves Wilson.
Between Wilmington and Norfolk. No. 48. 1:55 P. M. Leaves Wilson.	No. 49. 2:37 P. M. Leaves Wilson.
Between Goldsboro and Norfolk. No. 102. 5:41 A. M. Leaves Wilson.	No. 103. 7:17 P. M. Leaves Wilson.
"Shoo Fly" Wilmington to Rocky Mt. No. 40. 10:20 P. M. Leaves Wilson.	No. 41. 6:15 A. M. Leaves Wilson.

THROUGH TRAINS.

Between Florence and Weldon. No. 32. 12:22 A. M. Leaves Wilson.	No. 31. 11:06 P. M. Leaves Wilson.
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BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS.

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CHURCHES.

St. Timothy's church. Rev. Thomas Bell, pastor. Services: Sundays, 11 a. m., 7 p. m.; Sunday School at 3 p. m. Wednesdays, evening prayer 4 p. m., bible class 7:30 p. m. Fridays, evening prayer and address 7:30.
Methodist Church, Rev. J. B. Hurley, pastor; services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School, 5 p. m. J. F. Bruton, Supt. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7:30.
Christian Church, Rev. B. H. Melton, pastor; services every Sunday, 11 a. m., 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Sunday School at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., Geo. Hackney, Supt.

EDUCATION.

Presbyterian Church, Rev. James Thomas, pastor; services on the First, Third and Fourth Sunday in every month and at Louisburg Second Sunday. Services at 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Sunday School at 5 o'clock, p. m.
Baptist Church, service as follows: Preaching Sunday morning at 10:00 o'clock and 8 p. m. Rev. W. H. Redish, pastor. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday School at 5 p. m., D. S. Boykin, Supt.

REGULAR MEETINGS.

Regular meetings of Mt. Lebanon Lodge No. 117, A. F. & A. M. are held in their hall, corner of Nash and Goldsboro streets on the 1st and 3rd Monday nights at 7:30 o'clock, p. m. each month. C. E. Moore, W. M.
Regular meetings of Mt. Lebanon Chapter No. 27 are held in the Masonic Hall every 2nd Monday night at 7:30 o'clock, p. m. each month. W. H. Applewhite, H. P.
Regular meetings of Mt. Lebanon Commandery No. 4 are held in the Masonic hall every 4th Monday night at 7:30 o'clock each month. W. J. Boykin, E. C.
GEO. W. GRADY, Councillor.

REGULAR MEETINGS OF WILSON LODGE NO. 1694.

Regular meetings of Wilson Lodge No. 1694 are held in their hall over the 1st National Bank every 1st Thursday evening at 3:30 o'clock, p. m. B. F. Briggs, Director.

REGULAR MEETINGS OF CONTENTEA LODGE.

Regular meetings of Contentea Lodge, No. 27, K. of P., are held in Odd Fellows' Hall every Thursday night. Visiting members always welcome.

REGULAR MEETINGS OF ENTERPRISE LODGE.

Regular meetings of Enterprise Lodge, No. 44, are held every Friday night in Odd Fellows' Hall.

POST OFFICE HOURS.

Office opens 8 a. m. and closes at sunset. Day mails close for North at 1 p. m., " " " West " 1 p. m., " " " South " 1:30 p. m. Night mails for all points close at 9 p. m.

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DEWEY'S VICTORY.

Defeat of the Spanish Fleet at Philippine Islands.

TWO SPANISH SHIPS SUNK.

An Engagement That May Soon End the War.

NEWS COMES FROM SPANIARDS.

The Officials of the Spanish Government Endeavor to Secure Comfort in the Face of an Overwhelming Defeat by Declaring That the Americans Retreated—Our Warships Bombard Matanzas For Eighteen Minutes—National House Passes the War Relief Measure—Arrival of Steamer Paris at New York.

Washington, May 2.—Not since the dark days of the great civil conflict of a third of a century have the people of this city been so profoundly moved by war news as they were last evening. The first battle of the Hispano-American war has been fought, and victory lies with Admiral Dewey's squadron, under the Stars and Stripes.

