

VIEWS AND REVIEWS.

The first year of the Hampton Administration leaves South Carolina absolutely free from debt upon the operations of the year, and with a handsome balance in the treasury.

Egypt has 765 non-navigable canals used solely for irrigation, and 62 canals used both for irrigation and traffic. Of these canals over 100 have been opened during the reign of the Khedive.

The King of Saxony has nominated Baron Tauchnitz of Leipzig, the well known publisher, to one of the very limited number of life peerages in the Upper Chamber of the Saxon Parliament, vacant by a recent death.

The Revue des Deux Mondes speaks of a bibliomaniac named Ludovico Garreau, who killed eight persons, in order to legally inherit a rare volume which he coveted. It mentions also a pastor in Saxony who murdered a man and his female servant to obtain funds for the purchase of a library.

In some parts of Maine huge flocks of geese feed by day in the fields with only a small boy to attend them. Returning home under his charge in the evening, as they march down the roads they drop off by detachments without confusion, and proceed soberly of their own accord to the houses where they lodge.

The Spanish Government has asked the Nuncio at Madrid whether the Holy See intends to abolish the right of veto. The Nuncio was instructed by Cardinal Simonetti to declare that the Holy See does not intend to enter into a discussion on the subject; that it is a question which exclusively affects the rights of the Sacred College in Conclave.

In a MS. found in 860, and now in the Escorial, Madrid, it is distinctly stated that "Petor (el Calvo) was chosen chief of the Apostles, and gifted with the keys of heaven for the following reason: That he alone of all the Apostles had endured in this world the punishment of purgatory, in so far as he was married, and suffered the pains of Gehenna in having his mother-in-law living in his house. Peter was the only one of the Apostles who was bald—hence his nickname, 'el Calvo.'"

A material called "indestructible glass" has been patented in France, and the patentee uses it for making printing types that have been introduced into practical use among his countrymen, in Germany and elsewhere. They are said to be preferable to metal types in many respects, and in no respect, inferior to them. They are cast in the same moulds, and make an equally clear and defined impression. They suffer less from wear, cost less, and are healthier for the compositors to handle.

Great doubts have often been thrown on alleged cases of burial alive, but the London Lancet mentions a recent most undoubted case at Naples. The grave in which a woman had been interred having been opened for the reception of another body revealed the clearest proof of this dreadful circumstance. The poor creature had torn her clothes to pieces and oven fractured her limbs in her effort to release herself. The doctor who signed the certificate and the municipal officer who sanctioned the interment have been sent to jail for three months for "involuntary manslaughter."

The monument commemorative of the great fire of London bore at first the inscription: "This pillar was set up in perpetual remembrance of that most dreadful burning of this Protestant city bequest, carried on by ye treachery and malice of ye Popish faction in ye beginning of September, in ye year of our Lord 1666, in order to ye carrying on their horrid plot for extirpating ye Protestant religion and old English liberty and ye introducing Popery and slavery." This inscription (imputing what was absolutely groundless) was erased by James I., recut by his son-in-law William, and finally obliterated by the Common Council in 1831, the year of the Reform bill.

It is reported in London that, chiefly through the instrumentality of the Princess of Wales, the Queen has come to the relief of the Prince, who has for years had to bear costly charges which, had not his mother retired from active representation, would have been borne by her, and has put down \$1,000,000 to discharge his liabilities, which became so pressing as to cause the sale of his Sandringham stock a few months ago. This is probably true, because matters could not have gone on much longer as they had been, and the Queen knows perfectly well that if the Government were to ask Parliament for further assistance for the Prince, some Radical members would infallibly want to know what becomes of the great sum given to her for representation.

THE PLOT THICKENS.

Notwithstanding the fact that there are peace rumors from the other side of the Atlantic, and that the peace party in Turkey is growing in strength and popularity, we very much fear that the end of the Eastern war is not yet. England can not afford to remain quiet and see the Turkish empire dismembered, and be respected as a first-class nation among other European powers.

In our opinion British diplomacy has much to do with the peace news that comes from the Porte's government, wherein it is said that Turkey will treat directly with Russia for an armistice. Disraeli's plans are probably not all matured yet; he has had only one Cabinet meeting since the fall of Plevna, and Parliament does not meet until the 15th of this month, hence his desire to create the impression that peace is near at hand by means first of an armistice and then by direct negotiations between Turkey and Russia.

This is all very well as far as it goes, but then what means this stir in military circles and those warlike preparations in England?

