

THE DAILY REVIEW.

VOL. 2. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1877. NO. 158

The Great Strike.

The Movement Spreading all Over the Country.

TRAINS STOPPED ON THE N. Y. CENTRAL WEST OF ROCHESTER.

SHOOTING PEOPLE AT READING.

LATEST MOVEMENTS OF FEDERAL AND STATE TROOPS.

NEW YORK CITY REGIMENTS UNDER ARMS IN THEIR ARMORIES.

N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. MEN DEMAND AN ADVANCE OF 25 PER CENT.

PITTSBURGH, July 23.—This morning Pittsburgh woke up without the apathy of yesterday and ready to meet the emergency of the case face to face. At an early citizens' meeting in the Common Council Chamber it was reported that 300 miners were approaching in a steambot which started from Elizabeth at 6, and would be here soon. Gen. Negley was appointed to command the veterans and volunteers who, to the number of 300, soon appeared at Municipal Hall and received arms. A second company was soon organized and armed with ball bats and revolvers. The Washington infantry, 60 strong, were also mustered in.

At 10 o'clock this force, under Gen. Negley, headed by a squad of twenty-four police officers, started for the Monongahela wharf. Gen. James Brown was in command of the forces, and before the order to move was given he said to the soldiers that he would expect them to do their duty in this emergency, and if there were any who did not propose to fire when called upon, they should leave the ranks. Capt. James D. Magill started at the same time for Allegheny City to meet a section of Knapp's battery to use against the strikers if necessary. The three hundred men landed at the upper locks and mounted the railing of the park situated at that point, and addressed them in a fervent speech, telling them the riot here had been subdued, and that their presence in the city would incite renewed disorder. Gen. Negley delivered a brief address, and both were loudly cheered. Samuel Carney, captain of the miners, and William Plastics, a miner, both made very sensible speeches to their comrades and to the Mayor, saying that if the riot was quelled they had nothing to do but to go home as quietly as they had come. They said they understood that the Philadelphia soldiers were killing the wives and children of laboring men, and they had come down to prevent this massacre. They then disbanded.

The rumors which have been set afloat regarding the renewal of hostilities induced the proprietors of mercantile and other establishments to suspend their employees into companies and tender their services to the Mayor of the city to aid in restoring order. Gen. Jas. Browne of the Nineteenth Regiment also tendered the services of his command to assist in suppressing disorder, and the offer was promptly accepted by the Mayor, and thanks returned in the name of the ordering citizens. In a short time the tramp, tramp of these organizations resounded along Fifth avenue, and the beating of drums and movements of citizen soldiery through the streets recalled the stirring scenes of the early days of the war. As many of the manufacturing establishments had suspended work in consequence of the non-appearance of the employees, the streets were thronged with people.

At 10 A. M. both branches of the Council assembled in the Select Council Chamber. Mr. W. W. Thompson in the chair. That gentleman stated that the object of the meeting was to discuss and adopt means looking to the protection of the city and citizens.

Mr. Little moved that the city be pledged to furnish all rations needed, as well as other expenses incurred during the present exigencies. The motion was adopted.

As 2 o'clock this afternoon the Philadelphia military were in Freeport, where the train is lying awaiting orders. A telegram was sent to them requesting them to return to the city, and guaranteeing them protection. It is not known what will be done. Detachments of the same regiment to which the troops in the city on Saturday belonged reached Blairsville section this morning, having been held at different points along the road. It is hardly probable that they will be ordered to the city.

A line should be drawn between the strike proper and its terrible consequences evinced by the burning and pillaging. To-day the strikers seem universally disposed to assist the law-abiding citizens in saving property from the thieves and flames, and their better nature shows itself on all hands. But the terrible scenes that have been enacted are traceable to a much lower grade of men than those who inaugurated the strike. They are those

who have neither character nor position to lose by their action, and seem to hold themselves amenable to no law whatever. This is the class whose acts are bringing disgrace to Pittsburgh.