While victory had been expected, the news of it—coming as it did come from Spanish sources—gave vent to the patriotism of the people which has been pent up for days. It was a spontaneous outburst of patriotic feeling that scarcely knew bounds. Admiral Dewey's name was on every lip and his praises were sung in the rejoicings of the people.

Officials of the navy department were reticent in discussing the conflict, in the absence of official information, but they made no pretense of concealing their gratification. Secretary Long declined to comment upon the subject, but it was evident that he felt relieved. It has been known for days at the navy department that a conflict at Manila was inevitable, and while no great fear of the result was expressed, there was a deep concern in the heart of every official.

Navy and army circles, after manifesting throughout the day the greatest eagerness for news from the Philippines, received with intense joy the advice telling of the victory of Admiral Dewey's fleet. Their satisfaction that the defeat of the Spanish had been overwhelming was strengthened by reason of the news coming first almost wholly from Madrid.

The absence of any statement of specific injury to the American vessels, in the Madrid advices, was construed as convincing indication that they had not suffered appreciable injury, and this was especially pleasing to the naval students of the news. It was pointed out as little less than marvellous that the American squadron escaped without severe injury, because, notwithstanding the disparity in the naval forces, the Spanish fleet, assisted by the shore batteries, should have been able to inflict severe damage to its foe before itself being destroyed. Its failure to do so was explicable only upon the hypothesis of perfect and swift work by the Americans.

An opinion freely expressed by naval officers is that the very decisive victory of Admiral Dewey's fleet will mean probably an early end to the war, without further naval battles of importance. It was suggested in official circles that Admiral Dewey's landing had a twofold purpose. It was not only that the wounded might have better care than they could receive on shipboard, in the face of other probable engagements, but also to carry out what was known to be Admiral Dewey's purpose to effect a junction with the insurgents as soon as possible. The insurgents practically surround Manila. A demand is likely to be made for the surrender of the city, and in the event of a refusal a combined attack would be made upon it.

COMMODORE DEWEY'S DARING.

He May Renew the Attack, If He Has Not Done So Already.

London, May 2.—While it is quite clear that the Spanish squadron at Manila has suffered a crushing defeat, the despatches leave unclear the intensely interesting question whether the American squadron has suffered material damage. All news thus far comes from Spanish sources, but it seems evident that Commodore Dewey has not captured Manila. Unless he is able to make another attack and capture the town, he will be in an awkward position, having no base upon which to retire and to refit. Commodore Dewey displayed great pluck and daring in making for the inner harbor. According to private

advice received from Madrid, United States cruisers Olympia and Raleigh and two other vessels, the names of which are not given, entered the harbor. Probabilities point in the direction of the second engagement having occurred through the Spaniards trying to prevent the landing of the American forces. Reliable details cannot be had until the commodore's squadron is able to communicate with Hong Kong. There is, however, a suspicious frankness about the Spanish despatches that favors a desire to break unpleasant news to the Spaniards. It is not unlikely, therefore, that Commodore Dewey may be able to renew the attack, if he has not already done so.

SPAIN'S FUTILE EFFORT

To Extract Comfort Out of an Overwhelming Defeat.

"AMERICAN SHIPS RETREATED."

According to the Official Report They "Took Refuge Behind the Merchant Ships in the Harbor"—Two Spanish Vessels Sunk and Spanish Commanders Killed.

Madrid, May 2.—Advices from Manila say that the American squadron, under Commodore Dewey, appeared off the Bay of Manila at 5 o'clock Saturday morning and opened a strong cannonade against the Spanish squadron and forts protecting the harbor. The Spanish second class cruiser Don Juan de Austria was severely damaged and her commander killed. The American squadron retired, having also sustained severe damage. A second naval engagement followed, in which the American squadron again suffered considerable loss and the Spanish warship Mindano and Ulca were slightly damaged.

THE WORK OF ENLISTMENT.

