THIS PAPER
ublished every afternoon, Sundays excepted by
JOSH. T. JAMES.
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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THE DAILY REVIEW.

VOL. 2. WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1877. NO. 26.

THE FIGHT IN OREGON.

he last stand of the Democratic party be in Oregon and it is proposed to e a stubborn fight there, and in the uage of the telegraphic report, "they hey will win there or utterly disgrace Commission." To do the latter would be a very difficult matter, but to win e judge and jury are both against you undertaking too difficult to waste h even in talking about. Those who Florida and Louisiana will steal on as well. They care but little how one only they propose to do it. The t is a foregone conclusion and if it d suddenly be ascertained now that man in Oregon but one had voted Tilden the State would be given to . So let's don't talk about "winnything. If we are not prepared ace steel against steal there is no hope honest decision from the majority returning board at Washington

NEWS SUMMARY.

e new printing bill, which was by the President last week, reduces compensation of compositors from 50 cents per thousand ems, and 40 an hour for time work. —— The rnment has submitted to the Chamber puties a proposition to appropriate 000 for the purchase by the State fabrics in Lyons, in order to give and relief to the suffering operators have been thrown out of employ- —— Secretary Morrill has so for ered as to be pronounced out of . —— There is but little hope of the safe arrival of the missing er, George Cromwell; she is supd to have struck on St. Mary's Cape, e 5th of January; Cape St. Mary is ty-five miles west of Cape Race, where eorge Washington was wrecked. The operators of the Wamsutta strike to-day. ——They are trying o foist Zach Chandler back into the e; Christiancy to go to the Supreme Bench and Chandler to succeed him. Gov. Tilden is perfectly unruffled the news of the great big steal. The excitement at Shamockin, Pa., d by the stoppage of the Miners' and Safe Deposit Company, Friday, tensified Saturday by the suspen- of the Northumberland County nal Bank. —— H. B. Claflin, and er member of the firm of Claflin & New York, told a reporter Friday g that neither of them had recomd W. H. Weldon to P. H. Pepper, ble, nor had they known anything n at any time. —— The steamer Cromwell, which has been lost, had assengers and a crew of twenty-three s.

[Raleigh Observer.]

General Assembly.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 16.

Troy: Bill to regulate the sales of ts and measures and to collect the its now due. Finance.

Scales: Bill to amend chapter 316, f civil procedure. Judiciary.

Bennett: Bill to prohibit the sale or within two miles of Concord , Brunswick county. Propositions evances.

motion of Mr. Scales, the bill for the of the N. C. Agricultural Society stponed till Wednesday next at 12 .

motion of Mr. Stickney, the bill for uction of the New River Canal, in county, was taken up.

Stickney offered to amend that the es incurred for surveying swamps, hall be borne equally by the State nal Company.

Scales offered to amend so that the ny shall bear the expenses.

amendment of Mr. Scales was d, and as thus amended, the amendof Mr. Stickney was adopted.

Troy offered to amend so that the shall be commenced in one and com- in three years. Adopted.

York offered to amend so as to give ate equal privileges in said canal. ed.

Scales opposed the bill and said he detain the Senate for a few minutes he had not expected to add any to the views expressed some two ago. This bill had been knocking ly and persistently at the doors of eneral Assembly for the past six The Assembly had been thoroughly d on the subject from the beginning present session. Killed two weeks e bill was again before the Senate ted by a large petition from the s of Wilmington and the recomtion of the Literary Board. He to no Senator in the magnitude of pect for the members of the Liteoard individually or as a body; but re to decide these questions and all for ourselves and on our own judgand consciences. It was alleged by the friends of the bill that the scheme was impracticable. The persistency and urgency with which the company had sought its passage for six years, plainly indicated that there was something in it. If it was impracticable, however, why consume our time and cumber our statute books with it? But the danger of the bill lay in the other hypothesis. If it was practicable, and he believed it was, he regarded the proposition as a disastrous one to the common school fund of the State. The bill proposes to allow this New River Canal Company to dig a navigable canal forty miles long, and drain two hundred and fifty thousand acres of the land belonging to the common school fund of the State, and in consideration the State is to convey one hundred and twenty-five thousand acres to the said company and in addition to give it the entire control and monopoly of the canal. The question he desired the friends of the bill to answer was, if this scheme would pay private individuals or a company, why would it not pay the State? It is true that the State was never more impoverished than now; but, paradoxical as it may appear, she was never better able to undertake this work. She has now, and will have at her control for years to come, a thousand convicts.