As to any plan looking to any compromise between the Fort Wayne men and their employment, it is said that all hopes in that direction are ended.

The railroad authorities have distinctly informed the strikers that there will be no compromise whatever. It is also said that when this became known, all the passenger engineers and firemen quit their engines. As a result to trains of any kind will go out this evening.

On the Pennsylvania Railroad there is no possible hope of a compromise. The officials declare that such shall not take place, though not a wheel should turn on their entire road; also that if this community can get along without the Pennsylvania Railroad, the latter can get along without the strikers.

Three guns belonging to Knapp's Battery, which were captured by the mob on Saturday, have been recaptured and spiked.

All trains on all routes were stopped by the companies as a matter of precaution. At 4 1/2 a committee of the Fort Wayne men conferred with the officials of that road, and as a result the following was bulletined at the offices of the company:

Passenger trains on the Fort Wayne and West Pennsylvania Roads were discontinued this afternoon by the order of the company. They will leave on time this evening by order of the strikers.

What the compromise was could not be learned.

At 5 o'clock the Philadelphia mail train which left Pennsylvania depot in Allegheny at 4:45, was in collision with the incoming Philadelphia express one mile east of Sharpsburg. Six persons are reported to have been killed. Those not injured on the trains have telegraphed here for blankets and sheets.

The veterans of the Sixty-first, Sixty-second, Sixty-third, and One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Regiments met to-day to organize a safety guard, to be called on in case of necessity. The veterans of Allegheny have done the same. The Mayor of Allegheny has warned citizens that at ten taps of the city bell they shall assemble at the City Hall armed.

FIGHTING IN BUFFALO.

Troops Driven from a Round House by Strikers—Stopping the Trains.

BUFFALO, July 23.—The mob from the Erie and Lake Shore roads this morning took the firemen and brakemen from the New York Central trains and unloaded the stock, and warned the men from further work. The Lake Shore and Erie yards and shops are closed. The mob is in quiet possession and undisturbed. The Lake Shore live stock trains stopped off at Collinswood, and unloaded there indiscriminately. Stock has been received regularly thus far by the Canada roads. The markets here are at a stand-still.

No trains have been run on the New York Central between Rochester and Buffalo since noon. Superintendent Burrows says everything in Buffalo is in the hands of the mob, but he will run a special up this evening, if possible. There seems very little doubt of a general strike on the Central to-night or early in the morning.

The mob, reinforced by large numbers, called at the car-shops of the Lake Shore and Erie Companies and ordered all the workmen there to quit, which they did forthwith. No serious demonstrations are as yet being made.

About 4 o'clock this afternoon a Buffalo and Jamestown train, which leaves Erie depot, on arriving at compromise crossing, two miles from the depot, had a passenger coach detached and shoved on the Central track, and the fireman was forcibly taken from the engine.

THE STRIKE AT HORNELLSVILLE.

The Men Ready to Accept the Reduction—The Offer Rejected by the Road.

HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y., July 23.—The situation up to 12 o'clock to-day remained unchanged. At that hour a committee of the strikers waited upon the railway officials to set forth their grievances and propose terms of settlement. Their principal grievance was the discharge of principal firemen who had been sent to New York to confer with Receiver Jewett. Following were their terms:

Brakemen to go to work at the reduced wages, (ten per cent.) and the company to pay for the extra hours they work. Switchmen the same, if their hours constitute a day. Firemen to be paid according to their years of service—\$1.60, \$1.92, \$2.03, and \$2.14—substantially a reduction of ten per cent. Firemen to be promoted according to merit and years of service. Trackmen in the Hornellsville yard to receive \$1.50, and those on sections \$1.40, with free rental of the company's land along the track, unless there is or may be agreement otherwise. Passes to be issued as heretofore. All committeemen discharged to be reinstated.

The Erie officials replied that they could not accept the terms and had no new ones to offer; that the only alternative open to the strikers was to quietly go to work, trusting to the justice and magnanimity of the receiver, or to continue in their lawless course. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of some of the leaders.