Calling the Roll of Pennsylvania's Militia at Mount Gettysburg. Mount Gettysburg, Pa., May 2.—Sunday at Camp Hastings brought to the soldiers a refreshing relief from the hard daily routine of drill, and in its stead the camp was thrown open to the relatives and friends of the officers and men. Special and regular trains brought over 5,000 persons to the grounds. The visitors were largely the parents, wives and sweethearts and relatives of the guardsmen, but the usual light heartedness incident to an encampment was noticeable by its absence. In its place there was a suppression of spirits which told plainly that the men were there for war duty, and that this might be the last time that the soldier boy would see his dear one. When the tattoo was sounded at 9:30 last evening and the time for leave taking came there were many touching and pathetic farewells. One mother whose three sons go with the Eighteenth regiment of Pittsburgh embraced each separately, while the father, with a Grand Army button on his coat and wearing an empty sleeve, stood by with stern features and a far away look on his face, as if thinking his light hearted boys little knew of the hardships that might come with the future.

Inspector General Morrill yesterday ordered the inspection and muster of the men to begin today, beginning with the First Brigade. After inspection the captains will call the companies' roll, and on each man's name is called he will still retain membership in it. This same course will be followed with the remaining commands of that brigade. Tomorrow the Second brigade will be inspected, and on Wednesday the Third brigade. All men not volunteering will be sent home as soon as possible, but will still retain membership in the guard. By tonight it will be known how many men of the First brigade have enlisted for war duty.

Insured the Flag, Fled From Lynchburg. Fort Scott, Kan., April 2.—George E. Bowman, an associate editor of The Appeal to Reason, a socialist paper published at Girard, and who was the Socialist candidate for lieutenant governor of Rhode Island two years ago, had been captured in the article which so save his life from a mob of citizens incensed at an article he wrote for the paper. The mob, which had a rope, intended to hang him. He escaped through the rear door and ran to this city, a distance of 25 miles, without money or baggage. The article which incensed the people referred to the national flag as a piece of painted rag tied to a stick.

Arrival of the Cruiser Topeka. New York, May 2.—The United States cruiser Topeka, formerly the Diogenes, commanded by Lieutenant J. J. Knapp, which sailed from Falmouth, Eng., April 13, arrived safely in port yesterday, after a rough passage of 12 days. The Topeka entered the narrows at 9 a. m., where she slowed down for the health officer's inspection, which was completed at 10 o'clock, on her discharge of Tompkinsville. The cruiser carries a crew of 46 men. Lieutenant Knapp said he had not sighted any war vessels during the voyage.

European Powers Will Protest.

London, April 29.—It was officially announced yesterday that the European powers are to make joint representation to the United States on the subject of the proposed increase in the tonnage tax, pointing out the onerousness of the proposed measure on European trade. The bill is received with such newspaper headlines as "Yankee Cuteness, The World, and Especially England, to Pay for the War."

Miss Gould's Generous Offer.

New York, April 30.—President McKinley has replied to the note of Miss Helen Gould, offering to donate to the government \$100,000, charging her for her generous offer, and stating that in the absence of special authorization of congress he is unable to accept it. He suggests, however, that if she should see fit to invest the money in a vessel to be purchased by the navy no congressional action in that case would be necessary.

The Oregon Leaves Rio Janeiro.

Montevideo, Uruguay, May 2.—It is announced in a dispatch from Rio Janeiro, Brazil, that the United States gunboat Marietta, as well as the United States battleship Oregon, arrived at that port Saturday and resumed their voyage forth yesterday, accompanied by the United States dynamite cruiser Nichteroy, recently purchased from Brazil by the government of the United States.

Blanco Preparing a Desperate Defense.

London, May 2.—The Havana correspondent of The Daily Mail, telegraphing on April 26, says Captain General Blanco has determined upon a desperate defense of Havana. In Matanzas 10,000 soldiers are engaged day and night in throwing up earthworks and encompassing the entire city in a segment of great circles.

Shafter Will Command in Cuba.

Tampa, Fla., May 2.—General Shafter will command the army of occupation in Cuba, and the troops will not leave here for Cuba for ten days at least.

"In a minute" one dose of HART'S ESSENCE OF GINGER will relieve any ordinary case of Colic, Cramps or Nausea. An unexcelled remedy for Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Summer complaints and all internal pains. Sold by B. W. Hargrave.