How is it that England's war ships are sailing with military stores, for certain military points in the Mediterranean?

It is true that the Earl of Beaconsfield has strong opposition in his great rival and the leader of the opposite party—Mr. Gladstone, and to overcome the public prejudice which this distinguished Commissioner has wrought in the minds of the British public, against a war with Russia as an ally of Turkey, would be equivalent to a victory for the English Premier like unto that of Plevna for the Russian army, for this is the last tenable position Mr. Gladstone has left, and that has been rendered well nigh untenable by recent events, and the threatening of British interests, by the anticipated fall of Constantinople.

Mr. Gladstone is no doubt a scholar, and a man of many accomplishments, but that he is no Statesman his own record proves. His disestablishment of the Irish Church has proven an unwise step and the blow that has been struck in sapping the foundations of the British government. We care not whether the established Church in England be Episcopalian, Presbyterian or Roman Catholic; the very fact that the Church and State are so intertwined and soldered together, and that the whole structure of the government is built upon this foundation, is sufficient reason to justify the opinion that Mr. Gladstone made a fatal mistake for himself and his party as well as for the future of the British government if his line of policy, of attempting to separate Church from State, as persisted in. That the ex-Premier has a strong hold upon the confidence of the people has been evidenced by the immense up-rising and demonstrations that were made last summer, directly after the publication of Mr. Gladstone's pamphlet upon the same subject. The enemies of the English government at home are more to be feared by the present party in power than the armed ones abroad. Decided action for England cannot be deferred much longer after the assembling of Parliament, and then—what then may be the whole of Europe will be convulsed in war. In the meantime the Prime Minister of England has an eye to the windward and is endeavoring by a little wise diplomacy to stave off any action until he is ready for the fray.

HELL-FIRE AND DAMNATION.

Canon Farrar on the other side of the pond, and the Beecher on this side of it, seems to have set the river of theological discussion on fire, and flames appear to be getting rather warm in the already uncomfortable atmosphere of New York. Strange to say, some of the theologians, who have been preaching the caption to this article for the past forty or fifty years with a full belief in its efficacy towards recalling the sinner from the error of his ways, are beginning to doubt now their own knowledge on the subject, as witness the following, which we clip from last Monday's Sun:

A number of the preachers of this city defined their position on the question of Hell yesterday. The orthodox doctrine found earn at and outspoken defenders in the Rev. Mr. Fulton, Baptist, the Rev. Messrs. Corbitt and Steele, Methodist, the Rev. Nevins Woodside, Presbyterian, and other divines, while the Universalist side of the controversy was represented by the Rev. Messrs. Pullman, Sweetser and Gunison and the Rev. Mrs. Hanaford. The last-named minister remembers having been told by Henry Ward Beecher's sister, five years ago, that he was a Universalist, although the Rev. Mr. Steele was able to quote a passage from one of Beecher's sermons, published in 1870, which was soundly orthodox in its sentiments. Bishop Snow's theory is that the wicked will be raised at the last day only to be

blotted out of existence. These sermons that will excite most attention are, undoubtedly, those of the Rev. Dr. John Cotton Smith, Episcopalian, and the Rev. Mr. Searle, Methodist, while Dr. Smith, as a matter of personal opinion, thinks that everlasting means lasting forever, he is not prepared to assert that it does positively; and he intimates pretty distinctly a belief that the wicked will be annihilated. The Methodist clergymen is more outspoken and goes further. He believes that not only the wicked, but the devils also will be annihilated, and he uses language about the received orthodox doctrine which may get him into trouble with his Conference.

HAVEN'T MADE UP.

The Baltimore Sun's Washington agent sends the following to that paper of Friday:

In one of his last conversations before leaving here on his speculative trip to the Hot Springs of Arkansas Mr. Blaine denied the commonly received statement that there had been a reconciliation between him and Mr. Conkling, or that there had been any overtures from Mr. Conkling looking to that end. The proposition from Mr. Conkling to give him the chairmanship of the selected committee on Mexican affairs was made through friends, and had no personal significance. It was prompted rather by Mr. Blaine's Woodstock address of last summer, and was not proposed nor received as in the nature of a peace offering. Mr. Blaine is no doubt technically correct in this statement, but there is no denial of the fact that he and Mr. Conkling acted in entire concert in the recent contests in executive sessions, and that they have practically united their forces for mutual protection of their respective political spoils.