The support of these convicts would cost her no more in the swamps of North Carolina than in the walls of the penitentiary. They must be fed, clothed and guarded in either place alike. If then, this scheme would pay the company, which had to hire its labor, why would it not pay the State, whose labor was ready furnished to hand, without a cent of additional cost? The gentleman representing the company claims that with three dredging machines, costing about $18,000, and fifty laborers, he expects to complete the work in five months. If so, how would the matter then stand? The State will have paid for this work 125,000 acres of land and the monopoly of the canal. Some of those lands are said to be the finest in the world. Our geological report says that some of them have been in cultivation for more than a hundred years without any sensible diminution of fertility. Our State Geologist says that one-tenth of these lands is worth from $50 to $100 per acre, or were readily worth that sum before the war. Suppose they average $10 only. We have paid for this work $1,250,000 in land. Let us take one-tenth at the lowest estimate of $50 per acre, and we will then have paid for it $625,000, even if we throw aside 112,500 acres as utterly worthless. He ventured the assertion that if the proposition was before the Senate to-day to appropriate to this work $20,000 in cash, because of our impoverished condition it wouldn't receive five votes in Sente, and yet we are gravely asked to give to it somewhere from one to two or three millions in land of the common school fund. Nor is this all. This proposed canal leads, by way of Northeast River, Grant Creek and other streams into the navigable eastern waters of the State which in the northeast open through the Albemarle & Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk and the ocean. Thus a great inland water way is opened up from Washington City to Wilmington, and the bill virtually gives this company, in effect, the monopoly and control of all the commerce which seeks, through its channels, Wilmington or the more southern perts. This route would avoid too the dangerous North Carolina coast, always the terror to mariners.

This is, indeed, a magnificent scheme which this company has in view, and why may it not at some no very distant day become the source of a magnificent income to the common schools of the State. Suppose we had a railroad running from the mouth of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to within 40 miles of Wilmington, who would turn over the entire road to this company to build the remaining portion and in addition give it every alternate section of land on the forty miles to be built? Mr. Scales also briefly adverted to the prospect of having the work completed by appropriation from the Federal Congress at no distant day as a conclusive answer to alleged necessity for the passage of the bill.

In conclusion Mr Scales said:

Mr. President: The people of North Carolina hold nothing more sacred than the heritage of her children, the common school fund of the State, to which this land belongs. And should our good old mother wake up some morning to find these 155,000 acres of land blooming like a garden and pouring their rich products into the lap of this company; insted of into the laps of her children; should she find this canal yielding to a soulless corporation a splendid revenue which ought to be used in dotting her hillsides and valleys with neat school houses, she may well say to us, you have betrayed the trust I reposed in you, and wasted the birthright of my children.

Mr. Finger spoke in favor of the bill and urged its passage as it was giving this company nothing more than the State had offered before the war. He argued that it would prove a great advantage to that section, and greatly advance the State's interest in the lands held for educational purposes.

On motion of Mr. York the bill was indefinitely postponed. Yeas 20; nays 16.

Bill to authorize the commissioners of Bladen county to appoint a tax collector to collect arrears of taxes of said county was taken up and passed its third reading.

Resolution to appoint a committee to inquire into the disposition of the funds derived from the stock of the State in the N. C. R. R. was taken up and adopted.

Bill to annex Eagle's and Smith's Island to New Hanover county was, on motion, indefinitely postponed.

Bill to authorize the commissioners of the several counties to farm out convicts to work on the streets and other places was taken up and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Bill to prevent speculation in county claims by county officials was taken up and passed.

By permission Mr. Dortch introduced a bill to provide for fish ways in the several streams of the State. Propositions and grievances.

The bill then passed its third reading.

Bill to incorporate the Angola Canal Company was taken up and made the special order for Saturday week.

The chair announced as the Senate branch of joint committee on fish culture, Messrs Crawford, Moore, col., of New Hanover, and Coke.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Bryant: A resolution providing for the adjournment *sine die* at 12 o'clock M., on Saturday Feb. 17th, 1877. Propositions and grievances.

Williamson, col.: An act to prevent cruelty to animals. Judiciary.

Lloyd, col.: A bill to be entitled an act to restore the rights of citizenship to all persons convicted for any crime since the adoption of the constitutional amendments. Propositions and grievances.

Mr. Wilson, of New Hanover: A bill to authorize the commissioners of New Hanover county to levy a special tax. Propositions and grievances.