WAR NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Steamer Paris Reaches New York, Having Eluded Spain's Warships.

Washington, May 2.—It was officially announced on Monday of last week that Assistant Secretary Roosevelt will withdraw from the navy department and take the field as lieutenant colonel of a cavalry regiment composed mainly of western cowboys. The colonel of the regiment will be Dr. Wood, of the army. Assistant Secretary Roosevelt will join his command in two or three weeks. Commander John Wynne, a retired naval officer, was appointed a prize commissioner, with headquarters at Key West, to act with two others to be appointed as a commission to appraise vessels and cargoes captured in the war. The navy department purchased two more tugs for the auxiliary navy. John Jacob Astor, of New York, has raised and equipped, at his own expense, a battery of artillery, and will transport them to the front when the government calls. It was announced that the port of Fort Monroe would be blockaded from sunset to sunrise each night.

Another important event of last Monday was the formal declaration of war passed by both houses of congress. In the house there was no debate, and not a dissenting voice. In the senate an attempt to attach a Cuban insurgent recognition resolution caused some debate, but was defeated by 24 to 38. The bill declares that war has existed since April 21.

On Tuesday the president issued a proclamation laying down rules as to the seizure of prizes and giving Spanish vessels in our ports until May 21 to take their departure. By the terms of the proclamation the neutral flag covers enemy's goods not contraband of war, which are not liable to confiscation. Spanish vessels which sailed for any port bound to the United States prior to April 21 shall be permitted to enter and discharge their cargoes, provided the vessel searched shall not have on board "any officers in the military or naval service of the enemy, or any coal (except such as may be necessary for their voyage) or any other article prohibited, or contraband of war, or any dispatch of or to the Spanish government. Mail steamers are not to be interfered with except on the clearest ground of suspicion." Under the terms of the proclamation it is believed some of the ships already captured will be released. Fifty-five young men graduated from the United States military academy, and were at once sent to Washington to be given commands. The torpedo boat Somers was forbidden to leave English waters, owing to England's declaration of neutrality. The passage of Spanish mail from this country was ordered suspended. The Fuerst-Bismarck and Columbia were purchased from the Hamburg-American line for the auxiliary navy. People of Porto Rico are appealing to the United States for arms and ammunition, with a view of rising against Spanish misrule. Five steamers and a number of schooners and small craft have been captured by the Cuban blockading squadron. The little lighthouse tender captured schooner Maria Estrella, U. S. A., has landed in Cuba and gone to perfect arrangements with Calixto Garcia, the insurgent general, for landing United States troops on the island. Secretary Sherman retired finally on Tuesday from the position of secretary of state, and his duties were assumed in the person of Judge Day. John Bassett Moore was confirmed on Wednesday as assistant secretary of state.

On Wednesday the monitor Terror captured a rich prize off Key West and towed it into Key West. It is the little steaming schooner Maria Estrella, U. S. A., which was captured on Monday. She was bound for Havana, and carried seven passengers and a crew of ten. She carried a valuable cargo of bananas and 300 casks of wine, besides \$70,000 in silver specie.

In the national house on Wednesday there was a vigorous opposition to the section of the war measure bill providing for a \$500,000,000 bond issue, Mr. Bailey and others advocating an income tax. In the senate a resolution was introduced asking for information as to the amount of an appropriation necessary to arm, equip and furnish with munitions of war the Cuban army now at war with Spain.

Why allow yourself to be slowly tortured at the stake of disease? Chills and fever will undermine, and eventually break down, the strongest constitution. "FEBRI-CURA" (Sweet Chill Tonic of Iron) is more effective than Quinine and being combined with Iron is an excellent Tonic and Neryine Medicine. It is pleasant to take, is sold under positive guarantee to cure or money refunded. Accept no substitutes. The "just as good" kind don't effect cures. Sold by B. W. Hargrave.

Another event of Wednesday last was the bombardment of the forts at Matanzas by the cruisers New York and Cincinnati and the monitor Puritan. The bombardment lasted only 15 minutes, but in that time the forts were practically annihilated. They made a feeble resistance, none of their shells striking the warships. The Spanish official account declares that only a mule was killed by the American guns.