A contributor to a scientific paper writes: "I find that under very favorable circumstances it is just possible to see, while in England, a church in France with unassisted vision. In the direction of Calais the coast of Artois is very flat, and on the 26th of March last I found through my telescope a large church or cathedral a few miles to the westward of Calais; and I could also see it distinctly through an opera glass; but I certainly was astonished on the evening in question to find that I could just distinguish it with the naked eye, as a tiny dark speck against the bright horizon sky. I question whether there are many days, or even hours in any one year when the same results could be obtained.

In one of Murphy's temperance meetings in Troy, a "terrible example" was introduced to the audience. He had been brought from the jail for the purpose, having been sentenced to imprisonment, with the alternative of fine, for drunkenness. He was recognized as a sot who had once been a respected and prosperous merchant. He told the story of his downward course, and so affected his hearers that they immediately contributed the money to pay his fine.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 31, 1877. There is no doubt but a great deal of influence has been brought to bear on those Democrats who voted with Senator Conkling against confirming the New York appointments. Most of them, however, are not men to be easily led, and it is probably as likely that a larger as a smaller number will, if the same nominations are again made, vote with the New York Senator. Some may do so either way. If there is no choice as to efficiency and honesty between those Mr. Hayes wishes to turn out and those he wishes to put in, there would seem to be no special need for Democrats to take part. Why interfere in neighbors' quarrels? Nine times out of ten those who do so are soundly punished for it.

A year ago when the widow Oliver, of this city, came next suit against Simon Cameron, aged eighty or more, for breach of promise, nobody thought seriously of the matter. He had debauched the politics of Pennsylvania, beguiled a tribe of Indians of his property, and seduced one Administration into giving him office. But it was not believed he had taken unfair advantage of the widow. However, it is now said on apparently good authority that he has given her a thousand dollars rather than have her tell in court what she knows. Will some one hunt up a sin this old man has not committed?

Murphy, the temperance lecturer, is to be here soon. There is need of him. There are here something over one thousand licensed places for the sale of liquor, being one to every one hundred as many more. There are probably as many more where sales are made without license.

Hostetter's Almanac. The edition for 1878 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States and British America, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. It combines, with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, &c., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1878, in the English, German, French, Welsh, Norwegian, Swedish, Holland, Bohemian and Spanish languages, will in all probability be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two-cent stamp will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

Try Our GARDEN CITY 1/2 dime Cigar, guaranteed the finest in the city for the money.

Rail Road Lines, &c.

Gen'l Sup't's Office.

WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROAD

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 10, 1877.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday, Nov. 11, the following schedule will be run on this road: DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN, (daily except Sunday.)

Leave Wilmington..... 10 44 A M
Arrive Florence..... 3 17 P M
Leave Florence..... 1 20 P M
Arrive at Wilmington..... 6 40 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN (Daily).
Leave Wilmington..... 7 25 P M
Leave Florence..... 11 20 P M
Leave Columbia..... 2 50 A M
Leave Florence..... 12 50 A M
Arrive at Wilmington..... 4 18 A M

This Train will only stop at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion, Florence, Timmonsville, Sumter and Acton between Wilmington and Columbia.

THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN (Daily, except Sundays).
Leave Wilmington..... 11 00 A M
Leave Florence..... 7 00 P M
Arrive at Columbia..... 3 10 A M
Leave Columbia..... 12 15 A M
Leave Florence..... 8 00 A M
Arrive at Wilmington..... 4 00 P M

Passengers for Augusta and beyond should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Macon.

A. POPE, G P A
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Supt.
Nov 12

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD COMPANY.

OFFICE OF GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT
Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 10, 1877.

On and after Sunday, Nov. 11th, 1877, Passenger trains on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, daily.
Leave Wilmington, Front St. Depot
at..... 9 10 A M
Arrive at Weldon at..... 3 25 P M
Leave Weldon..... 11 45 P M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St.
Depot at..... 7 05 P M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Leave Wilmington, Front St.
Depot at..... 7 05 P M
Arrive at Weldon at..... 2 20 A M
Leave Weldon, daily at..... 3 35 A M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St.
Depot at..... 10 25 A M

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North via Bay Line daily, (except Sunday) and daily, via Richmond and all rail routes.

Night train makes close connections at Weldon for all points north via Richmond. Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

A. POPE, G. P. A.
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Supt.
Nov 12

Spartanburg & A. R. R.

New Route to the Mountains of Western No. Ca.