Mr. Spake: A bill to be entitled an act to establish a new county by the name of Wade Hampton. Counties, cities, towns and townships.

Mr. Bryant: A bill to submit the question of repudiating the State debt to the qualified voters of the State. Calendar.

The bill for the speedy completion of the Western North Carolina Railroad was taken up as the special order and was postponed until the Machinery Bill shall have been disposed of.

The bill entitled "An act to provide for the collection of taxes by the State known as the Machinery Bill," was taken up on its second reading, as amended by the committee of the whole, and the bill passed its second and third readings.

Crews, col., offered a resolution in relation to the amended Constitution, which passed its first reading, and was placed on the calendar.

The bill entitled "an act for the speedy completion of the Western North Carolina Railroad" was taken up.

A message from the Senate informing the House of the concurrence of the Senate in certain House amendments, and that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment striking out the private stockholders; also returning a new amendment to the bill.

The House agreed to the Senate amendment and the bill was adopted.

LOCAL NEWS.

New Advertisements.

CHAS. D. MYERS & CO—The Hebo Tea.
GILES & MURCHISON—The Cheapest Place.
W. G. FOWLER, JR—Economy, Why Not?
E. ARTIS—Shaving and Hair Cutting.
JOHN W. GORDON & BRO—Losses Paid Promptly.
A. SHRIER.—Partly-Made Shirts at 50 cents, worth $2.50.

Our friends and patrons will please understand that carrier boys are not allowed to sell copies of the REVIEW *Please do not buy of them or encourage them to sell as it will positively cost the boy his situation when detected.*

Veritable March weather to-day.

The Magistrates were all idle this forenoon.

The Knights of Honor meets this evening.

The *Emanuel*, Olsen, from this port, arrived at Texel on the 29th ult.

Steamship *Benefactor*, from this port, arrived at New York on the 16th.

The *Falken*, Christiansen, sailed from Cadiz for this port on the 27th ult.

The storm signal was thrown to the breeze this morning at 11 o'clock.

The *Friedrike Weyers*, Kriegel, cleared at Rotterdam on the 29th ult. for this port.

We hav'nt seen the Weldon *News* for ever so long. We have missed its bright and pleasant face for several issues.

What odd heads the ladies must have. A Paris writer says ladies will have bonnets of seventy-two shapes to choose from next fall.

Black satin is revived. It is used for evening dresses, made entirely of the one material, and in combination with black silk or velvet is worn in street costumes.

The round-de-lay of the hen is heard in the land. The country folks tell us it is one incessant cackle from morning till night, and as a consequence eggs are plentiful and cheap everywhere.

The Colored Insane.

Saturday's Raleigh *Observer* says: The legislative committee to visit Goldsboro, Wilson, Tarboro and Wilmington, relative to selecting a suitable location for an insane asylum for colored insane, will be in Goldsboro on Monday next from which place they will proceed to Wilson and Tarboro, thence to Wilmington.

Annual Parade and Supper.

Howard Relief Fire Engine Company No. 1 will to-morrow afternoon and night celebrate their anniversary. The members of this veteran corps will parade with their steamer during the afternoon and have a ball at night at their Engine House on Fourth street. The engine and hose will be decorated and the boys will look their best both on parade and in the mazes of the dance as well.

Pocket Picking.

Martha Williams, colored, charged with stealing a pocket-book from Remus Thomas, was arrested this morning and lodged in the guard house to await a hearing before the Mayor to-morrow morning. She is also charged with stealing a pocket-book from Charles Herring, but as this party is now absent from the city the case will not be heard until his return.

City Court.

The following cases were disposed of by the Mayor this mornig:

John Piver, charged with disorderly conduct, was fined $25 and costs or 30 days work on the streets.

A party was charged with selling liquor on Sunday but the case against him was dismissed.

Several cases were continued over.

B'nai B'rith.

The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of the B'nai B'rith for the jurisdiction embracing Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina, Georgia and the District of Columbia, have decided to establish a fund for the erection of an Orphan Asylum. Each lodge in the district is to be taxed fifty cents for each member, and entertainments are to be gotten up for the benefits of this fund. The fund will not be used until $10,000 is collected.

Buying by Sample.

As our commercial readers are interested in this question, we copy for their benefit the following paragraph from the Philadelphia *Ledger*, which says that, under a recent decision of the Supreme Court of Philadelphia, in the case of Boyd & Co., vs. Wilson & Stewart:

The buyer and seller in these transactions between merchants and commercial travelers must have a distinct understanding as to whether the merchandise is to correspond to the sample; nothing must be taken for granted; the sample when no agreement is made, only regulates the kind and not the quality of the goods; and so long as the goods delivered are a merchantable article of the same kind as the sample, there is no breach of warranty or actionable variation from the contract.