On Thursday the monitor Terror and gunboat Machias made a big capture off Cardenas. The Spanish vessel taken was the steamer Guido, of 3,112 tons, with a crew of 30. Manuel Rivas, a sailor, was in the pilot house of the Guido when a shell struck it and he was fatally wounded by splinters penetrating his breast. Many regiments of the regular army have been ordered to Tampa, Fla., preparatory to being landed in Cuba. The Ogden Golet estate refused to accept the \$500,000 offered by the government for the yacht Mayflower, now with Admiral Sampson's fleet, and giving the vessel as a prize gift.

On Saturday morning the American light steamer Yule (rechristened the Yule) arrived at New York, and was received with wild enthusiasm. There had been great fears that she would be captured by a Spanish warship, and her escape was made the occasion of a spontaneous patriotic demonstration.

CASTORIA. The Kid You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

CUBA'S FORTIFICATIONS.

Returning Vice Consul Pronounces Them Very Poor.

MORRO CASTLE OVERESTIMATED.

No Industries in Cuba, and the Situation Is Most Appalling—Starvation Is on the Increase, and the Firebrand of War Has Levelled All Centers of Industry.

Baltimore, May 2.—Charles Fox, former United States vice consul at Santiago de Cuba, arrived at his home in this city yesterday. He came on the British steamship Cabral, which sailed on April 23, the day war was declared with Spain. When the news was received that war had been declared all the vessels in the harbor were notified to leave by 6 p. m., and any that remained after that time were liable to have their stores of provisions confiscated by the Spanish authorities.

In addition to his duties as consul Mr. Fox acted as auditor of the Juragu Mining company, whose mines are located near Santiago. "The party of which I was a member," said Mr. Fox, "was the last to leave the island. I would have stayed longer in the country in the interests of the Juragu company, but I was formerly notified that hostilities between the United States and Spain had begun, and that the Spanish government had taken possession of the company's mines. There was nothing for me to do then but leave."

"Speaking of the fortifications on the Cuban coast, he said: 'I think they are very poor. There is something that they call a fort at Santiago, but I do not think that it would exist for many minutes during a bombardment.' As for Morro Castle, at Havana, it is not all that is claimed for it. At one period of time, many years ago, it might have been a most formidable fort, but it could hardly, at this stage of warfare, withstand a fire of the American gunboats."

"There are no industries in Cuba. Every iron mine is closed, and the factories of all classes are out of work. The situation is most appalling. Where once stood factories is now a burned waste, and starvation is on the increase. The firebrand of war has levelled all centers of industry to the ground, and it will be years before the country will be the same as it was before the insurrection.

"As far as the Cuban army is concerned, it could hold its own for years on the island. The insurgents control the entire inland country, and the Spanish soldiers can make no headway whatever."

Austrian Emperor's Gift to Spain.

London, April 29.—The Vienna correspondent of The Morning Post says: "Empress Francis Joseph privately presented to the Spanish government a naval subscription in Spain, and has further shown his sympathy by permitting a number of Austro-Hungarian officers to join the Spanish fleet."

El Shaw Acquitted.

Camden, N. J., May 2.—The jury in the case of El Shaw, on trial for the murder of his grandmother, brought in a verdict of not guilty. Shaw is still held on the charge of murdering his mother, but it is not believed he will ever be brought to trial.

Diseases of the Blood and Nerves.

No one need suffer with neuralgia. This disease is quickly and permanently cured by Brown's Iron Bitters. Every disease of the blood, nerves and stomach, chronic rheumatism, neuritis, Brown's Iron Bitters, known and used for nearly a quarter of a century, stands today foremost among our most valued remedies. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all druggists.

American Liners and Prize Seekers.

Washington, April 30.—It is entirely possible that the operations of the American fleet in Cuban waters, in the matter of seizing Spanish vessels as prizes, will be soon completely eclipsed by the performance of the swift ocean greyhound, recently purchased by the government from the American line. Three of these vessels, St. Paul, St. Louis and Harvard (ately New York), have been fitted with armor protection over all their exposed machinery and have already received good batteries. It is rumored that they are to be rushed to sea and are to head directly for the coast of Spain, where they will be in wait for a number of richly laden Spanish vessels now afloat.