THIS NEW ROUTE IS NOW OPEN to the travelling public. Passenger trains leave daily the Depot of the G. & C. R. R. in Columbia at 12:45 p. m., and arrive at terminus of S. & A. R. R. at 8 p. m., where close connection is made with four-horse coaches for Flat Rock, Hendersonville, Asheville and Warm Springs. Passengers will have choice to go through or lie over at Mt. Tryon, where the fare is excellent, and resume their journey early next morning and thereby enjoy some of the finest mountain scenery in the Howard Gap turnpike, to be found in Western North Carolina.

Arrangements have been made with the W. C. & A. R. R. for round trip tickets at the following rates:
From Wil. to Flat Rock and return, \$16.85.
" " Asheville and return, \$19.85.
" " Warm Springs and return, \$19.85.
" " Hendersonville and return, \$15.85.

Capt. S. S. Kirkland, of N. C., and formerly of the Air Line R. R., will be present on the arrival of the trains at the terminus of the S. & A. R. R., to see that passengers are provided for and sent forward without delay. On arrival of trains passengers are requested to ask for Capt. Kirkland, Passenger and Transportation Agent.

Try this new route.
D. R. DUNCAN, Pres't.
July 12

For the Best

BOCK BEER, ALES, WINES AND LIQUORS, go to H. MARCUS & SON'S, No. 5, Market street. We import and bottle the best brands of Beer and offer rare inducements to purchasers.

Families supplied with Beer free of charge for delivery.

H. Marcus & Son,

No. 5, Market Street.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Dec 21

Geo. W. Huggins.

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER AND Worker in Jewelry, No. 57 Market street. (Jas. B. Huggins' store.) With an experience of twelve years with Brown & Anderson. Will repair Watches and Jewelry at lower rates than ever before offered here.

A lot of Jewelry on hand which will be closed out cheap.

New Painting Establishment

C. E. BURR & CO.
THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully announce their readiness to execute all orders for HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING

in all its branches, promising promptness and efficiency in execution and low prices. Rooms on Second street between Market and Dock.
C. E. BURR. ADRIAN WILLIAMS.
Nov 6

Miscellaneous.

WANTED.

A FEW MAGNIFICENT VIRGINIANS, TO BUY SOME OF MY SPLENDID

North Carolina Cassimere.

ALSO. AN ARMY OF SPLENDID NORTH CAROLINIANS TO BUY SOME OF MY MAGNIFICENT

Virginia Cassimere.

HEDRICK.

LADIES' KID GLOVES.

THE BEST BUTTON IN THE CITY FOR \$1.75.

L'ARIOSO OPERA COLORS 75c.

HEDRICK.

DRESS GOODS.

HANDSOME GOODS CHEAPER THAN ANY ONE ELSE

CALL AND EXAMINE. Remember we are not Persistent.

Duy or never Buy. HEDRICK.

Mozart Saloon.

Free Egg Nogg on Christmas Morning!

HEADQUARTERS FOR LAGER! DID YOU TRY THE NEWARK BEER? Billiards, Pool and Bagetelle Tables. JOHN HAAR, Jr., Proprietor.
dec 21

The South Atlantic.

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE DEVOTED to Literature, Science and Art, will be issued in Wilmington, North Carolina, October 15th, 1877.

The Corps of Contributors will include several of the most distinguished authors of the present day. A serial story, poems, sketches, reviews, scientific and historical articles will appear in every number. The Magazine will contain only original literature.

The South Atlantic States will be thoroughly canvassed by an energetic agent.

Subscription one year \$3. Single copy 25 cents.

ADVERTISING TERMS.
1 page one year \$120; 1/2 page one year \$75; 1/4 page one year \$50; 1/8 page one year \$35; 1 page one insertion, \$25; 1/2 page one insertion, \$15; 1/4 page one insertion, \$10; 1/8 page one insertion, \$5.

50 per cent. additional for advertisements on the Magazine covers.

Local subscriptions received and Magazines sold at the City Bookstores.

Contracts for advertisements and subscriptions received at the office of Messrs. Jackson & Bell, Book and Job Printers.

All communications should be addressed to Mrs. CICERO W. HARRIS, Editor and Proprietor.
sept 8

THE SUN.

1878. NEW YORK. 1878.

As the time approaches for the renewal of subscriptions, THE SUN would remind its friends and well-wishers everywhere, that it is again a candidate for their consideration and support. Upon its record for the past ten years it relies for a continuance of a hearty sympathy and generous co-operation which have hitherto been extended to it from every quarter of the Union.

The Daily Sun is a four-page sheet of 28 columns, price by mail, post paid, 65 cents a month, or \$6.50 per year.