From this it follows that in all contracts thus made, the specifications for the protection of the purchaser, should be arranged with great care and attention, as a matter of substance as well as form.

Too Bad.

Our readers will remember that this city was visited a few weeks since by a fortune-teller who, in a way best known to herself, managed to tell in some cases, it is said with marked truthfulness, past incidents in persons' lives, and also pretended to open up the future for the curious and credulous to look into. We have been told that among the number visiting her for the purpose of having a peep into futurity was a prominent official of this city whose political aspirations not long since met with a sudden and severe check in the shape of a most disastrous defeat. Being desirous of knowing when and where his political misfortunes would end he repaired to the fortune-teller, *incog.* of course. Entering the woman's room and being called by name, he was soon told more than he was prepared to hear. In fact he was advissd to "pack his kit" and prepare to subside into the shades of private life. His exit was made in a hurry and the story goes that he exercised such an influence over the powers that be, that the poor woman was made to pay $50 a day for the privilege of telling more interesting and more agreeable news to others, and she was therefore compelled to take herself from our midst, leaving a number of persons in the dark as to their future weal or woe. This story May or may not be true, but it is certain that that fifty dollar tax broke in on what was a splendid business in the way of raking in the loose change of the foolish and credulous people among us.

Rev. Thos. Atkinson.

Saturday's Raleigh *News* says: This distinguished prelate, the Bishop of the Episcopal diocese, is in the city, and will preach this morning at 11 o'clock and administer the holy rite of confirmation at Christ Church, and this evening at 7:30 will preach and administer confirmation at the Church of the Good Shepherd.

The New River Canal Bill.

We are sorry to learn that the bill known as the Swamp Bill, was indefinitely postponed in the Senate last Friday, thus killing off action this session. We publish the debate in full as found in the Raleigh *Observer* and to this end, are compelled to contract other matter of interest. It really does seem that this Legislature is disposed to refuse every thing that may be asked of it by the people of this section.

Fire Insurance.

Messrs. John W. Gordon & Bro. represent here nine first-class fire insurance companies, with aggregate assets of over $60,000,000. These companies are among the very best in existence and may be safely relied upon.

Messrs. Gordon & Bro. have built up a very fine business in our city and they certainly deserve success. They represent none but the best companies and are always prompt in paying losses.

Col. Burr's Essay.

There certainly should be, and we believe that there will be, a large audience present to-morrow evening at the Library Room, on which occasion Col. Burr will read his essay on the local history of our section. The paper is one of exceedingly great interest and the object for which the proceeds are to be applied, the benefit of the Ladies' Benevolent Society appeals strongly to every one. The admission price is only 25 cents and surely all can afford to pay this sum for an hour's entertainment.

The Thermometer.

From the United States Signal Office at this place we obtain the following report of the thermometer, as taken this morning at 7:31 o'clock:

Augusta, 43; Charleston, 47; Cincinnati, 45; Jacksonville, 48; Key West, 57; Knoxville, 44; Lynchburg, 40; Memphis, 41; Mobile, 46; Montgomery, 44; Nashville, 50; New Orleans, 49; New York, 34; Norfolk, 40; Pittsburg, 37; Savannah, 48; St. Louis, 37; Washington, 35 Wilmington, 47.

Keep to the Right.

Nothing makes a man or woman look more foolish on a sidewalk than each making a move to pass the other. One turns to the right and the other to the left, then both make a plunge forward, and instead of obviating increase the difficulty. Nine to one there is a collision and unpleasant consequences. How often we see this thing on our crowded sidewalks, and how embarrassing it always is, especially to a lady, to be caught in such a fix. It would seldom occur if all would keep in mind the words: "Keep to the right." By all means keep to the right on the sidewalks and in every act of life.

Sudden Death.

A colored man, a stevedore by trade, by the name of Henry Johnson, died very suddenly yesterday morning in Brooklyn. He had been, in company with his wife, to Mt. Zion A. M. E. Church and shortly after 10 o'clock was taken ill and left the Church, his wife remaining behind under the impression that his illness was very slight. He started home but fell in the street before reaching there and was taken to his sister's house in Love's alley, between Swann and Nixon streets, where he died within a few minutes. After reaching the house Coroner Hewlett held an inquest over the body and a verdict was rendered that deceased came to his death from natural causes. It is thought he died of heart disease. Johnson was between 30 and 35 years old and had been married but a short time.