Guarding the Powder Works.

Washington, D. C., May 2.—The banks of the Potomac river are being guarded by the Dupont Powder works, more a military appearance yesterday. At 5 o'clock yesterday morning Batteries G and M, Fourth artillery, U. S. A., arrived at Montross, a small station near the powder works, via Wilmington. They will act as a guard for the powder works. Since the explosion of powder mills in different parts of the country the government and the Dupont company have feared treachery on the part of Spanish agents, and the government decided to place an armed patrol about the works. Only employees are now allowed near the establishment.

Distressing Stomach Disease.

Permanently cured by the mastery powers of South American Neryine Tonic. Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health giving force. Pleasant and always safe.

Sold by E. F. Nadal, Druggist, Wilson, N. C.

A WESTERN CYCLONE.

House Turned Upside Down, But the Occupants Escaped Injury.

Sapulpa, I. T., May 2.—A cyclone struck this town yesterday, resulting in considerable damage to property and the injury of several people. Mrs. R. Taylor and two babies were removed from the ruins of their demolished house dangerously hurt. The residence of Robert Howell, a merchant, was turned upside down while the family were all inside, but all escaped injury. Rev. Mr. Ray and family, residing in the Methodist parsonage, narrowly escaped from their dwelling just as the storm twisted it from its foundation. Other dwellings and storehouses were more or less injured, and the town is flooded as a result of a cloudburst. Sapulpa is within three miles of the path of the cyclone that swept away Chandler, O. T., a year ago.

Returning Vice Consul Pronounces Them Very Poor.

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CASTORIA. The Kid You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

SIX WORKMEN KILLED

By the Explosion of a Powder Mill Near Dover, N. J.

Easton, Pa., April 29.—The town of Dover, in Morris county, N. J., and the country within a radius of 20 miles, was slung with yesterday afternoon by a series of terrific explosions. The explosions occurred in the Atlantic Powder company's works, and the plant is now a complete mass of ruins. Six workmen were killed and four others were seriously injured, several of them fatally. Many of the injured were exploded by flying sparks, until all were wiped out.

The bodies of the dead were horribly mangled. The head was missing from some, while here and there lay legless and armless trunks. Many of the injured were cut and maimed so badly that some of them cannot recover. The dead are Alfred Rarick, William Stuppff, Casper Ray, David Scheer, William Haycock and Elias Abers. All were killed.

Didn't Know It Was Loaded? Fool. Amsterdam, N. Y., May 2.—Fool. A company was making preparations to leave for Hempstead, George De Graff was shot and killed by a revolver in the hands of a companion named Wilbur Jermalon. Jermalon pointed the revolver at De Graff, thinking the revolver was not loaded, when it was discharged. De Graff was 17 years old and the son of Dr. Emanuel E. De Graff, of New York city.

Now is the time that every one should take a spring tonic to strengthen the system and prepare for the extra demands of Nature. Every spring the system is thoroughly overhauled—there is a general housecleaning going on within. The impurities that have been accumulating for a year must be gotten rid of, and the system renovated and prepared for the siege of summer. Unless Nature is assisted in this task, the strain on the system is too severe, and a breakdown is the result. Some people neglect to supply this assistance, and as a result they are overcome by an enervating, depressed feeling, their energies relax, appetite fails, and they are totally disabled for a season. Everybody just now needs a tonic, and Swift's Specific

S. S. S. For the Blood

is logically the best tonic on the market. The general health needs building up, hence a tonic is needed that is entirely harmless. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, and is the only blood remedy that is guaranteed to contain no potash, mercury, or other harmful mineral ingredient. It is Nature's remedy, being made from roots and herbs gathered from Nature's great storeroom. It thoroughly cleanses the blood of all impurities, tones up the general health, renews the appetite, and imparts new life and vigor to the entire system. Dangerous typhoid fever and other prevalent summer diseases seldom attack a person whose system is thoroughly cleansed and toned up with S. S. S. in the spring. Get S. S. S. and be prepared. Sold by all druggists.

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