The town to-night is filled with flying

tumors. Among them is one well authenticated to the effect that a large body of men from Dunkirk, Salamanca, and intermediate points, is moving toward this place to reinforce the strikers. An engine has been seized by strikers at Addison. The railroad company has torn up the track at the summit of the grade west of here, unloaded the iron from the cars, with which the strikers threatened the destruction of ascending trains, and thrown the cars from the track. Strikers have torn up the track near the bridge, a mile and a half west of here. Much dissatisfaction is expressed here at the conduct of the Fifty-fourth Regiment in openly sympathizing with the strikers.

LOCAL NEWS.

New Advertisements.

Geo. Myers—Boka Tea, Empire and Gilt-Edge Flour, &c.

T. J. French & Bros., Prop's—French's Hotel.

Opera House—Burr's Oceanicon.

There is an advertised letter in the Postoffice for the late lamented W. H. Harrison.

Green apples are good die-it for young children. Those who don't want to die should leave them alone.

If anybody points a pistol at you in fun it is best to knock him down at once with the most convenient thing at hand.

A letter addressed to E. T. Conaway has been picked up on the streets and left at this office. The owner can obtain it by applying.

Unmailable Letters.

The following are the unmailable letters remaining in the city postoffice:

Mrs. M. M. Starr, Fayetteville, N. C.; Mrs. Almira G. Berry, Jovysville, Va.; Miss Maggie L. Whiteman, Columbia, S. C.

St. Swithin.

Rain has fallen in this section nearly every day since St. Swithin's Day (July 17th.) There is a tradition that if rain falls on the day sacred to this Saint, it will rain daily for forty days thereafter. The people hereabouts are praying that this tradition may not be verified this year. They have had too much rain already.

The Rain and the Crops.

Thus far there has been a rise of about 13 feet in the river at Fayetteville, and at last accounts it was still rising, but slowly. There has not been water enough, and we are glad to learn, to interfere with the corn crops in the Bladen low lands lying along the river. These crops are said to be superb this year and promise an unusually abundant yield.

Yesterday's Excursion.

It would seem that our friends of the Young Catholic Friends' Society never do a thing by halves, judging by the results attained. The excursion given by them yesterday was not only a very pleasant one in every respect, but it was a gratifying financial success.

The boat was crowded to its utmost capacity for enjoyment, and still left behind some who had desired to go but who were too late at the wharf. Dancing was kept up all of the way down and back, and Smithville and Fort Caswell were both visited. All who were present rank it as one of the most delightful days ever spent by them on the waters of the Cape Fear.

The Oceanicon.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. Charles J. Burr will give the first exhibition of his fine panorama, the "Oceanicon," at the Opera House on next Monday night. Now it is very natural that we, as Wilmingtonians, should wish to encourage the talented author of this fine painting with complimentary and possibly flattering notices. But fortunately in this instance we will neither have to stretch our imagination nor our conscience to do so, for Mr. Burr's talent as an artist is already established by his own handiwork in more illustrations than one. And in addition to this the fine production referred to above has been seen and passed upon by very competent critics. Besides this many of the scenes which are portrayed so beautifully upon the canvass were very near to us, and the actors in those scenes were very dear to us. But it is useless to say more, for we are satisfied that every one will want to see the thrilling scenes of the blockade running, and the picture of the greatest bombardment that ever occurred in the history of the world.

This last scene, the Bombardment of Fort Fisher, Mr. Burr was an eye-witness to, and of course all of his representations are true to nature.

The Excursion.

The Charlotte Observer says: A large excursion arrived in this city yesterday afternoon, being composed of people from Wilmington, and other points along the Carolina Central Railroad. It is estimated that there are fully three hundred and fifty people in the crowd. The train left Wilmington with sixty. When it arrived at Polkton there were about two hundred on board. Polkton furnished a good crowd, and at Monroe fully one hundred were taken on board. The excursionist spent the night in the city, at the various hotels and boarding houses, and not a few in the cars. They leave this morning for Henry's on the Western North Carolina Railroad. Here they will remain till Friday morning.—Leaving Henry's they will arrive here Friday evening in time to connect with the regular train for Wilmington, arriving there early Saturday morning.