One man, perhaps, proves miserable in the study of law who might have flourished in that of physic or divinity; another runs his head against the pulpit who might have been serviceable to his country at the plough; and a third proves a very dull and heavy philosopher who probably would have made a good mechanic, and have done well enough at the useful philosophy of the spade and anvil.

Dresses for dinners and for balls may show combination and draperies; in fact, they often differ only in the use of flowers.

PLEASE NOTICE.

We will be glad to receive communications rom our friends on any and all subjects of general interest but:

The name of the writer must always be furnished to the Editor.

Communications must be written only on one side of the paper.

Personalities must be avoided.

And it is especially and particularly understood that the editor does not always endorse the views of correspondents, unless so stated in the editorial columns.

Potato Bank Robbed.

Last night thieves visited Mr. John F. Garrell at Sans Souci and carried off about thirty bushels of potatoes which were in a bank near his residence. There were two other banks of potatoes untouched, which the thieves will probably visit at some future time.

The School Apportionment.

The following is the apportionment of the School Fund in New Hanover county for the year 1877:

Masonboro Township—142 whites; amount $193.12; 60 colored; amount $81.60.

Federal Point Township—75 whites; amount $103.36; 76 colored; amount $103.36.

Cape Fear Township—44 whites; amount $59.84; 196 colored; amount $266.56.

Harnett Township—161 whites; amount $28.96; 352 colored; amount $478.72.

Wilmington Township—1,751 whites; amount $2,381.36; 2,304 colored; amount $3,133.44.

Total—Whites, 2,174; amount $2,956.64. Colored, 2,988; amount $4,063.68. Grand total, white and colored, 5,162; amounts, $7,020.32.

A copious manner of expression gives strength and weight to our ideas, which frequently make impressions upon the mind as iron does upon solid bodies, rather by repeated strokes than by a single blow.

A workman employed at the rail road received a very severe gash in his leg between the knee and ankle. The wound was very painful and was caused by a beam falling on him.

Time was when the test of greatness was to rule one's own heart; but now it to eat thirty partridges in thirty consecutive days.

It requires a great deal of poetry to gild the pill of poverty, and then it will pass current only in theory; the reality is a dead failure.

The world does not grow worse, but we learn more of each other's badness as the number of female postmasters is increased.

Cut this Out—It May Save Your Life.

There is no person living but what suffers more or less with Lung Disease, Coughs, Colds or Consumption, yet some would die rather than pay 75 cents for a bottle of medicine that would cure them. Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wondrous cures astonish every one that tries it. If you doubt what we say in print, cut this out and take it to your Druggist, and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents.

In this age of education and general intelligence the household is hardly complete without a Cornish & Co. Piano or Organ. Read the advertisment in another column, and then send for illustrated catalogue and price list. jan 8.

New Advertisements.

LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID!

THE LOSSES SUSTAINED BY THE LYCOMING, PAMLICO, SOUTHERN UNDERWRITER'S ASSOCIATION, and MISSISSIPPI VALLEY INSURANCE COMPANIES, by the recent fire at Darlington, S. C., HAVE BEEN PAID.

Besides the above named Companies we represent the LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE, HAMBURG-BREMEN and others, with assets amounting to over SIXTY MILLION DOLLARS.

JOHN W. GORDON & BRO.,
General Insurance Agents,
feb 19 21 North Water St.

ECONOMY, WHY NOT?

PURE MOSS ROSE BUTTER 35 cents.
COUNTRY ROLL BUTTER 25 cents.
Canned Fruits—astonishingly low figures.
Weekly receipts of Poultry and Eggs from the Oakville and Beaver Hemeries.
300 Dozen Eggs this day.
All I ask is a fair trial
feb 19 W. G. FOWLER, Jr.

THE CHEAPEST PLACE
IN THE CITY TO BUY
Hardware
AT
RETAIL!
is at the New Hardware Store of
GILES & MURCHISON.
feb 19

E. ARTIS,

FASHIONALE BARBER,
Front Street, under Purcell House,
Wilmington, N. C.
Hair Cutting, Shaving and Shampooing done in the highest style of the art.
Attentive and polite Barbers always ready to wait upon customers.
Shaving 25 cents; Hair Cutting 25 cents.
feb 19

New ads. continued on 4th page.