The Sunday edition of THE SUN is an eight-page sheet of 66 columns. While giving the news of the day, it also contains a large amount of literary and miscellaneous matter specially prepared for it. THE SUNDAY SUN has met with great success. Post paid \$1.20 a year.

Who does not know THE WEEKLY SUN? It circulates throughout the United States, the Canada, and beyond. Ninety thousand families greet its welcome pages weekly, and regard it in the light of guide, counsellor, and friend. Its news, editorial, agricultural, and literary departments make it essentially a journal for the family and financially a newspaper considered, makes it the cheapest newspaper published. For clubs of ten, with \$10 cash, we will send an extra copy free. Address PUBLISHER OF THE SUN, New York City.

\$10 & \$25 a day sales made by Chromo, Grayson, and Reward Motto, Scripturd Text, Transparent, Picture and Chromo Cards. 100 samples, worth \$4, sent postpaid for 75 cents. Illustrated Catalogue free. J. H. BUF. ORD'S SONS, BOSTON, may 14 (Established 1830.)

For Sale.

TWO COPPER TANKS. In good order also, a second-hand BOILER. Apply at DAILY REVIEW OFFICE, Corner Chestnut and Water streets,
Nov 13

Miscellaneous.

Merchandise Commission

AND

Brokerage House.

RECEIVE REGULARLY and have on exhibition, samples of Coffee, Flour, Molasses, Sugar, Syrups, Tobacco, &c., &c. Take orders for Meats, Lard, Salt, Canned Butter, Cheese, Soap, Lye, Potash, &c. Wire promptly all orders. Orders and consignments solicited.

We are agents for the sale of WILCOX, GIBBS & CO'S MANIPULATED GUANO and the Beasley Cotton Ties.
PETTEWAY & SCHULKEN.
dec 13

Fall and Winter 1877-78.

NOW IN STORE A LARGE AND COMPLETELY selected stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., for the Fall and Winter Trade.

These goods were selected by me personally in the Northern markets and with a view to the wants and requirements of this section. I respectfully invite an examination of my stock.

Wholesale Dealers are notified that I can and will offer them rare bargains.

A. WEILL, Agent,
No. 17, Market St.
oct 17

HAPPY RELIEF TO YOUNG MEN

FROM THE EFFECTS OF ERRORS AND Abuses in early life. MARROW EXHAUSTION. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address: HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. An Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

FASHIONABLE DANCING SCHOOL

AT MEGINNEY'S HALL FASHIONABLE DANCES of the Day. Fancy Dances for Children. The Glide and other Round Dances taught in SIX Lessons.

Soiree every Monday night at 8 p. m. Music by the Italian Band. Ladies' and Children's Class Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings at 8 p. m. Gentlemen's Class, Wednesday and Friday nights at 8 p. m.
J. H. BAILEY.

THE OLD CLARENDON IS NOW IN ITS GLORY!

MR. JESSE W. DICKSEY, presiding, and will be glad to wait on his friends and all of the old customers of the house. The best Wines, Whiskies and Oysters always on hand.

Free Lunch every day at 11 o'clock.
dec 8

Just Come.

THAT LOT OF FINE JEWELRY ordered by me for the Christmas trade arrived this morning and is now open for inspection.

There are many things among them new, pretty and cheap, which my friends and the public generally are invited to call and inspect.

J. H. ALLEN,
North Front st.
dec 21

The Old Place.

THE OLD and favorite resort, corner Princess and Second streets, is still in full blast and ready at all times to set forth the purest and best Ales, Wines, Liquors and Cigars and New River Oysters, to its friends and patrons.

Egg Nogg and Tom and Jerry on Christmas Day—FREE.
JOHN D. STELJES, Proprietor.
dec 22

MISS M. A. STROCK.

Fine French Millinery. JUST OPENED A FULL LINE OF Straw Hats, Flowers, FEATHERS, RIBBONS, LACES, &c.

A full line of real HAIR SWITCHES, FINGER PUFFS and CURLS.

HAIR SWITCHES made to order. Southwest corner of Front, 3d door, on Princess Street.
oct 29

F. A. SCHUTTE,

SOUTH FRONT ST.

XMAS FURNITURE!

Offers Workstands, Something Nice; Rattan Furniture.

And makes to order

Fine Goods for Xmas Presents

Just received, a nice assortment of cheap Chamber Sets, &c., &c.

Solicits an inspection of fine lot of Feathers, Hair &c.,

No Goods misrepresented, and no trouble to show any.
dec 17