An Enormous Alligator.

For some ten or twelve days past an enormous alligator has been seen swimming in the river in the vicinity of the Cotton Factory, and on one occasion his gatorship attacked a party ofurchins who were undergoing a process of ablation in one of the docks in the Southern portion of the city. A few days ago Mr. W. Harris Northrop saw an alligator swimming about, got in a boat and followed it across the river before he could get a shot at it. He finally "drew a bead" on it and sent a ball from a Winchester Rifle through the eye of the "critter." The gator was towed ashore and measured nearly fifteen feet.

The Thermometer.

From the United States Signal Office at this place we obtain the following report of the thermometer, as taken this morning at 7:31 o'clock:

Augusta, 78; Cairo, 76; Charleston, 80; Cincinnati, 75; Corsicana, 66; Fort Gibson 72; Galveston, 74; Indianola, 76; Jacksonville, 83; Key West, 84; Knoxville, 74; Lynchburg, 81; Memphis, 71; Mobile, 80; Montgomery, 80; Nashville, 76; New Orleans, 76; New York, 76; Norfolk, 79; Pittsburgh, 71; Punta Rasa, 78; Savannah, 84; Shreveport, 69; St. Louis 76; St. Marks, 80; Vicksburg, 72; Washington, 80; Wilmington, 81.

The Military at the State Fair.

At a meeting of the advisory board of the State agricultural society, held in Raleigh on Friday, it was ordered that the volunteer companies of the State be invited to an annual target practice at the State Fair, for a champion flag, to be held by the successful company for one year, or until defeated, and a prize plume, to become the property of the best individual shot, and in case the company holding the flag shall fail to compete at the succeeding fair, said flag to be returned under proper military escort, on the first day of the same.

To-Night's Concert.

The Cornet Concert Club will give, this evening, the first of their open air concerts, from the stand recently erected for them, on Fifth between Market and Dock streets. The performance will commence at 9 o'clock.

The Eutopian String band will also be in attendance and will fill up the intervals between the pieces rendered by the Concert Club.

Troops for Washington City.

Col. Pennington's command from Smithville arrived this morning on the Steamer Douglass, en route for Washington City, where they are ordered, we presume, to protect the Treasury from the "strikers." They are a fine looking body of men and some of them saw service during the late unpleasantness.

The Star asserted this morning that Mr. J. W. Robbins was erecting a house on Fourth and Nixon streets, which is not the case, but Mrs. Caroline Robbins is erecting one at that locality. We state this by request.

Peaches sold for forty cents per peck this morning.

THE PURFST CREAM TARTAR made from grape acid enters into DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER. So with all other components. The result is that the most satisfactory results are attained by the use of a smaller quantity of leaven flour. Families that try it say so.

Natural Mineral Waters.

A POLLINARIS BRUNNEN, and HUNY A. ADJANOS BITTERWATER, in Original Packages, kept constantly on hand. Orders for other reliable brands filled promptly at Importer's Prices.

W. J. BUHMANN, July 2 Lippitt's Row, South Front St.

PLEASE NOTICE.
We will be glad to receive communications from our friends on any and all subjects of general interest but:
The name of the writer must always be furnished to the Editor.
Communications must be written only on one side of the paper.
Personalities must be avoided.
And it is especially and particularly understood that the editor does not always endorse the views of correspondents, unless so stated in the editorial columns.

The People Want Proof.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue of BOURNE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing every one that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it.

New Advertisements.

OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, JULY 30th.

Burr's Oceanicon,

OR

WAR ON THE WAVE.

A NEW AND HIGHLY INTERESTING

Exhibition of 50 Historical Paintings, each 8x12 feet in size, illustrating the many stirring scenes incident to

RUNNING THE BLOCKADE

of the Southern ports during the late War. These Paintings are the result of two years of application, and the scenes depicted give an excellent idea of the trials and dangers of a trip

FROM NASSAU TO DIXIE.

A beautiful Allegorical Painting, representing

THE INTRODUCTION OF YELLOW

FEVER INTO WILMINGTON.

Transfer of Blockade Running to the West Indian Islands and Gulf ports, illustrated by several striking views in the ancient city of Havana, Cuba.

The whole concluding with a series of 7 Paintings of one of the most stupendous events of the late War.

THE BOMBARDMENT AND FALL

OF FORT FISHER.

The great Armada is seen under way. The Fleet in Action. The interior of Fort Fisher. The landing of troops above the Fort. The fatal charge of the Naval Brigade. The terrific conflict in the Trenches. Closing scene. Moonlight. The Federals in possession of the Fort. Illumination of the Fleet &c.

Admission, 50 cents. Reserved Seats 75 cents. Gallery 50 ce.

July 25

SAVE \$1 PER BBL

and get the CHOICEST

FLOUR!

EMPIRE

—AND—

GILT-EDGE!

FROM

GEO. MYERS,

11 & 13 SOUTH FRONT ST.

July 25

BOKA TEA!

—O—

500 LBS. OF THIS ELEGANT

MIXED TEA

just received.

60 and 75 Cts. per Pound.

Our Universal Sales tell the Story.

Imported and sold only by

GEO. MYERS,

11 & 13 Front Street.

July 25

FRENCH'S HOTEL,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN, OPPOSITE

City Hall Park, Court House and New Postoffice, New York. All Modern Improvements, including Elevator, Gas and Running Water, in every Room.

T. J. FRENCH & BROS., Proprietors.

July 25

Must Go!!

ALL MY SUMMER STOCK must be disposed of before I remove to my New Store, Corner Princess and Front streets, and in order to do so I will simply

Sacrifice

the stock. Give me a call.

A. David,

July 25 27 Market Street.

ADVERTISE IN THE

DAILY REVIEW.

For the Review.

"Who Shall Decide when Doctors Disagree?"

MR. EDITOR: I am one who would like to be sure if it is you, or may, or, that Peter Ney was Marshal Ney. I am inclined to believe he was Marshal Ney in spite of your article in issue of 19th inst.

The account of Ney's wonderful escape from death, as he gave it to his friends, agrees with one I heard from the lips of Lemonski, a Polish count who was an officer in the French army, and who knew Ney well. The adventures and hairbreadth escapes of Lemonski and some few of his brave comrades was beginning to fade in my memory, when that of Ney was revived by hearing one of his old schoolmates and boarders relate reminiscences of the old hero. His escape from death and France would fill a paper by itself. Ney was a very stern man; he had no respect for a scholar with little strength of character, while he made friends of those with brave, noble natures. He was covered with scars, and permitted a few of these intimate friends to see and compare them with those history had given the Marshal whose title he did not ignore. His face corresponded with the picture of Ney in the work "Napoleon's Marshals," and this incident would give color to his claim to Marshal. A foreigner was found concealed in the road, not many miles from Ney's. At the same time Ney's son appeared, and, after a hurried visit, departed. Soon it was whispered that the man, whose friends kept him informed of political intrigues, had followed this man, and only overtook him after he nearly reached his journey's end; then he became the victim instead of Ney. In speaking of the capture of power, "Thus shall the enemies of Ney be swept from the earth." For a fuller account I refer you to Rev. B. G. Jones, Yemassee, S. C.

HANOVER.

Walesboro Herald: We are requested to state that there will be preaching at the house of Mr. Gorman on Sunday, July 28th, without fail, by the Catholic Priest of Wilmington, N. C.

She was sitting on a porch at Saratoga, and her blue pearl over her bit of white porcelain looked cool as a winter sunset over a snowy horizon. Her blue eyes were large and luminous, roses had blushed on the cream of her cheek; her lips were the color of raspberries rare ripe, and when she was asked to go in to dinner, said, "No, it makes my jaws ache so."